# The LUA-PHYSICAL library

### $Version\ 0.1$

### Thomas Jenni

# August 30, 2018

#### Abstract

lua-physical is a pure Lua library which provides functions and object for doing computation with physical quantities. This package provides a standard set of units of the SI and the imperial system. It is possible to give a number a mesurement uncertainty.

is also integrated and is calculated by gaussian error propagation. The package includes some  $\,$ 

# Contents

1	Introduction	2
<b>2</b>	Basic usage	2

## 1 Introduction

The author of this package is a teacher at the Kantonsschule Zug, Switzerland, a high-school. The main use of this package is to write physics problem sets and integrate the calculation directly into the luatex-file. The package is now in use for more than two years and a lot of bugs have been found and crushed. Nevertheless it could be possible that some bugs are still there, living uncovered. Therefore I recommend not to use this library productively in industry or science. If one does so, it's the responsability of the user to check results for plausability. If the user finds some bugs, please report them on github.com or directly to the author.

E-Mail: thomas.jenni(at)ksz.ch

# 2 Basic usage

Since this package is pure lua library one has to require it explicitly by calling require("physical"). For printing results the siunitx package is used. It's recommended to define a shortcut like \q or \Qty to convert the lua quantity object to a siunitx expression. An example preamble is shown in the following.

```
basic preamble
      \usepackage{siunitx}
2
3
      % configure siunitx
4
      \sisetup{
        output-decimal-marker = {.},
        per-mode = symbol,
        separate-uncertainty = false,
        add-decimal-zero = true,
        exponent-product = \cdot,
10
        round-mode = off
11
13
      % load lua-physical
14
      \begin{luacode*}
        physical = require("physical")
15
16
      \end{luacode*}
17
      % shortcut for printing physical quantities
18
19
      \mbox{\ensuremath{newcommand} \{\q}[1]{\%}
        \directlua{tex.print(physical.Quantity.tosiunitx(#1,"
20
               scientific-notation=fixed, exponent-to-prefix=false"))}%
21
      }
```

Given the preamble one can use now units in lua code and insert results in the latex code.