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1 ax+by=c 求解

```
pair < 11, 11 > exgcd(11 a, 11 b, 11 c)
    function < 11 (11, 11, 11 &, 11 &) ex_gcd = [&](11 a,
       11 b, 11 & x, 11 & y)
    {
        if (b == 0)
        {
            x = 1;
            y = 0;
            return a;
        11 x1, y1;
        11 g = ex_gcd(b, a \% b, x1, y1);
        x = y1;
        y = x1 - a / b * y1;
        return g;
    };
    11 x, y;
    11 g = ex_gcd(a, b, x, y);
    if (c \% g != 0)
        return \{0, 0\};
    11 z = abs(b / g);
    x = (int128 t)x * (c / g) % z;
    x = (x + z) \% z;
    11 w = abs(a / g);
    y = (_int128_t)y * (c / g) % w;
    y = (y + w) \% w;
    11 xmin = x, ymin = y;
    11 xmax = (c - (\_int128_t)b * ymin) / a;
    11 ymax = (c - (\_int128_t)a * xmin) / b;
    return \{x, z\};
}
```

2 jly 多项式

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
constexpr int P = 998244353;
using i64 = long long;
// assume -P \le x \le 2P
int norm(int x) {
    if (x < 0) {
        x += P;
    if (x >= P) {
        x = P;
    return x;
template < class T>
T power(T a, int b) {
    T res = 1;
    for (; b; b \neq 2, a = a) {
        if (b % 2) {
            res *= a;
    return res;
}
struct Z {
    int x;
    Z(int x = 0) : x(norm(x)) \{\}
    int val() const {
        return x;
    Z operator -() const {
        return Z(norm(P - x));
    Z inv() const {
        assert(x != 0);
        return power(*this, P - 2);
    Z & operator *=(const Z & rhs) {
        x = i64(x) * rhs.x \% P;
        return *this;
    Z \& operator += (const Z \& rhs)  {
        x = norm(x + rhs.x);
        return *this;
```

```
Z & operator -= (const Z & rhs) {
        x = norm(x - rhs.x);
        return *this;
    Z & operator /= (const Z & rhs) {
        return *this *= rhs.inv();
    friend Z operator*(const Z &lhs, const Z &rhs) {
        Z res = 1hs;
        res *= rhs;
        return res;
    friend Z operator + (const Z & lhs, const Z & rhs) {
        Z res = 1hs;
        res += rhs;
        return res;
    friend Z operator - (const Z &lhs, const Z &rhs) {
        Z res = 1hs;
        res = rhs;
        return res;
    friend Z operator/(const Z &lhs, const Z &rhs) {
        Z res = 1hs;
        res /= rhs;
        return res;
    friend std::istream & operator >> (std::istream & is, Z &
       a) {
        i64 v;
        is >> v;
        a = Z(v);
        return is;
    friend std::ostream &operator << (std::ostream &os,</pre>
       const Z &a) {
        return os << a.val();
};
std::vector<int> rev;
std::vector\langle Z \rangle roots\{0, 1\};
void dft(std::vector < Z > &a) {
    int n = a.size();
```

```
if (int(rev.size()) != n) {
        int k = \__builtin\_ctz(n) - 1;
        rev.resize(n);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            rev[i] = rev[i >> 1] >> 1 | (i & 1) << k;
        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (rev[i] < i)
            std::swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);
    if (int(roots.size()) < n) {
        int k = __builtin_ctz(roots.size());
        roots.resize(n);
        while ((1 << k) < n)  {
            Z e = power(Z(3), (P - 1) >> (k + 1));
            for (int i = 1 \ll (k - 1); i < (1 \ll k); i++)
                roots[2 * i] = roots[i];
                roots[2 * i + 1] = roots[i] * e;
            k++;
        }
    for (int k = 1; k < n; k *= 2) {
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i += 2 * k) {
            for (int j = 0; j < k; j++) {
                Z u = a[i + j];
                Z v = a[i + j + k] * roots[k + j];
                a[i + j] = u + v;
                a[i + j + k] = u - v;
            }
        }
    }
void idft(std::vector <Z> &a) {
    int n = a.size();
    std::reverse(a.begin() + 1, a.end());
    dft(a);
   Z inv = (1 - P) / n;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        a[i] *= inv;
}
```

