

```
In [2]: # Importing the required Libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score
from sklearn import datasets
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
```

```
In [3]: # import the iris dataset
        iris = datasets.load_iris()
        X = iris.data
        y = iris.target
```

In [4]: iris

```
[4.4, 3. , 1.3, 0.2],  
[5.1, 3.4, 1.5, 0.2],  
[5. , 3.5, 1.3, 0.3],  
[4.5, 2.3, 1.3, 0.3],  
[4.4, 3.2, 1.3, 0.2],  
[5. , 3.5, 1.6, 0.6],  
[5.1, 3.8, 1.9, 0.4],  
[4.8, 3. , 1.4, 0.3],  
[5.1, 3.8, 1.6, 0.2],  
[4.6, 3.2, 1.4, 0.2],  
[5.3, 3.7, 1.5, 0.2],  
[5. , 3.3, 1.4, 0.2],  
[7. , 3.2, 4.7, 1.4],  
[6.4, 3.2, 4.5, 1.5],  
[6.9, 3.1, 4.9, 1.5],  
[5.5, 2.3, 4. , 1.3],  
[6.5, 2.8, 4.6, 1.5],  
[5.7, 2.8, 4.5, 1.3],  
[6.3, 3.3, 4.7, 1.6],  
[4.9, 2.4, 3.3, 1. ],  
[6.6, 2.9, 4.6, 1.3],  
[5.2, 2.7, 3.9, 1.4],  
[5. , 2. , 3.5, 1. ],  
[5.9, 3. , 4.2, 1.5],  
[6. , 2.2, 4. , 1. ],  
[6.1, 2.9, 4.7, 1.4],  
[5.6, 2.9, 3.6, 1.3],  
[6.7, 3.1, 4.4, 1.4],  
[5.6, 3. , 4.5, 1.5],  
[5.8, 2.7, 4.1, 1. ],  
[6.2, 2.2, 4.5, 1.5],  
[5.6, 2.5, 3.9, 1.1],  
[5.9, 3.2, 4.8, 1.8],  
[6.1, 2.8, 4. , 1.3],  
[6.3, 2.5, 4.9, 1.5],  
[6.1, 2.8, 4.7, 1.2],  
[6.4, 2.9, 4.3, 1.3],  
[6.6, 3. , 4.4, 1.4],  
[6.8, 2.8, 4.8, 1.4],  
[6.7, 3. , 5. , 1.7],  
[6. , 2.9, 4.5, 1.5],  
[5.7, 2.6, 3.5, 1. ],  
[5.5, 2.4, 3.8, 1.1],  
[5.5, 2.4, 3.7, 1. ],  
[5.8, 2.7, 3.9, 1.2],  
[6. , 2.7, 5.1, 1.6],  
[5.4, 3. , 4.5, 1.5],  
[6. , 3.4, 4.5, 1.6],  
[6.7, 3.1, 4.7, 1.5],  
[6.3, 2.3, 4.4, 1.3],  
[5.6, 3. , 4.1, 1.3],  
[5.5, 2.5, 4. , 1.3],  
[5.5, 2.6, 4.4, 1.2],  
[6.1, 3. , 4.6, 1.4],  
[5.8, 2.6, 4. , 1.2],  
[5. , 2.3, 3.3, 1. ],  
[5.6, 2.7, 4.2, 1.3],  
[5.7, 3. , 4.2, 1.2],  
[5.7, 2.9, 4.2, 1.3],  
[6.2, 2.9, 4.3, 1.3],
```



```
'target_names': array(['setosa', 'versicolor', 'virginica'], dtype='<U10'),
'DESCR': '.. _iris_dataset:\n\nIris plants dataset\n-----\n**Data Set Characteristics:**\n\n :Number of Instances: 150 (50 in each of three classes)\n :Number of Attributes: 4 numeric, predictive attributes and the class\n :Attribute Information:\n      - sepal length in cm\n      - sepal width in cm\n      - petal length in cm\n      - petal width in cm\n      - class:\n          - Iris-Setosa\n          - Iris-Versicolour\n          - Iris-Virginica\n\n :Summary Statistics:\n\n      Min  Max   Mean    SD  Class Correlation\n      ======\n      =====  =====  =====  =====\n      \n      sepal length:  4.3  7.9  5.84  0.83\n      0.7826\n      sepal width:  2.0  4.4  3.05  0.43  -0.4194\n      petal length: 1.0\n      6.9  3.76  1.76  0.9490 (high!)\n      petal width:  0.1  2.5  1.20  0.76  0.95\n      65 (high!)\n\n :Missing Attribute Values: None\n :Class Distribution: 33.3% for each of 3 classes.\n:Creator: R.A. Fisher\n :Donor: Michael Marshall (MARSHALL%PLU@io.arc.nasa.gov)\n :Date: July, 1988\n\nThe famous Iris database, first used by Sir R.A. Fisher. The dataset is taken\nfrom Fisher's paper. Note that it's the same as in R, but not as in the UC\nMachine Learning Repository, which has two wrong data points.\n\nThis is perhaps the best known database to be found in the\npattern recognition literature. Fisher's paper is a classic in the field and\nis referenced frequently to this day. (See Duda & Hart,\nfor example.) The\ndata set contains 3 classes of 50 instances each, where each class refers to a\ntype of iris plant. One class is linearly separable from the other 2; the\nlatter are NOT linearly separable from each other.\n.. topic:: References\n\n - Fisher, R.A. "The use of multiple measurements in taxonomic problems"\n     Annual Eugenics, 7, Part II, 179-188 (1936); also in "Contributions to\n     Mathematical Statistics" (John Wiley, NY, 1950).\n - Duda, R.O., & Hart, P.E. (1973) Pattern Classification and Scene Analysis.\n     (Q327.D83) John Wiley & Sons. ISBN 0-471-22361-1. See page 218.\n - Dasarathy, B.V. (1980) "Nosing Around the Neighborhood: A New System\n     Structure and Classification Rule for Recognition in Partially Exposed\n     Environments". IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine\n     Intelligence, Vol. PAMI-2, No. 1, 67-71.\n - Gates, G.W. (1972) "The Reduced Nearest Neighbor Rule". IEEE Transactions\n     on Information Theory, May 1972, 431-433.\n - See also: 1988 MLC Proceedings, 54-64.\nCheeseman et al's AUTOCLASS II\n    conceptual clustering system finds 3 classes in the data.\n - Many, many more ...',
'feature_names': ['sepal length (cm)', 'sepal width (cm)', 'petal length (cm)', 'petal width (cm)'],
'filename': 'C:\\\\Users\\\\Monir\\\\anaconda3\\\\lib\\\\site-packages\\\\sklearn\\\\datasets\\\\data\\\\iris.csv'}
```

