

1. parse_url Function

The `parse_url()` function is used to parse a URL and retrieve its components. In this lesson, we specifically use it to extract the **path** from the current request URL:

```
$uri = parse_url($_SERVER["REQUEST_URI"])["path"];
```

For example, if the full URL is:

`http://localhost/laracast-php/about?name=ali`

Then `$uri` will be:

`/laracast-php/about`

This path is then used to determine which controller to load.

2. Defining the \$routes Array

We define an associative array called `$routes` where keys are URL paths, and values are the controller files to be loaded:

```
$routes = [  
    "/" => "controllers/index.php",  
    "/about" => "controllers/about.php",  
    "/contact" => "controllers/contact.php"  
];
```

3. The abort() Function

This function is used to handle unmatched routes by sending a 404 HTTP status code and loading a 404 error page:

```
function abort($code = 404)  
{  
    http_response_code($code);  
    require "views/{$code}.php";  
    die();  
}
```

```
}
```

If the requested path is not in the `$routes` array, we call `abort()` to show the "Page Not Found" view.

4. Routing Logic

```
if (array_key_exists($uri, $routes)) {  
    require $routes[$uri];  
} else {  
    abort();  
}
```

- First, check if the requested URI exists in the `$routes` array.
 - If yes, include the corresponding controller file.
 - Otherwise, call the abort function.
-

5. Full Example Code

```
$uri = parse_url($_SERVER["REQUEST_URI"])[ "path" ];
```

```
$routes = [  
    "/" => "controllers/index.php",  
    "/about" => "controllers/about.php",  
    "/contact" => "controllers/contact.php"  
];
```

```
function abort($code = 404)  
{  
    http_response_code($code);  
    require "views/{ $code }.php";  
    die();  
}
```

```
if (array_key_exists($uri, $routes)) {
```

```
    require $routes[$uri];  
  } else {  
    abort();  
  }
```

Summary

- Use `parse_url($_SERVER["REQUEST_URI"])["path"]` to get the current path.
- Map paths to controller files with an associative array `$routes`.
- Use a custom `abort()` function for 404 errors.
- Check the requested URI against `$routes` to determine which controller to load.