

## **PEA502A – Lecture #10**

## **PARTNERSHIP**

Prepared By:
Mr. Vishal Ahuja L
Mr. Sanjay Jindal



## **Partnership**

When two or more than two persons run a business jointly, they are called *Partners* and the deal is known as *Partnership*.



# Working and Sleeping Partners

A partner who manages the business is known as a *working partner* and the one who simply invests the money is a *sleeping partner*.



- ✓ When investments of all the partners are for the same time, the gain or loss is distributed among the partners in the ratio of their investments.
- ✓ Suppose A and B invest Rs. *x* and Rs. *y* respectively for a year in a business, then at the end of the year:

(A's share of profit) : (B's share of profit) = x : y.



- ✓ When investments are for different time periods, then equivalent capitals are calculated for a unit of time by taking (capital x number of units of time). Now gain or loss is divided in the ratio of these capitals.
- ✓ Suppose A invests Rs. *x* for *p* months and B invests Rs. *y* for *q* months then,

(A's share of profit) : (B's share of profit) = xp: yq.



## Question Q10.1

A and B invest in a business in the ratio 3:2. If 5% of the total profit goes to charity and A's share is Rs. 855, the total profit is:

- A. Rs. 1425
- B. Rs. 1500
- C. Rs. 1537.50
- D. Rs. 1576



#### Answer: Option B

#### **Explanation:**

Let the total profit be Rs. 100.

After paying to charity, A's share = Rs.  $95 \times 3/5 = Rs. 57$ .

If A's share is Rs. 57, total profit = Rs. 100.

If A's share Rs. 855, total profit =  $100/57 \times 855 = 1500$ .





## Question Q10.2

Simran started a software busines 50,000. After six months, Nanda capital of Rs. 80,000. After 3 year of Rs. 24,500. What was Simran's

A. Rs. 9,423

B. Rs. 10,250

C. Rs. 12,500

D. Rs. 10,500





Answer: Option D

#### **Explanation:**

Simran : Nanda =  $(50000 \times 36) : (80000 \times 30) = 3 : 4$ .

Simran's share = Rs.  $24500 \times 3/7 = Rs. 10,500$ .



## Question Q10.3

Arun, Kamal and Vinay invested Rs. 8000, Rs. 4000 and Rs. 8000 respectively in a business. Arun left after six months. If after eight months, there was a gain of Rs. 4005, then what will be the share of Kamal?

A. Rs. 890

B. Rs. 1335

C. Rs. 1602

D. Rs. 1780



#### Answer: Option A

#### **Explanation:**

Arun : Kamal : Vinay =  $(8,000 \times 6)$  :  $(4,000 \times 8)$  :  $(8,000 \times 8)$ 

= 48 : 32 : 64

= 3:2:4

Kamal's share = Rs.  $4005 \times 2 = Rs. 890.9$ 





## Question P10.1

A, B, C subscribe Rs. 50,000 for subscribes Rs. 4000 more than more than C. Out of a total prof A receives:



- A. Rs. 8400
- B. Rs. 11,900
- C. Rs. 13,600
- D. Rs. 14,700



#### Answer: Option D

#### **Explanation:**

Let C = x.

Then, B = x + 5000 and A = x + 5000 + 4000 = x + 9000.

So, x + x + 5000 + x + 9000 = 50000

3x = 36000

x = 12000

A: B: C = 21000: 17000: 12000 = 21: 17: 12.

A's share = Rs.  $35000 \times 21/50 = Rs. 14,700$ .



## **Question P10.2**

Kamal started a business investin After five months, Sameer joined Rs.8000. If at the end of the year profit of Rs.6970, then What will Sameer in the profit?



- A. Rs. 1883
- B. Rs. 2380
- C. Rs. 3690
- D. None of these



Answer: Option B

#### **Explanation:**

Kamal: Sameer =  $(9000 \times 12) : (8000 \times 7) = 27 : 14$ 

Sameer's share = Rs. 6970 x  $\frac{14}{41}$  = Rs. 2380





## Question P10.3

Three partners shared the profithe ratio 5:7:8. They had part months, 8 months and 7 month What was the ratio of their inve



A. 5:7:8

B. 20:49:64

C. 38:28:21

D. None of these



#### **Answer:** Option **D**

### **Explanation:**

Let their investments be Rs. X for 14 months, Rs. Y for 8 months and Rs.z for 7 months respectively.

Now, 
$$\frac{14 x}{8 y} = \frac{5}{7}$$
  
98 x = 40 y and y

y and 
$$y = \frac{49}{20} x$$
  
 $x = \frac{5}{20}$ 

And 
$$\frac{14 x}{7 z} = \frac{5}{8}$$
  
 $112 x = 35 z \text{ and } z = \frac{112}{35} x = \frac{16}{5} x$   
So,  $x : y : z = x : \frac{49}{20} x : \frac{16}{5} x$ 

= 20:49:64





