

STAT 7750: Solutions to homework set 2

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Solution 1: Chapter 1, Exercise 18

(a)

Since $A \cap B$ and $A \cap B'$ are mutually exclusive, and $A = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap B')$

$$\begin{aligned}P(A) &= P(A \cap B) + P(A \cap B') \\P(A \cap B') &= P(A) - P(A \cap B)\end{aligned}$$

(b)

Since $S = (A \cup B) \cap (A' \cap B')$

$$\begin{aligned}1 &= P(A \cap B) + P(A' \cap B') \\P(A \cap B) &= 1 - P(A' \cap B')\end{aligned}$$

Solution 2: Chapter 1, Exercise 19

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}P(B') &= 1 - P(B) \\&= 1 - \frac{1}{3} \\&= \frac{2}{3}\end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}P(A \cup B') &= 1 - P(B) + P(A \cap B) \\&= 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{10} \\&= \frac{30 - 10 + 3}{30} \\&= \frac{23}{30}\end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}P(B \cup A') &= P(B) - P(B \cap A) \\&= \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{10} \\&= \frac{10 - 3}{30} \\&= \frac{7}{30}\end{aligned}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}P(A' \cup B') &= P(S) - P(A \cap B) \\&= 1 - (P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)) \\&= 1 - \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{10}\right) \\&= 1 - \frac{10 + 10 - 3}{30} \\&= 1 - \frac{17}{30} \\&= \frac{13}{30}\end{aligned}$$

Solution 3: Chapter 1, Exercise 20

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}P(A \cup B \cup C) &= P(A) + P(B) + P(C) \\&= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{4} \\&= \frac{4 + 1 + 2}{8} \\&= \frac{7}{8}\end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}P(A' \cap B' \cap C') &= 1 - P(A \cup B \cup C) \\&= 1 - \frac{7}{8} \\&= \frac{1}{8}\end{aligned}$$

Solution 4: Chapter 1, Exercise 23

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{Both are on}) &= P(A \cap B) \\&= P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cup B) \\&= 0.4 + 0.3 - 0.5 \\&= 0.2\end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{Color set on and other off}) &= P(A \cap B') \\&= P(A) - P(A \cap B) \\&= 0.4 - 0.2 \\&= 0.2\end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{Exactly one is on}) &= P((A \cap B') \cup (B \cap A')) \\&= P(A \cap B') + P(B \cap A') \\&= 0.2 + (P(B) - P(B \cap A)) \\&= 0.2 + (0.3 - 0.2) \\&= 0.3\end{aligned}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{Neither set is on}) &= P(A' \cap B') \\&= 1 - P(A \cup B) \\&= 1 - 0.5 \\&= 0.5\end{aligned}$$

Solution 5: Chapter 1, Exercise 25

(a)

$$P(A \text{ good}) = \frac{3}{5}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}P(B \text{ good} | A \text{ good}) &= \frac{P(A \text{ good} \cap B \text{ good})}{P(A \text{ good})} \\&= \frac{(3 \cdot 2)/(5 \cdot 4)}{(3/5)} \\&= \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}P(B \text{ good} | A \text{ bad}) &= \frac{P(A \text{ good} \cap B \text{ bad})}{P(A \text{ bad})} \\&= \frac{(3 \cdot 2)/(5 \cdot 4)}{(2 \cdot 1)/(5 \cdot 4) + (2 \cdot 3)/(5 \cdot 4)} \\&= \frac{3}{4}\end{aligned}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}P(B \text{ good} \cap A \text{ good}) &= P(A \text{ good})P(B \text{ good}|A \text{ good}) \\&= \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\&= \frac{3}{10}\end{aligned}$$

(e)

	A good	A bad	
B good	3 . 2	2 . 3	5 . 3
B bad	3 . 2	2 . 1	5 . 2
	3 . 4	2 . 1	5 . 4

$$\begin{aligned}P(B \text{ good} \cap A \text{ good}) &= \frac{3 \cdot 2}{5 \cdot 4} \\&= \frac{3}{10}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}P(B \text{ good}|A \text{ good}) &= \frac{3 \cdot 2}{3 \cdot 4} \\&= \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