```
struct Poly {
    std::vector <Z> a;
    Poly() {}
    Poly(const std::vector\langle Z \rangle &a) : a(a) {}
    Poly(const std::initializer_list <Z> &a) : a(a) {}
    int size() const {
        return a. size();
    void resize(int n) {
        a.resize(n);
    Z operator[](int idx) const {
        if (idx < size()) {
            return a[idx];
        } else {
            return 0;
    Z & operator [](int idx) {
        return a[idx];
    Poly mulxk(int k) const {
        auto b = a;
        b.insert(b.begin(), k, 0);
        return Poly(b);
    Poly modxk(int k) const {
        k = std :: min(k, size());
        return Poly(std::vector < Z > (a.begin(), a.begin() +
             k));
    Poly divxk(int k) const {
        if (size() \le k) 
            return Poly();
        return Poly(std::vector <Z>(a.begin() + k, a.end()
           ));
    friend Poly operator + (const Poly &a, const Poly &b) {
        std::vector < Z > res(std::max(a.size(), b.size()));
        for (int i = 0; i < int(res.size()); i++) {
            res[i] = a[i] + b[i];
        return Poly(res);
    friend Poly operator - (const Poly &a, const Poly &b) {
```

```
std::vector < Z > res(std::max(a.size(), b.size()));
    for (int i = 0; i < int(res.size()); i++) {
        res[i] = a[i] - b[i];
    return Poly(res);
friend Poly operator*(Poly a, Poly b) {
    if (a.size() == 0 || b.size() == 0) {
        return Poly();
    int sz = 1, tot = a.size() + b.size() - 1;
    while (sz < tot) {
        sz *= 2;
    a.a.resize(sz);
    b.a.resize(sz);
    dft(a.a);
    dft(b.a);
    for (int i = 0; i < sz; ++i) {
        a.a[i] = a[i] * b[i];
    idft(a.a);
    a.resize(tot);
    return a;
friend Poly operator*(Z a, Poly b) {
    for (int i = 0; i < int(b.size()); i++) {
        b[i] *= a;
    return b;
friend Poly operator*(Poly a, Z b) {
    for (int i = 0; i < int(a.size()); i++) {
        a[i] *= b;
    return a;
Poly & operator += (Poly b) {
    return (*this) = (*this) + b;
Poly & operator -= (Poly b) {
    return (*this) = (*this) - b;
Poly & operator *= (Poly b) {
    return (*this) = (*this) *b;
```

```
Poly deriv() const {
    if (a.empty()) {
        return Poly();
    std::vector < Z > res(size() - 1);
    for (int i = 0; i < size() - 1; ++i) {
        res[i] = (i + 1) * a[i + 1];
    return Poly(res);
Poly integr() const {
    std::vector < Z > res(size() + 1);
    for (int i = 0; i < size(); ++i) {
        res[i + 1] = a[i] / (i + 1);
    return Poly(res);
Poly inv(int m) const {
    Poly x{a[0].inv()};
    int k = 1;
    while (k \le m) {
        k *= 2;
        x = (x * (Poly \{2\} - modxk(k) * x)).modxk(k);
    return x.modxk(m);
Poly log(int m) const {
    return (deriv() * inv(m)).integr().modxk(m);
Poly exp(int m) const {
    Poly x\{1\};
    int k = 1;
    while (k \le m) {
        k *= 2;
        x = (x * (Poly \{1\} - x.log(k) + modxk(k))).
           modxk(k);
    return x.modxk(m);
Poly pow(int k, int m) const {
    int i = 0;
    while (i < size() \&\& a[i].val() == 0) {
        i++;
    if (i == size() || 1LL * i * k >= m) {
        return Poly(std::vector <Z>(m));
```