In [5]:

x

```
[5.4, 3.9, 1.3, 0.4],  
[5.1, 3.5, 1.4, 0.3],  
[5.7, 3.8, 1.7, 0.3],  
[5.1, 3.8, 1.5, 0.3],  
[5.4, 3.4, 1.7, 0.2],  
[5.1, 3.7, 1.5, 0.4],  
[4.6, 3.6, 1. , 0.2],  
[5.1, 3.3, 1.7, 0.5],  
[4.8, 3.4, 1.9, 0.2],  
[5. , 3. , 1.6, 0.2],  
[5. , 3.4, 1.6, 0.4],  
[5.2, 3.5, 1.5, 0.2],  
[5.2, 3.4, 1.4, 0.2],  
[4.7, 3.2, 1.6, 0.2],  
[4.8, 3.1, 1.6, 0.2],  
[5.4, 3.4, 1.5, 0.4],  
[5.2, 4.1, 1.5, 0.1],  
[5.5, 4.2, 1.4, 0.2],  
[4.9, 3.1, 1.5, 0.2],  
[5. , 3.2, 1.2, 0.2],  
[5.5, 3.5, 1.3, 0.2],  
[4.9, 3.6, 1.4, 0.1],  
[4.4, 3. , 1.3, 0.2],  
[5.1, 3.4, 1.5, 0.2],  
[5. , 3.5, 1.3, 0.3],  
[4.5, 2.3, 1.3, 0.3],  
[4.4, 3.2, 1.3, 0.2],  
[5. , 3.5, 1.6, 0.6],  
[5.1, 3.8, 1.9, 0.4],  
[4.8, 3. , 1.4, 0.3],  
[5.1, 3.8, 1.6, 0.2],  
[4.6, 3.2, 1.4, 0.2],  
[5.3, 3.7, 1.5, 0.2],  
[5. , 3.3, 1.4, 0.2],  
[7. , 3.2, 4.7, 1.4],  
[6.4, 3.2, 4.5, 1.5],  
[6.9, 3.1, 4.9, 1.5],  
[5.5, 2.3, 4. , 1.3],  
[6.5, 2.8, 4.6, 1.5],  
[5.7, 2.8, 4.5, 1.3],  
[6.3, 3.3, 4.7, 1.6],  
[4.9, 2.4, 3.3, 1. ],  
[6.6, 2.9, 4.6, 1.3],  
[5.2, 2.7, 3.9, 1.4],  
[5. , 2. , 3.5, 1. ],  
[5.9, 3. , 4.2, 1.5],  
[6. , 2.2, 4. , 1. ],  
[6.1, 2.9, 4.7, 1.4],  
[5.6, 2.9, 3.6, 1.3],  
[6.7, 3.1, 4.4, 1.4],  
[5.6, 3. , 4.5, 1.5],  
[5.8, 2.7, 4.1, 1. ],  
[6.2, 2.2, 4.5, 1.5],  
[5.6, 2.5, 3.9, 1.1],  
[5.9, 3.2, 4.8, 1.8],  
[6.1, 2.8, 4. , 1.3],  
[6.3, 2.5, 4.9, 1.5],  
[6.1, 2.8, 4.7, 1.2],  
[6.4, 2.9, 4.3, 1.3],  
[6.6, 3. , 4.4, 1.4],
```

```
[6.8, 2.8, 4.8, 1.4],  
[6.7, 3. , 5. , 1.7],  
[6. , 2.9, 4.5, 1.5],  
[5.7, 2.6, 3.5, 1. ],  
[5.5, 2.4, 3.8, 1.1],  
[5.5, 2.4, 3.7, 1. ],  