(f)

$$\begin{aligned}P(B \text{ good}) &= P(B \text{ good} \cap A \text{ good}) + P(B \text{ good} \cap A \text{ bad}) \\&= \frac{3 \cdot 2}{5 \cdot 4} + \frac{3 \cdot 2}{5 \cdot 4} \\&= \frac{3}{5}\end{aligned}$$

(g)

$$\begin{aligned}P(A \text{ good}|B \text{ good}) &= \frac{P(A \text{ good})P(B \text{ good}|A \text{ good})}{P(B \text{ good})} \\&= \frac{(3/5) \cdot (1/2)}{(3/5)} \\&= \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Solution 6: Chapter 1, Exercise 32

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{team wins game}) &= P(W) = P(A) \cdot (0.4) + P(B) \cdot (0.6) + P(C) \cdot (0.8) \\&= (0.2) \cdot (0.4) + (0.3) \cdot (0.6) + (0.5) \cdot (0.8) \\&= 0.66\end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}P(A \text{ pitched game} | \text{team wins game}) &= P(A|W) = \frac{P(W|A)P(A)}{P(W)} \\&= \frac{(0.4) \cdot (0.2)}{0.66} \\&= \frac{4}{33}\end{aligned}$$

Solution 7: Chapter 1, Exercise 37

(a)

If A and B are mutually exclusive,

$$\begin{aligned}P(A \cup B) &= P(A) + P(B) \\P(B) &= P(A \cup B) - P(A) \\&= 0.6 - 0.4 \\&= 0.2\end{aligned}$$

(b)

If A and B are independent,

$$\begin{aligned}P(A \cup B) &= P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) \\P(A \cap B) &= P(A)P(B) \\P(A \cup B) &= P(A) + P(B) - P(A)P(B) \\0.6 &= 0.4 + P(B) - (0.4)P(B) \\0.2 &= (0.6)P(B) \\P(B) &= \frac{1}{3}\end{aligned}$$

Solution 8: Chapter 1, Exercise 46

(a)

If A, B and C are mutually exclusive,

$$\begin{aligned}P(A \cup B \cup C) &= P(A) + P(B) + P(C) \\&= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} \\&= \frac{20 + 15 + 12}{60} \\&= \frac{47}{60}\end{aligned}$$

(b)

If A, B, and C are independent,

$$P(A \cup B \cup C) = P(A) + P(B) + P(C) - P(A \cap B) - P(A \cap C) - P(B \cap C) + P(A \cap B \cap C)$$

$$P(A \cap B) = P(A)P(B) = (1/3) \cdot (1/4) = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$P(A \cap C) = P(A)P(C) = (1/3) \cdot (1/5) = \frac{1}{15}$$

$$P(B \cap C) = P(B)P(C) = (1/4) \cdot (1/5) = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$P(A \cap B \cap C) = P(A)P(B)P(C) = (1/3) \cdot (1/4) \cdot (1/5) = \frac{1}{60}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(A \cup B \cup C) &= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{15} - \frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{60} \\ &= \frac{20 + 15 + 12 - 5 - 4 - 3 + 1}{60} \\ &= \frac{36}{60} \\ &= \frac{3}{5} \end{aligned}$$

Solution 9: Chapter 1, Exercise 41

Let A be the event that the first system "fails" and B be the event that the second system "fails".

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

Let A_1 and A_2 be the events that the components of the first system "fails".

$$\begin{aligned} P(A) &= P(A_1)P(A_2) \\ &= (0.1) \cdot (0.2) \\ &= 0.02 \end{aligned}$$

Let B_1 , B_2 and B_3 be the events that the components of the second system "fails".

$$\begin{aligned} P(B) &= P(B_1)P(B_2)P(B_3) \\ &= (0.1) \cdot (0.2) \cdot (0.3) \\ &= 0.006 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(A \cup B) &= 0.02 + 0.006 - (0.02)(0.006) \\ &= 0.02588 \end{aligned}$$

The probability the system does not malfunction is $1 - 0.02588 = 0.97412$.