```
Z v = a[i];
    auto f = divxk(i) * v.inv();
    return (f.\log(m - i * k) * k).\exp(m - i * k).
       mulxk(i * k) * power(v, k);
Poly sqrt(int m) const {
    Poly x\{1\};
    int k = 1;
    while (k < m) {
        k = 2;
        x = (x + (modxk(k) * x.inv(k)).modxk(k)) * ((
           P + 1) / 2);
    return x.modxk(m);
Poly mulT(Poly b) const {
    if (b.size() == 0) {
        return Poly();
    int n = b.size();
    std::reverse(b.a.begin(), b.a.end());
    return ((*this) *b).divxk(n-1);
std::vector <Z> eval(std::vector <Z> x) const {
    if (size() == 0) {
        return std::vector<Z>(x.size(), 0);
    const int n = std :: max(int(x.size()), size());
    std::vector<Poly>q(4 * n);
    std :: vector < Z > ans(x.size());
    x.resize(n);
    std::function < void (int, int, int) > build = [&](
       int p, int l, int r) {
        if (r - 1 == 1) {
            q[p] = Poly \{1, -x[1]\};
        } else {
            int m = (1 + r) / 2;
            build(2 * p, 1, m);
            build (2 * p + 1, m, r);
            q[p] = q[2 * p] * q[2 * p + 1];
        }
    };
    build(1, 0, n);
    std::function < void (int, int, int, const Poly &)>
       work = [\&](int p, int l, int r, const Poly \&
```

```
num) {
            if (r - 1 == 1) {
                if (1 < int(ans.size())) {
                    ans[1] = num[0];
               }
            } else {
                int m = (1 + r) / 2;
                work(2 * p, 1, m, num.mulT(q[2 * p + 1]).
                   modxk(m-1));
                work(2 * p + 1, m, r, num.mulT(q[2 * p]).
                   modxk(r - m));
            }
        };
        work(1, 0, n, mulT(q[1].inv(n)));
        return ans;
};
```

3 mint

```
template < class T>
constexpr T power(T a, 11 b) {
T res = 1;
for (; b; b /= 2, a *= a) {
if (b % 2) {
res *= a;
return res;
template < int P>
struct MInt {
    int x;
    constexpr MInt() : x{} {}
    constexpr MInt(11 x) : x\{norm(x \% P)\}  {}
    constexpr int norm(int x) const {
        if (x < 0) {
            x += P;
        if (x >= P) {
            x -= P;
        return x;
    constexpr MInt operator -() const {
        MInt res;
        res.x = norm(P - x);
        return res;
    constexpr MInt inv() const {
        assert(x != 0);
        return power(*this, P - 2);
    constexpr MInt &operator*=(MInt rhs) {
        x = 1LL * x * rhs.x \% P;
        return *this;
    constexpr MInt &operator += (MInt rhs) {
        x = norm(x + rhs.x);
        return *this;
    constexpr MInt &operator -= (MInt rhs) {
```

```
return *this;
    }
    constexpr MInt &operator/=(MInt rhs) {
        return *this *= rhs.inv();
    friend constexpr MInt operator*(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        MInt res = 1hs;
        res *= rhs:
        return res;
    friend constexpr MInt operator+(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        MInt res = lhs;
        res += rhs;
        return res;
    friend constexpr MInt operator - (MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        MInt res = 1hs;
        res = rhs;
        return res;
    friend constexpr MInt operator/(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        MInt res = 1hs;
        res /= rhs;
        return res;
    friend constexpr std::istream &operator >> (std::
       istream &is, MInt &a) {
        11 v;
        is >> v;
        a = MInt(v);
        return is;
    friend constexpr std::ostream &operator << (std::</pre>
       ostream &os, const MInt &a) {
        return os << a.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator == (MInt lhs, MInt rhs)
        return lhs.val() == rhs.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator!=(MInt lhs, MInt rhs)
        return lhs.val() != rhs.val();
};
```

x = norm(x - rhs.x);

