IESTI05 – Edge Al

Machine Learning
System Engineering

4. Python Setup & Camera Handling on Embedded Linux

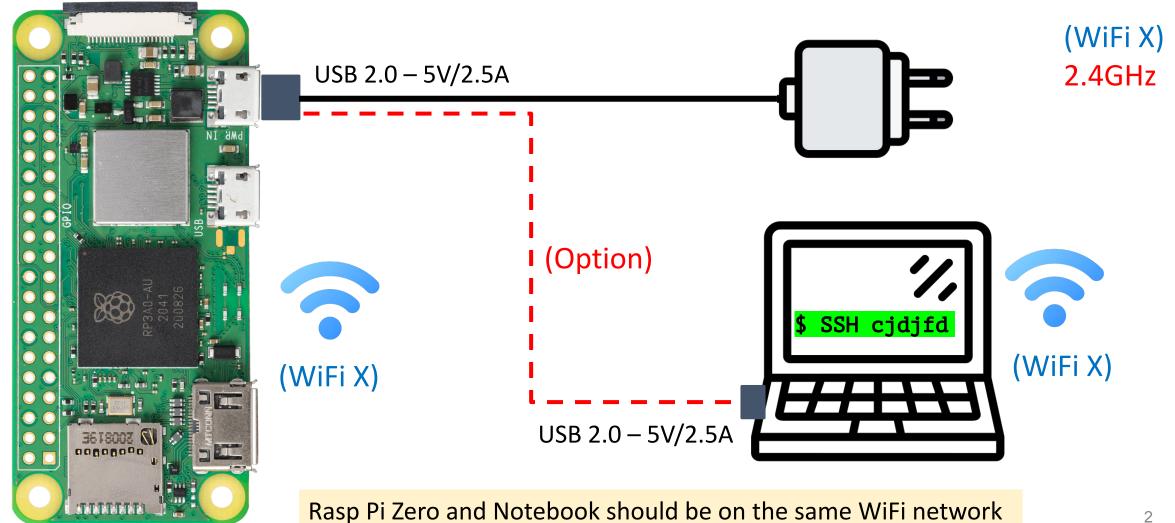






Power Supply and WiFi Network





Installing Required System Level Libraries

1. Ensure your Raspberry Pi is up to date:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt upgrade -y
sudo reboot # Reboot to ensure all updates take effect
```

Root Installation

2. Install Python tools and camera libraries (Picamera2)

```
sudo apt install -y python3-pip python3-venv python3-picamera2
sudo apt install -y libcamera-dev libcamera-tools libcamera-apps
```

3. Testing picamera2 installation

```
mjrovai@raspi-zero: - $ python

Python 3.11.2 (main, Apr 28 2025, 14:11:48) [GCC 12.2.0] on linux

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> import picamera2
>>>
```

Setting up a Virtual Environment

1. Create a virtual environment with access to system packages to manage dependencies:

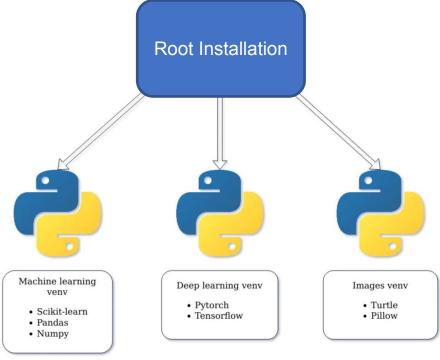
python3 -m venv ~/tflite_env --system-site-packages

2. Activate the environment:

source ~/tflite_env/bin/activate

To exit the virtual environment, use:

deactivate



Install Python Packages (inside Virtual Environment)



Ensure you're in the virtual environment (venv)

1. Install Python Packages

```
pip install numpy pillow # Image processing
pip install matplotlib # For displaying images
pip install opencv-python # Computer vision
```

2. Verify installation

