## Lab Assignment Number 1 CS1140

#### Name:

For each of the following programs your task will be as follows:

- Enter the program **exactly** as shown.
- Make sure that the IDE does not indicate any errors.
- Compile and execute.
- If your program does not run correctly, verify that the code you typed matches the code given. Correct any discrepancies.
- If the program still does not execute properly, read the error messages and **attempt** to correct your program.

#### Part One

Enter the following program: Save as Hellol.java

```
/*
    Hello1-- A simple program demonstrating printing to the console window
*/
public class Hello1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello, World");
        System.out.println();
        System.out.println("We are done!");
    }    // end method main
}    // end class Hello1
```

# For Part 2 to Part 4 below, repeat the steps you used to complete Part 1.

#### Part Two

Enter the following program: Save as Hello2.java

```
/*
 A simple program demonstrating console printing and numeric output and
 also simple integer numeric variable declaration and assignment.
public class Hello2 {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
               //reserve space for an integer
 int tmpX;
 System.out.println("This is Hello2");
 System.out.println();
 System.out.println("There should be blank line above this one");
 System.out.println();
 tmpX = 112;
                    //I put the number 112 into the variable identifier tmpX
 System.out.println("I can also print numbers : ");
 System.out.println(tmpX);
 System.out.println();
 System.out.println("I can print numbers on the same line : " + tmpx);
 tmpX = 555;
                  //I can put a new number into tmpx
 System.out.print("A different way to print numbers on the same line ");
 System.out.println(tmpX);
 System.out.println();
 System.out.println("Hope you understand what we just did!");
   }
             // end method main
             // end class Hello2
}
```

```
Hello3-- Demonstrating simple input and arithmetic manipulation of integers
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Hello3 {
  public static void main( String args[] ) {
   // creates a Scanner object to obtain input from console window
      Scanner input = new Scanner( System.in );
               //reserve space for integers
     int a;
     int b:
      int sum, difference, product;
   System.out.println("This is Hello3");
   //get input data from the user
   System.out.print( "Enter a whole number: " ); //prompt user for an action
   a = input.nextInt();
                                                  //read what the user enters
   System.out.print( "Enter another number: " ); // prompt user for an action
                                                  //read what the user enters
  b = input.nextInt();
   //print out what the user entered
   System.out.println();
   System.out.println( "The first number is : " + a);
   System.out.println( "The second number is: " + b);
  System.out.println();
   // compute the sum, difference and product
   sum = a + b;
   difference = a - b;
  product = a * b;
   //print out the results of some simple computations
   System.out.println( "Sum of the two numbers is : " + sum));
   System.out.println( "Difference of the two numbers is : " + difference);
   System.out.println( "Product of the two numbers is.
                                                        : " + product);
            // end method main
   }
            // end class Hello3
}
```

## Part Four

#### ... Save as Hello4.java

Now that you have typed in several programs you should have enough knowledge/information to write a program that will perform the following task:

- Print out to console that this program will compute area and perimeter of a rectangle (see example below).
- ask the user for the **length** of the rectangle, don't forget to declare **length** as a variable of type **int**.
- ask the user for the width of the rectangle, don't forget to declare width as a variable of type int.
- print out the **area** of the rectangle **which is simply** the product of length by width. Don't forget to declare **area** as a variable of type int.
- print out the **perimeter** of the rectangle **which is simply** the product of length plus width multiplied by 2. Don't forget to declare **perimeter** as a variable of type int.

### Example run of your program should look as follows:

This program will compute the area and perimeter of rectangles

Please enter the rectangle width : 6
Please enter the rectangle length : 4

The area of your rectangle is : 24
The perimeter of your rectangle is : 20