

# SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN GERMANY

**Data to the Indicator Report 2018** 

























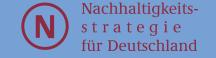












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# **Preliminary note**

This publication "Data to the Indicator Report 2018" is a supplement to the Indicator Report 2018 on sustainable development in Germany. It provides annual data on the sustainability indicators, but also supplies annual data on other interesting aspects relating to sustainability. This supplements some of the background information provided in the text of the indicator sheets. This increases the informative value and transparency of the sustainability indicators.

In addition to (1) the definition of the respective indicator, these pages present (2) the data series of the indicator (in bold print) and the data series of other curves shown in the graph. Supplementary data (3) contains important additional information which may be useful for interpreting the indicator data and in most instances is mentioned in the text. In some cases additional sources for information are listed apard from the data sources.

			а						

**BMEL** = Bundesministerium für Ernährung und Landwirtschaft (Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture) ESVG = Europäisches System Volkswirtschaftlicher Gesamtrechnungen (European system of national accounts) EU = European Union = Statistical Office of the European Communities Eurostat e.V. = eingetragener Verein (registerd association) GHD = Gewerbe, Handel, Dienstleistungen (Business, trade, services) GmbH = Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung (Private limited [liability] company) **ISCED** = International Standard Classification of Education

ODA = Official Development Assistance

OECD = Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

UNFCCC = United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

WHO = World Health Organization

 $CO_2$  = Carbon dioxide

N = Nitrogen

P = Phosphorus

#### Unit

%

а = year = hectare kg = kilogram km<sup>2</sup> = square kilometre = litre  $m^2$ = square metre  $m^3$ = cubic metre = milligram mg = tonnes = microgram μg

= percent

#### **Explanation of symbols**

0 = less than half of 1 in the last digit occupied, but more than zero

– = no figures or magnitude zero

.. = data will be available later

= no data because the numerical value is not sufficiently reliable

numerical value unknow or not be disclosed

# Contents

		Seite
1	No poverty	
•	Limiting poverty	
1.1.a, b	Material deprivation and severe material deprivation	9
2	Zara hungar	
2	Zero hunger	
_	Environmentally sound production in our cultivated landscapes	40
2.1.a	Nitrogen surplus in agricilture	10
2.1.b	Organic farming	12
	rity – Realising globally the right to food	
2.2	Support for good governance in attaining appropriate nutrition globally	14
3	Good health and well-being	
Health and	d nutrition — Living healthy longer	
3.1.a, b	Premature mortality	15
3.1.c, d	Smoking rate among adolescents and adults	17
3.1.e	Obesity rate among adolescents	19
3.1.f	Obesity rate among adults	20
	on — Keeping the environment healthy	
3.2.a	Emissions of air pollutants	22
3.2.b	Share of the population with excessive exposure to $PM_{10}$ in Germany	24
,		
4	Quality education	
	- Continuously improving education and vocational training	
4.1.a	Early school leavers (18 to 24-year-olds leaving school without graduation)	25
4.1.b	30 to 34-year-olds with a tertiary or post-secondary non-tertiary level of education	27
-	for families – Improving the compatibility of work and family life	
4.2.a, b	All-day care provision for children	29
5	Gender equality	
Equality -	Promoting equal opportunities in society	
5.1.a	Gender pay gap	31
5.1.b	Women in management positions in business	33
Equality –	Strengthening the economic participation of woman globally	
5.1.c	Vocational qualification of women and girls through German development assistance	35

6	Clean water and sanitation	
Water qua	lity — Reducing the pollution of water with substances	
6.1.a	Phosphorous in flowing waters	36
6.1.b	Nitrate in groundwater	37
Drinking w	vater and sanitation — Better access to drinking water and sanitation worldwide, higher (safer) quality	
6.2	Development cooperation for drinking water and sanitation	38
7	Affordable and clean energy	
Resource of	conservation — Using resources economically and efficiently	
7.1.a, b	Final energy productivity and primary energy consumption	39
Renewable	e energies <i>– Strengthening a sustainable energy supply</i>	
7.2.a, b	Share of renewable energies in gross final energy consumption, Share of electricity from renewable energy sources in electricity consumption	41
8	Decent work and economic growth	
Resource o	conservation — Using resources economically and efficiently	
8.1	Raw material input productivity	43
Governme	nt debt — Consolidating public finances — Creating intergenerational equity	
8.2.a, b	Government deficit, structural deficit	45
8.2.c	Government debt	47
Provision f	for future economic stability — Creating favourable investment conditions — Securing long-term prosperity	
8.3	Gross fixed capital formation in relation to GDP	49
Economic	output — Combining greater economic output with environmental and social responsibility	
8.4	Gross domestic product per capita	51
Employme	ent <i>– Boosting employment levels</i>	
8.5.a, b	Employment rate	53
Global sup	oply chains – Enabling decent work worldwide	
8.6	Number of members of the Textiles Partnership	55
9	Industry, innovation and infrastructure	
Innovation	n – Shaping the future with new solutions	
9.1	Private and public expenditure on research and development	56
10	Reduced inequalities	
Equal edu	cational opportunities – Improving educational success of foreigners in German schools	
10.1	Foreign school graduates	58
Distributiv	re justice – Preventing excessive inequality within Germany	
10.2	Gini coefficient of income distribution	60

11	Sustainable cities and communities	
Land use -	- Using land sustainably	
11.1.a	Expansion of settlement and transport area	61
11.1.b	Loss of open space area	63
11.1.c	Density of settlements	64
Mobility -	Guaranteeing mobility – Protecting the environment	
11.2.a	Final energy consumption in goods transport	66
11.2.b	Final energy consumption in passenger transport	68
11.2.c	Accessibility of medium-sized and large cities by public transport	70
Housing -	Affordable housing for all	
11.3	Housing cost overload	71
12	Responsible consumption and production	
Responsib	le consumption — Making consumption environmentally and socially compatible	
12.1.a	Market share of products certified by publicly managed eco-labelling schemes	72
12.1.b	Energy consumption and $CO_2$ emissions from consumption	74
Responsib	le production — Increasing the proportion of sustainable production continuously	
12.2	EMAS eco-management	76
Responsib	le procurement – Giving shape to the public sector's exemplary role in sustainable procurement	
12.3	Responsible procurement	78
13	Climate action	
Climate pr	otection <i>– Reducing greenhouse gases</i>	
13.1.a	Greenhouse gas emissions	80
Climate pr	otection — Germany's constribution to international climate finance	
13.1.b	International climate finance for the reduction of greenhouse gases and adaptation to climate chang	e 82
14	Life below water	
Protecting	the oceans — Protecting and sustainably using oceans and marine resources	
14.1.a	Nitrogen input to the North and the Baltic Sea through German inflows	84
14.1.b	Proportion of sustainably fished stocks of fish in the North and the Baltic Sea	89

15	Life on land	
Biodiversity	ry – Conserving species – Protecting habitats	
15.1	Biodiversity and landscape quality	90
Ecosystems	s – Protecting ecosystems, conserving ecosystems services and preserving habitats	
15.2	Eutrophication of ecosystems	91
Forests – P	Preventing deforestation	
15.3	Preservation or restoration of forests in developing countries under the REDD+ rulebook	92
16	Peace, justice and strong institutions	
Crime – <i>Fur</i>	rther increasing personal security	
16.1	Criminal offences	93
Pease and s	security — Taking practical action to combat proliferation, especially of small arms	
16.2	Number of projects to secure, register and destroy small arms and light weapons carried out by Germany in affected regions of the world	95
Good gover	rnance – Combating corruption	
16.3.a, b	Corruption Perceptions Index in Germany and in partner countries of German development assistance	96
17	Partnerships for the goals	
Developme	ent cooperation — Supporting sustainable development	
17.1	Expenditure for official development assistance as a proportion of gross national income	98
Knowledge	e transfer, especially in technical areas — Sharing knowledge internationally	
17.2	Number of students and researchers from developing countries and LDCs per year	100
Opening ma	narkets – Improving trade opportunities for developing countries	
17.3	Imports from least developed countries	101

#### 1 No poverty

Poverty – Limiting poverty

#### 1.1.a Material deprivation

#### 1.1.b Severe material deprivation

#### 1. Definition

Material deprivation describes the lack of specific consumer goods and the involuntary foregoing of discretionary consumption for financial reasons. The two indicators represent the proportion of people out of the total population who are deemed to suffer either material deprivation (1.1.a) or severe material deprivation (1.1.b). The designation of (severe) material deprivation applies to all people whose household meets at least three (severely materially deprived: at least four) of nine defined criteria reflecting the financial restrictions of the household.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicators

Specification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 <sup>1</sup>
	Percentage s	hares			•			
Materially deprived persons in Germany	11.1	12.4	11.3	11.6	11.3	10.7	9.7	9.1
Materially deprived persons in EU-28	17.8	18.5	19.8	19.5	18.5	17.0	15.7	14.7
Severely materially deprived persons in Germany	4.5	5.3	4.9	5.4	5.0	4.4	3.7	3.4
Severely materially deprived persons in EU-28	8.4	8.8	9.9	9.6	8.9	8.1	7.5	6.7

<sup>1</sup> Estimated values for EU-28.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office, Eurostat

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Percentage o	f the populatio	n					
The household cannot afford								
to pay rent or utility bills in time	4.9	5.2	4.8	5.1	5.6	5.2	4.2	4.4
to keep ist home adequately warm	5.0	5.2	4.7	5.3	4.9	4.1	<i>3.7</i>	3.3
to face a fixed amount of unexpected financial expenses	<i>33.7</i>	34.5	33.4	32.9	32.6	30.4	30.0	29.3
a meal with meat, chicken or fish (or vegetarian equivalent) every second day	8.6	8.8	8.2	8.4	7.5	7.1	6.5	7.0
one week's annual holiday away from home	23.7	22.8	21.9	22.4	21.0	19.7	18.4	15.3
a car	5.0	7.7	7.8	7.4	6.8	7.0	6.8	6.3
a washing machine	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4		0.5
a colour TV	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2		0.2
a telephone	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2		0.2

#### 4. Further information

Eurostat

ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/income-and-living-conditions/overview

#### 2 Zero hunger

Farming - Environmentally sound production in our cultivated landscapes

# 2.1.a Nitrogen surplus in agriculture

#### 1. Definition

The indicator represents the annual nitrogen surplus for the agricultural sector, calculated as nitrogen input minus removal of nitrogen, in kilograms per hectare of utilised agricultural area.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1990	1992	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Kilograms p	er hectare									
Nitrogen surpluses on utilised agricultural areas  Moving five-year average 1		121	110	105	98	97	97	99	97		
Year-on-year average	147	115	118	105	95	111	96	97	87	105	102

<sup>1</sup> The moving five-year average is calculated based on the total balances of the relevant year as well as the two preceding and subsequent years.

Specification	1990	1992	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Balance of n	itrogen input	and output for	agricultural la	and <sup>3</sup> , kg/ha						
Fertiliser	123.85	103.36	121.43	108.79	98.74	111.50	103.15	103.15	104.70	113.12	106.83
Mineral fertiliser	121.49	100.82	118.09	104.43	94.08	106.97	98.55	98.86	100.29	109.08	102.80
Farm manure (imports)	0.14	0.27	0.44	0.62	0.84	0.82	0.89	0.87	0.87	0.92	0.90
Farmyard manure	2.22	2.26	2.91	3.74	3.82	3.71	3.72	3.42	3.54	3.12	3.13
N-deposition from non-agricultural emissions (NOx)	7.70	7.40	6.50	5.60	4.90	4.30	4.30	4.50	4.10	4.10	3.80
Biological N-fixation non-agricultural emissions (NOx)	15.20	13.08	12.80	12.54	11.62	11.73	11.67	11.56	11.75	12.35	12.70
Seeds and planting material	1.68	1.49	1.53	1.47	1.34	1.30	1.44	1.25	1.33	1.37	1.36
Domestic feedstuff (territorial concept)	36.22	32.36	36.68	41.81	41.80	36.65	41.38	44.66	44.64	44.13	43.48
Feeding stuff from plants	9.27	10.30	10.52	12.65	15.51	12.42	13.27	15.06	14.30	14.43	13.85
Feeding stuff from animals	3.95	3.90	2.07	0.81	0.85	0.88	0.89	0.89	0.83	1.00	1.01
Primary feeding stuff as market products	23.00	18.16	24.10	28.35	25.44	23.35	27.22	28.71	29.52	28.70	28.62
Foreign feedstuff (imports)	27.63	27.60	23.04	22.73	24.75	28.99	22.53	24.22	20.72	23.81	23.35
Coenzyme	0.01	0.02	0.24	0.80	1.75	1.82	1.84	1.97	2.01	2.15	2.20
Input	212.28	185.31	202.22	193.75	184.91	196.29	186.32	191.30	189.25	201.03	193.72

Specification	1990	1992	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Balance of r	itrogen input	and output for	agricultural la	and <sup>3</sup> , kg/ha						
Through crop	49.24	49.90	63.95	67.34	66.46	61.01	65.50	69.83	77.09	70.32	66.25
Cereals 4	38.25	37.64	49.10	50.11	48.73	45.80	48.75	52.10	56.93	53.50	49.63
Legumes	0.47	0.29	1.01	0.99	0.58	0.56	0.54	0.51	0.66	1.03	1.14
Root crops	5.06	4.98	5.26	4.89	4.43	5.53	5.16	4.42	5.64	4.49	4.94
Industrial croops (e. g. oliaginous fruit)	3.98	5.25	7.22	10.13	11.60	7.94	9.88	11.75	12.68	10.17	9.36
Dry green fodder	0.94	1.09	0.60	0.46	0.42	0.43	0.39	0.34	0.40	0.40	0.40
Other field crops	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.76	0.71	0.75	0.78	0.71	0.79	0.73	0.77
Animal market products	16.15	19.98	20.33	21.46	23.91	24.68	24.82	24.96	25.56	25.73	25.68
Meat	8.34	10.17	10.48	11.67	13.69	14.12	14.05	13.98	14.26	14.32	14.21
Other animal products	7.82	9.81	9.86	9.79	10.22	10.56	10.77	10.98	11.31	11.41	11.47
Output	65.39	69.88	84.28	88.80	90.37	85.69	90.32	94.79	102.66	96.05	91.93
Balance	146.89	115.43	117.93	104.94	94.54	110.60	96.00	96.51	86.59	104.98	101.80

<sup>2</sup> Data for 1990 partly uncertain, for 2016 partly provisional.

Sources: Federal Ministery of Food and Agriculture, Statistischer Monatsbericht 06/2018, MBT-0111260-0000 (only available in German) www.bmel-statistik.de//fileadmin/user\_upload/monatsberichte/MBT-0060000-2017.pdf

Institute for Crop and Soil Science, Julius Kühn-Institute and Institute for Landscape Ecology and Resources Management, University of Giessen

#### 4. Further information

Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture www.bmel.de/Homepage/homepage\_node.html

<sup>3</sup> Due to methodological changes, the results can only be compared to a limited extent with data from previous publications. Due to the accuracy shown in the tables, there may be differences in some of the interim results.

<sup>4</sup> Cereals excl. cereal grains and CCM (Corn-Cop-Mix) in biogas plants, until 2009 also excl. whole plant silage in biogas plants.

#### 2 Zero hunger

Farming – Environmentally sound production in our cultivated landscapes

# 2.1.b Organic farming

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the share of total utilised acgricultural area in Germany that is cultivated by organically managed farms subject to the control system regulated by the EU legislation on organic farming (Regulation [EC] No. 834/2007 and the implementing rules). It includes land that has been fully converted to organic management as well as areas still undergoing conversion.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1999	2001 1	2003	2005 <sup>1</sup>	2007	2010 2,3	2012 1	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
	Percentage share of organically farmed land in total utilised agricultural land												
Data from the Federal Statistical Office	2.9	3.6	4.3	4.6	5.1	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.8	6.8	
Data from the Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture	2.6	3.7	4.3	4.7	5.1	5.9	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.5	7.5	8.2	

<sup>1</sup> Representative results for total utlisied agricultural land

Specification	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
	Organically farmed land, hectare 4,5												
Total	489,093	606,531	731,177	782,475	861,161	941,480	960,200	1,009,000	1,033,800	1,060,291	1,135,531	1,138,272	
	Main types of land use of organically farmed land, hectare												
Arable land	252,834	293,466	348,795	377,596	411,551	427,600	412,800	419,600	447,700	445,244	478,487	483,928	
Other lands 6	7,159	7,820	8,422	9,175	10,938	44,253	36,400	72,600	47,900	17,349	18,027	18,306	
Permanent pasture 6	229,100	305,245	373,960	395,704	438,672	469,627	511,000	516,800	538,200	597,698	639,017	636,038	
	Main types of	fland use of org	anically farmed	l land as a perc	entage of organ	ically farmed la	nd						
Arable land	51.7	48.4	47.7	48.3	47.8	45.4	43.0	41.6	43.3	42.0	42.1	42.5	
Other lands 6	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	4.7	3.8	7.2	4.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	
Permanent pasture 6	46.8	50.3	51.1	50.6	50.9	49.9	53.2	51.2	52.1	56.4	56.3	55.9	

<sup>2</sup> Until 2007, farms with at least 2 ha, from 2010 with at least 5 ha of utilised agricultural land or with special crops or livestock, if defined thresholds are met or exceeded.

<sup>3</sup> Until 2007, low yield permanent pasture and permanent pasture excluded from production calssified as 'permanent pasture' and since 2010, calssified as 'other land'.

Specification	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2010	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
	Total utilised	agricultural lan	ıd, thousand he	ctare										
Total	17,151.6	16,977.6	17,008.0	17,035.2	16,954.3	16,704.0	16,667.3	16,699.6	16,724.8	16,730.7	16,658.9	16,687.3		
	Main types of	fland use of tot	al utilised agric	ultural land, the	ousand hectare									
Arable land	11,821.5	11,779.6	11,826.9	11,903.3	11,877.0	11,846.6	11,834.0	11,875.9	11,869.2	11,846.4	11,763.0	11,771.9		
Other lands 6	216.3	214.3	212.8	202.9	202.5	413.4	401.3	412.3	388.2	207.2	201.5	200.4		
Permanent pasture 6	5,113.8	4,983.7	4,968.3	4,929.0	4,874.7	4,443.9	4,432.0	4,411.4	4,467.4	4,677.1	4,694.5	4,715.0		
	Main types of	pes of land use of total utilised agricultural land as a percentage of total utilised agricultural land												
Arable land	68.9	69.4	69.5	69.9	70.1	70.9	71.0	71.1	71.0	70.8	70.6	70.5		
Other lands 6	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.3	1.2	1.2	1.2		
Permanent pasture 6	29.8	29.4	29.2	28.9	28.8	26.6	26.6	26.4	26.7	28.0	28.2	28.3		
	Average size	of farms, hecta	re <sup>4</sup>											
Organic farms	51.1	52.2	52.7	57.7	59.5	56.9		56.0			57.2			
Former territory of the Federal Republic of Germany	31.9	33.5	34.1	37.4	39.5	41.9		40.4			42.8			
New Länder	190.9	185.9	185.8	182.3	179.2	166.8		158.9			152.6			
Farms in total	36.3	38.1	40.4	42.9	45.3	55.8		58.6		59.6	60.5	62.3		
Former territory of the Federal Republic of Germany	26.1	27.1	29.3	31.2	33.1	40.7		42.9		43.7	44.5	45.6		
New Länder 7	184.4	182.4	184.6	188.2	185.0	226.4		229.8		228.3	224.4	225.4		
	Organically fa	armed land (EU-	-27/EU-28), thou	usand hectare										
Total (certified and still undergoing conversion) 8				6,475.8	7,268.8	9,179.9	10,047.9	10,070.6	10,315.2	11,105.9	11,931.6			
	Organically fa	armed land (EU-	27/EU-28), per	centage share										
Total (certified and still undergoing conversion) 8				3.6	4.0	5.2	5.6	<i>5.7</i>	5.8	6.2	6.7			

<sup>4</sup> Until 2007, farms with at least 2 hectare, since 2010 with at least 5 hectare or with special crops or livestock, if fixed thresholds are met or exceeded.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Farm structure survey

Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture

#### 4. Further information

 $Statistisches\ Bundesamt,\ Agrarstatistik,\ Fachserie\ 3\ Reihe\ 2.2.1\ (only\ available\ in\ German)$ 

Eurostat

ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/agriculture/overview

<sup>5</sup> Until 2007, total utilised agricultural area of organically operating farms is shown, since 2010 only the organically farmed land.

<sup>6</sup> Until 2007, low yield permanent grassland and permanent grassland excluded from production calssified as 'permanent grassland' and since 2010, calssified as 'other land'.

<sup>7</sup> Until 1999 including Berlin-East; since 2001 without Berlin.

<sup>8</sup> Eurostat data (estimated). Source: Eurostat, February 2018. - Since 2012 EU-28.

#### 2 Zero hunger

Food security – Realising globally the right to food

# 2.2 Support for good governance in attaining appropriate nutrition globally

#### 1. Definition

The indicator measures the percentage share of disbursed funds in total expenditure on food security that is used for the implementation of relevant international norms and recommendations for the realisation of the right to food (defined by the Global Strategic Framework of the United Nations Committee on World Food Security).

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2016	
	Percentage share	
Government section of total ODA expenditures in the area of food security		32.4

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2016
	Euros
Total Official Development Assitance of Germany	22,368,222,543 1,471,659,019 476,087,470
	Percentage share of ODA
Total Official Development Assitance of Germany	100 6.6
Official development assistance to support good governance for food security	2.1

Sources: Federal Ministry for Econmic Cooperation and Development

Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture

3 Good health and well-being
Health and nutrition – Living healthy longer

# 3.1.a, b Premature mortality

#### 1. Definition

The indicators comprise deaths among women (3.1.a) and men (3.1.b) in the population below 70 years of age with reference to 100,000 inhabitants of the "old" standardised European population below 70 years (excluding those less than 1 year old).

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Deaths per 1	00,000 populat	ion below the ag	e of 70 <sup>1</sup>						
Women	235	184	165	155	157	153	156	149	153	
Men	492	382	329	301	299	292	292	281	288	

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
	Deaths per 1	00,000 populati	on below the ag	e of 70 <sup>1</sup>									
Total	355	281	246	227	227	222	223	214	220				
	Selected causes of death, percentage share												
Cardiovascular diseases	31.1	27.1	25.0	22.4	21.5	21.7	21.4	21.2	21.4				
Malignant neoplasms	33.2	36.7	38.1	39.0	39.6	39.5	38.9	38.9	37.8				
Diseases of the respiratory tracts	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.8	5.0	4.7	5.3	4.9	5.5				
Diseases of the digestive tracts	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9				
Deaths due to external causes	11.0	10.2	9.7	9.3	9.2	9.0	8.8	9.0	8.8				
	Millions of e	uros											
Total expenditure on health care	_	214,098	241,326	290,424	295,857	303,309	314,639	327,577	343,513	356,537			
Investments	-	6,101	6,056	6,515	6,215	6,319	6,152	6,255	6,305	6,316			
Running expenditure on health care	_	207,998	235,270	283,909	289,642	296,990	308,487	321,322	337,208	350,221			
Health prevention and public health services	_	7,123	8,505	10,463	10,145	10,256	10,486	10,932	11,272	11,671			
Medical services	_	56,956	64,106	78,347	80,421	82,260	85,263	88,029	91,775	95,430			
Nursing and therapeutiv services	_	53,197	58,904	70,662	73,515	76,463	80,458	84,514	90,235	94,885			
Food and lodging	_	18,263	20,439	23,666	24,324	24,869	25,706	26,412	26,742	27,567			
Health care goods	-	57,461	66,008	80,476	80,572	82,199	85,061	89,767	94,180	96,797			
Patient transport and emergency rescue	-	3,461	4,006	5,041	5,345	5,599	6,005	6,238	6,784	7,101			
Administrative services	-	11,535	13,303	15,255	15,320	15,344	15,507	15,430	16,218	16,771			

<sup>1</sup> Standardised based on the "old" European population, excluding those under 1 year age.

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Expenditure	on health care,	euros							
Per capita	-	2,628	2,967	3,617	3,686	3,771	3,902	4,045	4,205	4,330
	Percentage s	hare								
Expenditure on health care in gross domestic product	-	10.1	10.5	11.3	10.9	11.0	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.3
Specification	1990-1992	1999-2001	2004-2006	2009-2011	2010-2012	2011-2013	2012-2014	2013-2015	2014-2016	2015-2017
	Average life	expectancy for n	ew-boms, years	2						
Girls	79.3	81.1	82.1	82.7	82.8	82.9	83.1	83.1	83.2	83.2
Boys	72.9	75.1	76.6	77.7	77.7	77.9	78.1	78.2	78.3	78.4
	Average life	expectancy of to	day's 70-year-ol	ds, years						
Women	_	15.4	16.0	16.5	16.6	16.7	16.8	16.8	16.9	16.9
Men		12.5	13.3	13.9	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.1	14.2	14.2

<sup>2</sup> Life table 1990-92 former territory of the Federal Republic; life table since 1991-93 Germany. - October 2018

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Causes of death statistics

Federal Statistical Office: Health expenditure accounts Federal Statistical Office: Natural population change Federal Statistical Office: Population and employment

Federal Statistical Office: Life table Germany

#### 4. Further information

The Federal Health Monitoring System

www.gbe-bund.de

3 Good health and well-being
Health and nutrition – Living healthy longer

# 3.1.c, d Smoking rate among adolescents and adults

#### 1. Definition

3.1.c: The smoking rate among adolescents reflects the share of 12 to 17-year-olds who indicate that they smoke regularly or occasionally.