```
pip list | grep -E "(numpy|pillow|opencv|picamera)'
```

```
If the Numpy version is not 1.24.2

pip uninstall numpy

pip install numpy==1.24.2
```

System vs pip Package Installation Rule

Use sudo apt install (outside of venv) for: System-level dependencies and libraries **Root Installation** Hardware interface libraries (as a camera) Development headers and build tools Anything that needs to interface directly with hardware Use pip install (inside venv) for: Pure Python packages Application-specific libraries Machine learning Deep learning veny Images veny Packages that don't need system-level access · Pytorch Turtle Scikit-learn Tensorflow Pillow Pandas Numpy

Rule of thumb: Use sudo apt install only for system dependencies and hardware interfaces. Use pip install (without sudo) inside an activated virtual environment for everything else. Inside the vent, PIP or PIP3 are the same.

Setting up Jupyter Notebook



pip install jupyter jupyterlab notebook

● ● C Home × + jupyter notebook --ip=[YOUR IP ADDREES] --no-browser http://192.168.4.210:8888/tree?token=f250f69 🗂 jupyter File View Settings Files Runni Copy the Raspberry Pi's IP address and the Select items to reform actions on them provided token in a web browser. Pvthon 3 (ipvkernel) Terminal mjpg-streamer New Folder marcelo_rovai — mjrovai@raspi-zero: ~ — ssh mjrovai@192.168.4.210 — 96×12 4 days ago 4 days ago 31 B 3 days ago 173.1 KB To access the server, open this file in a browser: mage_yolo.jpg 173.1 KB file:///home/mjrovai/.local/share/jupyter/runtime/jpserver-7399-open.html 3 days ago 70.3 KB Or copy and paste one of these URLs: mage.jpg 3 days ago http://192.168.4.210:8888/tree?token=f250f69117df5adf9d1aff01dd3ede657cb47hJba8153447 4 days ago http://127.0.0.1:8888/tree?token=f250f69117df5adf9d1aff01dd3ede657cb47b0ba8153447 [I 2024-08-23 19:40:59.979 ServerApp] Skipped non-installed server(s): bash-language-server, doc kerfile-language-server-nodejs, javascript-typescript-langserver, jedi-language-server, julia-la nguage-server, pyright, python-language-server, python-lsp-server, r-languageserver, sql-languag e-server, texlab, typescript-language-server, unified-language-server, vscode-css-languageserver -bin, vscode-html-languageserver-bin, vscode-json-languageserver-bin, yaml-language-server

Creating a working directory

```
cd Documents
mkdir Python
cd Python
```

Load an image from the internet

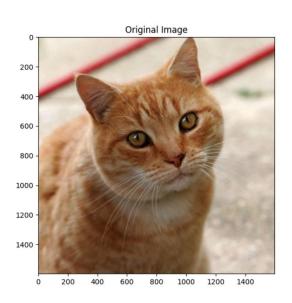
wget https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/3/3a/Cat03.jpg



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from PIL import Image

img_path = "Cat03.jpg"
img = Image.open(img_path)

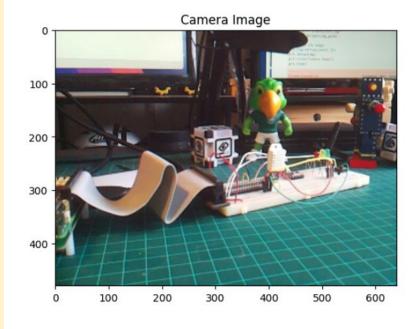
# Display the image
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
plt.imshow(img)
plt.title("Original Image")
plt.show()
```



Capturing an Image with the Camera



```
from picamera2 import Picamera2
import time
# Initialize camera
picam2 = Picamera2()
picam2.start()
# Wait for camera to warm up
time.sleep(2)
# Capture image
picam2.capture_file("class3_test.jpg")
print("Image captured: class3_test.jpg")
# Stop camera
picam2.stop()
picam2.close()
```



Questions?

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