[5.8, 2.7, 3.9, 1.2],  
[6. , 2.7, 5.1, 1.6],  
[5.4, 3. , 4.5, 1.5],  
[6. , 3.4, 4.5, 1.6],  
[6.7, 3.1, 4.7, 1.5],  
[6.3, 2.3, 4.4, 1.3],  
[5.6, 3. , 4.1, 1.3],  
[5.5, 2.5, 4. , 1.3],  
[5.5, 2.6, 4.4, 1.2],  
[6.1, 3. , 4.6, 1.4],  
[5.8, 2.6, 4. , 1.2],  
[5. , 2.3, 3.3, 1. ],  
[5.6, 2.7, 4.2, 1.3],  
[5.7, 3. , 4.2, 1.2],  
[5.7, 2.9, 4.2, 1.3],  
[6.2, 2.9, 4.3, 1.3],  
[5.1, 2.5, 3. , 1.1],  
[5.7, 2.8, 4.1, 1.3],  
[6.3, 3.3, 6. , 2.5],  
[5.8, 2.7, 5.1, 1.9],  
[7.1, 3. , 5.9, 2.1],  
[6.3, 2.9, 5.6, 1.8],  
[6.5, 3. , 5.8, 2.2],  
[7.6, 3. , 6.6, 2.1],  
[4.9, 2.5, 4.5, 1.7],  
[7.3, 2.9, 6.3, 1.8],  
[6.7, 2.5, 5.8, 1.8],  
[7.2, 3.6, 6.1, 2.5],  
[6.5, 3.2, 5.1, 2. ],  
[6.4, 2.7, 5.3, 1.9],  
[6.8, 3. , 5.5, 2.1],  
[5.7, 2.5, 5. , 2. ],  
[5.8, 2.8, 5.1, 2.4],  
[6.4, 3.2, 5.3, 2.3],  
[6.5, 3. , 5.5, 1.8],  
[7.7, 3.8, 6.7, 2.2],  
[7.7, 2.6, 6.9, 2.3],  
[6. , 2.2, 5. , 1.5],  
[6.9, 3.2, 5.7, 2.3],  
[5.6, 2.8, 4.9, 2. ],  
[7.7, 2.8, 6.7, 2. ],  
[6.3, 2.7, 4.9, 1.8],  
[6.7, 3.3, 5.7, 2.1],  
[7.2, 3.2, 6. , 1.8],  
[6.2, 2.8, 4.8, 1.8],  
[6.1, 3. , 4.9, 1.8],  
[6.4, 2.8, 5.6, 2.1],  
[7.2, 3. , 5.8, 1.6],  
[7.4, 2.8, 6.1, 1.9],  
[7.9, 3.8, 6.4, 2. ],  
[6.4, 2.8, 5.6, 2.2],  
[6.3, 2.8, 5.1, 1.5],  
[6.1, 2.6, 5.6, 1.4],  
[7.7, 3. , 6.1, 2.3],
```

```
[6.3, 3.4, 5.6, 2.4],
[6.4, 3.1, 5.5, 1.8],
[6. , 3. , 4.8, 1.8],
[6.9, 3.1, 5.4, 2.1],
[6.7, 3.1, 5.6, 2.4],
[6.9, 3.1, 5.1, 2.3],
[5.8, 2.7, 5.1, 1.9],
[6.8, 3.2, 5.9, 2.3],
[6.7, 3.3, 5.7, 2.5],
[6.7, 3. , 5.2, 2.3],
[6.3, 2.5, 5. , 1.9],
[6.5, 3. , 5.2, 2. ],
[6.2, 3.4, 5.4, 2.3],
[5.9, 3. , 5.1, 1.8]])
```