```
template < int V, int P>
constexpr MInt < P > CInv = MInt < P > (V) . inv();
constexpr int P = 998244353;
// constexpr int P = 1e9+7;
using Z = MInt < P >;
struct Comb {
    int n;
    std::vector < Z > _fac;
    std::vector <Z> _invfac;
    std::vector <Z> _inv;
    Comb() : n\{0\}, _fac\{1\}, _invfac\{1\}, _inv\{0\} \{\}
    Comb(int n) : Comb() 
        init(n);
    }
    void init(int m) {
        if (m \le n) return;
        _{fac.resize(m + 1)};
         _invfac.resize(m + 1);
        _{inv.resize(m + 1);}
        for (int i = n + 1; i \le m; i ++) {
             fac[i] = fac[i - 1] * i;
         _{invfac[m]} = _{fac[m].inv();}
        for (int i = m; i > n; i--) {
             _invfac[i - 1] = _invfac[i] * i;
             _{inv[i]} = _{invfac[i]} * _{fac[i-1]};
        }
        n = m;
    Z fac(int m) {
        if (m > n) init (2 * m);
        return _fac[m];
    Z invfac(int m) {
        if (m > n) init (2 * m);
        return _invfac[m];
    Z \text{ inv}(\mathbf{int} m)  {
        if (m > n) init (2 * m);
```

```
return _inv[m];
   Z binom(int n, int m) {
        if (n \le m \mid | m \le 0) return 0;
        return fac(n) * invfac(m) * invfac(n - m);
    }
} comb;
struct Inversion {
    static constexpr int B = (1 << 10), T = (1 << 20);
    std::array < int, T + 1 > f, p;
    std::array < int, T * 3 + 3 > buf;
    int *I = buf.begin() + T;
    Inversion() {
        for (int i = 1; i \le B; i++) {
            int s = 0, d = (i << 10);
            for (int j = 1; j \le T; j++) {
                if ((s += d) >= P) s -= P;
                if (s \ll T) 
                     if (!f[j]) f[j] = i, p[j] = s;
                else if (s >= P - T) {
                    if (!f[j]) f[j] = i, p[j] = s - P;
                else {
                    int t = (P - T - s - 1) / d;
                    s += t * d, j += t;
                }
            }
        I[1] = f[0] = 1;
        for (int i = 2; i \le (T \le 1); i++)
            I[i] = 111 * (P - P / i) * I[P \% i] \% P;
        for (int i = -1; i >= -T; i --)
            I[i] = P - I[-i];
   Z inv(int x)  {
        return Z(1)*I[p[x >> 10] + (x & 1023) * f[x >>
            [10]] * f[x >> 10];
    }
};
```

4 Mlong

```
template < class T>
constexpr T power(T a, 11 b) {
    T res = 1;
    for (; b; b /= 2, a *= a) {
        if (b % 2) {
            res *= a;
    return res;
}
constexpr 11 mul(11 a, 11 b, 11 p) {
    11 res = a * b - 11(1.L * a * b / p) * p;
    res %= p;
    if (res < 0) {
        res += p;
    return res;
template < 11 P>
struct MLong {
    11 x;
    constexpr MLong() : x{} {}
    constexpr MLong(11 x) : x\{norm(x \% getMod())\}  {}
    static 11 Mod;
    constexpr static 11 getMod() {
        if (P > 0) {
            return P;
        } else {
            return Mod;
    }
    constexpr static void setMod(11 Mod_) {
        Mod = Mod_{;}
    constexpr 11 norm(11 x) const {
        if (x < 0) {
            x += getMod();
        if (x \ge getMod())  {
            x = getMod();
        return x;
```

```
constexpr 11 val() const {
    return x;
explicit constexpr operator 11() const {
    return x;
constexpr MLong operator -() const {
    MLong res;
    res.x = norm(getMod() - x);
    return res;
constexpr MLong inv() const {
    assert(x != 0);
    return power(*this, getMod() - 2);
constexpr MLong &operator*=(MLong rhs) & {
    x = mul(x, rhs.x, getMod());
    return *this;
constexpr MLong &operator+=(MLong rhs) & {
    x = norm(x + rhs.x);
    return *this;
constexpr MLong & operator -= (MLong rhs) & {
    x = norm(x - rhs.x);
    return *this;
constexpr MLong & operator /= (MLong rhs) & {
    return *this *= rhs.inv();
friend constexpr MLong operator*(MLong lhs, MLong rhs
   ) {
   MLong res = 1hs;
    res *= rhs;
    return res;
friend constexpr MLong operator+(MLong lhs, MLong rhs
   ) {
   MLong res = 1hs;
    res += rhs;
    return res;
friend constexpr MLong operator - (MLong lhs, MLong rhs
   ) {
   MLong res = 1hs;
```

