Introduction to Python

• **Python** is a general-purpose, dynamic, high-level, and interpreted programming language.



- **Python** supports multiple programming patterns, including object-oriented, imperative, and functional or procedural programming styles.
- It was created by **Guido van Rossum** during **1985- 1990**. Python source code is available under the GNU General Public License (GPL).
- Python has many web-based assets, open-source projects, and a vibrant community.
- Python is an open-source, cost-free programming language. It is utilized in several sectors and disciplines as a result.

Python Basic Syntax

There is no use of curly braces or semicolon in Python programming language.

def func():		
statement 1		
statement 2		
statement N		

✓ In the above example, the statements that are the same level to the right belong to the function. Generally, we can use four whitespaces to define indentation.

Python Features

- Readability: Python's syntax emphasizes code readability and uses indentation to define code blocks, making it easy to write and understand code.
- Versatility: Python can be used for various applications, including web development, data analysis, scientific computing, artificial intelligence, automation, and more.
- **Dynamic Typing:** Python uses dynamic typing, allowing variables to change types on the fly, which enhances flexibility and reduces the need for explicit type declarations.
- **Interpreted Nature:** Python is an interpreted language, allowing you to execute code directly without needing a compilation step, making development and debugging quicker.
- Large Standard Library: Python comes with a comprehensive standard library that provides modules and functions for a wide range of tasks, reducing the need to reinvent the wheel.
- **Cross-Platform:** Python is cross-platform, meaning code written on one platform can be easily executed on other platforms without significant modifications.
- **Object-Oriented:** Python supports object-oriented programming, allowing you to structure code using classes and objects for better organization and reusability.
- Extensive Third-Party Libraries: Python has a vast ecosystem of third-party libraries and frameworks that simplify complex tasks and accelerate development.
- Community and Support: Python has a large and active community of developers who contribute to its growth, provide support, and create various resources for learning.

 Open Source: Python is an open-source language, meaning its source code is freely available to the public, promoting collaboration and enabling customization according to specific needs.

Python Application

1) Web Applications

- We can use Python to develop web applications.
- It provides libraries to handle internet protocols such as HTML and XML, JSON, Email processing, request, beautifulSoup, Feedparser, etc.

2) Desktop GUI Applications

 The GUI stands for the Graphical User Interface, which provides a smooth interaction to any application.

3) Console-based Application

- Console-based applications run from the command-line or shell. These applications are computer program which are used commands to execute.
- This kind of application was more popular in the old generation of computers. Python can develop this kind of application very effectively.

4) Software Development

- Python is useful for the software development process.
- It works as a support language and can be used to build control and management, testing, etc.

5) Scientific and Numeric

- This is the era of Artificial intelligence where the machine can perform the task the same as the human.
- Python language is the most suitable language for Artificial intelligence or machine learning.
- It consists of many scientific and mathematical libraries, which makes easy to solve complex calculations.

6) Business Applications

- Business Applications differ from standard applications. E-commerce and ERP are an example of a business application.
- This kind of application requires extensively, scalability and readability, and Python provides all these features.

7) Audio or Video-based Applications

- Python is flexible to perform multiple tasks and can be used to create multimedia applications.
- Some multimedia applications which are made by using Python are **TimPlayer**, **cplay**, etc.

8) 3D CAD Applications

- The CAD (Computer-aided design) is used to design engineering related architecture.
- It is used to develop the 3D representation of a part of a system.
- Python can create a 3D CAD application by using the following functionalities.

9) Enterprise Applications

- Python can be used to create applications that can be used within an Enterprise or an Organization.
- Some real-time applications are OpenERP, Tryton, Picalo, etc.



10) Image Processing Application

- Python contains many libraries that are used to work with the image.
- The image can be manipulated according to our requirements.

***** First Python Program

So before moving on further.. let's do the most popular 'HelloWorld' tradition .

Python code for "Hello World"

nothing else to type...see how simple is the syntax.

print("Topper World")

Output:

Topper World