

# تكامل

## التكامل بالتعويض

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## Integration

### Types of integration

1) Integration by Sub.

2) Integration by Parts.

3) Integration by Partial fraction.

### \* Notes of Integration \*

$$\int (f(x))^n f'(x) dx = \frac{(f(x))^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$$

$$\int \sqrt{f(x)} \cdot f'(x) dx = \frac{2}{3} (f(x))^{3/2} + C$$

$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} = \ln |f(x)| + C$$

### "Integration by sub"

$$I = \int \frac{x^m}{(ax+b)^n} dx$$

$$\text{let } z = ax+b$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{z-b}{a}$$

$$\therefore dx = \frac{dz}{a}$$

$$I = \int \frac{\left(\frac{z-b}{a}\right)^m}{z^n} \cdot \frac{dz}{a}$$

$$\text{Ex: } I = \int \frac{x^5}{(2+3x)^4} dx$$

$$\text{let } z = 2 + 3x$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{z-2}{3}$$

$$\therefore dx = \frac{dz}{3}$$

$$I = \int \frac{(z-2)^5}{81(z)^4} dz = \frac{1}{81} \int \frac{(z-2)^5}{z^4} dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{81} \int \frac{z^5 - 6z^4 + 12z^3 - 8z^2}{z^4} dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{81} \int \left( \frac{1}{z} - \frac{6}{z^2} + \frac{12}{z^3} - \frac{8}{z^4} \right) dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{81} \int \left( \frac{1}{z} - 6z^{-2} + 12z^{-3} - 8z^{-4} \right) dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{81} \left( \ln|z| + \frac{6}{z} - \frac{6}{z^2} + \frac{8}{3z^3} + C \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{81} \left( \ln|2+3x| + \frac{6}{2+3x} - \frac{6}{(2+3x)^2} + \frac{8}{3(2+3x)^3} \right) + C$$

$$2] I = \int \frac{1}{x^m(ax+b)^n} dx$$

$$\text{let } z = \frac{ax+b}{x}$$

$$\therefore xz - ax = b$$

$$x(z-a) = b$$

$$x = \frac{b}{z-a}$$

$$\therefore dx = \frac{-b}{(z-a)^2} dz$$

$$\text{Ex: } I = \int \frac{dx}{x^3(1+x)^4}$$

$$\text{let } z = \frac{1+x}{x}$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{1}{z-1} \therefore dx = \frac{-dz}{(z-1)^2}$$

$$I = - \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{z-1}\right)^3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{z-1}\right)^4} \cdot \frac{dz}{z-1} = - \int \frac{(z-1)^5}{z^4}$$

$$= \int \frac{z^5 - 5z^4 + 10z^3 - 10z^2 + 5z - 1}{z^4} dz = \dots$$



$$3] I = \int \frac{1}{x(ax^n+b)} dx \quad \text{let } z^{-1} = x^n$$

$$\frac{1}{z} = x^n \therefore x = z^{-\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$\therefore dx = -\frac{1}{n} z^{-\frac{1}{n}-1} dz$$

$$\text{Ex: } I = \int \frac{dx}{x(x^5+3)} \quad \text{let } x^5 = \frac{1}{z} \therefore x = z^{-\frac{1}{5}}$$

$$dx = -\frac{1}{5} z^{-\frac{6}{5}} dz$$

$$I = \int \frac{-dz}{5(3z+1)} = -\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{dz}{3z+1} = -\frac{1}{15} \ln|3z+1| + C$$

$$= -\frac{1}{15} \ln\left|\frac{3}{x^5} + 1\right| + C$$

"Some Examples..."

$$1) I = \int \frac{e^x}{e^x-1} dx \quad \text{let } u = e^x, du = dx e^x$$

$$= \int \frac{du}{u-1} = \ln|u-1| + C = \ln|e^x-1| + C$$

$$2) I = \int \frac{dx}{x(1-\ln x)} \quad u = \ln x \therefore du = \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$= \int \frac{du}{1-u} = -\ln|1-u| + C = -\ln|1-\ln x| + C$$