3.1.d: The smoking rate among adults indicates the share of those surveyed aged 15 and above who answered the questions in the microcensus regarding smoking behaviour and who smoke regularly or occasionally.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1995	1997	1999	2003	2004	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Smoking rat	e, percentage	share												
Adolescents (12 to 17 years) 1	•	28		23	24	20		13	12	12		10	8	7	•••
Adults (15 years and older) 2	28		28	27		27	26				25				22

Specification	1995	1997	1999	2003	2004	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Smoking rat	e, percentage	share												
Adolescents (12 to 17 years) 1		28.1		22.5	23.5	20.0		12.9	11.7	12.0		9.7	7.8	7.4	•••
of which: female		28.9		23.2	22.7	19.3		11.5	12.4	12.6		8.9	7.8	•••	
male		27.4	•	21.9	24.2	20.7		14.2	11.1	11.5		10.5	7.7		•••
Adults (15 years and older) 2	28.3		28.3	27.4		27.2	25.7				24.5				22.4
of which: regulary	24.3		24.7	24.3		23.2	21.9			•	20.9				18.8
occasionally	4.0		3.6	3.2	•	4.0	3.8				3.6	•			3.7
Women (15 years and older) 2	21.5		22.2	22.1		22.4	21.2				20.3				18.6
of which: regulary	17.8		18.9	19.1		18.8	17.6			•	17.1				15.3
occasionally	3.7	•	3.3	3.0		3.7	3.5				3.2				3.3
Men (15 years and older) 2	35.6		34.7	33.2		32.2	30.5				29.0				26.4
of which: regulary	31.3		30.9	29.8		27.9	26.4				25.1				22.3
occasionally	4.3		3.8	3.4		4.3	4.1			•	3.9				4.0

<sup>1</sup> Polls from 1993, 1997, 2001, 2003 to 2005, 2007, 2008, 2010 to 2012 and 2014 to 2016. Source: Federal Centre for Health Education

<sup>2</sup> In relation to the population with information on smoking habits. Polls from 1992, 1995, 1999, 2003, 2005, 2009, 2013 and 2017. Source: Federal Statistical Office

Specification	1995	1997	1999	2003	2004	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Number of o	Number of deaths due to cancer, attributed to smoking <sup>3</sup>													
Total	38,935 8,481 30,454	38,908 8,978 29,930	39,177 9,625 29,552	40,865 10,833 30,032	41,342 11,195 30,147	42,217 11,870 30,347	43,638 13,265 30,373	44,457 13,815 30,642	45,489 14,503 30,986	45,908 14,930 30,978	46,332 15,370 30,962	46,609 15,748 30,861	46,755 16,086 30,669	 	 
	Deaths due	eaths due to cancer, attributed to smoking as a percentage share of all deaths													
Total	4.4 1.8 7.4 Average age	4.5 1.9 7.5	4.6 2.1 7.6	4.8 2.4 7.6	5.1 2.6 7.9	5.1 2.7 7.8	5.1 3.0 7.5	5.2 3.1 7.5	5.3 3.3 7.6	5.3 3.3 7.4	5.2 3.3 7.2	5.4 3.5 7.3	5.1 3.4 6.8	 	 
Of all deceased Of decased due to cancer, attributed to smoking 3		74.9 68.2	75.3 68.6	76.1 69.0	76.1 69.1	76.4 69.4	77.2 70.1	77.4 70.0	77.5 70.1	77.9 70.2	78.1 70.4	78.1 70.6	78.4 70.7		

<sup>3</sup> Lung, bronchial, laryngeal and tracheal cancer.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Microcensus, Question on health problems

Federal Statistical Office: Causes of death statistics

Bundeszentrale für gesundheitliche Aufklärung (Federal Centre for Health Education): "Rauchverhalten Jugendlicher und junger Erwachsener in Deutschland", Köln - September 2017 (only available in German)
Bundeszentrale für gesundheitliche Aufklärung (Federal Centre for Health Education): "Die Drogenaffinität Jugendlicher in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland 2015", Köln - April 2016 (only available in German)

#### 4. Further information

The Federal Health Monitoring System

www.gbe-bund.de

Bundeszentrale für gesundheitliche Aufklärung (Federal Centre for Health Education)

www.bzga.de/home/bzga

# Good health and well-being

Health and nutrition — Living healthy longer

#### Obesity rate among adolescents 3.1.e

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the proportion of 11 to 17-year-old adolescents suffering from obesity.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2003 to 2006	2014 to 2017
	Percentage of the	se surveyed
Adolescents suffering from obesity (total)	8.3	8.0
Girls	8.2	7.2
Boys	8.4	8.7

#### 3. Supplementary data

Constitution 1		2003 to 2006		2014 to 2017 <sup>1</sup>				
Specification <sup>1</sup>	Total	Girls	Boys	Total	Girls	Boys		
	Percentage of the	se surveyed						
Underweight (< P10)	7.4	7.1	7.7	8.4	7.5	9.2		
Normal weight	74.5	75.0	74.0	72.9	74.8	71.2		
Overweight and obesity (> P90)	18.1	17.8	18.3	18.7	17.8	19.6		
Overweight (> P90 - 97)	9.8	9.7	10.0	10.7	10.6	10.9		
Obesity (> P97)	8.3	8.2	8.4	8.0	7.2	8.7		

Note:

For children and adolescents, the definition of underweight, normal weight, overweight and obesity is not based on fixed thresholds but on percentiles.

# 1 Special evaluation.

Note: The comparison between the KiGGS baseline study (2003 to 2006) and the KiGGS Wave 2 (2014 to 2017) is based only on measured data and has been age-standardised to the population in 2015.

Sources: Schienkiewitz A, Brettschneider AK, Damerow S, Schaffrath Rosario A (2018): Overweight and obesity among children and adolescents in Germany. Results of the cross-sectional KiGGS Wave 2 study and trends. Journal of Health Monitoring 3(1): 15-22. DOI 10.17886/RKI-GBE-2018-022.2

Schienkiewitz A, Damerow S, Schaffrath Rosario A (2018): Prevalence of underweight, overweight and obesity among children and adolescents in Germany. KIGGS Wave 2 results according to international reference systems. Journal of Health Monitoring 3(3): 56-69. DOI 10.7886/RKI-GBE-2018-087

#### 4. Further information

Robert Koch-Institut Journal of Health Monitoring 3/2018: Health situation of children and adolescents in Gemany www.rki.de/Health\_Monitoring

# 3 Good health and well-being

Health and nutrition - Living healthy longer

# 3.1.f Obesity rate among adults

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the proportion of adults (aged 18 years and older) suffering from obesity in the total adult population.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1999	2003	2005	2009	2013	2017
	Percentage s	hare of the age-	standardised n	ew European po	opulation (1990	))
Share of adults suffering from obesity 1	10.7	11.7	12.5	13.3	14.1	14.6
Women	10.2	11.2	11.8	12.4	12.8	12.9
Men	11.1	12.3	13.0	14.2	15.4	16.3

<sup>1</sup> In relation to the population with information on height and body weight.

#### 3. Supplementary data

						20	17					
		To	tal			Wor	nen			M	en	
Specification	of which l	have a body ma	ss index of to	o under	of which	have a body ma	ss index of to	under	of which	have a body ma	ss index of t	o under
	lower than 18,5	18,5 - 25	25 - 30	30 and higher	lower than 18,5	18,5 - 25	25 - 30	30 and higher	lower than 18,5	18,5 - 25	25 - 30	30 and higher
	People accord	ding to body ma	ass index <sup>2</sup> and	age groups as a	percentage sha	are of the age-st	andardised nev	w European pop	oulation (1990)			
Total	2.5	49.0	33.9	14.6	4.0	57.3	25.8	12.9	1.0	41.3	41.5	16.3
at the age of to under												
18 - 20	8.6	72.3	14.8	4.2	12.1	73.2	11.3	3.4	<i>5.7</i>	71.6	17.8	5.0
20 - 25	5.3	68.4	20.3	6.0	8.5	73.0	13.7	4.9	2.6	64.4	26.0	7.0
25 - 30	3.3	59.9	27.3	9.4	6.0	67.7	18.3	8.0	1.0	53.5	34.9	10.6
30 - 35	2.5	54.6	31.1	11.9	4.4	64.6	20.9	10.1	0.8	45.8	40.1	13.4
35 - 40	2.0	50.9	33.8	13.3	3.6	62.8	22.8	10.8	0.5	40.4	43.6	15.5
40 - 45	1.6	46.6	36.1	15.7	3.0	59.9	24.8	12.3	0.3	34.8	46.2	18.7
45 - 50	1.4	44.5	37.8	16.2	2.7	<i>57.8</i>	26.8	12.7	0.3	32.7	47.6	19.4
50 - 55	1.4	42.2	38.5	18.0	2.4	54.4	28.4	14.8	0.4	31.0	47.6	20.9
55 - 60	1.2	39.3	39.8	19.7	2.2	50.5	30.8	16.6	0.4	28.8	48.2	22.6
60 - 65	1.2	36.0	40.7	22.0	2.1	45.2	33.3	19.5	0.4	27.0	48.1	24.5
65 - 70	1.0	33.3	42.2	23.5	1.5	40.9	35.9	21.7	0.4	25.6	48.7	25.3
70 - 75	1.1	35.0	42.8	21.2	1.8	41.7	36.7	19.9	0.4	27.7	49.4	22.6
75 and over	2.1	41.8	40.5	15.6	2.9	44.6	36.2	16.2	0.8	37.6	46.9	14.7

<sup>2</sup> The categorisation is based on the Body Mass Index (BMI), which is calculated by dividing the body weight (kilograms) by the square of the individual's height (metres). People with a BMI of 25 and above are classified as "overweight" according to the WHO and those with a BMI of 30 as "obese".

Source: Federal Statistical Office: Microcensus, Questions on health problems

## 4. Further information

The Federal Health Monitoring System www.gbe-bund.de

3 Good health and well-being
Air pollution – Keeping the environment healthy

# 3.2.a Emissions of air pollutants

#### 1. Definition

The indicator presents the mean value of the indices of national emissions for the five air pollutants sulphur dioxide ( $SO_2$ ), nitrogen oxides ( $NO_x$ ), ammonia ( $NH_3$ ), volatile organic compounds (NMVOC) and particulate matter ( $PM_{2,5}$ ).

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	2005 = 100											
Air pollutants overall 1	100	99.6	96.3	93.6	88.0	91.1	89.4	86.4	86.3	83.3	83.5	82.5
Sulphur dioxide	100	100.3	96.8	96.1	84.1	86.8	84.7	80.8	79.1	75.9	77.0	75.2
Nitrogen oxides	100	99.4	95.0	90.5	84.3	86.0	85.0	82.6	82.5	80.1	78.6	77.1
Ammonia	100	100.1	100.5	101.3	103.3	100.1	104.9	102.9	105.6	105.8	107.2	106.0
Volatile organic compounds	100	100.9	96.0	91.6	84.3	93.0	86.6	84.6	83.5	77.8	78.5	79.5
Particulate matter 2.5 µg	100	97.2	93.3	88.6	84.1	89.7	85.9	81.2	80.9	77.0	76.4	74.7

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	1,000 tonnes	i										
Air pollutants overall 1	826.7	826.9	796.1	769.5	720.6	748.9	731.8	711.6	710.1	683.2	683.1	677.5
Sulphur dioxide	473.0	474.2	457.7	454.5	397.8	410.7	400.6	382.3	374.1	358.8	364.1	355.7
Nitrogen oxides	1,577.6	1,568.3	1,499.1	1,427.7	1,330.5	1,357.3	1,341.5	1,303.7	1,302.3	1,263.3	1,239.4	1,216.9
Ammonia	625.1	625.8	628.0	633.2	645.9	625.7	655.7	643.5	659.9	661.5	670.2	662.5
Volatile organic compounds	1,323.0	1,335.2	1,269.8	1,212.3	1,115.3	1,229.9	1,145.0	1,119.1	1,104.7	1,028.6	1,038.8	1,051.7
Particulate matter 2.5 μg	135.0	131.2	125.9	119.7	113.6	121.1	116.0	109.6	109.3	103.9	103.2	100.8

<sup>1</sup> Unweighted arithmetic mean.

Specific	ation	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
		Percentage s	hare of individ	ual air pollutan	ts								
Emission	by emits												
$SO_2$	Energy sector	53.0	53.2	<i>55.7</i>	52.2	57.4	56.4	58.2	61.0	62.0	61.6	59.7	59.5
	Transport sector	2.8	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.5	0.5
$NO_x$	Energy sector	18.3	19.0	20.9	21.4	22.3	23.1	23.6	23.6	23.9	23.7	23.8	24.2
	Transport sector	51.1	50.1	48.4	45.4	44.9	42.9	42.2	42.3	42.1	42.1	40.8	39.9
$NH_3$	Agriculture	92.9	92.8	93.4	93.6	94.0	94.1	94.4	94.4	94.7	94.8	95.0	95.0
NMVOC	Industry	<i>57.3</i>	58.4	57.9	57.1	54.5	58.9	57.2	58.1	57.6	55.2	<i>55.7</i>	56.3
$PM_{2.5}$	Transport sector	34.2	32.9	32.4	31.1	29.5	26.1	26.3	26.5	25.5	26.2	24.8	24.8
	Households and small consumers	22.4	23.3	22.7	25.1	26.9	30.9	27.8	26.3	26.9	23.9	25.2	26.4

Source: German Environment Agency

#### 4. Further information

Federal Statistical Office: Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft, Tabellen zu den Umweltökonomischen Gesamtrechnungen, Teil 3 (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Umwelt/Materialfluesse-Energiefluesse

→ Publikationen: Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft

German Environment Agency

www.umweltbundesamt.de/en/topics/air

www.umweltbundesamt.de/en/data

#### 3 Good health and well-being

Air pollution – Keeping the environment healthy

# 3.2.b Share of the population with excessive exposure to PM<sub>10</sub> in Germany

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the number of persons who are exposed at their place of residence to an annual average of more than 20 micrograms ( $\mu$ g) of PM<sub>10</sub> paticulate matter (dust particles with a diameter less than 10  $\mu$ g) per cubic metre (m<sup>3</sup>) of air (only background pollution, without local sources).

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 <sup>1</sup>
	Millions	•	•	•	•				
Population with excessive exposure to PM10	50.1	25.1	28.5	28.9	36.6	12.2	14.3	12.4	4.3

<sup>1</sup> The data is based on so called background pollution data, which do not include measuring stations that are exposed to direct particulate matter emission e.g. from transport ("hot spots").

Part of the sharp decline between 2014 and 2015 is presumably due to the fact that there were exceptionally few periods of air stagnation in 2015.

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015			
	Population acc	ordig to particul	ar matter pollutio	on class, millions	1							
Pollution class, μg/m <sup>3</sup>												
< 10		0.0		<u>.</u>	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.3			
≥ 10 - < 15	1.2	8.2	12.2	8.5	5.7	16.5	15.8	14.9	19.3			
≥ 15 - < 20	30.7	48.7	41.2	44.6	39.5	53.1	51.5	54.1	57.9			
≥ 20 - < 25	46.6	22.8	24.5	25.6	33.1	12.1	14.2	11.8	4.3			
≥ 25 - < 30	3.4	2.1	3.9	3.1	3.3	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.0			
≥ 30 - < 35	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1			•				
≥ 35 - < 40		0.0		•				•				
≥ 40												
	Population-weighted particulate matter concentration, µg/m³											
Annual average	20.7	18.6	18.7	18.9	19.5	17.2	17.3	17.3	16.5			

<sup>1</sup> The calculation is based on the respective distribution of population density. 2005 as the basis for the years 2007 to 2010 and 2011 as the basis for the years 2011 to 2015.

Source: German Environment Agency, World Health Organization

#### 4. Further information

German Environment Agency

www.umweltbundesamt.de/en/topics/air/particulate-matter-pm10

Therefore, the data should be regarded as conservative estimates.

#### 4 Quality education

Education – Continuously improving education and vocational training

# 4.1.a Early school leavers (18 to 24-year-olds leaving school without graduation)

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the 18 to 24-year-olds as a proportion of all people of the same age group who currently do not attend any school or institution of higher education, who are not attending any continuing education/training programmes and who have not completed upper secondary education (ISCED level 3-university entrance qualification or completed course of vocational training).

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1999	2000	2005	2006	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017				
	18 to 24-year-ol	18 to 24-year-olds leaving school without graduation as a proportion of all 18 to 24-year-olds														
Total	14.9	14.9	13.8	14.1	11.9	11.6	10.4	9.8	9.5	9.8	10.3	10.1				
Female	15.6	15.2	14.2	13.8	11.0	10.6	9.7	9.3	9.0	9.5	9.6	9.0				
Male	14.2	14.6	13.5	14.4	12.7	12.5	11.0	10.3	10.0	10.1	11.0	11.1				

Specification	1999	2000	2005	2006	2010 <sup>1</sup>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	18 to 24-year-o	lds leaving shool v	vithout graduatior	, thousands								
Total	749	756	930	944	784	765	668	625	574	581	623	614
Female	394	385	474	456	361	345	305	286	263	272	276	260
Male	356	372	456	489	423	421	364	339	311	309	347	354
	Number of scho	ol leavers without	a secondary gene	ral school certific	ate and graduates	from schools of g	eneral education					
Without a secondary general school certificate												
("Hauptschule")	83,761	86,601	78,152	75,897	53,058	49,560	47,648	46,295	46,950	47,435	49,193	52,685
Female	29,928	30,560	28,396	28,040	20,707	19,686	18,917	18,466	18,602	18,348	18,749	19,827
Male	53,833	56,041	49,756	47,857	32,351	29,874	28,731	27,829	28,348	29,087	30,444	32,858
With a secondary general school certificate	239,401	234,340	237,712	237,247	179,753	168,660	157,498	151,314	146,649	139,948	139,243	134,389
With a secondary general school certificate												
("Realschule" certificate)	374,295	372,810	398,749	398,176	350,856	339,758	344,527	377,364	375,791	370,094	369,230	356,812
With higher education entrance qualification for												
applied sciences universities ("Fachhochschulreife")	9,193	10,160	12,407	14,260	13,455	13,769	13,945	1,068	841	973	778	628
With higher education entrance qualification for												
general universities	225,845	229,705	231,465	244,018	268,194	311,166	305,172	319,293	280,490	287,862	297,167	287,298

Specification	1999	2000	2005	2006	2010 <sup>1</sup>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	School leavers v	vithout graduation	n and graduates as	a proportion of th	ne resident popula	tion of the same a	ige <sup>1, 2</sup>			•		
Without a secondary general school certificate												
("Hauptschule")	9.1	9.6	8.1	7.9	6.6	6.3	6.0	5.7	5.8	6.0	6.1	6.6
Female	6.7	6.9	6.0	6.0	5.3	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.8
Male	11.4	12.1	10.0	9.7	7.8	7.4	7.0	6.7	6.8	7.1	7.8	8.6
With a secondary general school certificate	26.1	25.9	24.5	24.7	22.3	21.4	19.8	18.6	18.0	17.6	17.3	16.9
With a secondary general school certificate												
("Realschule" certificate)	40.8	41.2	41.1	41.4	43.5	43.2	43.3	46.4	46.2	46.5	45.8	44.8
With higher education entrance qualification for												
applied sciences universities ("Fachhochschulreife")	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
With higher education entrance qualification for												
general universities	24.8	24.6	24.6	25.5	28.4	34.2	35.2	38.8	34.6	34.8	34.2	32.5
	Number											
New closed contracts for vocational training 2	635,559	622,967	559,061	581,181	559,032	565,824	549,003	525,897	518,394	516,639	509,997	514,900

<sup>1</sup> Lines 14 - 18: Average of the resident population aged 15 to under 17 by 31.12. of the respective preceding year, lines 19 - 20: Average of the resident population aged 18 to under 21 by 31.12. of the respective preceding year. Method of quota summation. Since 2012 census 2011 is taken into account.

Sources: Statistisches Bundesamt, Fachserie 11, Reihe 1 "Allgemeinbildende Schulen"

Statistisches Bundesamt, Fachserie 11, Reihe 3 "Berufsbildungsstatistik"

Federal Statistical Office: Microcensus

#### 4. Further information

Statistische Ämter des Bundes und der Länder: Internationale Bildungsindikatoren im Ländervergleich (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Laender-Regionen/Internationales

→ Publikationen: Internationale Bildungsindikatoren im Ländervergleich - Ausgabe 2017

<sup>2</sup> Until reference year 2008 data as of 31.12.2008 (Federal Statistical Office, Statistic on vocational training). Due to the redesign of the statistics in 2007, the comparability of the results before and after the adjustment is limited. 2017 preliminary.

#### 4 Quality education

Education – Continuously improving education and vocational training

# 4.1.b 30 to 34-year-olds with a tertiary or post-secondary non-tertiary level of education

#### 1. Definition

The indicator specifies the proportion of 30 to 34-year-olds who hold a certificate from the tertiary education sector (level 5 to 8 of the International Standard Classification of Education, ISCED, 2011) or a post-secondary non-tertiary certificate (level 4 of the ISCED).

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1999	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	30 to 34-year-	olds who have co	mpleted a progra	amme of tertiary	or post-secondar	y non-tertiary ed	ucation <sup>1, 2</sup> as a p	proportion of all 3	0 to 34-year-old	5	_
Total	33.4	33.0	36.0	41.3	42.2	43.4	44.5	45.7	46.8	47.9	48.8
Female	31.4	30.9	35.0	42.7	44.4	46.0	46.8	48.4	50.5	51.3	52.6
Male	35.2	35.0	<i>37</i> .0	40.0	40.1	40.9	42.2	42.9	43.1	44.6	45.2
memorandum item:											
30- to 34-year-olds with a tertiary level of education 3	24.8	25.3	26.1	29.8	30.7	31.9	33.1	31.4	32.3	33.1	34.0

Specification	1999	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	30 to 34-year-o	olds with a tertiar	y level of educat	ion <sup>3</sup> in %							
Total (ISCED 5A, 5B, 6)	24.8	25.3	26.1	29.8	30.7	31.9	33.1	31.4	32.3	33.1	34.0
Female	21.4	21.8	24.1	29.7	31.5	32.9	34.0	30.8	32.3	32.9	34.2
Male	28.1	28.8	28.0	29.9	29.8	30.9	32.2	31.9	32.2	33.3	33.8
Total EU 4		22.4	28.1	33.8	34.8	36.0	37.1	37.9	38.7	39.1	39.9
	25 to 34-year-0	olds with tertiary	level of educatio	n³ in %							
Total	21.6	22.3	22.5	26.1	27.6	28.9	30.0	28.4	29.6	30.5	31.3
Female	19.7	20.4	22.1	27.4	29.7	31.2	32.1	28.9	30.6	31.5	32.5
Male	23.3	24.0	22.9	24.8	25.7	26.7	27.9	27.9	28.6	29.6	30.2
	Number of uni	versity graduates	in Germany by f	ield of study							
Total	221,696	214,473	252,482	361,697	392,171	413,338	436,420	460,503	481,588	491,678	501,734
including:											
Engineering	42,335	39,270	39,407	59,249	69,737	77,775	85,094	91,897	100,401	126,938	129,646
Mathematics, natural sciences	32,537	30,379	39,693	63,497	67,656	70,343	74,258	78,179	80,473	55,160	55,133
Legal, economic and social sciences	72,038	69,750	87,338	119,392	127,853	133,380	139,756	146,835	153,991	192,308	198,220
Humanities	36,752	36,770	42,738	66,071	70,092	73,570	78,717	83,044	84,071	53,417	52,741
Human medicine	18,830	19,104	20,440	23,752	24,829	24,982	25,657	27,041	28,133	30,068	30,640
Arts	9,218	9,462	11,724	14,805	16,030	16,945	17,107	17,131	17,182	17,124	17,343

Specification	1999	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	University grad	uates in Germar	ny by field of stud	ly, percentage sh	are						
Engineering	19	18	16	16	18	19	19	20	21	26	26
Mathematics, natural sciences	15	14	16	18	17	17	17	17	17	11	11
Legal, economic and social sciences	32	33	35	33	33	32	32	32	32	39	40
Humanities	17	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	17	11	11
Human medicine	8	9	8	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Arts	4	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3
	Percentage of a	all university gra	duates								
Foreign graduates	3.4	3.7	7.0	7.8	7.7	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.8	8.3
	Percentage of f	first year studen	ts by university d	egree							
Bachelor's degree	0.7	1.8	24.0	70.7	72.8	72.8	72.7	72.4	71.7	71.4	70.4
Master's degree	0.3	0.7	1.9	3.6	3.7	4.6	5.0	5.4	6.0	6.2	6.5
Diploma and Master's programmes 5	43.1	43.3	29.5	7.7	7.3	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.5
State examination and other 6	55.9	54.3	44.7	18.0	16.2	15.9	15.6	15.5	15.6	15.9	16.7
	Average age of	graduates com	oleting a degree f	or the first time <sup>7,</sup>	<sup>8</sup> , years						
Total	28.3	28.2	27.8	26.9	26.6	26.6	26.5	24.4	24.1	24.1	23.9
Bachelor's degree	-	30.5	25.8	25.4	25.5	25.6	25.7	23.8	23.7	23.7	23.5
Master's degree	-	27.0	28.1	28.0	29.1	28.5	28.3	25.9	26.1	26.2	26.1
Diploma from general university	28.3	28.3	28.1	27.8	27.9	28.0	28.3	26.6	26.4	26.0	25.8
Diploma from applied sciences university	28.6	28.4	27.8	28.1	28.4	29.0	29.0	26.2	25.7	25.3	25.3

<sup>1</sup> Results of Microcensus.

#### Note on footnotes 6 and 7:

As of the winter semesater 2007/2008, the classification of examinations for the University Statistics has been completely revised. The examination groups "Bachelor's degree" and "Master's degree" were deleted and the final examinations were allocated to other examination groups, e. g.: the final examination Bachelor's degree (U) was allocated from the examination group Bachelor's degree to the examination group "University degree (without teacher's examination)".

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Microcensus

Federal Statistical Office: University Statistics

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt: Hochschulen auf einen Blick (only available in German)

www.destatis.de/Bildung-Forschung-Kultur/Hochschulen

→ Publikationen: Hochschulen auf einen Blick - Ausgabe 2018

Statistische Ämter des Bundes und der Länder: Internationale Bildungsindikatoren im Ländervergleich (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Laender-Regionen/Internationales

→ Publikationen: Internationale Bildungsindikatoren im Ländervergleich - Ausgabe 2017

<sup>2</sup> Until 2013 ISCED 97, the indicator refers to ISCED-level 4, 5A, 5B and 6. As of 2014 revised ISCED. The indicator refers to ISCED-level 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8.