In [6]:

y

Out[6]:

```
array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2])
```

In [7]:

```
# splitting X and y into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=1)
```

In [8]:

```
# GAUSSIAN NAIVE BAYES
gnb = GaussianNB()
# train the model
gnb.fit(X_train, y_train)
# make predictions
gnb_pred = gnb.predict(X_test)
# print the accuracy
print("Accuracy of Gaussian Naive Bayes: ",
      accuracy_score(y_test, gnb_pred))
# print other performance metrics
print("Precision of Gaussian Naive Bayes: ",
      precision_score(y_test, gnb_pred, average='weighted'))
print("Recall of Gaussian Naive Bayes: ",
      recall_score(y_test, gnb_pred, average='weighted'))
print("F1-Score of Gaussian Naive Bayes: ",
      f1_score(y_test, gnb_pred, average='weighted'))
```

Accuracy of Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.9333333333333333

Precision of Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.9352007469654529

Recall of Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.9333333333333333

F1-Score of Gaussian Naive Bayes: 0.933615520282187

In [14]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, roc_curve, auc

# Confusion Matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, gnb_pred)
```

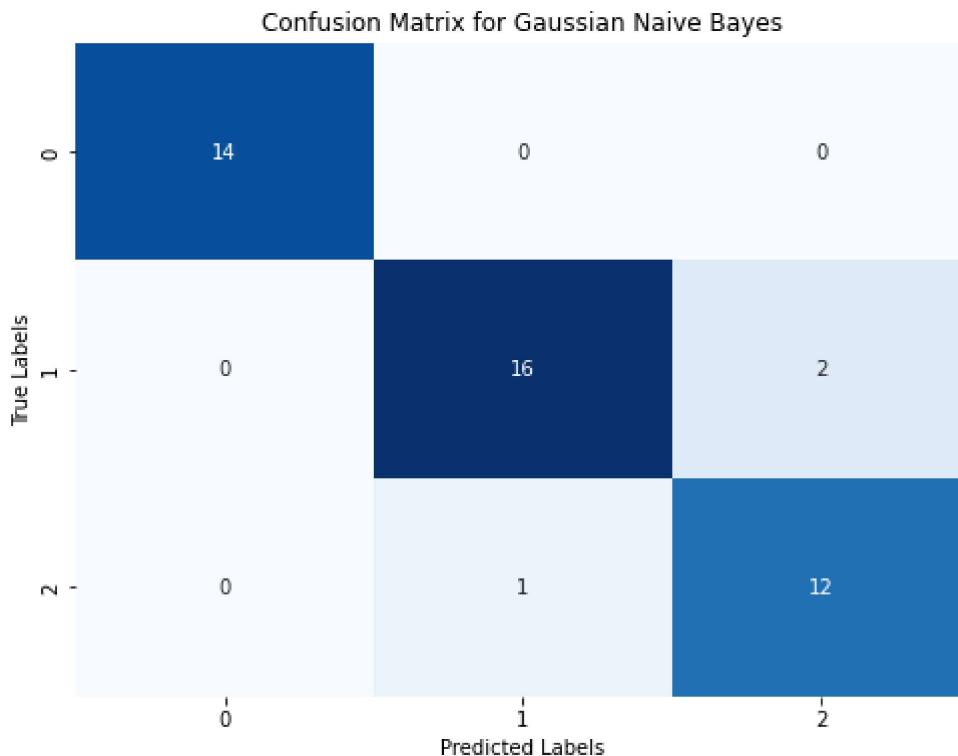
```

