CS 7001-03: Report for AWS Lab 2 - AWS Resource Discovery and Instance Setup

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Install awscli tool via easy_install pip on Mac OS.

- 1. Create an AWS key pair using ec2 create-key-pair command with --key-name option set to 'cloud-key':
- # aws ec2 create-key-pair --key-name cloud-key

Delete a key pair using ec2 delete-key-pair command with --key-name option set to 'cloud-key':

- # aws ec2 delete-key-pair --key-name cloud-key
- 2. Create a security group in AWS.

Use ec2 create-security-group command with options

```
--group-name: set security group name.
```

--description: set security group description.

and adding inbound traffic rule to security group via $\mbox{ec2}$ authorize-security-group-ingress command with options

```
--group-name: set security group name.
     --protocol: set IP protocol eg. tcp, udp or icmp.
     --port: set tcp or tcp port range.
     -cidr: set IP range.
# aws ec2 create-security-group \
      --group-name cloud-group
      --description "Open ports"
# aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress \
      --group-name cloud-group
      --protocol tcp
      --port 22
      --cidr 0.0.0.0/0
# aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress \
      --group-name cloud-group
      --protocol tcp
                                            \
      --port 22
      --cidr 0.0.0.0/0
# aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress \
      --group-name cloud-group
      --protocol tcp
                                            \
      --port 22
```

--cidr 0.0.0.0/0

Delete security group via ec2 delete-security-group command with --group-name option set to 'cloud-group'.

- # aws ec2 delete-security-group --group-name cloud-group
- **3.** Enter the commands below and describe in detail the results; you will need an AMI available. Once the command is executed, using aws-cli commands, terminate the instances, delete cloud-key and cloud-group. Include screenshot.
- ec
2-run-instances ami-xxxxxx –instance-type t
1.micro –instance-count 2 –key cloud-key –group cloud-group –region us-east-1
- 4. Get status information of all instances using aws-cli commands.
- # aws ec2 describe-instance-status

Figure 1: AWS instances status

5. Create snapshot command: ec2 create-snapshot with options

```
--volume-id: set EBS volume to be snapshot.
```

--description: set snapshot description.

```
# aws ec2 create-snapshot \
          --volume-id vol-54c4644f \
          --description "Backup"
```

Delete snapshot command: ec2 delete-snapshot with --snapshot-id option.

aws ec2 delete-snapshot --snapshot-id snap-51cf8cd0

6. Add a new EBS volume with ec2 create-volume with options:

```
--size: set volume size (in GB).--availability-zone: set availability zone of the volume.
```

#aws ec2 create-volume --size 3 --availability-zone us-east-1b

Attach the volume to the running instance (i-de16732f) via ec2 attach-volume with options:

- --volume-id: set volume id to attach.
- --instance-id: set instance id to be attached to.
- --device: set device name with which the instance will use to interact.

```
#aws ec2 attach-volume \
    --volume-id vol-3ae79321 \
    --instance-id i-de16732f \
    --device /dev/sdh
```



Figure 2: Create and attach volume using aws-cli

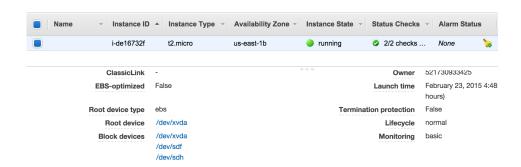


Figure 3: The new volume is attached to /dev/sdh

7. Provide a screenshot taken in Step 3.4.2

http://ec2-52-1-133-200.compute-1.amazonaws.com/

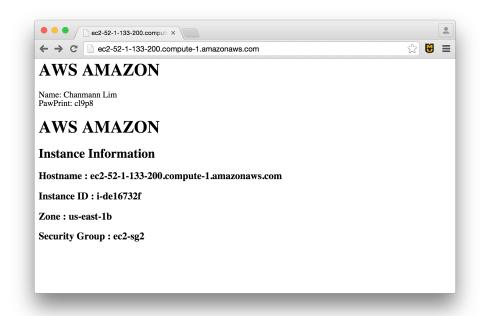


Figure 4: AWS web server

8. Briefly explain the 6 AWS best practices described by Amazon AWS.