<sup>3</sup> Until 2013 ISCED 97, the indicator refers the ISCED-level 5A, 5B and 6. As of 2024 revised ISCED. The indicator refers to ISCED-level 5, 6, 7 and 8.

<sup>4</sup> Until 2004 EU 27, since 2005 EU 28.

<sup>5</sup> Percentage share of 25- to 34-year-old university graduates, according to (ISCED 5A/6); excluding colleges of public administration.

<sup>6</sup> Examination group diploma (U) and corresponding final examinations; since academic year 2007 university degree (without teacher's examination), the included Bachelor's and Master's degrees have been deducted.

<sup>7</sup> Examination groups: teachers' examinations, doctorates, other degree, degree of arts, degree of university of applied sciences; since the academic year 2007, the examination groups degree of arts and Bachelor's and Master's degrees are deducted.

<sup>8</sup> Since 2011 graduates with a master degree are not taken into account as receiving a degree for the first time.

# 4 Quality education

Prospects for families – Improving the compatibility of work and family life

# 4.2.a, b All-day care provision for children

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows children in all-day care on the reference date of 1 March as a proportion of all children of the same age group on 31 December of the previous year. All-day childcare is provided for a contractually agreed, continuous care period of more than seven hours per day; day care in private homes and care of pupils are not included. Indicator 4.2.a refers to the group of 0 to 2-year-old children, indicator 4.2.b to the group of 3 to 5-year-old children.

#### 2. Dato on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Percentage of	all children of t	ne same age gro	ир									_
Children aged 0 to 2-years in all-day care	5.9	6.5	7.3	8.7	10.2	11.3	12.7	13.7	15.3	15.9	16.2	16.2	16.5
Children aged 3 to 5-years in all-day care	22.0	24.2	26.9	29.7	32.1	34.7	36.9	39.1	41.4	43.7	44.5	45.3	45.9

### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	Number												
Children in institutional all-day care													
0 to 2-year olds	2,069,988	2,050,818	2,048,350	2,042,457	2,038,965	2,007,147	2,024,569	2,039,731	2,106,703	2,200,407	2,304,035	2,351,851	
3 to 5-year-olds	2,175,175	2,141,500	2,105,783	2,074,882	2,060,656	2,056,777	2,060,996	2,068,768	2,067,559	2,130,002	2,162,060	2,227,015	
All-day school pupils <sup>1</sup>													
in general education schools	1,484,462	1,718,740	1,923,805	2,102,081	2,141,846	2,321,000	2,439,156	2,601,861	2,717,397	2,820,157	3,069,778		•••
including: primary schools	399,666	499,591	566,103	620,783	645,816	732,427	784,932	846,450	891,663	933,283	1,106,432		
Children aged 6 to 13-years in institutional all-day care	99,389	105,964	113,330	123,650	131,654	140,726	153,790	167,517	182,987	189,282	197,957	209,592	211,944
Children aged 6 to 13-years in part-time care 2	660,466	668,111	656,821	650,952	643,993	640,535	618,331	613,261	606,454	610,649	621,810	639,896	645,749
Children in publicly supported childminding services		19,600		28,263	33,003	36,798	43,054	46,599	49,631	51,134	53,607	57,794	60,986
	Percentage o	f all pupils											
All-day school pupils 1													
in general education schools	17.6	20.9	24.1	27.1	28.3	31.0	33.1	35.8	37.7	39.3	42.5		
including: primary schools	12.7	16.2	18.9	21.4	22.8	26.4	28.7	31.4	33.1	34.5	40.1		

<sup>1</sup> Information by the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany. - Compared to the last issue of this publication, the Federal State of Schleswig-Holstein has revised its data for the years 2009 to 2011.

Note: Until 2008: 15 March. Since 2009 date of survey: 1 March.

<sup>2</sup> Revised data for 2026.

	20	006	2	010	2	015	20	016	2	017	2	018
Specification	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Children aged 0 to 2-years in institutional all-day care				<del> </del>				<del> </del>		<u> </u>		
Baden-Württemberg	4,968	1.7	12,373	4.5	26,472	9.3	28,653	9.6	29,981	9.6	31,280	9.7
Bavaria	6,340	1.9	14,300	4.5	31,720	9.4	33,481	9.6	35,099	9.6	36,909	9.8
Berlin	16,611	19.4	22,767	24.0	29,269	27.5	30,618	27.8	31,992	27.5	33,594	28.5
Brandenburg	12,297	22.1	16,865	29.4	19,522	33.2	20,540	34.0	21,201	33.5	22,066	34.5
Bremen	436	2.7	1,020	6.2	2,491	14.3	2,677	14.4	2,795	14.0	2,894	14.2
Hamburg	4,129	8.9	7,194	14.6	11,415	21.5	12,158	21.7	14,261	24.0	14,276	23.4
Hesse	4,654	2.9	13,285	8.5	25,840	16.1	27,809	16.5	29,401	16.6	30,723	16.9
Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	6,937	18.1	9,325	24.0	12,696	32.7	13,290	33.3	13,957	34.3	14,529	35.6
Lower Saxony	2,668	1.3	7,310	3.8	18,167	9.3	20,459	10.0	22,466	10.4	24,096	10.9
North-Rhine/Westphalia	11,171	2.4	24,659	5.5	44,269	9.7	46,961	9.8	48,967	9.7	51,034	9.9
Rhineland-Palatinate	2,664	2.6	6,614	6.9	14,729	14.9	16,011	15.3	17,210	15.7	17,866	15.8
Saarland	859	3.8	2,021	9.5	4,566	21.5	4,907	21.9	5,193	21.7	5,379	21.9
Saxony	19,646	20.1	29,731	29.0	38,217	35.8	40,040	36.4	41,304	36.7	42,089	37.4
Saxony-Anhalt	13,513	26.4	17,562	<i>33.7</i>	23,464	45.5	24,026	45.1	24,710	45.4	24,956	45.7
Schleswig-Holstein	1,207	1.7	2,898	4.2	7,979	11.6	8,477	12.0	9,020	12.0	9,802	12.9
Thuringia	15,436	30.4	19,738	38.4	24,525	45.9	25,440	46.3	26,421	47.7	27,213	49.2
Germany	123,536	5.9	207,662	10.2	335,341	15.9	355,547	16.2	373,978	16.2	388,706	16.5
Former territory of the Federal Republic without Berlin	39,096	2.3	91,674	5.6	187,648	11.1	201,593	11.4	214,393	11.5	224,259	11.8
New Länder without Berlin (since 2015 including Berlin)	67,829	23.1	93,221	30.8	147,693	35.5	123,336	38.7	159,585	36.0	164,447	36.9
hildren aged 3 to 5-years in institutional all-day care												
Baden-Württemberg	21,403	6.8	36,948	12.9	60,178	21.4	65,130	22.7	69,343	23.8	73,572	24.5
Bavaria	59,873	16.8	74,820	22.8	109,915	33.9	115,505	34.6	119,618	35.1	125,254	35.5
Berlin	41,485	50.3	46,690	54.5	59,378	61.1	60,577	60.0	61,647	59.4	64,669	60.1
Brandenburg	25,151	43.8	31,019	54.3	38,577	63.0	39,242	62.2	39,489	62.1	40,959	62.5
Bremen	3,071	18.4	3,492	22.2	5,783	35.7	6,231	36.9	6,551	38.0	7,035	38.5
Hamburg	11,000	24.7	15,489	33.6	21,761	45.7	22,254	45.3	24,575	48.3	25,340	47.3
Hesse	37,765	22.1	57,546	36.3	76,475	48.0	81,024	49.6	83,695	50.5	87,050	51.3
Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	17,640	46.1	20,983	55.9	26,607	66.5	27,066	66.6	27,201	67.2	28,254	68.7
Lower Saxony	18,555	7.9	29,332	14.3	52,008	26.6	57,936	28.8	61,325	30.1	66,596	31.6
North-Rhine/Westphalia	97,043	19.0	153,870	33.3	196,883	44.1	207,469	44.9	212,215	45.4	221,880	46.0
Rhineland-Palatinate	20,279	18.1	33,361	33.6	49,019	49.6	51,634	50.8	54,012	52.2	55,859	52.5
Saarland	3,701	14.8	5,746	25.7	9,930	46.2	10,798	48.6	11,143	49.3	12,019	52.1
Saxony	57,131	59.5	73,115	74.8	85,109	81.0	87,637	80.9	89,096	81.8	91,250	82.1
Saxony-Anhalt	26,921	50.6	29,274	58.0	42,817	82.9	43,246	81.4	43,396	80.7	44,097	80.4
Schleswig-Holstein	8,108	10.0	11,638	16.0	20,687	29.6	22,512	31.5	24,845	34.2	26,115	35.0
Thuringia	43,195	84.0	43,497	87.1	48,033	91.4	49,626	90.8	50,240	91.8	51,211	91.8
Germany	492,321	22.0	666,820	32.1	903,160	43.7	947,887	44.5	978,391	45.3	1,021,160	45.9
Former territory of the Federal Republic without Berlin	280,798	15.1	422,242	24.9	602,639	36.3	640,493	37.5	667,322	38.4	700,720	39.1
New Länder without Berlin (since 2015 including Berlin)	170,038	57.4	197,888	67.6	300,521	73.7	246,817	77.2	311,069	73.1	320,440	73.5

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Statistics of child care, Population Statistics

Secretariat of the Standing Conference of the Ministers of Education and Cultural Affairs of the Länder in the Federal Republic of Germany

#### 4. Further information

Statistische Ämter des Bundes und der Länder: Demografischer Wandel; Heft 3: Auswirkungen auf Schülerzahlen und Kindertagesbetreuung im Bund und in den Ländern, Ausgabe 2009 (only available in German)

#### 5 Gender equality

Equality - Promoting equal opportunities in society

# 5.1.a Gender pay gap

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the difference between the average gross hourly earnings of women and men expressed as a percentage of the average gross hourly earnings of men.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	Percentage	e of men's ea	rnings									
Gender pay gap 1	21	21	21	22	19	21	21	22	23	23	22	23
Specification	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011 2	2012 2	2013 2	2014 2	2015 <sup>3</sup>	2016 <sup>3</sup>	2017 3	
	Percentage	e of men's ea	rnings									
Gender pay gap 1	23	23	23	22	22	23	22	22	22	21	21	

Specification	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011 2	2012 2	2013 2	2014 2	2015 <sup>3</sup>	2016 <sup>3</sup>	2017 3	2014
	Percentage	e of men's ea	arnings <sup>4, 5</sup>										Adjusted Gender pay gap, percent
Unadjusted gender pay gap (Germany)	23	23	23	23	22	22	23	22	22	22	21	21	6
Baden-Württemberg	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	7
Bavaria	23	24	25	25	26	25	25	25	25	24	24	24	6
Berlin	14	14	16	15	14	15	15	14	14	15	14	13	7
Brandenburg	6	7	7	7	7	6	7	5	7	4	4	3	10
Bremen	25	27	27	24	24	24	27	25	25	24	23	23	8
Hamburg	20	22	22	23	23	22	24	23	22	21	20	20	6
Hesse	23	24	24	24	25	25	24	23	24	24	23	24	7
Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	2	2	3	3	4	6	7	6	8	7	6	5	8
Lower Saxony	25	24	23	22	22	22	21	20	22	21	20	20	5
North-Rhine/Westphalia	24	24	24	23	23	23	24	23	23	23	22	22	5
Rhineland-Palatinate	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	21	21	20	20	5
Saarland	24	26	26	25	25	25	25	24	23	24	24	23	5
Saxony	9	9	9	9	9	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	6
Saxony-anhalt	3	3	3	3	4	5	5	4	5	2	2	2	6
Schleswig-Holstein	18	18	19	18	18	17	18	18	17	17	17	15	5
Thuringia	6	5	5	6	6	7	8	9	8	10	9	8	4

Specification	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 5	2016 5
	Percentage	e of men's ea	rnings <sup>6</sup>					
Unadjusted gender pay gap (European Union (28))		16	17	17	17	17	16	16
Estonia	27	28	27	30	30	28	27	25
Czech Republic	26	22	23	23	22	23	23	22
Austria	24	24	24	23	22	22	22	20
Netherlands	19	18	19	18	17	16	16	16
France	15	16	16	16	16	16	15	15
Sweden	16	15	16	16	15	14	14	13
Italy	6	5	6	7	7	6	6	5
Luxembourg	9	9	8	7	6	5	6	6
Belgium	10	10	9	8	8	7	7	6
Romania	7	9	10	7	5	5	6	5
United Kingdom	21	20	20	21	21	21	21	21
Switzerland	18	18	18	17	18	17	17	17
Norway	17	16	16	15	16	15	16	15

<sup>1</sup> Since 2006, the gender pay gap is calculated according to a EU-wide uniform methodology. As a result of this change, the figure is likely to have increased by one percentage point.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Earnings survey

Eurostat (Updated 16.03.2018)

#### 4. Further information

Claudia Finke, Florian Dumpert, Martin Beck: Verdinstunterschiede zwischen Männern und Frauen, in: Statistisches Bundesamt, Wirtschaft und Statistik, 2/2017, S. 43 ff. (only available in German) www.destatis.de/WISTA-Wirtschaft-und-Statistik/2017/02/verdienstunterschiede

Martin Beck: Verdienstunterschiede zwischen Männern und Frauen nach Bundesländern, in: Statistisches Bundesamt, Wirtschaft und Statistik, 4/2018, S. 26 ff. (only available in German) www.destatis.de/WISTA-Wirtschaft-und-Statistik/2018/04/verdienstunterschiede-bundeslaender

<sup>2</sup> Revised data.

<sup>3</sup> Provisional data.

<sup>4</sup> Structure of Earnings survey, updated with the results of the Quarterly Earning survey.

<sup>5</sup> Excluding the economic sectors "agriculture, forestry and fishing", "public administration and defence; compulsory social security" and without micro-enterprises.

<sup>6</sup> Partly provisional.

#### 5 Gender equality

Equality - Promoting equal opportunities in society

# 5.1.b Women in management positions in business

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the share of woman on supervisory boards of listed and fully co-determined companies.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	January 2015	January 2016	January 2017	January 2018
	Percentage for	listed and fully o	co-determined co	mpanies
Women in management positions in business				
Supervisory board	21.3	23.8	28.1	30.9
Board of directors	4.9	5.9	7.1	8.2

Source: FidAR (Frauen in die Aufsichtsräte e.V.)

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	Total	Women	Men
	Thousands		
Executives	816	170	646
Academic occapations	3,547	1,479	2,068
Engineers	6,677	3,765	2,912
Office workers	5,268	3,287	1,981
Service provider and shop assistants	4,959	3,354	1,605
Skilled labour in agriculture, forestry and fishing	228	52	176
Craftsmans	4,310	381	3,929
Mechanics	2,597	433	2,164
Temporary workers	4,578	2,815	1,763
Armed forces	/	/	/
Total	32,981	15,736	17,245

#### Note:

Agriculture, forestry, fishing, industries and services excluding public adminsistration and defence; compulsory social security and partially education.

Number of employments, i.e. jobs and individual persons can coincidentally be included several times in the survey with different employers.

Source: Statistisches Bundesamt, Verdienststrukturerhebung 2014

Specification	2013	2017
	Proportion of s	seats held by women
In parlament (German Bundestag)	36.3	30.7

Source: Federal Returning Officer

Specification	2015	2016	2017
	Percentage sh	are of women	_
Supreme federal authorities	32.6	34.0	35.3

Source: Statistisches Bundesamt, Gleichstellungsindex

#### 4. Further information

Frauen in die Aufsichtsräte e. V. (only available in German) www.fidar.de

#### 5 Gender equality

Equality – Strengthening the economic participation of women globally

# 5.1.c Vocational qualification of women and girls through German development assistance

#### 1. Definition

The indicator specifies the number of girls and women in developing and emerging countries who were reached by the vocational qualification programmes of German development assistance.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2015
	Number
Girls und women reached by the vocational qualification programmes of German development assistance	354,841
memorandum item:  Vocational qualification programmes	151

#### 3. Supplementary data

	20	015
Specification	Percentage of girls and women reached	Percentage of reported programmes
Financial cooperation	50.7	28.0
Policy area level	29.9	8.7
Institutional level	14.1	12.0
Individual level	3.6	44.6
Other	1.7	6.7

Sources: Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development

Centrum für Evaluation GmbH

Deutsche Gesellschaft für internationale Zusammenarbeit GmbH

#### 6 Clean water and sanitation

Water quality – Reducing the pollution of water with substances

#### 6.1.a Phosphorus in flowing waters

#### 1. Definition

The indicator specifies the share of monitoring points at which the water-body typical benchmark values of good ecological status regarding phosphorus in flowing waters are not exceeded.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Percentage share of monitoring points at which the benchmark value <sup>1</sup> for a good ecological status for total phosphorus in flowing waters is not exceeded													
Phosphorus in flowing waters	18.0	28.5	30.5	34.0	31.2	32.9	33.3	31.9	37.9	35.4	35.9	35.1	30.2	36.9

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Percentage share of monitoring points													
Monitoring points below the benchmark value	18.0	28.5	30.5	34.0	31.2	32.9	33.3	31.9	37.9	35.4	35.9	35.1	30.2	36.9
Monitoring points with average concentrations 2	17.2	46.2	51.0	49.8	55.1	56.1	50.2	59.4	49.8	54.3	58.5	55.6	61.6	56.6
Monitoring points in the range of up to four times														
the benchmark value	35.9	24.0	16.5	13.7	11.3	9.3	14.1	6.8	9.9	8.2	3.6	6.9	6.1	4.0
Monitoring points with higher concentrations	28.9	1.4	2.0	2.5	2.4	1.7	2.4	2.0	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.0	2.4

Note: In comparison to the previous issue of this publication the time series have been recalcualted.

Source: German Environment Agency based on information from the German Working Group on water issues of the Länder and the Federal Government represented by the Federal Environment Ministry

### 4. Further information

Umweltbundesamt (only available in German)
www.umweltbundesamt.de/fluesse/nutzung-belastungen
German Environment Agency
www.umweltbundesamt.de/water/rivers

<sup>1</sup> The benchmark value should match the good ecological status of the type of water body which is publisched in Annex 7 of the Ordinance on the Protection of Surface Waters.

The vast majority of flowing water have a benchmark value of 0.1 mg/l of phosphorus. In organic substrate-dominated rivers, the benchmark value is 0.15 mg/l, for marshland streams 0.3 mg/l and for transitional waters influenced by tidal movement 0.045 mg/l.

<sup>2</sup> Up to twice the benchmark value.

#### 6 Clean water and sanitation

Water quality – Reducing the pollution of water with substances

### 6.1.b Nitrate in groundwater

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the share of monitoring points at which the treshold value of 50 mg/l nitrate in the groundwater is not exceeded on an annual average.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015						
	Percentage share of monitoring points as which the threshold 1 is not exceeded													
Class of nitrate ≤ 50 mg/l	81.8	82.5	81.7	82.0	81.0	81.4	81.8	81.0						

### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015						
	Proportion of monitoring points by class of nitrate, percent													
Class of nitrate > 25 mg/l	36.7	36.2	36.1	35.5	35.3	35.9	36.1	38.0						
Class of nitrate > 50 mg/l (threshold)	18.2	17.5	18.3	18.0	19.0	18.6	18.2	19.0						

<sup>1</sup> A threshold value of 50 mg/l applies to nitrate in groundwater according to the Groundwater Ordinance. This threshold value also applies to drinking water.

Source: German Environment Agency and Länder Initiative for a Set of Core Indicators based on data from the German Working Group on Water Issues of the Länder and the Federal Government represented by the Federal Environment Ministry

### 4. Further information

Umweltbundesamt (only available in German)
www.umweltbundesamt.de/grundwasserbeschaffenheit
www.umweltbundesamt.de/qualitaet-des-trinkwassers-aus-zentralen
German Environment Agency
www.umweltbundesamt.de/water/drinking-water

#### 6 Clean water and sanitation

Drinking water and sanitation - Better access to drinking water and sanitation worldwide, higher (safer) quality

# 6.2 Development cooperation for drinking water and sanitation

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the number of people in the respective reference year who received new or improved access to drinking water and sanitation as a result of German support.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Persons read	hed, millions				
Access to drinking water and sanitation subsidised						
by Germany	10.6	11.6	31.0	10.8	14.3	28.6

### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Millions of E	uro			•	
Financial volume	819.9	604.6	409.3	526.5	441.9	1,159.0
	Percentage s	share				
KfW's share of total German development cooperation in the drinking water	96.0	94.5	87.0	82.5	78.0	•••

Source: Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau (KfW)

#### 4. Further information

Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau (only available in German)

www.kfw.de

#### 7 Affordable and clean energy

Resource conservation – Using resources economically and efficiently

# 7.1.a Final energy productivity

### 7.1.b Primary energy consumption

#### 1. Definition

The indicator "Final energy productivity" shows the trend of value added per unit of final energy used. The concept "final energy" refers to the part of the energy that is used energetically in terms of thermal or electric energy in the production sectors for the manufacturing of goods or by households.

The indicator "primary energy consumption" specifies how much energy was consumed by a country in the energy sectors for conversion purposes on the one hand, and by production activities, transport and households on the other.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	2008 = 100									
Final energy productivity	100	99.8	96.6	105.0	105.1	102.6	110.6	110.0	110.5	109.6
Primary energy consumption	100	94.1	98.9	94.6	93.5	96.1	91.7	92.2	93.8	94.5

Specification	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	Petajoules		•	•	•	•		•	•	•
Final energy consumption 2	9,159	8,665	9,310	8,881	8,919	9,179	8,699	8,898	9,060	9,329
Households	2,558	2,478	2,676	2,333	2,427	2,556	2,188	2,302	2,376	2,430
Business, trade, services	1,443	1,355	1,483	1,346	1,345	1,460	1,350	1,428	1,396	1,443
Industries	2,587	2,291	2,592	2,634	2,587	2,551	2,545	2,548	2,598	2,700
Transport	2,571	2,541	2,559	2,568	2,559	2,612	2,616	2,621	2,690	2,755
Domestic primary energy consumption	14,380	13,531	14,217	13,599	13,447	13,822	13,180	13,262	13,491	13,594
Primary energy consumption (residents concept)	14,772	13,872	14,732	14,052	13,861	14,134	13,562	13,707	13,814	
Branch of production	10,912	10,056	10,716	10,352	10,085	10,219	10,027	10,064	10,077	
Households (residents concept)	3,860	3,816	4,016	3,700	3,775	3,915	3,535	3,643	3,737	•••

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data.

<sup>2</sup> Evaluation table (version: August 2018) on energy from Energy Balance Association (AGEB).

Specification	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
	1990 = 100						•					•		
memorandum item: Primary energy productivity	100	104.5	108.6	107.7	111.3	112.5	109.8	112.8	115.8	119.7	122.6	122.3	124.5	122.1
Specification	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	1990 = 100													
memorandum item: Primary energy productivity	123.6	124.8	127.0	137.0	136.7	137.2	135.9	147.2	149.6	146.3	156.8	158.5	159.3	161.5

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data.

