## Inheritance in Java



## By the end of this video you will be able to...

Explain an "is-a" relationship between classes

## What did we want?

- 1. Keep common behavior in one class
- 2. Split different behavior into separate classes
- 3. Keep all of the objects in a single data structure

Reference

Object

???

Person p =

new Person();

Student s =

new Student();

Person p = new Person();

Reference

Object

Person p =

new Person();

Student s =

new Student();

Person p = new Person();

A Person "is-a" Person

```
Reference
                           Object
                           new Person();
Person p =
                   ???
                           new Student();
Student s =
```

Student s = new Student();

```
Reference
                          Object
                          new Person();
Person p =
                          new Student();
Student s =
Student s = new Student();/
 A Student "is-a" Student
```

```
Reference
Object

Person p = new Person();

???

Student s = new Student();
```

Person p = new Student();

```
Reference
                          Object
                          new Person();
Person p =
                          new Student();
Student s =
Person p = new Student();
 A Student "is-a" Person
```

```
// in main
Person[] p = new Person[3];
p[0] = new Person();
p[1] = new Student();
p[2] = new Faculty();
```

## A Person array CAN store Student and Faculty objects

```
Reference Object

Person p = new Person();

???

Student s = new Student();
```

Student s = new Person();

```
Reference
                         Object
                        new Person();
Person p =
                         new Student();
Student s =
Student s = new Person();
```