```
res = rhs;
        return res;
    friend constexpr MLong operator/(MLong lhs, MLong rhs
        MLong res = 1hs;
        res /= rhs;
        return res;
    friend constexpr std::istream &operator >> (std::
       istream &is, MLong &a) {
        11 v;
        is >> v;
        a = MLong(v);
        return is;
    friend constexpr std::ostream &operator << (std::</pre>
       ostream &os, const MLong &a) {
        return os << a.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator == (MLong lhs, MLong rhs
        return lhs.val() == rhs.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator!=(MLong lhs, MLong rhs
        return lhs.val() != rhs.val();
    }
};
template <>
11 MLong < 0LL > :: Mod = 11(1E18) + 9;
template < int V, int P>
constexpr MLong < P > CInv = MLong < P > (V) . inv();
constexpr 11 P = 11(1E18) + 9;
using Z = MLong < P >;
```

5 Pollard-pho

```
11 mul(11 a, 11 b, 11 m) {
    return static cast < int128 >(a) * b % m;
11 power(11 a, 11 b, 11 m) {
    11 \text{ res} = 1 \% \text{ m};
    for (; b; b >>= 1, a = mul(a, a, m))
        if (b & 1)
            res = mul(res, a, m);
    return res;
bool isprime(11 n) {
    if (n < 2)
        return false;
    static constexpr int A[] = \{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17,
        19, 23};
    int s = \__builtin\_ctzll(n - 1);
    11 d = (n - 1) >> s;
    for (auto a : A) {
        if (a == n)
            return true;
        11 \times power(a, d, n);
        if (x == 1 | | x == n - 1)
            continue;
        bool ok = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < s - 1; ++i) {
            x = mul(x, x, n);
            if (x == n - 1) {
                 ok = true;
                 break;
        if (! ok)
            return false;
    return true;
std::vector<11> factorize(11 n) {
    std::vector<11> p;
    std:: function < void(11) > f = [\&](11 n)  {
        if (n \le 10000) {
            for (int i = 2; i * i \le n; ++i)
                 for (; n \% i == 0; n /= i)
                     p.push back(i);
             if (n > 1)
```

```
p.push_back(n);
        return;
    }
    if (isprime(n)) {
        p.push_back(n);
        return;
    auto g = [\&](11 x) {
        return (mul(x, x, n) + 1) \% n;
    };
    11 \ x0 = 2;
    while (true) {
        11 x = x0;
        11 y = x0;
        11 d = 1;
         11 power = 1, lam = 0;
        11 \ v = 1;
        while (d == 1) {
            y = g(y);
            ++lam;
            v = mul(v, std::abs(x - y), n);
             if (lam \% 127 == 0) {
                 d = std :: gcd(v, n);
                 v = 1;
             if (power == lam) {
                 x = y;
                 power *= 2;
                 lam = 0;
                 d = std :: gcd(v, n);
                 v = 1;
             }
         if (d != n) {
             f(d);
             f(n / d);
             return;
        ++x0;
    }
};
f(n);
std::sort(p.begin(), p.end());
vector < 11 > pp = p;
vector <11 >ppp;
pp.erase(unique(pp.begin(),pp.end()),pp.end());
```

```
for(auto q:pp) {
          11 w=count(p.begin(),p.end(),q);
          11 res=1;
          while(w) {
                res*=q;
                w--;
          }
          ppp.push_back(res);
}
return p;
}
```

6 skip, Pollard-pho