Source: Federal Statistical Office: Environmental-Economic Accounting

### 4. Further information

Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft, Tabellen zu den Umweltökonomischen Gesamtrechnungen, Teil 2 "Energie" (only available in German)

www.destatis.de/Umwelt/Materialfluesse-Energiefluesse

 $\rightarrow \ \text{Publikationen: Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft}$ 

# 7 Affordable and clean energy

Renewable energies - Strengthening a sustainable energy supply

# 7.2.a Share of renewable energies in gross final energy consumption

# 7.2.b Share of electricity from renewable energy sources in electricity consumption

#### 1. Definition

- 7.2.a The indicator expresses the generation of renewable energies relative to gross final energy consumption. Gross final energy consumption covers energy consumption by the end consumer and transmission losses as well as the self-consumption of the energy generation sector.
- 7.2.b The indicator reflects the share of electricity from renewable energy sources in gross electricity consumption.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	Percentage	share										
Generation of renewable energies relative to gross final energy consumption	2.0	2.2	3.7	7.2	11.4	12.5	13.8	13.9	14.3	15.0	14.8	15.6
Electricity generated from renewable energy sources in gross electricity consumption	3.4	4.7	6.3	10.2	17.0	20.3	23.5	25.1	27.4	31.5	31.6	36.0

Specification	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	Gigawatt-ho	ours	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Energy supply from renewable energies	51,915	59,612	98,407	189,740	302,310	316,084	352,636	363,873	359,529	385,833	387,799	419,669
Electricity generation from renewable energies	18,934	25,327	36,226	63,400	105,182	124,037	143,057	152,353	162,539	188,801	189,669	216,375
Hydropower 2	17,426	21,780	21,732	19,638	20,953	17,671	21,755	22,998	19,587	18,977	20,546	20,150
Windpower	72	1,530	9,703	27,774	38,371	49,280	50,948	51,819	57,026	72,340	67,650	88,018
Windpower at sea		_	_	-	176	577	732	918	1,471	8,284	12,274	17,675
Biomass 3	1,435	2,010	4,731	14,706	33,925	36,891	43,217	45,528	48,301	50,341	50,926	50,943
Photovoltaic	1	7	60	1,282	11,729	19,599	26,380	31,010	36,056	38,726	38,098	39,426
Geothermal energy	-	_	-	0	28	19	25	80	98	133	175	163
Heat consumption from renewable energies	32,516	33,110	58,429	103,124	161,171	156,583	172,407	177,130	161,482	163,625	164,471	168,803
Solid biomass 4	30,573	30,695	53,604	93,405	135,253	127,728	140,584	142,044	123,455	122,859	122,438	125,248
Liquid biomass 5	-	_	8	713	3,178	2,437	2,019	2,081	2,217	2,111	2,106	2,140
Gaseous biomass 6		_	1,355	3,163	10,521	12,489	14,594	16,708	17,909	19,470	19,669	19,949
Solarthermal	131	438	1,292	3,028	5,592	6,389	6,640	6,701	7,206	7,706	7,693	7,853
Geothermal, environmental heat 7	1,812	1,977	2,170	2,815	6,627	7,540	8,570	9,596	10,695	11,479	12,565	13,613
Consumption of renewable energies in transport sector	465	1,175	3,752	23,216	35,957	35,464	37,172	34,390	35,508	33,407	33,659	34,491
Biodiesel 8		362	2,583	18,046	24,474	23,606	24,530	21,998	22,760	20,840	20,866	21,258
Vegetable oil	-	52	167	2,047	637	209	261	10	63	21	42	10
Bioethanol	-	-	-	1,780	8,711	9,090	9,208	8,891	9,061	8,648	8,663	8,530
Biomethane	-	_	_	_	75	92	333	483	449	345	379	445
Renewable energies electricity consumption	465	761	1,002	1,343	2,060	2,467	2,840	3,008	3,175	3,553	3,709	4,248

Specification	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	Percentage	share of total	energy consur	nption from ren	ewable energie	es						
Electricity generation from renewable energies	36.5	42.5	36.8	33.4	34.8	39.2	40.6	41.9	45.2	48.9	48.9	51.6
Heat consumption from renewable energies	62.6	55.5	59.4	54.4	53.3	49.5	48.9	48.7	44.9	42.4	42.4	40.2
Consumption of renewable energies in transport sector	0.9	2.0	3.8	12.2	11.9	11.2	10.5	9.5	9.9	8.7	8.7	8.2
	Percentage	share of indiv	idual energy s	ources in total e	energy consum	ption from rene	ewable energie	S				
Biomass	61.7	55.6	63.5	70.5	71.7	67.2	66.6	65.3	62.4	58.2	58.0	54.5
Windpower	0.1	2.6	9.9	14.6	12.8	15.8	14.7	14.5	16.3	20.9	20.6	25.2
Hydropower	33.6	36.5	22.1	10.3	6.9	5.6	6.2	6.3	5.4	4.9	5.3	4.8
Geothermal	3.5	3.3	2.2	1.5	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.3
Photovoltaic/Solarthermal	0.3	0.7	1.4	2.3	<i>5.7</i>	8.2	9.4	10.4	12.0	12.0	11.8	11.3
Renewable energies electricity consumption	0.9	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0
	Percent											
memorandum item:												
Proportion of renewable energy generation in primary energy consumption 9	1.3	1.9	2.9	5.3	9.9	10.8	10.3	10.8	11.5	12.4	12.4	13.1

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data, from August 2018.

Sources: Bundesministerium für Wirtschaft und Energie (Hrsg.)[Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy (editor)]: Erneuerbare Energien in Zahlen - Nationale und internationale Entwicklung im Jahr 2017, Stand: August 2018 Zentrum für Sonnenenergie- und Wasserstoff-Forschung Baden-Württemberg (Centre for Solar Energy and Hydrogen Research Baden-Württemberg),

Arbeitsgruppe Erneuerbare Energien-Statistik (Working group on Renewable Energies-Statistics)

#### 4. Further information

Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy

www.bmwi.de/renewable-energy

Themenseite des Bundesministeriums für Wirtschaft und Energie (only available in German)

www.bmwi.de/DE/Themen/energie.html

<sup>2</sup> In the case of pumped-storage power plants, only electricity generated from natural inflow.

<sup>3</sup> Solid and liquid biomass, biogas, landfill and sewage gas, biogenic wastes (estimated share in waste incineration plants 50%).

<sup>4</sup> Including biogenic share of waste; reduction in 2008 campared to previous year due to methodological changes; since 2010 including sewage sludge; data on sectors business, trade and services available since 2013.

<sup>5</sup> Including consumption of biodiesel in agriculture.

<sup>6</sup> Biogas including biomethane, sewage and landfill gas.

<sup>7</sup> Including heat from deep geothermics and renewable heat untilised by heat pumps.

<sup>8</sup> Consumption of biodiesel in the transport sector.

<sup>9</sup> Primary energy consumption based on efficiency method.

#### 8 Decent work and economic growth

Resource conservation – Using resources economically and efficiently

### 8.1 Raw material input productivity

#### 1. Definition

The indicator of raw meterial input productivity compares the value of all goods provided for final use (in euros, price-adjusted) relative to the mass of the raw materials used domestically and abroad for their production (in tonnes). Final use covers domestic consumption and domestic investment as well as exports.

The denominator of the indicator takes into account abiotic and biotic raw materials from the environment as well as plant materials produced by farming and forestry.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2000	2001 1	2002 1	2003 1	2004 1	2005 1	2006 1	2007 1	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 2
	2000 = 1	00													
Raw material input productivity 3 Raw material inpot for final consumption, gross capital formation	100	104	110	108	108	109	108	111	115	122	117	115	121	122	126
and exports	100 100	97 101	92 101	95 102	97 105	99 107	105 114	106 118	104 120	93 113	103 120	109 126	104 126	104 127	104 131

<sup>1</sup> Raw material input interpolated from 2001 to 2007.

### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	2000 = 1	00													
Final consumption (price-adjusted)	100	101	101	101	102	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	112
Gross capital formation (price-adjusted)		97	88	89	86	85	93	99	100	83	93	102	94	95	97
Exports (price-adjusted)	100	106	110	112	125	133	150	164	167	143	164	178	183	186	194

Source: Fachserie 18, Reihe 1.4 Inlandsproduktberechnung - Detailierte Jahresergebnisse, Tabelle 2.3.2, Rechenstand: August 2017

<sup>2</sup> Provisional data.

<sup>3</sup> The Raw Material Input Productivity is defined as the (price adjusted) value of goods and services for final consumption, gross fixed capital formation and exports in relation to the mass of raw material used for final consumption, gross fixed capital formation and exports.

Specification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 <sup>1</sup>
	million to	nnes			•
Raw material input of final consumption, gross capital formation					
and exports	2,622	2,792	2,653	2,665	2,643
Abiotic total	2,235	2,368	2,217	2,248	2,157
Ores total 2	804	846	764	792	723
of which:					
Iron ore and manganese	208	238	221	218	227
Non-iron ores	596	608	542	574	496
including:					
Copper ores	218	258	273	260	269
Aluminium (bauxite) ores	36	37	34	34	36
Fossil fuels total 3	719	735	719	722	699
of which:					
Brown coal (lignite) 4	193	206	210	205	198
Hard coal	128	138	130	120	113
Crude (mineral) oil, natural gas condensate, liquefied natural gas	230	229	221	225	225
Natural gases	168	163	159	173	163
Other mineral raw materialsa	712	787	734	733	735
of which:					
Fertiliser minerals 6	17	18	18	18	19
Chemical minerals 7	22	25	23	23	23
Salt (sodium chloride)	42	42	36	41	28
Quartz 8	21	23	22	21	23
Limestone 9, gypsum 10	116	126	120	119	121
Sand 11, gravel, crushed natural stone	463	520	482	479	489
Natural cut stone	1	1	2	2	2
Clay 12	30	32	30	30	30
Biomass	387	423	437	417	486
of which:					
Biomass from agriculture	349	391	403	384	437
Biomass from forestry	36	32	32	32	48
Biomass from fishing 13 and hunting	1	1	1	1	1

Footnotes of the table:

- 1 Provisional data.
- 2 Ores including gangue, but not backup sands.
- 3 Also for non-energetic use.
- 4 Including peat.
- 5 Without excavation.
- 6 Phosphate, potassium salts and kieserit.
- 7 Including sulphur and other mineral raw materials, not elsewhere mentioned.
- 8 Without heavy sands for metal production (see ores).
- 9 Including dolomite.
- 10 Including anhydrit and chalk.
- 11 Without quartz and other special sands.
- 12 Including bentonite and kaoline.
- 13 Wild caught fish and other marine organisms (including mussels from aquaculture).

Source: Federal Statistical Office: Environmental-Economic Accounting

#### 4. Further information

Maier, L.: Rohstoffe weltweit im Einsatz für Deutschland, in: Statistisches Bundesamt, Wirtschaft und Statistik, 2/2018, S. 23 ff. (only available in German) www.destatis.de/WISTA-Wirtschaft-und-Statistik/2018/02/rohstoffe-weltweit

Daten zu Aufkommen und Verwendung in Rohstoffäquivalenten (only available in German)

www.destatis.de/Umwelt/Materialfluesse-Energiefluesse

Kaumanns, S. und Lauber, U.: Rohstoffe für Deutschland. Bedarfsanalyse für Konsum. Investitionen und Export auf Makro- und Mesoebene, Umweltbundesamt Texte 62/2016 (only available in German) www.umweltbundesamt.de/rohstoffe\_fur\_deutschland.pdf

#### 8 Decent work and economic growth

Government debt – Consolidating public finances – Creating intergenerational equity

### 8.2.a Government deficit

#### 8.2.b Structural deficit

#### 1. Definition

The indicators show the financial balance of general government (deficit or suplus) and the structural financial balance in relation to gross domestic product at current prices.

The financial balance of general government is calculated from government revenue minus government expenditure in line with the national accounts.

The annual structural balance refers to the part of the financial balance that cannot be attributed to cyclical fluctuations and temporary effects.

### 2. Dato on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1991	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 1	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016 1	2017 1
	Percentage	share of gross	domestic pro	duct (at currer	t prices)							
Government deficit 2	3.2	2.9	-1.5	3.4	4.2	1.0	0.0	0.1	-0.6	-0.8	-0.9	-1.0
Structural deficit				2.0	1.9	1.1	-0.2	-0.6	-1.3	-1.2	-1.3	-1.5
	Year-on-yea	r percentage o	hanges									
Gross domestic product (price-adjusted)		1.7	3.0	0.7	4.1	3.7	0.5	0.5	2.2	1.7	2.2	2.2

### 3. Supplementary data <sup>3</sup>

Specification	1991	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Billion of eur	ros										
Financial balance, adjusted 4	-50.0	-55.8	32.6	-78.6	-108.9	-25.9	-0.9	-4.0	16.7	23.9	28.7	34.0
Central government (federation)	-48.7	-141.6	28.1	-48.0	-84.1	-29.4	-16.1	-7.4	13.7	14.7	11.5	6.1
State government (Länder)	-10.1	-24.2	-8.8	-23.0	-20.6	-11.4	-5.5	-2.5	0.1	2.2	4.2	8.3
Local government (municipalities)	-2.1	-5.4	0.2	-2.5	-8.1	-0.3	2.2	0.5	-0.2	4.3	4.8	9.5
Social security funds	10.9	-7.8	-1.3	-5.1	3.8	15.3	18.4	5.4	3.1	2.7	8.2	10.1
Gross domestic product 5	1,579.8	1,898.9	2,116.5	2,300.9	2,580.1	2,703.1	2,758.3	2,826.2	2,938.6	3,048.9	3,159.8	3,277.3
Revenueincluding:	682.3	858.9	965.3	984.4	1,110.3	1,182.7	1,220.9	1,259.0	1,308.5	1,356.5	1,415.5	1,473.8
Contributions	605.6	761.8	872.4	878.7	978.0	1,036.8	1,074.9	1,111.4	1,150.1	1,198.7	1,255.6	1,315.0
Taxes	347.4	418.3	490.1	479.0	551.8	594.5	620.5	646.3	668.1	697.9	731.7	766.4
Social contributions	258.3	343.5	382.3	399.7	426.2	442.3	454.3	465.0	482.0	500.8	523.9	548.6

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data.

<sup>2</sup> The government deficit is expressed mathematically in the form of a positive value, since there cannot be a "negative deficit". A positive value (with a "-" sign) therefore indicates a surplus.

<sup>3</sup> In terms of the unadjusted fiscal balance. According to the ESA 1995 definition.

<sup>4 1995:</sup> excluding the assumption of the debt of the "Treuhand" etc., 2000: excluding revenues from UMTS-auctions; unadjusted deficit: 1995: - 179.0 Euro bn; 2000: 18.2 Euro bn.

<sup>5</sup> At current prices.

Specification	1991	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Billion of eu	ros										
Expenditure	732.3	1,037.9	947.1	1,063.0	1,219.2	1,208.6	1,221.8	1,263.0	1,291.8	1,332.6	1,386.8	1,439.8
including:												
Intermediate consumption	63.6	70.8	76.5	88.7	118.0	124.1	126.5	133.0	137.7	143.8	150.1	156.3
Compensation of employees	135.9	164.6	174.0	182.2	203.5	208.6	212.3	217.8	224.4	229.8	237.8	246.7
Social benefits other than social transfer in kind	235.5	326.2	368.9	412.3	430.1	424.1	430.3	438.7	451.4	469.4	486.8	506.1
Social benefits in kind	100.6	137.9	154.8	169.5	204.4	209.8	215.3	227.7	239.7	252.4	268.4	278.4
Gross capital formation	49.6	49.4	48.5	44.0	59.4	61.4	61.5	60.1	60.1	64.1	68.2	72.4
Financial balance	-50.0	-179.0	18.2	-78.6	-108.9	-25.9	-0.9	-4.0	16.7	23.9	28.7	34.0
	1991 = 100											
Gross domestic product	100	120.2	134.0	145.6	163.3	171.1	174.6	178.9	186.0	193.0	200.0	207.5
Social benefits in kind	100	137.0	153.9	168.4	203.1	208.5	213.9	226.3	238.3	250.8	266.8	276.7
Social benefits other than social transfer in kind	100	138.5	156.7	175.1	182.7	180.1	182.7	186.3	191.7	199.3	206.7	214.9
	Percentage	share of gross	domestic pro	duct								
Revenue	43.2	45.2	45.6	42.8	43.0	43.8	44.3	44.5	44.5	44.5	44.8	45.0
including:												
Contributions	38.3	40.1	41.2	38.2	37.9	38.4	39.0	39.3	39.1	39.3	<i>39.7</i>	40.1
Taxes	22.0	22.0	23.2	20.8	21.4	22.0	22.5	22.9	22.7	22.9	23.2	23.4
Social contributions	16.3	18.1	18.1	17.4	16.5	16.4	16.5	16.5	16.4	16.4	16.6	16.7
Expenditure	46.4	54.7	44.7	46.2	47.3	44.7	44.3	44.7	44.0	43.7	43.9	43.9
including:												
Intermediate consumption	4.0	3.7	3.6	3.9	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.8
Compensation of employees	8.6	8.7	8.2	7.9	7.9	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.5
Social benefits other than social transfer in kind	14.9	17.2	17.4	17.9	16.7	15.7	15.6	15.5	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4
Social benefits in kind	6.4	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.9	7.8	7.8	8.1	8.2	8.3	8.5	8.5
Gross capital formation	3.1	2.6	2.3	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: National Accounts, August 2018 Federal Ministry of Finance, version: July 2018

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt, Volkswirtschaftliche Gesamtrechnungen, Inlandsproduktsberechnung, Detaillierte Jahresergebnisse, Fachserie 18 Reihe 1.4 (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Volkswirtschaftliche-Gesamtrechnungen-Inlandsprodukt

 $\rightarrow$  Publikationen: Inlandsprodukt - Jahresergebnisse und Grundlagen

### 8 Decent work and economic growth

Government debt - Consolidating public finances - Creating intergenerational equity

# 8.2.c Government debt

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the government debt as defined by the Maastricht Treaty as a share of gross domestic product at current prices. The indicator therefore serves as a measure of government debt.

### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Percentage sh	are in gross don	nestic product a	t current prices							
Government debt	39.1	58.9	67.0	81.0	78.6	79.9	77.4	74.5	70.8	67.9	63.9
	Millions of eu	ros									
Government debt (Maastricht) 1	1,209,128	1,245,785	1,541,400	2,088,716	2,125,337	2,202,864	2,188,128	2,189,569	2,159,746	2,143,904	2,092,781
Gross domestic product (at current prices) 2	1,579,800	2,116,480	2,300,860	2,580,060	2,703,120	2,758,260	2,826,240	2,938,590	3,048,860	3,159,750	3,277,340

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Millions of eu	ros									
General government (consolidated)	1,209,128	1,245,785	1,541,400	2,088,716	2,125,337	2,202,864	2,188,128	2,189,569	2,159,746	2,143,904	2,092,781
Sum (not consolidated)		1,265,206	1,559,166	2,107,962	2,142,995	2,220,650	2,205,488	2,207,554	2,180,688	2,159,368	2,111,641
Central government (federation)		800,494	940,759	1,334,021	1,344,082	1,387,857	1,390,440	1,396,496	1,372,604	1,366,840	1,351,290
State government (Länder)		354,293	488,684	629,474	654,143	684,123	663,225	657,633	654,287	637,471	611,072
Local government (municipalities)		108,543	127,032	143,121	143,439	147,499	150,536	151,995	152,386	153,914	148,487
Social security funds		1,876	2,691	1,346	1,331	1,171	1,287	1,430	1,411	1,143	792
Net stock of fixed assets	881,701	1,035,213	1,052,624	1,205,095	1,240,136	1,276,023	1,300,876	1,320,617	1,338,216	1,358,729	1,405,858
Buildings and structures	767,946	926,791	940,632	1,070,021	1,097,200	1,124,042	1,142,352	1,157,494	1,167,739	1,180,649	1,217,808
Financial assets		604,500	548,500	951,400	954,800	1,067,700	1,069,000	1,119,400	1,127,700	1,148,600	
Securities		201,200	213,800	484,500	465,700	505,100	523,800	542,000	563,300	575,900	
	Thousands										
Population 3	79,973	81,457	81,337	80,284	80,275	80,426	80,646	80,983	81,687	82,349	82,659
	Thousands of	euros									
Debt per capita	15,119	15,294	18,951	26,017	26,476	27,390	27,133	27,037	26,439	26,034	25,318

<sup>1</sup> Deutsche Bundesbank (Öffentliche Finanzen; Schuldenstand (Maastricht-Abgrenzung), Stand 28.09.2018) - 2017 provisional data.

<sup>2</sup> Statistisches Bundesamt, Fachserie 18 Inlandsproduktsberechnung, Reihe 1.4, Detailierte Jahresergebnisse, August 2018.

<sup>3</sup> Average population based on the census 2011 (result of reporting data on 9th of May 2011: 80,219,695 inhabitants).

### 4. Further information

Deutsche Bundesbank

www.bundesbank.de/time-series-databases

### 8 Decent work and economic growth

Provision for future economic stability - Creating favourable investment conditions - Securing long-term prosperity

# 8.3 Gross fixed capital formation in relation to GDP

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the share of gross fixed capital formation relative to nominal gross domestic product (which means at current prices). This share is also refferred to as the investment ratio.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 1	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016 <sup>1</sup>	2017 1
	Percentage s	nare in gross do	mestic product	t at current price	es						
Gross fixed capital formation	24.9	23.0	19.1	19.4	20.3	20.1	19.7	20.0	19.9	20.1	20.3
	Billions of eu	ros									
Gross fixed capital formation (nominal)	392.7	486.5	438.8	501.4	547.8	554.7	556.8	587.5	605.5	634.0	665.7
Gross domestic product (nominal)	1,579.8	2,116.5	2,300.9	2,580.1	2,703.1	2,758.3	2,826.2	2,938.6	3,048.9	3,159.8	3,277.3

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 1	2015 1	2016 1	2017 1
	Gross fixed c	apital formatior	by product at o	urrent prices, b	illions of euros						
Gross fixed capital formation	392.7	486.5	438.8	501.4	547.8	554.7	556.8	587.5	605.5	634.0	665.7
Machinery and equipment	155.2	178.6	165.2	175.9	188.3	183.8	180.0	191.7	201.2	206.5	215.2
Machinery	119.4	135.1	116.4	119.0	131.7	132.5	129.3	135.8	144.6	149.4	152.1
Transport equipment	35.7	43.5	48.8	56.9	56.6	51.3	50.8	55.9	56.6	57.1	63.2
Construction	192.1	240.9	199.7	237.1	264.2	273.0	277.2	289.7	290.7	307.1	326.6
Dwellings	95.7	140.5	114.7	133.3	150.7	160.2	163.6	172.4	174.2	186.9	198.3
Other buildings and structures	96.3	100.4	85.0	103.9	113.5	112.8	113.5	117.3	116.5	120.2	128.3
Building construction	61.7	64.3	53.1	68.4	75.5	75.3	75.8	77.6	77.4	79.2	83.2
Underground construction	34.6	36.1	32.0	35.4	38.0	37.5	37.7	39.7	39.1	41.0	45.1
Other products 2	45.5	67.1	73.9	88.4	95.3	97.9	99.5	106.2	113.6	120.4	123.9
Research and development	33.2	45.0	50.4	61.9	65.7	70.3	69.9	75.2	80.0	86.5	89.1
Computer software and databases	9.7	17.2	18.6	21.2	24.4	22.3	24.0	24.8	27.5	27.7	28.3
	Gross fixed c	apital formatior	by sector of ec	onomic activity	(new fixed asse	ets at current pri	ices), billions of	f euros			
Agriculture and forestry, fishing	6.6	6.5	7.3	8.1	8.9	9.3	9.7	10.1	9.8	9.5	9.9
Industry	123.4	120.0	109.2	121.5	133.4	138.9	136.7	145.4	150.3	157.5	162.6
Services	269.6	370.2	335.2	387.3	422.2	423.1	427.3	450.6	465.5	487.4	515.0
Real estate activities	103.0	150.9	122.8	145.9	168.9	177.5	180.2	187.0	188.1	199.7	214.2
Business services	37.2	66.4	66.9	65.4	69.1	64.7	66.1	74.0	78.3	79.6	84.7
Public administration, defence, social security funds	24.0	27.2	25.4	31.5	33.0	33.8	32.0	32.4	33.7	35.9	39.7
Total	399.6	496.7	451.7	516.9	564.5	571.3	573.7	606.1	625.6	654.4	687.5

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 1	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016 1	2017 1	
	Percentage sl	nare of total gro	ss fixed capital	formation								
Agriculture and forestry, fishing	1.7	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	
Industry	30.9	24.2	24.2	23.5	23.6	24.3	23.8	24.0	24.0	24.1	23.7	
Services	67.5	74.5	74.2	74.9	74.8	74.1	74.5	74.3	74.4	74.5	74.9	
Real estate activities	25.8	30.4	27.2	28.2	29.9	31.1	31.4	30.8	30.1	30.5	31.2	
Business services	9.3	13.4	14.8	12.7	12.2	11.3	11.5	12.2	12.5	12.2	12.3	
Public administration and defence; Compulsory social security	6.0	5.5	5.6	6.1	5.8	5.9	5.6	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.8	
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
	Net stock of f	xed assets at c	urrent replacem	ent prices, billi	ons of euros							
Total fixed assets	4,957.5	6,782.9	7,219.8	8,429.2	8,724.8	9,010.6	9,267.7	9,524.5	9,756.8	9,998.1	10,374.7	
	Percentage share of gross domestic product at current prices											
Investment ratio for the entire OECD region	23.6	23.3	22.7	20.1	20.4	20.6	20.6	20.9	21.0	20.9		

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data, August 2018.

ource: Federal Statistical Office: National Accounts, August 2018

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt, Volkswirtschaftliche Gesamtrechnungen, Inlandsproduktsberechnung, Detaillierte Jahresergebnisse, Fachserie 18 Reihe 1.4 (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Volkswirtschaftliche-Gesamtrechnungen-Inlandsprodukt

 $\rightarrow$  Publikationen: Inlandsprodukt - Jahresergebnisse und Grundlagen

<sup>2</sup> Intellectual property as well as animal resources and tree, crop and plant resources.

### 8 Decent work and economic growth

Economic output – Combining greater economic output with environmental and social responsibility

# 8.4 Gross domestic product per capita

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the price-adjusted gross domestic product (GDP) per capita (inhabitant) in Germany, based on the year 2010.