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", cbar=False)
plt.xlabel("Predicted Labels")
plt.ylabel("True Labels")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix for Gaussian Naive Bayes")
plt.show()

# ROC Curve - applicable only for binary classification
if len(set(y_test)) == 2: # Check if it's binary classification
    y_prob = gnb.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
    fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob)
    roc_auc = auc(fpr, tpr)

    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='blue', label=f'AUC = {roc_auc:.2f}')
    plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='gray', linestyle='--')
    plt.xlabel("False Positive Rate")
    plt.ylabel("True Positive Rate")
    plt.title("ROC Curve for Gaussian Naive Bayes")
    plt.legend(loc="lower right")
    plt.show()
else:
    print("ROC curve is only available for binary classification.")

```



ROC curve is only available for binary classification.

In [15]:

cm

Out[15]:

```
array([[14,  0,  0],
       [ 0, 16,  2],
       [ 0,  1, 12]], dtype=int64)
```

In [16]:

```
# DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER
dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=0)
```

```
# train the model
dt.fit(X_train, y_train)
# make predictions
dt_pred = dt.predict(X_test)
# print the accuracy
print("Accuracy of Decision Tree Classifier: ",
      accuracy_score(y_test, dt_pred))
# print other performance metrics
print("Precision of Decision Tree Classifier: ",
      precision_score(y_test, dt_pred, average='weighted'))
print("Recall of Decision Tree Classifier: ",
      recall_score(y_test, dt_pred, average='weighted'))
print("F1-Score of Decision Tree Classifier: ",
      f1_score(y_test, dt_pred, average='weighted'))
```

Accuracy of Decision Tree Classifier: 0.9555555555555556
 Precision of Decision Tree Classifier: 0.9555555555555556
 Recall of Decision Tree Classifier: 0.9555555555555556
 F1-Score of Decision Tree Classifier: 0.9555555555555556

In [18]:

```
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree

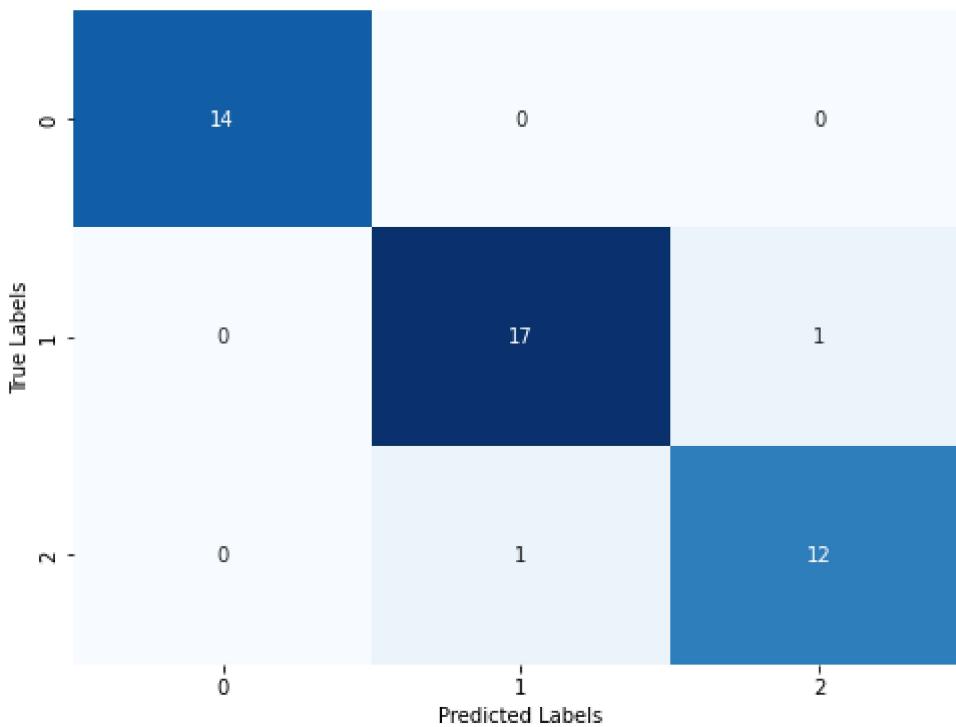
# Confusion Matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, dt_pred)

