



# MongoDB

Web programiranje

Jurica Maltar

# mongoDB



- NOSQL (“not only SQL”)
- mongoDB:
  - Kolekcije (collection)
  - Dokumenti (document)
  - Polje (field)
- SQL:
  - Tablica (table)
  - Retci (row)
  - Ćelija/stupac (column)



# mongoDB



- Instalacija: MongoDB server, MongoDB shell
- Početak rada:
  1. Stvoriti C:\data\db
  2. Pokrenuti server (C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\8.0\bin\mongod.exe)
  3. Pokrenuti shell (C:\Program Files\mongosh\mongosh.exe)
- Napomena: u starijim verzijama (< 6.0) shell je  
C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\x.y\bin\mongo.exe

# CRUD



- Operacije nad podacima grupiramo u:
  - **Create**
  - **Read**
  - **Update**
  - **Delete**
- Asocirajte CRUD operacije s vrstama HTTP zahtjeva

# mongoDB (JavaScript)



- mongo ./mongo\_script.js

```
const conn = new Mongo();
db = conn.getDB("nastava");
print(db)
print(db.getCollectionNames());

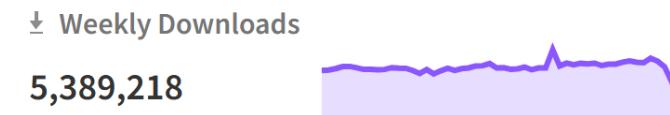
let cursor = db.predavanja.find({});

while (cursor.hasNext())
    printjson(cursor.next());
```

# mongoDB (Node.js, službeni paket)



- npm install mongodb
- `require('mongodb')`
- `MongoClient`
  - `connect`
- `Client`
  - `db`



# Stvaranje kolekcije



- SQL:

```
CREATE TABLE people (
    id MEDIUMINT NOT NULL
        AUTO_INCREMENT,
    user_id Varchar(30),
    age Number,
    status char(1),
    PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
```

- mongoDB:

```
db.createCollection("people");
```

# Create



```
db.users.insertOne(      ← collection
{
    name: "sue",        ← field: value
    age: 26,            ← field: value
    status: "pending"   ← field: value
}
)
```

The diagram illustrates the creation of a document in a MongoDB collection. It shows the command `db.users.insertOne()`. A green arrow points from the word `users` to the word `collection`. Another green arrow points from the first field `name: "sue"` to the word `field: value`. A third green arrow points from the second field `age: 26` to the word `field: value`. A fourth green arrow points from the third field `status: "pending"` to the word `field: value`. A large black curly brace groups the three fields together and spans to the right, labeled `document`.

# Create



- **insertOne/insertMany**
- SQL:  

```
INSERT INTO people(user_id, age, status)
VALUES ("bcd001", 45, "A");
```
- mongoDB:  

```
db.people.insertOne({
  user_id: "bcd001",
  age: 45,
  status: "A"
});
```

# Read



```
db.users.find(  
  { age: { $gt: 18 } },  
  { name: 1, address: 1 }  
)limit(5)
```

- ← collection
- ← query criteria
- ← projection
- ← cursor modifier

# Read



- **findOne/find**

- SQL:  
`SELECT * FROM people;`

- mongoDB:  
`db.people.find({});`

# Update



```
db.users.updateMany(  
  { age: { $lt: 18 } },  
  { $set: { status: "reject" } } )  
  ↑ collection  
  ↑ update filter  
  ↑ update action
```



# Update

- `updateOne/updateMany/replaceOne`

- SQL:

```
UPDATE people SET status = "C"  
WHERE age > 25;
```

- mongoDB:

```
db.people.updateMany(  
  { age: { $gt: 25 } },  
  { $set: { status: "C" } }  
)
```

# Delete



```
db.users.deleteMany(  
  { status: "reject" } )
```

← collection  
← delete filter



# Delete

- `deleteOne/deleteMany`

- SQL:

```
DELETE FROM people  
WHERE status = "D";
```

- mongoDB:

```
db.people.deleteMany(  
  { status: "D" }  
)
```