GDP measures the value of all goods and services produced domestically; inhabitants are all those people whose permanent residence is in Germany.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1991	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 1	2015 1	2016 1	2017 1
	Euros											_
Gross domestic product (price-adjusted) per capita	25,489	26,381	28,956	29,833	32,136	33,316	33,417	33,489	34,076	34,370	34,858	35,477
	Billions of e	uros										
GDP (price-adjusted, reference year = 2010)	2,039	2,145	2,359	2,427	2,580	2,674	2,688	2,701	2,760	2,808	2,871	2,932
	Thousand											
Inhabitants	79,973	81,308	81,457	81,337	80,284	80,275	80,426	80,646	80,983	81,687	82,349	82,659

Specification	1991	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 1	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016 1	2017 1
	1991 = 100											
Gross domestic product (price-adjusted)	100	105.2	115.7	119.0	126.6	131.2	131.8	132.5	135.4	137.7	140.8	143.9
Inhabitants	100	101.7	101.9	101.7	100.4	100.4	100.6	100.8	101.3	102.1	103.0	103.4
Gross domestic product (price-adjusted) per capita	100	103.5	113.6	117.0	126.1	130.7	131.1	131.4	133.7	134.8	136.8	139.2
	Gross value a	dded by sector	of economic ac	tivity (price-adj	usted, chained	2010 = 100)						
Agriculture and forestry, fishing	150.0	97.1	103.1	96.5	100	89.7	88.9	93.5	106.6	91.3	89.3	92.0
Industry	92.5	88.5	92.7	93.6	100	105.2	104.8	104.1	108.9	111.2	116.1	118.9
Manufacturing	87.3	80.5	89.3	94.3	100	108.5	106.1	106.1	111.9	114.6	120.0	123.1
Services	70.1	78.2	89.1	93.9	100	103.0	104.1	105.1	106.2	107.7	109.1	111.4
Public and private service provider	75.2	82.9	90.0	92.6	100	101.6	102.3	102.3	103.1	105.5	108.2	109.7
	Gross value a	dded by econor	mic sector (pric	e-adjusted, refe	rence year = 20	10), billions of	euros					
Agriculture and forestry, fishing	25.0	16.2	17.2	16.1	16.7	15.0	14.8	15.6	17.8	15.2	14.9	15.4
Industry	648.0	619.7	648.8	655.4	700.3	736.6	733.8	728.6	762.5	778.9	812.8	832.4
Manufacturing	449.9	414.9	460.1	485.9	515.2	559.1	546.6	546.7	576.3	590.5	618.0	634.3
Services	1,125.4	1,254.9	1,429.0	1,506.5	1,604.7	1,652.9	1,669.9	1,686.9	1,703.4	1,728.1	1,751.1	1,787.7
Public and private service provider	311.6	343.6	372.9	383.8	414.4	421.0	423.9	423.8	427.1	437.0	448.3	454.7

Specification	1991	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 1	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016 <sup>1</sup>	2017 1
	Gross domes	tic product (prid	ce-adjusted, ch	ained, 2010 = 1	00) per capita							_
Former territory of the Federal Republic including Berlin	84.5	83.8	91.4	93.3	100	103.8	103.9	104.1	105.5	106.3	107.4	
New Länder without Berlin	48.9	74.0	83.5	90.4	100	102.6	103.8	104.4	107.1	108.6	109.8	
Germany	79.3	82.1	90.1	92.8	100	103.7	104.0	104.2	105.8	106.7	107.9	
	Gross domes	tic product at c	urrent prices pe	r capita in euro								
Former territory of the Federal Republic including Berlin	22,532	25,194	27,857	30,061	33,938	35,563	36,173	36,903	38,084	39,175	40,123	
New Länder without Berlin	7,342	14,626	16,785	19,155	22,532	23,527	24,145	24,929	25,951	26,715	27,414	
Germany	19,754	23,354	25,983	28,288	32,137	33,673	34,296	35,045	36,211	37,260	38,180	

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: National Accounts, August 2018

Volkswirtschaftliche Gesamtrechnungen der Länder - Ergebnisse (R1B1) von August 2017/ February 2018

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt, Volkswirtschaftliche Gesamtrechnungen, Inlandsproduktsberechnung, Detaillierte Jahresergebnisse, Fachserie 18 Reihe 1.4 (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Volkswirtschaftliche-Gesamtrechnungen-Inlandsprodukt

ightarrow Publikationen: Inlandsprodukt - Jahresergebnisse und Grundlagen

Statistische Ämter der Länder, Arbeitskreis Volkswirtschaftliche Gesamtrechnungen der Länder (AK VGRdL) (only available in German) www.statistik-bw.de/VGRdL

## 8 Decent work and economic growth

Employment – Boosting employment levels

# 8.5.a, b Employment rate

#### 1. Definition

The indicators specify the proportion of persons in employment aged between 20 and 64 years (8.5.a) and aged between 60 and 64 years (8.5.b), measured in each case as a share of the total population of the same age group.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Age from to	Specification	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
		Employmen	t rate - percen	tage shares of	persons in en	nployment in t	he population	of the same a	ge						
20 - 64 years	Total	68.7	69.4	71.1	72.9	74.0	74.2	75.0	76.5	76.9	77.3	77.7	78.0	78.6	79.2
	of which: Women	60.7	63.1	65.0	66.7	67.8	68.7	69.7	71.3	71.6	72.5	73.1	73.6	74.5	75.2
	Men	76.5	75.6	77.2	79.1	80.1	79.6	80.4	81.7	82.1	82.1	82.2	82.3	82.7	83.1
60 - 64 years	Total	19.6	28.2	29.7	32.9	35.1	38.6	41.1	44.3	46.6	50.0	52.6	53.3	56.0	58.4
	of which: Women	12.1	20.7	21.9	24.9	27.2	30.4	33.1	36.5	38.8	42.8	46.2	47.9	50.8	53.3
	Men	27.2	35.9	37.7	41.2	43.2	47.0	49.4	52.4	54.9	57.7	59.4	59.1	61.5	63.7

Age from to	Specification	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2011	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	•	Employmen	t rate - percent	tage shares of	persons in en	iployment in t	he population	of the same a	ge	•	•	•	•	•	_
20 - 24 years	Total	64.8	58.8	60.9	62.8	64.0	62.8	63.3	65.2	64.2	64.4	63.9	63.6	63.6	64.6
	of which: Women	63.0	57.5	59.2	60.8	62.1	61.8	61.8	63.4	62.3	62.9	62.7	62.5	62.9	64.4
	Men	66.7	60.1	62.5	64.8	65.9	63.8	64.7	67.0	66.0	65.8	65.1	64.7	64.2	64.7
25 - 59 years	Total	76.2	75.7	77.0	78.5	79.3	79.4	80.2	81.7	82.2	82.4	82.6	82.8	83.2	83.6
	of which: Women	67.7	69.1	70.6	72.0	72.9	73.7	74.8	76.5	77.0	77.6	77.9	78.3	78.9	79.3
	Men	84.5	82.3	83.2	84.9	85.7	84.9	85.6	86.9	87.4	87.2	87.2	87.2	87.5	87.7
memorandum	item:														
15 - 64 years	Total	65.3	65.5	67.2	69.0	70.1	70.3	71.3	72.7	73.0	73.5	73.8	74.0	74.7	75.2
	of which: Women	<i>57.8</i>	59.6	61.5	63.2	64.3	65.2	66.2	67.8	68.1	69.0	69.5	69.9	70.8	71.5
	Men	72.7	71.3	72.8	74.7	75.8	75.4	76.3	77.6	77.9	78.0	78.1	78.0	78.4	78.9
55 - 64 years	Total	37.4	45.5	48.1	51.3	53.7	56.1	57.8	60.0	61.6	63.6	65.6	66.2	68.6	70.1
	of which: Women	28.7	37.6	40.3	43.4	46.0	48.6	50.7	53.2	54.9	57.6	60.0	61.2	63.5	65.4
	Men	46.2	53.6	56.1	59.4	61.7	63.8	65.2	67.1	68.6	69.9	71.4	71.3	73.7	75.0

Specification	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Working po	pulation in 1,0	000											
Total	34,626	34,614	35,371	36,068	36,583	36,585	36,232	36,955	37,290	37,584	37,873	38,148	39,068	39,386
of which: Women	15,208	15,673	16,074	16,426	16,694	16,872	16,832	17,219	17,353	17,581	17,754	17,911	18,311	18,441
Men	19,417	18,940	19,297	19,642	19,889	19,713	19,399	19,736	19,937	20,003	20,119	20,237	20,758	20,946
Total full-time employment	27,934	26,407	26,364	26,850	27,362	27,270	26,908	27,368	27,647	27,555	27,798	27,907	28,615	28,796
of which: Women	9,351	8,742	8,656	8,815	9,049	9,191	9,110	9,317	9,424	9,306	9,460	9,488	9,732	9,803
Men	18,583	17,665	17,708	18,035	18,313	18,079	17,798	18,050	18,222	18,249	18,338	18,419	18,884	18,993
Total part-time employment	6,692	8,206	9,007	9,217	9,221	9,315	9,324	9,587	9,644	10,028	10,075	10,241	10,452	10,591
of which: Women	5,857	6,931	7,418	7,611	7,646	7,682	7,722	7,902	7,929	8,274	8,293	8,423	8,579	8,638
Men	835	1,275	1,589	1,607	1,576	1,634	1,601	1,685	1,715	1,754	1,782	1,817	1,874	1,953

Note:

Since 2005: yearly average and modified survey and estimation methods.

Since 2011: change in recording of employment status; projection using the intercensal population updates based on the 2011 Census. The results are comparable with previous years only to a limited extent.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Labour force survey

Eurostat: Labour force survey

### 4. Further information

Eurostat

ec.europa.eu/database

Statistisches Bundesamt (only available in German)

www.destatis.de/Arbeitsmarkt/Erwerbstaetigkeit

#### 8 Decent work and economic growth

Global supply chains – Enabling decent work worldwide

# 8.6 Number of members of the Textiles Partnership

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the number of members of the Partnerschip for Sustainable Textiles (Textile Partnership).

# 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	04/2014	04/2015	04/2016	04/2017	03/2018
	Number				
Members of the Partnership for Sustainable Textiles	59	172	188	147	130
Enterprises (businesses stakeholder group)	28	115	127		82

### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2016
	Billions of euros
Total turnover of retailers	537.5
Turnover of retailers, member of the Textiles Partnerschip (March 2018)	31.5
Total turnover of wholesalers	1,164.6
Turnover of wholesalers, member of the Textiles Partnership (March 2018)	7.4
	Percentage share
Turnover of retailers with clothing, textiles (excluding carpets), curtains and drapes	10.7
Turnover of wholesalers with clothing, textiles (excluding carpets), curtains and drapes	2.7

Sources: Bündnis für nachhaltige Textilien c/o Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit GmbH

Trade statistics of the Federal Statistical Office and a special evaluation from the Federal Statistical Office's statistical business register

### 4. Further information

Partnership for Sustainable Textiles (Bündnis für nachhaltige Textilien)

www.textilbuendnis.com/en/

Statistisches Bundesamt, Groß- und Einzelhandel (only available in German)

www.destatis.de/Grosshandel-Einzelhandel

### 9 Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure

Innovation – Shaping the future with new solutions

# 9.1 Private and public expenditure on research and development

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the expenditure on research and development by businesses, general government and institutions of higher education in relation to gross domestic product.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 1
	Expenditure as	a percentage of gr	oss domestic prod	luct						
Private and public expenditure on research and development	2.40	2.40	2.43	2.71	2.80	2.87	2.82	2.87	2.92	2.93

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 <sup>1</sup>
	Expenditure as	a percentage of gr	oss domestic prod	uct						
Private and public spending on research and development										
Japan	2.68	2.91	3.18	3.14	3.24	3.21	3.31	3.40	3.28	3.14
USA 2	2.61	2.62	2.51	2.74	2.77	2.69	2.72	2.73	2.74	2.74
EU 28 3		1.67	1.74	1.93	1.97	2.01	2.02	2.03	2.04	2.03
Sweden			3.39	3.22	3.25	3.28	3.31	3.15	3.27	3.25
OECD	2.09	2.12	2.14	2.29	2.32	2.31	2.34	2.36	2.36	2.35
	Millions of euro	S								
Spending on research and development by sectors	37,848	50,825	55,879	70,014	75,569	79,110	79,729	84,247	88,782	92,174
Government and private non-profit institutions	5,457	6,873	7,867	10,354	10,974	11,341	11,862	12,320	12,486	12,721
Higher education institutions	6,145	8,352	9,361	12,731	13,518	13,980	14,302	14,931	15,344	16,627
Businesses	26,246	35,600	38,651	46,929	51,077	53,790	53,566	56,996	60,952	62,826
	Percentage shar	re								
Spending on research and development by sectors	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Government and private non-profit institutions	14.4	13.5	14.1	14.8	14.5	14.3	14.9	14.6	14.1	13.8
Higher education institutions	16.2	16.4	16.8	18.2	17.9	17.7	17.9	17.7	17.3	18.0
Businesses	69.3	70.0	69.2	67.0	67.6	68.0	67.2	67.7	68.7	68.2

<sup>1</sup> In part estimated.

<sup>2</sup> Differing definition.

<sup>3</sup> Since 2005 results by Eurostat, 2016 provisional.

Specification	1991	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 1
	Full-time equiva	lents <sup>4</sup>								
Staff in research and development by sectors		484,734	475,279	548,723	575,099	591,261	588,615	605,252	640,516	657,894
Government and private non-profit institutions	•	71,454	76,254	90,531	93,663	95,882	98,161	101,005	101,717	103,206
Higher education institutions	•	100,790	94,522	120,981	124,308	127,900	130,079	132,542	134,032	141,661
Businesses		312,490	304,503	337,211	357,129	367,478	360,375	371,706	404,767	413,027
	Percentage shar	re								
Staff in research and development by sectors		100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Government and private non-profit institutions	•	14.7	16.0	16.5	16.3	16.2	16.7	16.7	15.9	15.7
Higher education institutions		20.8	19.9	22.0	21.6	21.6	22.1	21.9	20.9	21.5
Businesses		64.5	64.1	61.5	62.1	62.2	61.2	61.4	63.2	62.8

<sup>4</sup> Including only those parts of working hours that are devoted to research and development activities, summarised to full-time equivalents.

Sources: OECD: Main Science and Technology Indicators (stats.oecd.org)

Statistisches Bundesamt, Fachserie 14, Reihe 3.6 (only available in German)

Wissenschaftsstatistik GmbH im Stifterverband für die Deutsche Wissenschaft: FuE- Facts 1/2014 (only available in German)

#### 4. Further information

Wissenschaftsstatistik GmbH im Stifterverband für die Deutsche Wissenschaft: Zahlenwerk 2015. (only available in German) Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung: Bundesbericht Forschung und Innovation 2014 (only available in German)

### 10 Reduced inequalities

Equal educational opportunities - Improving educational success of foreigners in German schools

# 10.1 Foreign school graduates

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the proportion of foreign school graduates as a percentage of all foreign school leavers within a school year.

In this case, the term "graduates" refers to people who leave general education schools with at least a secondary general school certificate.

### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1996	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016	2017
	Percentage s	hare of all foreig	gn leavers in a y	rear							
Foreign school graduates	80.3	80.1	82.6	87.2	88.2	88.6	89.3	88.1	88.2	85.8	81.9
Foreign female graduates			86.4	89.5	90.3	90.6	91.1	89.4	90.3	89.1	86.4
Foreign male graduates			79.1	85.0	86.2	86.7	87.6	86.8	86.2	82.9	78.1
German school graduates (share of all German leavers)	92.3	91.7	92.8	94.6	95.0	95.1	95.4	95.1	95.0	95.1	94.8

Specification	1996	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016	2017
	Percentage s	hare of all foreig	gn leavers in a y	rear							
Foreign school graduates	80.3	80.1	82.6	87.2	88.2	88.6	89.3	88.1	88.2	85.8	81.9
of which:											
Foreign school graduates											
with a secondary general school certificate	43.6	40.2	41.4	37.6	35.6	33.1	31.0	30.3	28.8	28.5	28.4
with a mid-level certificate 2	27.5	28.9	31.2	35.6	35.9	37.7	41.9	42.4	43.9	40.8	36.1
with a higher education entrance qualification for general or											
applied sciences universities	9.2	11.0	10.1	14.0	16.7	17.8	16.4	15.4	15.4	16.5	17.4
German school graduatesof which:	92.3	91.7	92.8	94.6	95.0	95.1	95.4	95.1	95.0	95.1	94.8
German school graduates											
with a secondary general school certificate	24.9	23.7	23.2	19.0	17.4	16.6	15.5	15.9	15.3	15.1	15.0
with a mid-level certificate 2	40.6	40.9	42.6	41.1	38.7	39.8	42.2	44.4	43.7	43.4	43.6
with a higher education entrance qualification for general or applied sciences universities	26.7	27.0	27.0	34.5	38.8	38.6	37.7	34.9	36.0	36.6	36.3

<sup>1</sup> Revised results.

<sup>2</sup> Lower secondary education, ISCED level 2.

	C.	odustas / lasu		of which					
Specification	di	aduates / leav	eis		German			Foreign	
	total	female	male	together	female	male	together	female	male
	Number <sup>3</sup>								
School graduates / leavers	831,812	403,242	428,570	758,035	369,489	388,546	73,777	33,753	40,024
without secondary general school certificate	52,685	19,827	32,858	39,347	15,247	24,100	13,338	4,580	8,758
with secondary general school certificate	134,389	54,191	80,198	113,442	45,400	68,042	20,947	8,791	12,156
with a mid-level certificate 4	356,812	172,772	184,040	330,174	159,633	170,541	26,638	13,139	13,499
with entrance qualification for university of applied sciences 5	628	292	336	576	263	313	52	29	23
with general university entrance qualification	287,298	156,160	131,138	274,496	148,946	125,550	12,802	7,214	5,588

<sup>3</sup> Results for the year 2017.

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt, Bildung, Fachserie 11, Reihe 1: Allgemeinbildende Schulen (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Bildung-Forschung-Kultur/Schulen

→ Publikationen: Allgemeinbildende Schulen

<sup>4</sup> Lower secondary education, ISCED level 2.

<sup>5</sup> The schooling part of the entrance qualification of applied sciences universities is depicted in the mid-level certificate.

### 10 Reduced inequalities

Distributive justice - Preventing excessive inequality within Germany

### 10.2 Gini coefficient of income distribution

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the distribution of equivalised disposable income per person using Gini coefficients.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Gini coefficien	t of equivalised o	disposable incom	ne						
Germany	0.304	0.302	0.291	0.293	0.290	0.283	0.297	0.307	0.301	0.295
European Union 1	0.306	0.310	0.306	0.305	0.308	0.305	0.305	0.310	0.310	0.308

### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Gini coefficien	t of equivalised i	ncome before so	cial transfers <sup>2</sup>			•		•	
Germany	0.373	0.367	0.355	0.359	0.358	0.345	0.362	0.371	0.363	0.359
European Union 1	0.361	0.361	0.360	0.363	0.367	0.361	0.363	0.366	0.365	0.362
	Gini coefficient	t of wealth								
Germany				0.760				0.760	•	
Eurozone	-	-	-	0.678		-		0.685	·	•
	Gini coefficient	t of market incon	ne							
Germany		0.494	0.493	0.492	0.505	0.501	0.508	0.500	0.504	

<sup>1</sup> Until 2009 EU 27, from 2010 EU 28.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office, Eurostat, German Bundesbank, European Central Bank, German Institute for Economic Research

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt, EU-SILC (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Lebensbedingungen-Armutsgefaehrdung/EU-SILC

<sup>2</sup> Social transfers do not include pensions.

#### 11 Sustainable cities and communities

Land use - Using land sustainably

# 11.1.a Expansion of settlement and transport area

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the average daily expansion of the settlement and transport area.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1992	1996 <sup>1</sup>	2000	2004	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Hectares pe	r day											_
Expansion of settlement and transport area <sup>2</sup> (moving four-year average)		120	129	115	104	94	87	81	74	73	69	66	62
Expansion of settlement and transport area		120	131	131	95	78	77	74	69	71	63	61	/
Transport area	•	24	24	25	21	18	21	17	11	19	23	10	/
Buildings and adjacent open area, commercial/industrial area 2.	•	87	87	60	35	28	33	30	40	29	22	40	/
Recreation area, cemetery	•	9	21	46	39	32	23	27	18	23	18	12	/

<sup>1</sup> Average 1993 - 1996.

Note:

Regarding the area survey by type of actual use, a methodological change in the survey basis took place in 2016, so that the comparability of the data with previous years is limited from 2016 onwards.

Specification	1992	1996 <sup>1</sup>	2000	2004	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
	km²												
Settlement and transport area	40,305	42,052	43,939	45,621	47,137	47,422	47,702	48,133	48,368	48,597	48,910	49,066	
Settlement area	23,865	25,266	26,822	28,175	29,347	29,566	29,772	30,249	30,444	30,612	30,837	30,959	
Transport area	16,441	16,786	17,118	17,446	17,790	17,856	17,931	17,884	17,923	17,985	18,072	18,108	
including:													
Recreation area, cemetery	2,582	2,709	3,009	3,483	4,144	4,261	4,346	4,561	4,629	4,709	4,789	4,832	
Agricultural area	195,112	193,075	191,028	189,324	187,646	187,291	186,934	185,253	184,982	184,779	184,596	184,332	
Forest / wood	104,536	104,908	105,314	106,488	107,349	107,534	107,664	108,751	108,909	109,098	109,309	109,515	
Germany, total	356,970	357,030	357,031	357,050	357,111	357,125	357,127	357,138	357,169	357,341	357,376	357,409	
	Share of housing and transport area in %												
Recreation area, cemetery	6.4	6.4	6.8	7.6	8.8	9.0	9.1	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.8	

<sup>2</sup> Excluding exploitation area.

Specification	1992	1996 <sup>1</sup>	2000	2004	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	Share of tot	al in %										
Housing and transport area	11.3	11.8	12.3	12.8	13.2	13.3	13.4	13.5	13.5	13.6	13.7	13.7
Agricultural area	54.7	54.1	53.5	53.0	52.5	52.4	52.3	51.9	51.8	51.7	51.7	51.6
Wooded area	29.3	29.4	29.5	29.8	30.1	30.1	30.1	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.6	30.6

<sup>1</sup> Average 1993 - 1996.

Source: Federal Statistical Office, Area Survey

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt, Flächenerhebung, Fachserie 3, Reihe 5.1: Bodenfläche nach art der tatsächlichen Nutzung (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Landwirtschaft-Forstwirtschaft-Fischerei/Flaechennutzung

#### 11 Sustainable cities and communities

Land use - Using land sustainably

# 11.1.b Loss of open space area

#### 1. Definition

The indicator represents the annual change in the per capita open space area in square metres as a four-year moving average.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	Change in pe	r capita open s	space area, squ	are metres per	year (four-year	moving averag	e)					
Germany, total	-5.1	-5.0	-4.8	-4.7	-4.6	-4.3	-4.0	-4.2	-3.8	-3.6	-3.7	-2.9
Non-rural areas	-1.8	-1.8	-1.7	-1.7	-1.7	-1.5	-1.5	-1.4	-1.2	-1.2	-1.1	-1.0
Rural areas	-7.4	-7.3	-7.1	-6.9	-6.7	-6.4	-5.9	-6.3	-5.7	-5.5	-5.7	-4.3

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	Population, t	housand										
Germany, total	82,500.8	82,438.0	82,314.9	82,217.8	82,002.4	81,802.3	81,751.6	80,327.9	80,523.7	80,767.5	81,197.5	82,175.7
Non-rural areas	34,419.2	34,478.9	34,545.2	34,616.6	34,637.0	34,649.0	34,758.1	34,105.6	34,346.4	34,579.2	34,865.7	35,374.2
Rural areas	48,081.7	47,959.1	47,769.7	47,601.2	47,365.4	47,153.3	46,993.5	46,222.3	46,177.4	46,188.3	46,331.8	46,801.5
	Settlement a	nd transport ar	ea¹, square kilo	metres								
Germany, total	45,621	46,000	46,379	46,758	47,137	47,422	47,702	48,133	48,368	48,597	48,894	49,066
Non-rural areas	10,207	10,264	10,322	10,380	10,437	10,478	10,526	10,572	10,607	10,641	10,671	10,704
Rural areas	35,414	35,736	36,057	36,378	36,700	36,943	37,176	37,561	37,761	37,956	38,223	38,361

<sup>1</sup> Years between 2004 and 2008 were interpolated.

#### Note:

Because of the corrections due to the 2011 census and the 2016 ALKIS changeover, there are discontinuities in the time series. Time comparisons are only appropriate in the time intervals 2004 to 2010, 2011 to 2015 and from 2016 onwards.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Population Statistics, Area Survey

Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt, Flächenerhebung, Fachserie 3, Reihe 5.1: Bodenfläche nach Art der tatsächlichen Nutzung (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Landwirtschaft-Forstwirtschaft-Fischerei/Flaechennutzung

Statistisches Bundesamt, Bevölkerungsstatistik, Fachserie 1, Reihe 1.3: Bevölkerung und Erwerbstätigkeit (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Bevoelkerung

#### 11 Sustainable cities and communities

Land use - Using land sustainably

# 11.1.c Density of settlements

### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the number of inhabitants per square kilometre of settlement and transport area.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2000	2004	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	2000 = 100										
Density of settlements <sup>1</sup>											
Germany, total	100	97	93	92	92	91	91	90	90	91	91
Non-rural areas	100	98	97	96	96	96	97	97	98	99	99
Rural areas	100	96	91	90	89	88	88	87	87	87	87

### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2000	2004	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Population, t	housand									_
Germany, total	80,753.6	80,990.4	80,501.1	80,304.6	80,254.9	80,327.9	80,523.7	80,767.5	81,197.5	82,175.7	82,521.7
Non-rural areas	33,362.8	33,601.4	33,814.1	33,825.8	33,932.4	34,105.6	34,346.4	34,579.2	34,865.7	35,374.2	35,620.1
Rural areas	47,399.1	47,396.0	46,689.9	46,480.9	46,323.3	46,222.3	46,177.4	46,188.3	46,331.8	46,801.5	46,901.6
	Settlement a	nd transport ar	ea, square kiloı	metres							
Germany, total	43,953	45,636	47,152	47,437	47,717	48,148	48,384	48,613	48,909	49,081	49,254
Non-rural areas	9,921	10,168	10,397	10,438	10,486	10,531	10,566	10,600	10,630	10,663	10,697
Rural areas	34,031	35,467	36,754	36,998	37,231	37,616	37,817	38,012	38,279	38,418	38,557
	Inhabitants p	er km² of hous	ing and transpo	ort area							
Germany, total	1,837	1,775	1,707	1,693	1,682	1,668	1,664	1,661	1,660	1,674	1,675
Non-rural areas	3,363	3,305	3,252	3,241	3,236	3,238	3,251	3,262	3,280	3,317	3,330
Rural areas	1,393	1,336	1,270	1,256	1,244	1,229	1,221	1,215	1,210	1,218	1,216

<sup>1</sup> Recalculated, chain-linked time series due to the changeover from the Automated Real Estate Book (ALB) to the Official Real Estate Register Information System (ALKIS) as of 2016.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Population Statistics, Area Survey

Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development

<sup>2</sup> Recalculated and updated population based on the 2011 census.