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", cbar=False)
plt.xlabel("Predicted Labels")
plt.ylabel("True Labels")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix for Decision Tree Classifier")
plt.show()

# ROC Curve - applicable only for binary classification
if len(set(y_test)) == 2: # Check if it's binary classification
    y_prob = dt.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
    fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_prob)
    roc_auc = auc(fpr, tpr)

    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='blue', label=f'AUC = {roc_auc:.2f}')
    plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='gray', linestyle='--')
    plt.xlabel("False Positive Rate")
    plt.ylabel("True Positive Rate")
    plt.title("ROC Curve for Decision Tree Classifier")
    plt.legend(loc="lower right")
    plt.show()
else:
    print("ROC curve is only available for binary classification.")
```

Confusion Matrix for Decision Tree Classifier



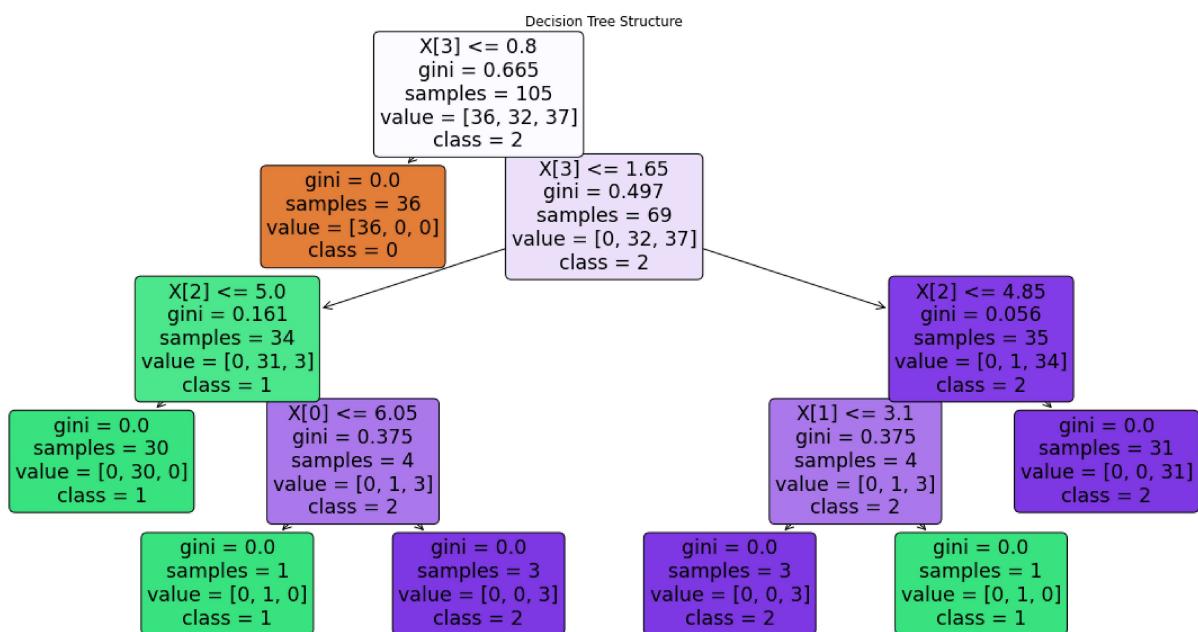
ROC curve is only available for binary classification.

In [19]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))

# Adjust based on whether you have feature names or not
if hasattr(X_train, 'columns'):
    plot_tree(dt, filled=True, feature_names=X_train.columns, class_names=[str(c) for c
else:
    plot_tree(dt, filled=True, class_names=[str(c) for c in set(y_train)], rounded=True

plt.title("Decision Tree Structure")
plt.show()
```