```
namespace factor {
    using f64 = long double;
    11 p;
    f64 invp;
    void setmod(11 x) {
        p = x, invp = (f64) 1 / x;
    11 mul(11 a, 11 b) {
        11 z = a * invp * b + 0.5;
        11 res = a * b - z * p;
        return res + (res >> 63 & p);
    11 power(11 a, 11 x, 11 res = 1) {
        for(;x;x >>= 1, a = mul(a, a))
            if(x \& 1) res = mul(res, a);
        return res;
    inline 11 rho(11 n) {
        if(!(n & 1)) return 2;
        static std::mt19937 64 gen((size t)"hehezhou");
        11 x = 0, y = 0, prod = 1;
        auto f = [\&](11 \text{ o}) \{ \text{ return } mul(o, o) + 1; \};
        setmod(n);
        for(int t = 30, z = 0; t \% 64 || std :: gcd(prod, n)
            == 1; ++t)
            if (x == y) x = ++ z, y = f(x);
            if(11 q = mul(prod, x + n - y)) prod = q;
            x = f(x), y = f(f(y));
        return std::gcd(prod, n);
    bool checkprime(11 p) {
        if(p == 1) return 0;
        setmod(p);
        11 d = \_builtin_ctz11(p - 1), s = (p - 1) >> d;
        for (11 a : {2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 82, 373}) {
            if(a \% p == 0)
                 continue;
            11 x = power(a, s), y;
            for(int i = 0; i < d; ++i, x = y) {
                y = mul(x, x);
                 if(y == 1 \&\& x != 1 \&\& x != p - 1)
                     return 0;
            }
```

```
if (x != 1) return 0;
        return 1;
    std::vector<11> get_factor(11 x) {
        std::queue<11>q; q.push(x);
        std :: vector <11 > res;
        for (; q. size();) {
            11 x = q. front(); q.pop();
            if(x == 1) continue;
            if(checkprime(x)) {
                res.push_back(x);
                continue;
            11 y = rho(x);
            q.push(y), q.push(x / y);
        sort(res.begin(), res.end());
        return res;
    }
}
```

7 Umint

```
using u32 = unsigned;
using ull = unsigned long long;
template < typename T>
constexpr T power(T a, ull b) {
    T res {1};
    for (; b != 0; b /= 2, a *= a) {
        if (b \% 2 == 1) {
            res *= a;
    }
    return res;
}
template < u32 P>
constexpr u32 mulMod(u32 a, u32 b) {
    return 1ULL * a * b % P;
}
template < ull P>
constexpr ull mulMod(ull a, ull b) {
    ull res = a * b - ull(1.L * a * b / P - 0.5L) * P;
    res \%= P;
    return res;
}
template < typename U, U P>
struct ModIntBase {
public:
    constexpr ModIntBase() : x {0} {}
    template < typename T, typename = std::enable_if_t < std
       :: is integral <T>:: value>>
    constexpr ModIntBase(T x_{-}) : x \{ norm(x_{-} \%P) \}  {}
    constexpr static U norm(U x) {
        if ((x >> (8 * sizeof(U) - 1) & 1) == 1) {
            x += P;
        if (x >= P) {
            x -= P;
        return x;
    }
```

```
constexpr U val() const {
    return x;
}
constexpr ModIntBase operator -() const {
    ModIntBase res;
    res.x = norm(P - x);
    return res;
}
constexpr ModIntBase inv() const {
    return power(*this, P - 2);
}
constexpr ModIntBase & operator *= (const ModIntBase &
   rhs) & {
    x = mulMod < P > (x, rhs.val());
    return *this;
}
constexpr ModIntBase & operator += (const ModIntBase &
   rhs) & {
    x = norm(x + rhs.x);
    return *this;
}
constexpr ModIntBase & operator -= (const ModIntBase &
   rhs) & {
    x = norm(x - rhs.x);
    return *this;
constexpr ModIntBase & operator /= (const ModIntBase &
   rhs) & {
    return *this *= rhs.inv();
}
friend constexpr ModIntBase operator*(ModIntBase lhs,
    const ModIntBase &rhs) {
    lhs *= rhs;
    return lhs;
friend constexpr ModIntBase operator + (ModIntBase lhs,
    const ModIntBase &rhs) {
    lhs += rhs;
```