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt, Flächenerhebung, Fachserie 3, Reihe 5.1: Bodenfläche nach art der tatsächlichen Nutzung (only available in German)

www. destatis. de/Landwirtschaft-Forstwirtschaft-Fischerei/Flaechennutzung

Statistisches Bundesamt, Bevölkerungsstatistik, Fachserie 1, Reihe 1.3: Bevölkerung und Erwerbstätigkeit (only available in German)

Rückgerechnete und fortgeschriebene Bevölkerung auf Grundlage des Zensus 2011 (only available in German)

www.destatis.de/Bevoelkerung

#### 11 Sustainable cities and communities

Mobility – Guaranteeing mobility – Protecting the environment

# 11.2.a Final energy consumption in goods transport

#### 1. Definition

Final energy consumption in goods transport represents the energy consumption for the carriage of goods within Germany via inland shipping, by rail and by road.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 1
	2005 = 100											
Final energy consumption for the carriage of goods	100	105.0	108.2	106.9	97.8	103.3	105.5	102.8	103.9	106.2	108.1	110.0
Goods transport performance 2	100	108.5	112.7	113.4	100.8	108.5	108.7	106.8	109.6	111.1	112.4	112.9
Final energy consumption per tonne-kilometre memorandum item:	100	96.7	96.0	94.3	97.0	95.2	97.1	96.2	94.8	95.6	96.1	97.5
Intensity of goods transport	100	104.1	105.2	104.7	98.7	102.1	98.6	96.4	98.5	98.3	97.8	96.3

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 <sup>1</sup>
	Billion megaj	oules										
Final energy consumption for the carriage of goods	507.0	532.2	548.5	541.9	495.9	523.6	534.9	521.2	526.9	538.7	547.8	557.7
by road	463.3	488.2	504.4	498.6	459.3	482.7	494.5	482.0	486.9	499.6	508.6	520.0
by rail	19.3	19.9	20.0	19.6	16.2	18.5	18.9	18.3	18.9	17.8	18.2	17.6
by inland shipping	24.4	24.1	24.2	23.7	20.3	22.3	21.4	20.8	21.2	21.3	21.1	20.1
	2005 = 100											
Final energy consumption for the carriage of goods	100	105.0	108.2	106.9	97.8	103.3	105.5	102.8	103.9	106.2	108.1	110.0
by road	100	105.4	108.9	107.6	99.1	104.2	106.7	104.0	105.1	107.8	109.8	112.2
by rail	100	103.2	103.8	102.0	84.3	96.0	98.3	95.2	98.3	92.2	94.4	91.5
by inland shipping	100	98.8	98.8	96.8	82.9	91.4	87.7	85.2	86.6	87.3	86.3	82.2
	Billion tonne	-kilometre										
Good transport performance 2	562.2	610.0	633.4	637.3	566.9	610.2	611.0	600.6	616.4	624.7	632.1	634.5
by road	402.7	439.1	454.1	457.6	415.6	440.6	442.6	432.0	443.7	452.9	460.2	464.0
by rail	95.4	107.0	114.6	115.7	95.8	107.3	113.3	110.1	112.6	112.6	116.6	116.2
by inland shipping	64.1	64.0	64.7	64.1	55.5	62.3	55.0	58.5	60.1	59.1	55.3	54.3

<sup>1</sup> Partially provisional data.

<sup>2</sup> Goods transport performance in the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany (excluding carriage by air, via pipeline and on lorries [< 3.5 t payload]).

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 <sup>1</sup>
	Megajoules/	tonne-kilometr	e									
Final energy consumption per tonne-kilometre	0.90	0.87	0.87	0.85	0.87	0.86	0.88	0.87	0.85	0.86	0.87	0.88
Carriage by road	1.15	1.11	1.11	1.09	1.11	1.10	1.12	1.12	1.10	1.10	1.11	1.12
Carriage by rail	0.20	0.19	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.16	0.15
Carriage by inland shipping	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.39	0.36	0.35	0.36	0.38	0.37

Sources: Federal Ministry of Transport and Digital Infrastructure (editor): Transport in figures 2017/2018

Institute for Energy and Environmental Research

Federal Statistical Office

#### 4. Further information

Bundesministerium für Verkehr und digitale Infrastruktur (Hrsg.): Verkehr in Zahlen, Ausgabe 2017/2018 (only available in German)
Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft, Tabellen zu den Umweltökonomischen Gesamtrechnungen, Teil 5 (only available in German)
www.destatis.de/Umwelt/Materialfluesse-Energiefluesse

ightarrow Publikationen: Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft

#### 11 Sustainable cities and communities

Mobility – Guaranteeing mobility – Protecting the environment

# 11.2.b Final energy consumption in passenger transport

#### 1. Definition

Final energy consumption in passenger transport represents the energy consumption for the carriage of people within Germany by rail, by air and by road (public and private transport).

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 1
	2005 = 100											_
Final energy consumption in passenger transport	100	99.2	98.4	97.2	98.1	97.9	98.5	97.8	97.5	98.2	98.9	98.9
Passenger transport performance 2	100	100.8	100.9	101.6	102.5	102.9	104.0	104.3	105.1	106.7	108.1	110.5
Final energy consumption per passenger-kilometre memorandum item:	100	98.3	97.5	95.6	95.7	95.2	94.7	93.7	92.7	92.0	91.5	89.5
Intensity of passenger transport	100	97.2	94.3	93.9	100.3	96.8	94.4	94.2	94.4	94.1	93.7	93.9

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 <sup>1</sup>
	Billion mega	joules										
Final energy consumption in passenger transport	1,672.8	1,658.8	1,646.4	1,625.6	1,640.8	1,638.4	1,648.4	1,635.5	1,631.0	1,642.7	1,654.7	1,653.7
by road	1,594.3	1,580.5	1,568.3	1,547.1	1,564.0	1,562.2	1,572.6	1,561.9	1,561.2	1,573.9	1,585.1	1,582.1
by rail	45.5	44.3	43.2	43.4	43.0	42.4	41.7	41.7	40.9	39.5	39.0	40.4
by air 3	33.0	34.1	34.9	35.2	33.8	33.7	34.0	31.9	28.9	29.3	30.6	31.3
	Billion passe	enger-kilometre										
Passenger transport performance 2	1,044.5	1,053.3	1,054.4	1,061.6	1,070.1	1,075.1	1,086.4	1,089.7	1,098.1	1,114.7	1,129.3	1,154.3
Carriage by rail	76.8	79.0	79.1	82.5	82.3	83.9	85.4	88.8	89.6	91.0	91.7	95.8
Carriage by air 3	9.5	9.9	10.6	11.0	10.6	10.7	10.6	10.3	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.4
Public transport by road 4	82.5	81.8	81.3	79.6	78.6	78.1	78.0	76.0	77.1	78.8	81.8	82.5
Private motorised transport	875.7	882.6	883.4	888.5	898.7	902.4	912.4	914.6	921.4	935.0	945.7	965.5
by purposes:												
Commuting	167.5	168.7	172.0	172.3	174.8	175.9	179.0	180.8	182.5	186.6	189.5	
Education	17.5	17.4	17.2	17.0	17.5	17.5	18.0	18.0	18.4	18.9	19.0	
Business	114.8	116.8	119.8	123.5	125.2	127.3	129.4	130.4	131.0	133.7	136.8	
Shopping	164.2	163.7	160.6	159.6	161.2	160.8	161.9	161.4	162.6	164.3	165.3	
Recreation	311.3	314.7	311.0	313.6	317.6	319.2	323.8	323.7	327.6	332.0	334.5	
Conveyance of others	54.7	54.8	53.3	55.7	56.0	55.4	55.3	54.8	55.0	55.4	55.7	
Holiday	45.6	46.6	49.6	46.8	46.4	46.3	45.0	45.6	44.3	44.1	44.8	

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 <sup>1</sup>
	Megajoules/passenger-kilometre											
Final energy consumption per passenger-kilometre	1.60	1.57	1.56	1.53	1.53	1.52	1.52	1.50	1.49	1.47	1.47	1.43
by road	1.66	1.64	1.63	1.60	1.60	1.59	1.59	1.58	1.56	1.55	1.54	1.51
by rail	0.59	0.56	0.55	0.53	0.52	0.50	0.49	0.47	0.46	0.43	0.43	0.42
by air 3	3.48	3.45	3.29	3.21	3.20	3.16	3.20	3.10	2.92	2.94	3.02	3.00

<sup>1</sup> Partially provisional data.

Sources: Federal Ministry of Transport and Digital Infrastructure (editor): Transport in figures 2017/2018

Institute for Energy and Environmental Research

Federal Statistical Office

#### 4. Further information

Bundesministerium für Verkehr und digitale Infrastruktur (Hrsg.): Verkehr in Zahlen, Ausgabe 2017/2018 (only available in German)
Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft, Tabellen zu den Umweltökonomischen Gesamtrechnungen, Teil 5 (only available in German)
www.destatis.de/Umwelt/Materialfluesse-Energiefluesse

→ Publikationen: Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft

<sup>2</sup> Passenger transport performance within the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany (including carriage by air).

<sup>3</sup> Domestic flights.

<sup>4</sup> Until 2003 only enterprises with at least six omnibuses.

#### 11 Sustainable cities and communities

Mobility – Guaranteeing mobility – Protecting the environment

# 11.2.c Accessibility of medium-sized and large cities by public transport

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the population-weighted average travel time by public transport to the nearest medium-sized or large city.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2012	2016
	Minutes	
Travel time by public transport	23.5	22.4

### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2012	2016
	Percentage s	hare
Stops from where the next medium-sized/large city can be reached within the standard travel time		
Standard travel time: max. 45 minutes	84.0	92.0
Standard travel time: max. 60 minutes	83.5	92.7
	Number	
Medium-sized or large city	1,010	1,069

Source: Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affaires and Spatial Development

Specification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	%							
Population with access to public transport	94,3	94,0	94,4	92,8	94,3	93,6	93,6	94,2

ource: Federal Ministry of Transport and Digital Infrastructure

#### 4. Further information

Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affaires and Spatial Development www.bbsr.bund.de

### 11 Sustainable cities and communities

Housing – Affordable housing for all

### 11.3 Housing cost overload

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the share of people who live in households that spend more than 40% of their disposable household income on housing. Housing expenditure includes net rent, heating expenses, incidental rental expenses, energy costs and expenditure on water supply as well as value-maintaining investments and interest payments on loans in the case of residential ownership.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016	2017 1
	Percent	•	•	•		•	•	
Proportion of people in households that spend more than 40 % of their disposable income on housing	14.5	16.1	16.6	16.4	15.9	15.6	15.8	14.5

## 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016	2017 <sup>1</sup>
	Percentage s	hare						
Proportion of the population overburdened by housing costs among those at risk of poverty	42.2	46.3	51.7	49.2	54.4	51.9	50.3	48.5
Proportion of the population overburdened by housing costs among those not at risk of poverty	9.4	10.5	9.9	10.1	8.3	8.4	9.1	7.9
Proportion of people in households that spend more than 40 % of their disposable income on housing								
Germany	14.5	16.1	16.6	16.4	15.9	15.6	15.8	14.5
European Union	10.8	11.4	11	11.1	11.6	11.4	11.1	
including:								
Belgium	8.9	10.6	11	9.6	10.4	9.4	9.5	9.1
France	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	<i>5.7</i>	5.2	
Italy	7.7	8.7	8.1	8.9	8.5	8.6	9.6	
Netherlands	14	14.5	14.4	15.7	15.4	14.9	10.7	9.6
Austria	7.5	7.8	7	7.2	6.6	6.4	7.2	7.1
Sweden	7.8	9.3	8.7	9	8.6	8.7	8.5	8.4
Euro zone	9.6	10.7	11.1	11.3	11.4	11.3	11	•••

1 Data for 2015 partially revised, 2017 partially provisional.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office, Eurostat

#### 4. Further information

Eurostat

ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/income-and-living-conditions/overview

#### 12 Responsible consumption and production

Responsible consumption – Making consumption environmentally and socially compatible

# 12.1.a Market share of products certified by publicly managed eco-labelling schemes

#### 1. Definition

The indicator measures the market share of products with voluntary or mandatory eco-labels, whose awarding procedures are stipulated by governmental bodies.

### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2012 1	2013 1	2014 1	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016 <sup>1</sup>				
	Market share, percent								
Products certified by publicly managed									
eco-labelling schemes	3.6	4.4	5.9	7.5	8.6				

Specification	2012 1	2013 <sup>1</sup>	2014 1	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016 <sup>1</sup>
	Sales, millions	of euros			_
All product categoriesincluding:	9,480	11,523	16,150	21,825	25,683
Refrigerators	175	287	335	362	392
Freezers	48	89	107	100	109
Washing machines	663	846	1,079	1,199	1,280
Dishwashers	108	148	200	255	273
Drier	0	10	32	84	160
Electric cookers / ovens	0	0	0	0	0
Televisions	29	168	352	233	55
Illuminants	10	33	86	135	169
Organic foods	7,040	7,420	7,760	8,620	9,480
Cars	1,153	2,251	5,890	10,532	13,476
Laundry detergent / cleaning agent	0	1	1	2	3
Sanitary paper	253	270	307	302	286

Specification	2012 1	2013 <sup>1</sup>	2014 1	2015 <sup>1</sup>	2016 <sup>1</sup>
	Proportion of t	otal sales, perce	ntage share		
Refrigerators	12.0	19.2	21.6	22.7	24.2
Freezers	14.7	26.1	29.9	28.6	31.8
Washing machines	48.6	61.8	75.6	80.9	85.2
Dishwashers	10.0	13.2	17.3	21.2	22.4
Drier	0.0	2.0	5.7	13.7	25.4
Electric cookers / ovens	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Televisions	0.5	3.8	8.1	6.4	1.5
Illuminants	3.0	8.6	21.4	32.4	41.3
Organic foods	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.6	5.0
Cars	1.4	2.9	7.1	11.8	14.4
Laundry detergent / cleaning agent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Sanitary paper	15.1	16.2	18.0	17.3	16.0

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data.

Sources: Gesellschaft für Konsumforschung, Federal Motor Transport Authority, Agricultural Market Information Company,
Bund Ökologische Lebensmittelwirtschaft, Verkehrsclub Deutschland, German Environment Agency

#### 4. Further information

Federal Environment Agency

www.umweltbundesamt.de/indicator-environmentally-friendly-consumption

#### 12 Responsible consumption and production

Responsible consumption – Making consumption environmentally and socially compatible

# 12.1.b Energy consumption and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from consumption

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the development of direct and indirect energy consumption by households and thus illustrates the strain placed on energy by the consumption activities of households.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 <sup>1</sup>
	2005 = 100										
Energy consumption	100	98.0	93.3	96.1	97.1	101.9	97.8	96.5	98.5	92.3	94.3
Direct energy consumption	40.0	38.8	37.4	38.4	38.6	41.1	37.4	37.7	39.7	35.4	37.0
Energy content of consumer goods	60.0	59.2	55.9	57.7	58.5	60.7	60.4	58.9	58.7	56.9	57.4
CO2 emissions	100	98.5	96.2	99.3	100.2	105.1	102.9	102.3	103.6	97.4	99.0

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 <sup>1</sup>
	Petajoules										_
Energy consumption	9,904	9,707	9,235	9,520	9,615	10,088	9,682	9,560	9,750	9,138	9,340
Housing	3,797	3,728	3,536	3,615	3,599	3,920	3,473	3,453	3,657	3,176	3,324
Mobility	2,410	2,376	2,298	2,294	2,382	2,328	2,353	2,309	2,323	2,312	2,328
Other products	1,351	1,299	1,242	1,308	1,223	1,420	1,468	1,449	1,449	1,361	1,371
Other services	1,205	1,222	1,150	1,264	1,300	1,297	1,228	1,178	1,188	1,147	1,156
Food	1,140	1,082	1,010	1,039	1,111	1,122	1,160	1,171	1,134	1,142	1,160
Direct energy consumption	3,958	3,847	3,703	3,801	3,826	4,074	3,700	3,731	3,933	3,505	3,660
Fuels 2	2,544	2,471	2,331	2,454	2,448	2,694	2,303	2,354	2,546	2,130	2,290
Motor fuels	1,414	1,376	1,372	1,347	1,378	1,380	1,396	1,377	1,387	1,375	1,370
Indirect energy consumption	5,946	5,860	5,532	5,718	5,789	6,014	5,983	5,829	5,817	5,633	5,680
	Proportion of	total, percenta	ge share								
Direct energy consumption	40.0	39.6	40.1	39.9	39.8	40.4	38.2	39.0	40.3	38.4	39.2
Fuels 2	64.3	64.2	62.9	64.6	64.0	66.1	62.3	63.1	64.7	60.8	62.6
Motor fuels	35.7	35.8	37.1	35.4	36.0	33.9	37.7	36.9	35.3	39.2	37.4
Indirect energy consumption	60.0	60.4	59.9	60.1	60.2	59.6	61.8	61.0	59.7	61.6	60.8

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data.

<sup>2</sup> Including electricity and district heating.

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 1
	Million tonne	s									
CO2 emissions	643.7	634.3	619.2	639.1	644.8	676.8	662.5	658.3	667.0	627.0	637.6
Direct CO2 emissions 3	230.7	223.4	213.5	224.7	221.4	235.0	216.5	218.2	227.2	204.9	212.6
CO2 content of consumer goods	413.0	410.9	405.7	414.3	423.4	441.8	446.0	440.1	439.9	422.1	425.0
	Proportion of	total, percenta	ge share								
Direct CO2 emissions 3	35.8	35.2	34.5	35.2	34.3	34.7	32.7	33.2	34.1	32.7	33.3
CO2 content of consumer goods	64.2	64.8	65.5	64.8	65.7	65.3	67.3	66.8	65.9	67.3	66.7

<sup>3</sup> Emissions resulting from the combustion of fuels.

Source: Federal Statistical Office: Environmental-Economic Accounting

#### 4. Further information

Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft, Tabellen zu den Umweltökonomischen Gesamtrechnungen, Teil 1 und Teil 2 (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Umwelt/Materialfluesse-Energiefluesse

→ Publikationen: Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft

#### 12 Responsible consumption and production

Responsible production – Increasing the proportion of sustainable production continuously

# 12.2 EMAS eco-management

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the number of locations of organisations registered in Germany for EMAS (Eco-Management and Audit Scheme).

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Number												
Location of EMAS registered organisations 1	1,958	1,985	1,956	1,917	1,906	1,913	1,903	1,822	1,856	1,900	1,998	2,067	2 176
Employees	961,255	926,296	860,491	840,006	802,825	780,757	764,736	772,774	772,883	785,432	800,635	842,301	985,195

Specification	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Number of o	rganisations					•		•	•	•		•
Germany (Deutschland)	1,491	1,490	1,466	1,408	1,354	1,332	1,269	1,212	1,228	1,223	1,216	1,225	1,240
Baden-Württemberg	313	358	353	363	366	403	408	410	420	415	422	408	396
Bavaria		302	298	287	282	275	250	247	244	257	269	274	288
Berlin	56	55	57	51	43	39	39	34	41	35	26	30	32
Brandenburg	42	38	34	33	34	38	30	26	30	29	27	30	36
Bremen	20	20	19	24	24	21	20	17	16	14	12	11	12
Hamburg	20	20	21	14	13	12	12	10	9	11	11	10	12
Hesse	103	102	98	69	67	73	74	72	70	73	76	80	78
Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	24	25	24	23	16	8	8	6	6	6	5	6	5
Lower Saxony	56	58	61	61	67	72	76	62	64	60	56	55	59
North-Rhine/Westphalia	164	156	168	164	157	140	131	121	118	113	114	117	115
Rhineland-Palatinate	53	49	49	44	46	44	37	35	36	37	31	33	33
Saarland	49	47	50	52	51	49	44	43	44	51	50	51	53
Saxony	53	47	46	42	40	36	35	35	33	33	32	32	33
Saxony-Anhalt	34	34	37	38	35	35	28	28	28	24	21	21	22
Schleswig-Holstein	72	72	66	59	50	36	34	26	26	22	17	18	18
Thuringia	112	107	85	84	63	51	43	40	43	43	47	49	48

<sup>1</sup> Data from 2012 revised by DIHK. This also applies to the number of employees in 2013, 2016 and 2017.

		ı	ı	ı	I	ı		
Specification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Number of lo	cations of orga	nisations					
Germany (Deutschland)	1,913	1,903	1,822	1,856	1,900	1,998	2,067	2,176
Baden-Württemberg	493	498	508	522	538	578	582	574
Bavaria	385	391	388	391	421	466	475	524
Berlin	53	53	48	56	50	52	57	61
Brandenburg	52	47	36	40	39	39	47	60
Bremen	26	26	28	29	28	30	29	30
Hamburg	37	36	33	34	38	37	37	51
Hesse	138	139	140	132	134	144	159	159
Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania	10	10	10	10	10	7	8	8
Lower Saxony	91	95	82	82	84	85	80	93
North-Rhine/Westphalia	262	263	232	231	222	229	236	232
Rhineland-Palatinate	53	48	49	53	51	45	51	53
Saarland	60	55	55	57	63	61	62	64
Saxony	63	62	66	63	65	64	74	89
Saxony-Anhalt	53	50	40	41	39	39	44	44
Schleswig-Holstein	59	59	45	43	41	32	33	45
Thuringia	78	71	62	72	77	90	93	89
Specification	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Proportion of	f locations of o	rganisatios, per	rcent	•		•	
Industries <sup>2</sup>								
Manufacturing (C)	39.5	39.4	39.4		38.8	38.0	37.7	37.6
Other service activities (S)	13.9	13.8	12.5	•	11.8	11.5	11.0	9.8
Accommodation and food service activities (I)	5.0	4.9	6.8		9.0	10.2	10.1	9.5
Education (P)	9.6	9.6	8.9		8.9	8.7	8.1	7.6
Water supply; wastewater and waste management								

<sup>2</sup> The code in brackets corresponds to the Classification of Economic Activities, 2008 edition (WZ 2008).

Source: Association of German Chambers of Commerce and Industry in association with the Office of the German EMAS Advisory Board

### 4. Further information

The German EMAS Advisory Board (Umweltgutachterausschuss) www.emas.de/english-summary

#### 12 Responsible consumption and production

Responsible procurement – Giving shape to the public sector's exemplary role in sustainable procurement

#### 12.3 Responsible procurement

12.3.a: Recycled paper bearing the Blue Angel label as a proportion of the total paper consumption of the direct federal administration

12.3.b: CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per mileage of motor vehicles of the public sector

#### 1. Definition

This indicator shows sustainability in procurement using the two subsectors of  $CO_2$  emissions from motor vehicles and paper as examples. The indicator " $CO_2$  emissions per mileage of motor vehicles of the public sector" relates the  $CO_2$  emissions to the relevant mileages.

The indicator "Recycled paper bearing the Blue Angel label as a proportion of the total paper consumption of the direct federal administration" shows the volume of paper with the Blue Angel eco-label as a proportion of the total paper consumed by the direct federal administration.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2015	2016	2017
	2015 = 100		
Recycled paper bearing the Blue Angel label as a proportion of the total paper consumption of the direct federal administration 1	100	136.8	147.7
CO2 emissions per mileage of motor vehicles of the public sector 2	100	98.2	

<sup>1</sup> The direct federal administration comprises the federal government's own central and subordinate authorities, which are legally dependent.

The Blue Angel is an eco-label for environmentally friendly products and services. With regard to paper, this label means that 100% of the paper fibres are recycled and

that so harmful chemicals or optical brighteners are used in the production prozess.

2 Motor vehicles of the public sector include all passenger cars and light commercial vehicles up to a weight of 3.5 tonnes. The public sector comprises the federal level, the Länder, municipalities and associations of municipalities, the police, the Federal Border Guard, fire protection and fire brigades.

Specification	2015	2016	2017
	1,000 sheets	of paper	
Paper consumption	1,149,913 518,224	1,281,745 790,216	1,245,725 829,390
	Percentage sh	are	
Recycled paper bearing the Blue Angel label as a proportion of the total paper consumption of the direct federal administration 1	45.1	61.7	66.6

Specification	2015	2016	2017
	Tonnes		
CO2 emissions	717,812	702,393	
Passenger cars	493,983	480,526	
Light commercial vehicles	143,401	140,081	
Motorcycles	1,255	1,187	
Other light commercial vehicles 3	79,173	80,599	
	1,000 kilomet	res	
Mileage	3,900,983	3,888,609	
Passenger cars	2,857,191	2,838,994	
Light commercial vehicles	683,365	676,200	
Motorcycles	11,697	10,843	
Other light commercial vehicles 3	348,729	362,572	
	kilograms per	1,000 kilometres	
CO2 emissions per mileage	184.0	180.6	

<sup>3</sup> Other light motor vehicles include: Fire-fighting vehicles and vehicles for similar purposes, patient elevators (license-free), police vehicles, postral, radio and telecommunications vehicles, civil protection vehicles, other vehicles, if not specified, unknown vehicle class or construction type.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office

German Institute for Energy and Environmental Research

German Environment Agency

Competence Center for Sustainable Procurement

#### 13 Climate action

Climate protection – Reducing greenhouse gases

# 13.1.a Greenhouse gas emissions

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows emissions of the following greenhouse gases (substances or substance groups) in  $CO_2$  equivalents: carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$ , methane  $(CH_4)$ , laughing gas  $(N_2O)$ , nitrogen triflouride  $(NF_3)$ , hydroflourocarbons (HFC), perflourocarbons (PFC) as well as sulphur hexaflouride  $(SF_6)$ .

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	1990 = 100														
Greenhouse gas emissions 2	100	83.5	79.3	79.9	77.8	77.9	72.6	75.3	73.5	73.9	75.3	72.1	72.4	72.7	72.3

## 3. Supplementary data

Specification	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	Million tonne	s CO <sub>2</sub> equivale	nts												
Greenhouse gas emissions 2	1,251.7	1,045.0	993.1	1,000.3	973.4	975.3	908.2	942.8	920.3	924.6	942.0	902.7	906.8	909.4	904.7
CO2	1,053.0	901.0	867.2	878.7	852.1	854.4	790.0	833.7	810.8	815.2	832.6	793.6	797.1	801.8	797.3
Other (CH4,N20,H-FKW, SF6, NF3)	198.7	144.0	125.9	121.6	121.3	120.9	118.2	109.1	109.5	109.4	109.4	109.0	109.7	107.7	92.2
including:															
CH4	120.2	87.7	68.4	64.5	62.2	61.2	59.0	58.1	57.0	57.6	57.0	55.8	55.6	54.4	54.1
N2O	65.0	43.1	43.3	43.0	44.9	45.4	44.6	36.6	37.9	37.1	37.6	38.3	38.8	37.9	38.1
HFCs	5.9	8.2	10.0	10.2	10.4	10.6	11.2	10.8	11.0	11.2	11.1	11.2	11.4	11.1	
PFCs	3.1	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	
SF6	4.4	4.1	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.9	
NF3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	Percentage sl	nare													
CO2	84.1	86.2	87.3	87.8	87.5	87.6	87.0	88.4	88.1	88.2	88.4	87.9	87.9	88.2	88.1
CH4	9.6	8.4	6.9	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.0
N20	5.2	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.6	4.7	4.9	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.2
HFCs	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	
SF6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	

<sup>1</sup> Near real-time forecast.