In [20]:

```
# SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE
svm_clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear') # Linear Kernel
# train the model
svm_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
# make predictions
svm_clf_pred = svm_clf.predict(X_test)
# print the accuracy
print("Accuracy of Support Vector Machine: ",
      accuracy_score(y_test, svm_clf_pred))
# print other performance metrics
print("Precision of Support Vector Machine: ",
      precision_score(y_test, svm_clf_pred, average='weighted'))
print("Recall of Support Vector Machine: ",
      recall_score(y_test, svm_clf_pred, average='weighted'))
print("F1-Score of Support Vector Machine: ",
      f1_score(y_test, svm_clf_pred, average='weighted'))
```

Accuracy of Support Vector Machine: 1.0

Precision of Support Vector Machine: 1.0

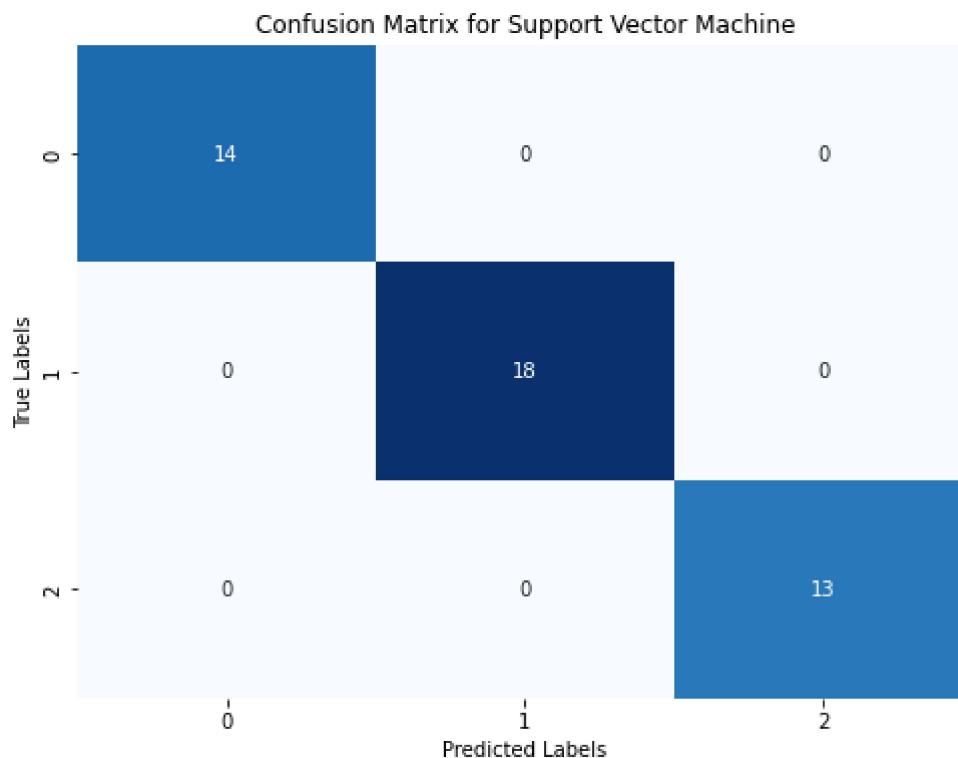
Recall of Support Vector Machine: 1.0

F1-Score of Support Vector Machine: 1.0

In [22]:

```
# Confusion Matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, svm_clf_pred)

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", cbar=False)
plt.xlabel("Predicted Labels")
plt.ylabel("True Labels")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix for Support Vector Machine")
plt.show()
```



In []: