

CS 7001-03: Report for AWS Lab 2 - AWS Resource Discovery and Instance Setup

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March 03, 2015

Install `awscli` tool via `easy_install pip` on Mac OS.

1. Create an AWS key pair using `ec2 create-key-pair` command with `--key-name` option set to 'cloud-key':

```
# aws ec2 create-key-pair --key-name cloud-key
```

Delete a key pair using `ec2 delete-key-pair` command with `--key-name` option set to 'cloud-key':

```
# aws ec2 delete-key-pair --key-name cloud-key
```

2. Create a security group in AWS.

Use `ec2 create-security-group` command with options

`--group-name` : set security group name.

`--description` : set security group description.

and adding inbound traffic rule to security group via `ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress` command with options

`--group-name` : security group name.

`--protocol` : IP protocol eg. tcp, udp or icmp.

`--port` : tcp or tcp port range.

`-cidr` : IP range.

```
# aws ec2 create-security-group \
  --group-name cloud-group \
  --description "Open ports"
# aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress \
  --group-name cloud-group \
  --protocol tcp \
  --port 22 \
  --cidr 0.0.0.0/0
# aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress \
  --group-name cloud-group \
  --protocol tcp \
  --port 22 \
  --cidr 0.0.0.0/0
# aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress \
  --group-name cloud-group \
  --protocol tcp \
  --port 22 \
  --cidr 0.0.0.0/0
```

Delete security group via `ec2 delete-security-group` command with `--group-name` option set to 'cloud-group'.

```
# aws ec2 delete-security-group --group-name cloud-group
```

3. Enter the commands below and describe in detail the results; you will need an AMI available. Once the command is executed, using `aws-cli` commands, terminate the instances, delete cloud-key and cloud-group. Include screenshot.

```
ec2-run-instances ami-xxxxxx --instance-type t1.micro --instance-count 2 --key cloud-key --group cloud-group --region us-east-1
```

4. Get status information of all instances using `aws-cli` commands.

```
# aws ec2 describe-instance-status
```



```
aws_lab2 git:(master) ✗ aws ec2 describe-instance-status
{
  "InstanceStatuses": [
    {
      "InstanceId": "i-de16732f",
      "InstanceState": {
        "Code": 16,
        "Name": "running"
      },
      "AvailabilityZone": "us-east-1b",
      "SystemStatus": {
        "Status": "ok",
        "Details": [
          {
            "Status": "passed",
            "Name": "reachability"
          }
        ]
      },
      "InstanceStatus": {
        "Status": "ok",
        "Details": [
          {
            "Status": "passed",
            "Name": "reachability"
          }
        ]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

Figure 1: AWS instances status

5. Create snapshot command: `ec2 create-snapshot` with options

`--volume-id` : set EBS volume to be snapshot.

`--description` : set snapshot description.

```
# aws ec2 create-snapshot \
  --volume-id vol-54c4644f \
  --description "Backup"
```

Delete snapshot command: `ec2 delete-snapshot` with `--snapshot-id` option.

```
# aws ec2 delete-snapshot --snapshot-id snap-51cf8cd0
```

6. Add a new EBS volume with `ec2 create-volume` with options:

`--size` : set volume size (in GB).

`--availability-zone` : set availability zone of the volume.

```
#aws ec2 create-volume --size 3 --availability-zone us-east-1b
```

Attach the volume to the running instance (i-de16732f) via `ec2 attach-volume` with options:

`--volume-id` : set volume id to attach.

`--instance-id` : set instance id to be attached to.

`--device` : set device name with which the instance will use to interact.

```
#aws ec2 attach-volume \
  --volume-id vol-3ae79321 \
  --instance-id i-de16732f \
  --device /dev/sdh
```

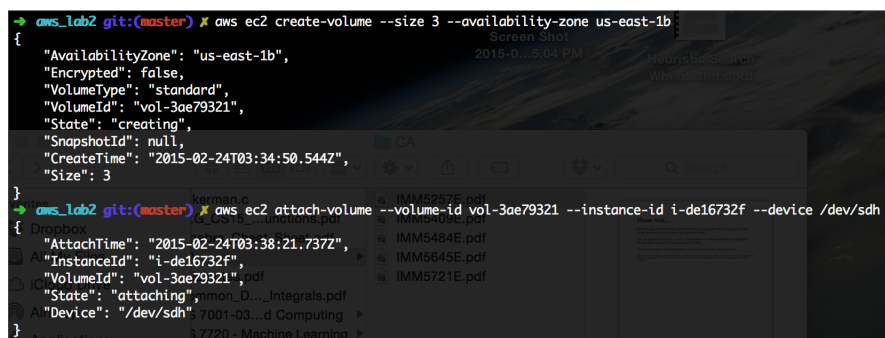


Figure 2: Create and attach volume using aws-cli

Name	Instance ID	Instance Type	Availability Zone	Instance State	Status Checks	Alarm Status
	i-de16732f	t2.micro	us-east-1b	running	2/2 checks ...	None
ClassicLink						Owner b2173093342b
EBS-optimized	False					Launch time February 23, 2015 4:48 hours
Root device type	ebs					Termination protection False
Root device	/dev/xvda					Lifecycle normal
Block devices	/dev/sdf /dev/sdh					Monitoring basic

Figure 3: The new volume is attached to `/dev/sdh`

7. Provide a screenshot taken in Step 3.4.2

<http://ec2-52-1-133-200.compute-1.amazonaws.com/>

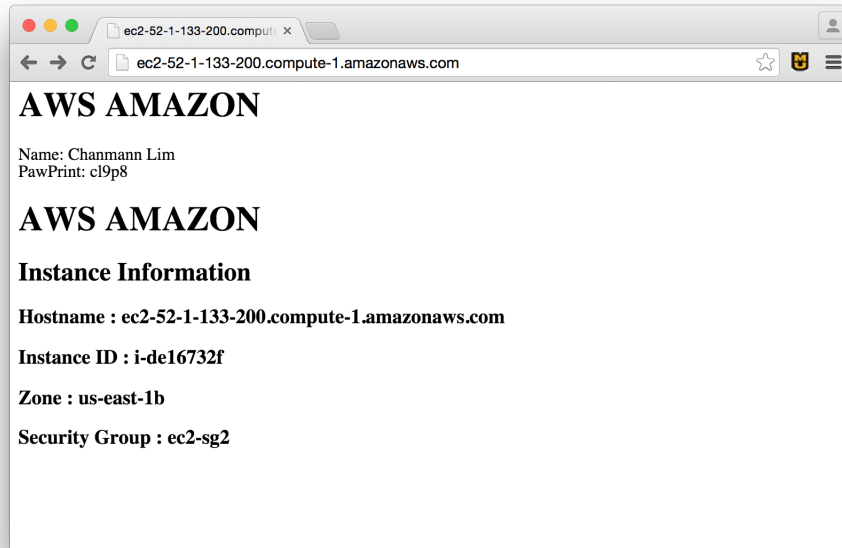


Figure 4: AWS web server

8. Briefly explain the 6 AWS best practices described by Amazon AWS.