Calculation according to the territorial concept (emissions within the territory of Germany, i.e. including foreign enterprises located in Germany and excluding emissions of German enterprises located abroad).

 $<sup>2 \ \</sup>mathsf{Excluding} \ \mathsf{emissions} \ \mathsf{from} \ \mathsf{land} \ \mathsf{use}, \mathsf{land} \ \mathsf{use} \ \mathsf{changes} \ \mathsf{and} \ \mathsf{forestry} \ (\mathsf{LULUCF}); \ \mathsf{excluding} \ \mathsf{emissions} \ \mathsf{from} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{energetic} \ \mathsf{use} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{biomass}.$ 

Specification	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	1990 = 100														
Greenhouse gas emissions 2	100	83.5	79.3	79.9	77.8	77.9	72.6	75.3	73.5	73.9	75.3	72.1	72.4	72.7	72.3
CO2	100	85.6	82.4	83.5	80.9	81.1	75.0	79.2	77.0	77.4	79.1	75.4	75.7	76.1	75.7
Other (CH4,N20,H-FKW, SF6)	100	72.5	63.4	61.2	61.1	60.8	59.5	54.9	55.1	55.1	55.0	54.9	55.2	54.2	46.4
including:															
CH4	100	72.9	56.9	53.6	51.7	50.9	49.1	48.4	47.4	47.9	47.4	46.4	46.2	45.3	45.0
N20	100	66.2	66.6	66.1	69.0	69.8	68.5	56.3	58.3	57.0	57.9	58.8	59.7	58.3	58.6
HFCs	100	139.2	169.8	172.6	176.4	179.2	190.2	182.6	186.0	189.6	189.0	190.4	192.7	189.2	
PFCs	100	31.3	27.4	21.9	19.3	18.5	13.3	11.3	9.1	7.9	8.4	7.7	8.0	8.5	
SF6	100	92.0	75.0	73.2	73.8	69.1	68.1	72.1	73.5	73.3	75.7	78.7	82.5	87.6	
NF3	100	129.6	501.3	404.7	174.8	430.2	422.7	892.9	889.6	511.7	233.0	294.8	172.8	162.0	

<sup>1</sup> Near real-time forecast.

Sources: Umweltbundesamt (German Environment Agency) 2018; Nationale Trendtabellen für die deutsche Berichterstattung atmosphärischer Emissionen, Stand: EU-Submission 15.01.2018 (only available in German)

#### 4. Further information

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

European Environment Agency: Annual European Union Greenhouse Gas inventory 1990-2012 and inventory report 2014. Submission to the UNFCCC Secretariat, April 2014 European Environment Agency

cdr.eionet.europa.eu/ghg\_inventory

Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft, Tabellen zu den Umweltökonomischen Gesamtrechnungen, Teil 3 (only available in German) www.destatis.de/Umwelt/Materialfluesse-Energiefluesse

 $\rightarrow$  Publikationen: Umweltnutzung und Wirtschaft

<sup>2</sup> Excluding emissions from land use, land use changes and forestry (LULUCF); excluding emissions from the energetic use of biomass.

Calculation according to the territorial concept (emissions within the territory of Germany, i.e. including foreign enterprises located in Germany and excluding emissions of German enterprises located abroad).

#### 13 Climate action

Climate protection – Germany's contribution to international climate finance

# 13.1.b International climate finance for the reduction of greenhouse gases and adaption to climate change

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the financing of measures to reduce greenhouse gases (for instance through the conservation and reforestation of forests (REDD+)), to adapt to climate change and to protect biodiversity. Funding goes primarily to developing and emerging countries and is made from German budget funds, including grant elements of development loans which include budget funds.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Billions of e	uros					_
Germany's climate finance flows primarily to developing and emerging countries	1.56	1.66	1.95	2.34	2.68	3.36	3.65
Target value	-	-	-	2.00	2.10	2.40	3.10

Source: Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development

Specification	2015	2016	2017
	Billions of e	uros	
From budget funds	2.68	3.36	3.65
Reduction of greenhouse gases			1.56
Adaption to climate change			0.92
Cross-sectoral projects			1.17
Development banks on the capital market	4.72	5.20	3.08
Privat climate financing	0.86	1.40	0.50
Total	8.26	9.96	7.23
	Millions of e	euros	
Multilateral channels			481
Proportionately attributed climate finance derived from			
contributions to multilateral funds			187
Bilateral climate finance by regions:			
Africa	887	871	1 102
Asia, Middle East, Southeast Europe	626	827	1 002
Latin America, Caribbean	281	286	469
Globally supraregional projects	135	325	596

Specification	2015	2016	2017			
	Million tonr	Million tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalents				
Direct savings using financial cooperation funds			8.7			

#### 4. Further information

Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development www.bmz.de/en/issues/klimaschutz

#### 14 Life below water

Protecting the oceans - Protecting and sustainably using oceans and marine resources

#### 14.1.a Nitrogen input to the North and the Baltic Sea through German inflows

#### 1. Definition

The indicators show the moving discharge-weighted five-year average of nitrogen concentration in milligrams (mg) of nitrogen per litre (l) of water discharge from rivers into the North and the Baltic Sea. 1

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Concentratio	on, milligrams p	er litre (movin	g discharge-we	eighted average	of the previou	s five years)		•		•		•
Total nitrogen concentration in the Baltic Sea	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.0
Total nitrogen concentration in the North Sea	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9

<sup>1</sup> For the North Sea these are the rivers Eider, Elbe, Ems, Weser, Rhein, die Treene, Aarlau, Bongsieler Kanal and Miele. For the Baltic Sea these are the rivers Peene, Trave, Warnow, Langballigau, Füsinger Au, Koseler Au, Schwentine, Kossau, Goddesdorfer Au, Oldenburger Graben, Aalbeck, Schwartau, Lippingau, Hagener Au, Barthe, Duvenbaek, Hellbach, Maurine, Recknitz, Ryck, Stepenitz, Uecker, Wallensteingraben and Zarnow.

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Calculated c	oncentration, n	nilligrams per l	itre									
Total nitrogen concentration in the Baltic Sea	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.5	3.5	2.9	4.3	3.7	2.8	3.3	2.6	3.3	2.7
Total nitrogen concentration in the North Sea	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.2	2.8	3.2	2.8	2.9	2.9
	Nitrogen loa	d, tonnes per y	ear										
Total nitrogen concentration in the Baltic Sea	8,590	7,796	8,953	14,868	9,776	5,148	12,803	14,799	7,389	9,327	5,105	8,266	5,492
Total nitrogen concentration in the North Sea	410,311	330,853	379,238	417,548	361,037	310,179	420,867	314,423	289,639	410,095	252,943	264,595	297,647
	Discharge, n	nillion cubic me	etre per year										
Total nitrogen concentration in the Baltic Sea	2,404	2,197	2,519	3,306	2,792	1,769	2,973	3,991	2,627	2,814	1,950	2,524	1,998
Total nitrogen concentration in the North Sea	114,352	96,373	104,449	122,527	109,168	97,517	121,664	98,590	105,090	126,348	89,271	90,613	102,542

Source: German Environment Agency using information from the Länder and river basin communities

#### 4. Further information

Specification <sup>2</sup>	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Concentration	on, milligrams p	er litre (movin	g discharge-we	ighted average	of the previou	s five years)	•	•	•	•	•	
North Sea	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9
Elbe (Seemannshöff)	5.1	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.1
Ems (Herbrum)	5.9	5.8	5.1	5.2	5.3	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.8	4.7	4.7
Weser (Hemelingen)	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.2	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8
Eider (Friedrichstadt + Nordfeld)	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1
Treene (Friedrichstadt + Treia)	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1
Arlau (Arlau BP)	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.6
Bongsieler Kanal (Schlüttsiel BP)		3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.9
Miele (Meldorf)	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.6
Rhein (Bimmen)	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.7
	Calculated c	oncentration, r	nilligrams per l	itre									
North Sea	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.2	2.8	3.2	2.8	2.9	2.9
Elbe (Seemannshöff)		3.5	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.9	3.7	2.8	3.8	3.1	2.8	3.1
Ems (Herbrum)		5.1	4.9	6.1	5.1	3.1	5.6	4.6	4.4	4.7	4.8	5.0	4.5
Weser (Hemelingen)	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.9	4.4	4.0	4.3	3.6	3.5	4.3	3.7	3.9	3.7
Eider (Friedrichstadt + Nordfeld)	2.8	3.2	3.7	4.5	3.8	3.3	3.7	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.4	3.0
Treene (Friedrichstadt + Treia)	3.8	3.8	4.4	4.3	4.0	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.3	2.9
Arlau (Arlau BP)		4.0	4.0	5.2	4.8	4.2	4.5	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.5
Bongsieler Kanal (Schlüttsiel BP)		3.1	3.2	3.7	3.2	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.7	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.5
Miele (Meldorf)		4.1	4.2	4.5	4.0	4.2	4.4	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.4
Rhein (Bimmen)	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.7
	Nitrogen loa	d, tonnes per y	ear										
North Sea	410,311	330,853	379,238	417,548	361,037	310,179	420,867	314,423	289,639	410,095	252,943	264,595	297,647
Elbe (Seemannshöff)	94,432	73,925	73,570	72,578	67,079	66,223	121,244	97,235	56,381	117,820	46,442	42,631	47,853
Ems (Herbrum)	14,829	12,798	10,546	22,429	14,294	6,819	16,194	10,955	10,201	9,584	10,388	14,308	12,406
Weser (Hemelingen)	36,981	35,894	36,034	67,240	47,501	33,323	45,384	30,660	26,442	40,948	24,957	31,260	28,721
Eider (Friedrichstadt + Nordfeld)	1,865	2,297	2,898	4,629	3,214	3,606	3,233	4,290	3,207	2,648	2,690	3,949	2,703
Treene (Friedrichstadt + Treia)		1,017	1,095	1,484	1,423	932	1,197	1,414	870	922	999	1,463	1,013
Arlau (Arlau BP)	. 393	339	380	691	655	455	571	646	521	467	496	504	436
Bongsieler Kanal (Schlüttsiel BP)		800	764	1,486	849	843	956	931	772	1,012	1,041	955	645
Miele (Meldorf)	260	189	202	479	418	318	451	380	348	354	286	412	283
Rhein (Bimmen)	259,706	203,594	253,749	246,531	225,603	197,659	231,637	167,912	190,897	236,339	165,644	169,112	203,587
	Discharge, n	nillion cubic me	etre per year										
North Sea	. 114,352	96,373	104,449	122,527	109,168	97,517	121,664	98,590	105,090	126,348	89,271	90,613	102,542
Elbe (Seemannshöff)	20,529	21,122	22,294	21,993	20,327	20,068	31,088	26,280	20,136	31,005	14,981	15,225	15,437
Ems (Herbrum)	2,908	2,527	2,149	3,652	2,801	2,180	2,887	2,357	2,323	2,048	2,151	2,885	2,732
Weser (Hemelingen)	9,650	8,854	8,341	13,835	10,870	8,372	10,554	8,446	7,627	9,635	6,673	8,016	7,805
Eider (Friedrichstadt + Nordfeld)	671	729	779	1,040	852	1,099	874	1,304	996	888	865	1,151	907
Treene (Friedrichstadt + Treia)		268	247	343	353	272	348	418	281	304	334	445	350
Arlau (Arlau BP)	. 94	86	95	134	136	109	128	158	135	134	139	150	123
Bongsieler Kanal (Schlüttsiel BP)		258	240	404	267	288	326	323	290	309	344	344	257
Miele (Meldorf)		46	48	106	105	76	102	104	97	93	75	117	83
Rhein (Bimmen)	79,959	62,484	70,256	81,020	73,458	65,052	75,356	59,200	73,205	81,931	63,709	62,279	74,848

Specification <sup>2</sup>	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Concentratio	n, milligrams p	er litre (moving	g discharge-we	ighted average	of the previous	five years)	-			•	-	
Baltic Sea	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.0
Rivers in Schleswig-Holstein	4.7	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.2	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.5	3.4
Langballigau (Langballig)	5.5	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.3	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.2	4.9
Füsinger Au (Füsing)	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.2	6.2	5.8	5.4	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.4
Koseler Au (Kosel)	7.3	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.9	6.9	7.1	6.9	6.6	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.6
Schwentine (Kiel-Oppendorf)	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.7
Kossau (Kiel-Oppendorf)	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.7
Goddesdorfer Au (Löhrstorf + Stolpe)	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.0	5.5	5.4	4.7	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.8
Oldenburger Graben (Dahme)	6.2	6.9	7.0	7.4	7.4	6.9	7.5	6.9	5.6	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.4
Aalbeck (Lübeck-Moisling)	3.1	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4
Schwartau (Bad Schwartau)	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.7	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.5
Lippingau (Langballig)	6.7	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.0	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.1	6.9	6.5	6.0
Hagener Au (Kiel-Oppendorf)	2.8	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.6
Trave (Lübeck-Moisling)	5.6	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.6	4.3	4.3	4.3	3.9	3.7
Rivers in Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.8
Peene (Anklam-Hafen)	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	2.9
Warnow (Rostock [Kessin])	3.2	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2
Barthe (Redebas)	4.4	5.0	5.0	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.3	5.1	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.0	3.9
Duvenbaek (Kluis)	5.8	5.7	6.1	6.3	6.3	5.8	5.8	5.5	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.2
Hellbach (Tessmannsdorf)	7.7	6.6	6.4	6.6	6.9	6.8	7.3	7.4	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.0	5.2
Maurine (Schönberg)	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.5	5.0	5.0	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.4	3.2
Recknitz (Ribnitz)	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.6
Ryck (Greifswald)	4.5	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.2	4.6	4.3
Stepnitz (Rodenberg)	4.8	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.8	5.3	5.5	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.5	4.3
Uecker (Ueckermünde-Hafen)	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.3
Wallsteingraben (Wismar)	4.4	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.2	3.3
Zarnow (Grambin)	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.0	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.2	2.9
			nilligrams per li										
Baltic Sea	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.5	3.5	2.9	4.3	3.7	2.8	3.3	2.6	3.3	2.7
Rivers in Schleswig-Holstein	4.1	4.1	4.6	4.9	3.9	3.8	4.9	3.7	3.3	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.0
Langballigau (Langballig)	5.1	6.3	5.3	6.5	5.8	5.6	6.3	5.4	4.8	5.9	5.0	4.7	4.1
Füsinger Au (Füsing)	5.4	5.6	7.2	6.4	5.7	6.0	5.9	5.0	4.3	4.7	4.6	4.7	3.7
Koseler Au (Kosel)	6.9	6.4	7.1	7.3	7.1	6.6	7.4	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.9	5.8	5.0
Schwentine (Kiel-Oppendorf)	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.3	1.8	1.8	2.4	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Kossau (Kiel-Oppendorf)	3.8	3.6	3.8	4.3	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.4	2.5	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.4
Goddesdorfer Au (Löhrstorf + Stolpe)	5.2	4.5	6.0	7.1	4.0	3.7	6.7	5.4	3.9	5.5	4.1	6.1	4.5
Oldenburger Graben (Dahme)	6.0	6.6	7.6	10.7	4.8	4.9	9.4	4.8	4.2	6.8	4.5	7.6	4.0
Aalbeck (Lübeck-Moisling) Schwartau (Bad Schwartau)	2.9 5.3	2.2 4.8	2.8 5.7	3.4 5.8	2.5 5.4	2.0 4.8	2.8 6.7	2.6 4.9	2.0 4.3	2.3 4.9	2.5 4.3	2.8 4.8	2.3 4.2
Lippingau (Langballig)	5.3	4.8 7.1	5.7 7.5	5.8 7.2	6.6		6.7 7.7	4.9 7.0	4.3 7.0	4.9 7.0	4.3 5.6	4.8 5.8	4.2
Hagener Au (Kiel-Oppendorf)	2.4	3.8	7.5 3.5	7.2 3.0	3.0	6.7 4.0	7.7 3.5	7.0 2.4	7.0 3.1	7.0 2.4	2.9	2.5	2.3
Trave (Lübeck-Moisling)	2.4 4.9	3.8 4.3	3.5 4.9	5.2	3.0 4.5	4.0 3.7	5.3	4.3	3.1	4.3	2.9 3.6	2.5 3.6	2.3 3.4

Specification <sup>2</sup>	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Calculated co	oncentration, n	nilligrams per li	tre	•				•	•	•	•	
Rivers in Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	3.3	3.3	3.2	4.3	3.3	2.5	4.0	3.7	2.6	3.2	2.3	3.2	2.6
Peene (Anklam-Hafen)	2.9	3.6	3.1	4.1	3.6	2.6	3.8	3.7	2.6	3.3	2.4	3.5	2.8
Warnow (Rostock [Kessin])	3.5	2.6	2.8	3.6	2.5	1.9	2.9	2.9	2.0	2.6	1.7	2.4	2.1
Barthe (Redebas)	3.8	5.9	5.5	6.9	4.0	3.9	6.1	4.7	3.1	4.6	3.4	4.3	3.9
Duvenbaek (Kluis)	4.1	6.7	7.0	7.8	4.2	3.5	6.6	5.5	3.6	4.0	3.3	5.6	4.6
Hellbach (Tessmannsdorf)	8.7	5.2	7.5	9.4	6.1	5.6	8.1	7.9	4.9	6.9	4.6	5.5	3.9
Maurine (Schönberg)	4.5	3.8	4.1	6.3	3.9	4.2	6.5	4.3	2.7	3.3	2.8	3.8	3.1
Recknitz (Ribnitz)	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.8	2.9	2.2	4.4	3.3	2.5	3.1	2.1	3.0	2.2
Ryck (Greifswald)	3.9	6.0	5.0	6.0	5.4	3.6	7.3	5.5	3.7	5.4	3.9	4.7	3.8
Stepnitz (Rodenberg)	4.7	4.1	4.5	6.4	4.5	4.4	6.8	5.2	4.2	4.6	3.5	4.9	4.3
Uecker (Ueckermünde-Hafen)	2.3	2.6	2.5	3.4	3.1	2.0	3.5	3.6	2.7	2.6	1.9	2.3	1.8
Wallsteingraben (Wismar)	4.1	2.8	3.9	4.6	3.5	3.2	5.4	3.5	2.4	3.4	2.8	3.9	3.8
Zarnow (Grambin)	2.9	3.4	3.2	4.6	4.1	2.8	4.1	4.3	2.7	2.9	2.4	3.6	2.7
	Nitrogen load	d, tonnes per ye	ear										
Baltic Sea	8,590	7,796	8,953	14,868	9,776	5,148	12,803	14,799	7,389	9,327	5,105	8,266	5,492
Rivers in Schleswig-Holstein	2,945	2,494	2,982	5,391	3,554	2,036	4,553	3,341	2,674	2,976	2,077	2,900	2,036
Langballigau (Langballig)	68	99	67	167	113	88	114	107	95	119	115	113	69
Füsinger Au (Füsing)	356	423	498	789	586	491	562	490	333	373	374	489	282
Koseler Au (Kosel)	103	107	112	147	130	78	102	103	80	75	82	104	67
Schwentine (Kiel-Oppendorf)	310	270	381	590	554	253	553	518	385	384	256	386	318
Kossau (Kiel-Oppendorf)	103	75	93	171	111	76	171	138	81	112	63	106	72
Goddesdorfer Au (Löhrstorf + Stolpe)	27	24	70	140	50	31	144	67	34	60	20	61	34
Oldenburger Graben (Dahme)	60	66	150	459	112	77	391	97	67	139	41	143	60
Aalbeck (Lübeck-Moisling)	26	25	32	69	34	16	43	36	22	31	24	37	24
Schwartau (Bad Schwartau)	247	183	228	486	369	102	503	338	251	319	206	305	222
Lippingau (Langballig)	62	106	83	152	112	88	115	125	129	123	112	129	68
Hagener Au (Kiel-Oppendorf)	51	70	71	98	73	68	102	80	90	71	57	77	56
Trave (Lübeck-Moisling)	1,531	1,046	1,197	2,122	1,309	668	1,753	1,243	1,107	1,170	728	950	763
Rivers in Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	5,645	5,302	5,971	9,478	6,221	3,112	8,250	11,457	4,715	6,350	3,028	5,366	3,455
Peene (Anklam-Hafen)	1,847	1,914	2,131	2,999	2,456	1,026	2,493	4,099	1,554	2,067	1,113	2,241	1,197
Warnow (Rostock [Kessin])	1,428	1,184	1,471	2,422	1,347	678	1,518	2,135	949	1,433	584	1,053	776
Barthe (Redebas)	185	275	211	466	155	115	421	440	97	190	94	202	107
Duvenbaek (Kluis)	36	60	52	122	31	10	83	98	29	38	16	52	25
Hellbach (Tessmannsdorf)	295	139	195	505	161	108	366	499	166	294	95	143	89
Maurine (Schönberg)	111	81	99	206	94	69	219	157	67	88	50	95	65
Recknitz (Ribnitz)	292	276	374	388	332	137	388	636	324	623	263	475	264
Ryck (Greifswald)	82	323	151	196	163	100	260	190	78	169	89	123	94
Stepnitz (Rodenberg)	452	321	398	727	392	260	753	608	375	377	202	371	316
Uecker (Ueckermünde-Hafen)	432	434	592	920	748	379	1,171	1,849	754	744	318	389	195
Wallsteingraben (Wismar)	318	129	104	214	93	92	220	179	81	111	63	68	115
Zarnow (Grambin)	165	166	192	312	251	138	358	568	239	216	142	153	213

Specification <sup>2</sup>	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Discharge, n	nillion cubic me	etre per year		•							•	•
Baltic Sea	2,404	2,197	2,519	3,306	2,792	1,769	2,973	3,991	2,627	2,814	1,950	2,524	1,998
Rivers in Schleswig-Holstein	714	612	648	1,096	921	531	934	905	810	805	609	846	679
Langballigau (Langballig)	13	16	13	26	19	16	18	20	20	20	23	24	17
Füsinger Au (Füsing)	66	75	69	124	102	82	95	99	77	79	82	105	77
Koseler Au (Kosel)	15	17	16	20	18	12	14	17	14	14	14	18	13
Schwentine (Kiel-Oppendorf)	179	140	169	260	301	138	233	271	236	226	154	234	192
Kossau (Kiel-Oppendorf)	28	21	25	40	30	21	42	41	32	37	25	38	29
Goddesdorfer Au (Löhrstorf + Stolpe)	5	5	12	20	13	8	22	12	9	11	5	10	8
Oldenburger Graben (Dahme)	10	10	20	43	24	16	42	20	16	21	9	19	15
Aalbeck (Lübeck-Moisling)	9	11	11	20	14	8	15	14	11	14	9	14	11
Schwartau (Bad Schwartau)	47	38	40	84	69	21	76	69	59	65	48	64	54
Lippingau (Langballig)	11	15	11	21	17	13	15	18	18	17	20	22	15
Hagener Au (Kiel-Oppendorf)	21	18	20	32	24	17	29	34	30	30	20	31	24
Trave (Lübeck-Moisling)	310	245	242	406	290	179	334	290	290	272	201	268	225
Rivers in Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	1,689	1,586	1,871	2,210	1,871	1,238	2,039	3,085	1,817	2,009	1,341	1,679	1,318
Peene (Anklam-Hafen)	637	536	684	736	684	398	664	1,103	603	636	465	639	430
Warnow (Rostock [Kessin])	407	460	530	668	530	359	517	731	478	552	347	437	372
Barthe (Redebas)	48	47	39	67	39	29	69	94	31	42	27	47	28
Duvenbaek (Kluis)	9	9	7	16	7	3	13	18	8	10	5	9	5
Hellbach (Tessmannsdorf)	34	27	26	53	26	19	45	63	34	42	21	26	23
Maurine (Schönberg)	25	21	24	32	24	17	34	36	25	26	18	25	21
Recknitz (Ribnitz)	88	90	115	103	115	61	88	194	130	199	128	161	121
Ryck (Greifswald)	21	54	30	33	30	27	36	35	21	31	23	26	24
Stepnitz (Rodenberg)	96	78	88	113	88	59	110	118	88	83	58	76	74
Uecker (Ueckermünde-Hafen)	190	168	241	274	241	186	336	510	277	282	168	172	111
Wallsteingraben (Wismar)	79	46	27	47	27	29	41	50	34	32	23	17	30
Zarnow (Grambin)	56	49	61	67	61	49	88	132	87	74	59	42	78

 $<sup>2\ \</sup>mbox{Feature}$  in brackets corresponds to the measuring point of the respective inflow.

Source: German Environment Agency using information from the Länder and river basin communities

#### 14 Life below water

Protecting the oceans - Protecting and sustainably using oceans and marine resources

# 14.1.b Proportion of sustainably fished stocks of fish in the North and the Baltic Sea

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the sustainably managed fish stocks (according to the Maximum Sustainable Yield [MSY] approach) as a proportion of the total of managed fish stocks in the North and the Baltic Sea.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Percent													
Proportion of MSY examined in all managed stocks,including:	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.2	38.5	38.5	38.5	38.5	37.2	38.5
Sustainable managed stocks														
Total	31.0	24.1	17.2	17.2	20.7	24.1	<i>37.9</i>	<i>37.9</i>	53.3	40.0	60.0	50.0	55.2	56.7
In the North Sea	38.1	23.8	14.3	14.3	19.0	23.8	42.9	42.9	54.5	40.9	59.1	40.9	<i>57</i> .1	59.1
In the Baltic Sea	12.5	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	50.0	37.5	62.5	75.0	50.0	50.0

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Sustainably managed stocks														
Total	9	7	5	5	6	7	11	11	16	12	18	15	16	17
In the North Sea	8	5	3	3	4	5	9	9	12	9	13	9	12	13
In the Baltic Sea	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	3	5	6	4	4
MSY-investigated stocks														
Total	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	30	30	30	30	29	30
In the North Sea	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	22	22	22	22	21	22
In the Baltic Sea	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
All managed stocks														
Total	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
In the North Sea	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58
In the Baltic Sea	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20

Source: European Commission; STECF - Monitoring the performance of the Common Fisheries Policy (STECF-15-04); Table 3.1 and 3.4

#### 4. Further information

European Commission; Scientific, Technical and Economic Committee for Fisheries (STECF) - Monitoring the performance of the Common Fisheries Policy (STECF-15-04) stecf.jrc.ec.europa.eu/reports/cfp-monitoring

#### 15 Life on Land

Biodiversity – Conserving species – Protecting habitats

# 15.1 Biodiversity and landscape quality

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the population development for 51 selected bird species in the form of an index.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator1

Specification	1970 <sup>2</sup>	1975 <sup>2</sup>	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	Target ye	ar: 2030 = 1	100																	
Index overall	106.9	101.4	76.6	73.1	71.9	71.1	69.7	69.8	72.4	71.1	70.2	70.2	70.4	67.4	68.0	66.6	70.8	68.0	67.2	70.3
Sub-index forests	77.5	78.5	81.6	70.7	73.4	74.8	74.3	78.5	79.1	79.6	78.5	75.4	81.6	73.2	79.2	79.8	87.0	86.4	84.0	90.1
Sub-index settlements	99.7	101.6	80.8	75.2	69.8	69.6	63.4	59.2	66.5	66.3	65.1	66.3	63.3	63.8	66.5	71.4	71.4	68.6	70.4	73.2
Sub-index farmland	128.8	117.2	74.2	73.8	71.7	68.6	68.8	67.8	70.7	68.3	68.0	68.3	66.1	65.2	62.7	58.4	62.6	58.1	57.4	59.2
Sub-index inland waters 3	82.7	80.3	64.1	67.5	67.4	73.7	67.0	66.7	72.0	69.0	63.1	72.5	76.8	70.6	68.2	69.5	72.6	73.4	73.6	74.6
Sub-index coasts/seas 3	77.3	81.1	79.7	85.4	76.8	80.9	71.8	68.1	63.5	63.6	63.2	65.6	55.1	59.4	62.2	62.4	56.1	56.6	56.2	58.5
Sub-index for the Alps	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

<sup>1</sup> The time series were recalculated using a modified procedure following a methodological change in the baseline data. The sub-index concerning the Alps is currently suspended over the whole data series.

Source: Federal Agency for Nature Conservation, August 2018

#### 4. Further information

Bundesamt für Naturschutz (only available in German)

www.bfn.de/indikator-artenvielfalt-und-landschaftsqualitaet

Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten, www.dda-web.de (Monitoring der häufigen Brutvögel) (only available in German)

www.dda-web.de

Bundesministerium für Umwelt, Naturschutz und nukleare Sicherheit

www.bmu.de/en/

<sup>2</sup> The historical values for 1970 and 1975 are reconstructed.

<sup>3</sup> For some bird species in the habitats of inland water and coast and seas, value for individual years have been extrapolated.

#### 15 Life on Land

Ecosystems – Protecting ecosystems, conserving ecosystem services and preserving habitats

# 15.2 Eutrophication of ecosystems

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the sensitive ecosysatem area where the critical ecological loads have been exceeded due to atmospheric nitrogen inputs, as a proportion of the total assessed sensitive ecosystem area.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	Percentage	ercentage share of the assessed sensitive ecosystem area														
Ecosystems where critical loads for eutrophication are																
exceeded due to nitrogen input	79	77	76	72	<i>75</i>	77	<i>75</i>	<i>75</i>	72	72	73	68	69	70	69	68

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	Percentage	share of the	assessed se	ensitive ecos	ystem area	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	·	
Ecosystems where critical loads for eutrophication are not																
exceeded due to nitrogen input	20.97	22.92	23.60	27.67	25.30	23.11	24.56	25.33	28.25	27.58	26.84	31.65	30.57	29.71	31.02	32.03
Nitrogen input > 0 - 7,5	16.16	17.04	17.97	22.48	19.80	19.74	18.40	18.19	22.32	22.84	21.35	24.63	26.20	25.07	25.72	25.64
Nitrogen input > 7,5 - 10	8.76	9.46	10.69	13.61	12.04	10.39	11.65	11.30	13.41	13.31	13.85	12.71	14.91	14.54	12.64	14.56
Nitrogen input > 10 - 15	27.38	27.01	27.96	28.14	30.87	31.86	31.35	29.41	27.46	29.63	30.91	23.19	22.51	25.44	24.49	20.46
Nitrogen input > 15 - 20	20.51	18.60	13.75	5.08	8.00	11.17	10.64	12.08	5.97	4.61	4.91	5.52	4.01	3.55	3.94	4.17
Nitrogen input > 20 - 30	4.97	3.99	5.38	2.68	3.60	3.44	3.18	3.30	2.49	1.97	2.08	2.26	1.80	1.67	2.12	2.64
Nitrogen input > 30	1.25	0.98	0.65	0.34	0.40	0.29	0.22	0.40	0.09	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.08	0.50
Ecosystems where critical loads for eutrophication are																
exceeded due to nitrogen input	79.03	77.08	76.40	72.33	74.71	76.89	75.44	74.68	71.74	72.42	73.16	68.34	69.45	70.28	68.99	67.97

Source: Schaap, M., Banzhaf, S., Hendriks, C., Kranenburg, R., Kuenen, J., Nagel, H.-D., Schlutow, A., and Segers, A. (2018). PINETI (Pollutant INput and EcosysTem Impact) III: Modellierung und Kartierung atmosphärischer Stoffeinträge von 2000 bis 2015 zur Bewertung der ökosystem-spezifischen Gefährdung von Biodiversität in Deutschland. UBA-Texte 79/2018 (erschienen im Oktober 2018). Abschlussbericht zum BMUB/UBA UFOPLAN-Projekt 3714 60 2010. Umweltbundesamt, Dessau-Roßlau. (only available in German)

#### 4. Further information

German Environment Agency

www.umweltbundesamt.de/en/indicator-nitrogen-eutrophication

#### 15 Life on Land

Forests – Preventing deforestation

# 15.3 Preservation or restoration of forests in developing countries under the REDD+ rulebook

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the payments by Germany to developing and emerging countries for the verified preservation or restoration of forests under the REDD+ rulebook.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Millions of e	ıros							
Payments to developing and emerging countries for the verified preservation or restoration of forests									
under the REDD+ rulebook	3.0	20.0	12.0	24.9	36.3	31.0	15.7	59.8	68.0

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Millions of e	uros	•			•			
Payments to developing and emerging countries for the									
verified preservation of forests under the REDD+ rulebook	3.0	20.0	12.0	24.9	36.3	31.0	15.7	59.8	68.0
Multilateral programmes	3.0	20.0	12.0	23.0	18.0	31.0	12.4	51.8	58.9
Forest Carbon Partnership Facility (FCPF)	3.0	17.0	12.0	17.0	10.0	27.0	12.4	51.8	25.0
Amazon Fund		3.0		6.0	8.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	33.9
Bilateral programmes				1.9	18.3		3.3	8.0	9.1
REDD Early Mover (REM) 1				1.9	18.3		3.3	8.0	9.1

REDD+ = Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation

Source: Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development

#### 4. Further information

Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development www.bmz.de/en/issues/klimaschutz www.bmz.de/en/issues/wald

<sup>&</sup>quot;Plus" = Reafforestation and sustainability forest cultivation.

<sup>1</sup> REM is an innovative programme of German development assistance that rewards pioneers in the field of forest and climate protection.

# Peace, justice and strong institutions

Crime - Further increasing personal security

# 16.1 Criminal offences

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the number of criminal offences reported to the police per 100,000 inhabitants.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1993	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Recorded	cases per 10	0,000 inhabi	tants <sup>1</sup>												
Criminal offences (new calculation based on Census 2011) including:	8,354	8,212	7,692	7,852	7,757	7,752	7,557	7,510	7,385	7,468	7,466	7,404	7,530	7,797	7,755	6,982
Domestic burglary (435*) 2	281	260	172	135	131	135	134	141	151	165	179	186	188	206	184	141
Dangerous and serious bodily injury (2220) 2	109	118	144	181	186	191	187	185	178	173	169	159	156	157	170	166
Fraud (5100) 2	654	771	955	1,176	1,181	1,130	1,099	1,183	1,198	1,157	1,186	1,165	1,200	1,190	1,094	1,103

Specification	1993	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Recorded o	ases, thousa	ands													
Total criminal offencesincluding:	6,751	6,669	6,265	6,392	6,304	6,285	6,114	6,054	5,933	5,991	5,997	5,962	6,082	6,331	6,373	5,762
Domestic burglary (435*) 2	227	211	140	110	106	109	108	114	121	133	144	150	152	167	151	117
Dangerous and serious bodily injury (2220) 2	88	96	117	147	151	155	151	149	143	139	136	128	126	127	140	137
Fraud (5100) 2	528	623	771	950	954	913	888	956	968	935	959	938	969	966	899	910
Offences against the Residence Act, the Asylum Act and																
the Freedom of Movement Act E.U. (7250)	240	214	193	104	101	89	77	74	74	78	89	111	156	403	488	180
	Percentage	share														
Domestic burglary (435*) 2	3.4	3.2	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.0
Dangerous and serious bodily injury (2220) 2	1.3	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.4
Fraud (5100) 2	7.8	9.3	12.3	14.9	15.1	14.5	14.5	15.8	16.3	15.6	16.0	15.7	15.9	15.3	14.1	15.8
Offences against the Residence Act, the Asylum Act and																
the Freedom of Movement Act E.U. (7250)	3.6	3.2	3.1	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.9	2.6	6.4	7.7	3.1
	1993 = 10	0														
Domestic burglary (435*) 2	100	93.0	61.7	48.3	46.7	48.1	47.7	50.1	53.4	58.4	63.5	65.8	67.0	73.6	66.6	51.3
Dangerous and serious bodily injury (2220) 2	100	109.1	133.2	167.6	171.9	176.4	172.3	170.1	162.8	158.4	155.0	145.7	143.3	145.1	159.5	156.1
Fraud (5100) 2	100	117.9	146.0	179.8	180.6	172.8	168.0	180.9	183.2	176.9	181.4	177.5	183.4	182.9	170.1	172.3
Total criminal offences	100	98.8	92.8	94.7	93.4	93.1	90.6	89.7	87.9	88.7	88.8	88.3	90.1	93.8	94.4	85.4

Specification	1993	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Clear-up ra	te, percent														_
Total criminal offences	43.8	46.0	53.2	55.0	55.4	55.0	54.8	55.6	56.0	54.7	54.4	54.5	54.9	56.3	56.2	57.1
Domestic burglary (435*) 2	13.8	15.1	17.7	19.6	19.3	20.0	18.1	16.9	15.9	16.2	15.7	15.5	15.9	15.2	16.9	17.8
Dangerous and serious bodily injury (2220) 2	80.1	81.7	83.9	83.5	83.2	82.5	82.3	82.2	82.3	82.3	81.4	82.1	82.4	82.3	82.6	82.8
Fraud (5100) 2	81.2	78.6	79.9	83.1	83.8	83.3	81.7	81.3	79.9	78.3	77.4	76.2	76.8	76.4	75.0	73.7
Offences against the Residence Act, the Asylum Act and																
the Freedom of Movement Act E.U. (7250)	99.9	99.6	99.2	97.6	98.7	97.7	97.4	98.0	98.4	98.4	98.5	98.8	99.2	99.7	83.8	99.5

<sup>1</sup> According to the BKA, the population figures refer to the refernce day 31.12. of the previous year. In order to make the data comparable, the (recalculated) population figures, based on the 2011 census, are used for the entire time series.

Sources: Federal Criminal Police Office, 2018: Police Crime Statistics 2017

Federal Statistical Office: Census 2011

#### 4. Further information

Federal Criminal Police Office www.bka.de/policecrimestatistics

<sup>2</sup> Code of the Police Crime Statistics.

#### 16 Peace, justice and strong institutions

Peace and security – Taking practical action to combat proliferation, especially of small arms

# 16.2 Number of projects to secure, register and destroy small arms and light weapons carried out by Germany in affected regions of the world

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the number of projects to secure, register and destroy small arms and light weapons carried out in Africa, Eastern Europe, Latin America and Asia with German financial support.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Number										
Projects to secure, register and destroy small arms and light weapons carried out by Germany in affected regions of the world	8	6	8	2	3	11	15	14	15	26	26

Source: Federal Foreign Office

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Number of p	rojects									
Reintegration; Combating small arms and light weapons (funding code 15240)	15	6	6	9	11	6	6	5	14	13	15

Source: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

#### 4. Further information

Federal Foreign Office

www.auswaertiges-amt.de/en/abruestung

#### 16 Peace, justice and strong institutions

Good governance – Combating corruption

# 16.3.a Corruption Perceptions Index in Germany

#### 16.3.b Corruption Perceptions Index in partner countries of German development assistance

#### 1. Definition

The indicators provide the Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) from Transparency International for Germany (16.3.a) as well as the number of partner countries in the German development assistance whose CPI has improved compared with 2012 (16.3.b). The CPI measures how strongly corruption in the public sector is perceived in a country.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Corruption Perce	ptions Index				
Rating for Germany	79	78	79	81	81	81
	Number					
Partner countries of German development assistance whose rating has improved compared with 2012	x	18	39	43	43	42

Sources: Transparency International

Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Corruption Perce	ptions Index	•			
Ranking 2017 (Top 15)						
New Zealand	90	91	91	88	90	89
Denmark	90	91	92	91	90	88
Finland	90	89	89	90	89	85
Norway		86	86	87	85	85
Switzerland	86	85	86	86	86	85
Singapore	87	86	84	85	84	84
Sweden	88	89	87	89	88	84
Canada		81	81	83	82	82
Luxembourg	80	80	82	81	81	82
Netherlands	84	83	83	87	83	82
Great Britain	74	76	78	81	81	82
Germany		78	79	81	81	81

Source: Transparency International

Specification	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Recorded cases					
Total criminal offences	5,997,040	5,961,662	6,082,064	6,330,649	6,372,526	5,761,984
Public sector	1,268	1,128	2,124	1,076	1,126	961
Accepting money or other personal gains, corruptibility §§ 331, 332, 335 StGB (651000) 1	. 655	461	1,206	452	488	396
Offering a payment or other valuable, bribery §§ 333, 334, 335 StGB (652000) 1	. 613	667	918	624	638	565
Enterprises	635	714	499	507	242	238
Agreements restricting competition in tender procedures § 298 StGB (656000) 1	. 115	77	75	94	77	25
Corruptibility and corruption in commercial practice §§ 299, 300 StGB (657000)1	519	637	423	404	165	213
Criminal offences according §§ 1 and 2 of the Act Against International Corruption (720013) 1	. 1	0	1	9	0	0
Classification unclear						
Criminal offences according § 1 of the EU Anti Corruption Act (720012) 1	. 0	0	0	0	212	0

<sup>1</sup> Code of the Police Crime Statistics.

Source: Federal Criminal Police Office, 2018: Police Crime Statistics 2017

Specification	2015	2017
	Percentage share	
Proportion of the population who were under the impression that employees in the publice seector are corruptible	4.7	3.7
female	4.9	3.8
male	4.4	3.6
Proportion of enterprises which were under the impression that publice sectors employees are corruptible	3.6	2.4

Source: Federal Statistical Office

#### 4. Further information

Transparency International
www.transparency.org
Federal Criminal Police Office
www.bka.de/policecrimestatistics
Statistisches Bundesamt (only available in German)
www.amtlich-einfach.de

17 **Partnerships for the goals**Development cooperation – *Supporting sustainable development* 

#### Expenditure for official development assistance as a proportion of gross national income 17.1

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows public net expenditures for development assistance (Official Development Assistance or ODA) as a percentage of gross national income (GNI).

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 <sup>1</sup>	2017 2
	Percentage share										
Net expenditure for ODA as a proportion of gross national income	0.31	0.27	0.36	0.39	0.39	0.37	0.38	0.42	0.52	0.70	0.66

Specification	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 2
	Billions of eu	iros									
Net expenditure for official development assistance 3	5.5	5.5	8.1	9.8	10.1	10.1	10.7	12.5	16.2	22.4	21.9
Private development assistance, which does not qualify as ODA	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3
Private direct investment	3.4	4.9	11.3	16.6	21.5	12.3	15.8	11.1	17.5	10.2	10.9
Gross national income 4	1,791.8	2,020.3	2,251.2	2,535.3	2,620.4	2,707.9	2,813.8	2,981.8	3,091.3	3,198.7	3,323.6
	Percent										
Official development assistance by sectors			100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Bilateral			73.9	62.0	61.7	66.3	66.4	70.0	78.7	79.4	
Subsidies			81.8	53.3	53.2	64.1	59.5	56.8	58.4	67.6	
Technical cooperation			28.4	34.5	33.3	38.6	35.8	31.5	22.1	17.5	
Subsidies of financial cooperation			8.1	10.5	9.0	9.9	8.1	7.5	5.8	5.8	
Development-oriented food aid			0.2	0.4	0.5	0.9	0.4	0.6	0.7	1.5	
Emergency and refugee aid			3.3	2.6	3.0	3.0	4.0	5.3	4.5	8.2	
Waivers of debt			38.7	1.3	3.2	6.6	4.2	5.0	0.2	0.2	
Administrative expenses			2.0	3.0	3.1	3.8	3.9	3.6	2.9	2.0	
Other			0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	3.0	3.3	22.1	32.5	
Loan/investments			-7.9	8.8	8.6	2.3	6.9	13.2	20.3	11.8	
Multilateral			26.1	38.0	38.3	33.7	33.6	30.0	21.3	20.6	
Subsidies and payment on capital and fund shares			26.1	38.0	38.3	33.7	33.6	30.0	21.3	20.6	
United Nations			2.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.3	1.8	1.9	
European Union			21.9	22.5	19.2	18.8	18.4	17.4	13.7	11.1	
World Bank			0.0	5.9	10.1	6.1	6.2	4.5	0.2	2.4	
Regional development banks			0.5	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.0	1.6	2.3	
Other			1.8	4.5	4.1	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0	3.0	

ication	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	Billion of US-	Dollar									
Donor countries with the 10 highest net expenditure for ODA	ı (ranking accordi	ng to 2016 figu	res)								
USA	7.37	9.95	27.93	29.66	30.97	30.65	31.27	33.10	30.99	34.42	35.26
Germany	7.52	5.03	10.08	12.99	14.09	12.94	14.23	16.57	17.94	24.74	24.68
Great Britain	3.20	4.50	10.77	13.05	13.83	13.89	17.87	19.26	18.55	18.05	17.94
Japan	14.49	13.51	13.13	11.06	11.09	10.60	11.47	9.48	9.20	10.42	11.48
France	8.44	4.10	10.03	12.92	13.00	12.03	11.34	10.62	9.04	9.62	11.36
Italy	1.62	1.38	5.09	3.00	4.33	2.74	3.43	4.01	4.00	5.09	5.73
Netherlands	3.23	3.13	5.11	6.36	6.34	5.52	5.44	5.57	5.73	4.97	4.95
Sweden	. 1.70	1.80	3.36	4.53	5.60	5.24	5.83	6.23	7.09	4.89	5.51
Norway	1.24	1.26	2.79	4.37	4.76	4.75	5.58	5.09	4.28	4.38	4.12
Spain	1.35	1.19	3.02	5.95	4.17	2.04	2.35	1.88	1.40	4.22	2.41
	Percent										
Donor countries with the 10 highest percentage shares of OD	A in gross nation	al income (ranl	king according t	o 2016 figures)							
Norway	0.86	0.76	0.94	1.05	0.96	0.93	1.07	1.00	1.05	1.12	0.99
Luxembourg	0.36	0.70	0.79	1.05	0.97	1.00	1.00	1.06	0.95	1.00	1.00
Sweden	0.77	0.80	0.94	0.97	1.02	0.97	1.01	1.09	1.40	0.94	1.01
Denmark	0.96	1.06	0.81	0.91	0.85	0.83	0.85	0.86	0.85	0.75	0.72
Great Britain	0.29	0.32	0.47	0.57	0.56	0.56	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70
Germany	0.31	0.27	0.36	0.39	0.39	0.37	0.38	0.42	0.52	0.70	0.66
Netherlands	0.81	0.84	0.82	0.81	0.75	0.71	0.67	0.64	0.75	0.65	0.60
Switzerland	0.33	0.32	0.42	0.39	0.46	0.47	0.46	0.50	0.51	0.53	0.46
Belgium	0.38	0.36	0.53	0.64	0.54	0.47	0.45	0.46	0.42	0.50	0.45
	0.31	0.31	0.46	0.55	0.53	0.53	0.54	0.59	0.55	0.44	

<sup>1</sup> The target of 0,7 % of gross national income was not entirely fulfilled. The percentage share was 0.699.

Sources: Federal Statistical Office: Statistics for development assistance

Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

#### 4. Further information

Bundesministerium für wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und Entwicklung: Entwicklungspolitik als Zukunfts- und Friedenspolitik, 15. Entwicklungspolitischer Bericht der Bundesregierung, März 2017 (only available in German) OECD: Development Aid at a Glance

www.oecd.org

<sup>2</sup> Provisional data.

<sup>3</sup> Up to 2013 ESA 95, since 2014 ESA 2010.

<sup>4</sup> Therefore diverging from National Account results. Gross national income as of May of the following year.

#### 17 Partnerships for the goals

Knowledge transfer, especially in technical areas – Sharing knowledge internationally

# 17.2 Number of students and researchers from developing countries and LDCs per year

#### 1. Definition

The indicator records the number of students and researchers from developing and emerging countries per year or semester. Here, the number of students and researchers from the least developed countries (LDCs) is listed separately.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 <sup>1</sup>
	Thousands								
Students and researchers from developing and									
emerging countries in Germany	132.636	149.354	158.651	170.706	185.888	200.349	215.258	230.687	247.433
Students from LDCs	4.953	6.295	6.924	7.576	8.348	9.244	9.746	10.118	10.574
Students from other developing and emerging countries	121.719	132.283	140.305	150.881	164.098	176.768	190.403	204.694	219.307
Researchers from LDCs	0.288	0.428	0.475	0.507	0.577	0.5	0.517	0.558	0.649
Researchers from other developing and emerging countries	5.676	10.348	10.947	11.742	12.865	13.837	14.592	15.317	16.904

#### 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	Number								
Students total	1,986,106	2,217,604	2,380,974	2,499,409	2,616,881	2,698,910	2,757,799	2,807,010	2,844,978
Students from developing countries total	126,672	138,578	147,229	158,457	172,446	186,012	200,149	214,812	229,881
including:									
China	27,390	24,443	25,521	27,364	30,511	32,460	34,643	37,603	39,541
India	3,988	5,038	5,998	7,532	9,619	11,860	13,740	15,529	17,570
Turkey	22,419	26,089	28,501	30,645	33,004	34,736	36,530	38,309	39,338
LDCs	4,953	6,295	6,924	7,576	8,348	9,244	9,746	10,118	10,574
Researchers total	240,186	324,367	337,102	353,690	369,847	381,269	385,311	386,752	394,878
Researchers from developing countries total	5,964	10,776	11,422	12,249	13,442	14,337	15,109	15,875	17,553

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data.

Source: Federal Statistical Office, University Statistics

#### 4. Further information

Statistisches Bundesamt, Bildung und Kultur, Studierende an Hochschulen, Fachserie 11, Reihe 4.1 (only available in German)
Statistisches Bundesamt, Bildung und Kultur, Personal an Hochschulen, Fachserie 11, Reihe 4.4 (only available in German)
www.destatis.de/Bildung-Forschung-Kultur/Hochschulen

# 17 Partnerships for the goals

Opening markets – Improving trade opportunities for developing countries

# 17.3 Imports from least developed countries (LDCs)

#### 1. Definition

The indicator shows the imports from the least developed countries (LDCs) as a proportion of all imports to Germany, measured in euros.

#### 2. Data on the time series of the indicator

Specification	2002	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1	
	Percentage share of total imports to Germany										
Imports from LDCs	0.44	0.44	0.53	0.67	0.62	0.71	0.71	0.81	0.88	0.93	
Imports of processed products from LDCs	0.36	0.40	0.47	0.54	0.54	0.62	0.66	0.76	0.82	0.88	

# 3. Supplementary data

Specification	2002	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 1
	Millions of eur	·05	•	•		•		•	•	
Total imports to Germany	518,532	628,087	797,096	902,522	899,404	890,391	910,145	949,245	954,917	1,034,323
Imports from LDCs	2,257	2,759	4,253	6,073	5,562	6,305	6,500	7,697	8,364	9,611
Bangladesh							3,810	4,612	4,924	5,335
Cambodia							958	1,234	1,359	1,541
Imports of processed products from LDCs	1,847	2,502	3,763	4,905	4,894	5,555	5,985	7,193	7,829	9,074
Imports from developing countries Imports of processed products from	70,899	104,178	167,832	187,126	185,309	179,468	185,601	201,648	205,336	226,065
developing countries	63,081	88,359	146,361	159,273	156,243	151,569	161,288	183,813	190,529	207,819
	Percentage sh	are of total impo	rts to Germany							
Imports from developing countries Imports of processed products from	13.67	16.59	21.06	20.73	20.60	20.16	20.39	21.24	21.50	21.86
developing countries	12.17	14.07	18.36	17.65	17.37	17.02	17.72	19.36	19.95	20.09

<sup>1</sup> Provisional data.

Source: Federal Statistical Office, Foreign Trade Statistics