```
return lhs;
    }
    friend constexpr ModIntBase operator - (ModIntBase lhs,
        const ModIntBase &rhs) {
        1hs = rhs;
        return lhs;
    }
    friend constexpr ModIntBase operator / (ModIntBase 1hs,
        const ModIntBase &rhs) {
        1hs /= rhs;
        return lhs;
    friend constexpr std::ostream &operator << (std::
       ostream &os, const ModIntBase &a) {
        return os << a.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator == (ModIntBase lhs,
       ModIntBase rhs) {
        return lhs.val() == rhs.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator!=(ModIntBase lhs,
       ModIntBase rhs) {
        return lhs.val() != rhs.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator < (ModIntBase lhs,
       ModIntBase rhs) {
        return lhs.val() < rhs.val();
    }
private:
   Ux;
template < u32 P>
using ModInt = ModIntBase < u32, P>;
template < ull P>
using ModInt64 = ModIntBase<ull , P>;
constexpr ull P = ull(1E18) + 9;
using Z = ModInt64 < P >;
```

};

8 分数类

```
//
// Created by 墨华 on 2024/6/2.
template < class T>
struct Frac {
    T num;
    T den;
    Frac(T num_, T den_) : num(num_), den(den_) {
        if (den < 0)
            den = -den;
            num = -num;
        }
    Frac() : Frac(0, 1) \{ \}
    Frac(T num_) : Frac(num_, 1) \{\}
    explicit operator double() const {
        return 1. * num / den;
    Frac & operator += (const Frac & rhs) {
        num = num * rhs.den + rhs.num * den;
        den *= rhs.den;
        T g = std :: gcd(num, den);
        num/=g;
        den/=g;
        return *this;
    Frac & operator -= (const Frac & rhs) {
        num = num * rhs.den - rhs.num * den;
        den *= rhs.den;
        T g = std :: gcd(num, den);
        num/=g;
        den/=g;
        return *this;
    Frac & operator *= (const Frac & rhs) {
        num *= rhs.num;
        den *= rhs.den;
        T g = std :: gcd(num, den);
        num/=g;
        den/=g;
        return *this;
    Frac & operator /= (const Frac & rhs) {
        num *= rhs.den;
```

```
den *= rhs.num;
    if (den < 0)
        num = -num;
        den = -den;
    T g = std :: gcd(num, den);
    num/=g;
    den/=g;
    return *this;
friend Frac operator + (Frac lhs, const Frac &rhs) {
    return lhs += rhs;
friend Frac operator - (Frac lhs, const Frac &rhs) {
    return lhs -= rhs;
friend Frac operator*(Frac lhs, const Frac &rhs) {
    return lhs *= rhs;
friend Frac operator / (Frac lhs, const Frac &rhs) {
    return lhs /= rhs;
friend Frac operator - (const Frac &a) {
    return Frac(-a.num, a.den);
friend bool operator == (const Frac &lhs, const Frac &
   rhs) {
    return lhs.num * rhs.den == rhs.num * lhs.den;
friend bool operator!=(const Frac &lhs, const Frac &
   rhs) {
    return lhs.num * rhs.den != rhs.num * lhs.den;
friend bool operator < (const Frac &lhs, const Frac &
    return lhs.num * rhs.den < rhs.num * lhs.den;
friend bool operator > (const Frac & lhs, const Frac &
    return lhs.num * rhs.den > rhs.num * lhs.den;
friend bool operator <= (const Frac &lhs, const Frac &
   rhs) {
    return lhs.num * rhs.den <= rhs.num * lhs.den;
}
```

9可变模数 mint

```
template < class T>
constexpr T power(T a, 11 b) {
    T res \{1\};
    for (; b; b \neq 2, a *= a) {
        if (b % 2) {
            res *= a;
    }
    return res;
}
constexpr 11 mul(11 a, 11 b, 11 p) {
    11 res = a * b - 11(1.L * a * b / p) * p;
    res %= p;
    if (res < 0) {
        res += p;
    return res;
}
template < 11 P>
struct MInt {
    11 x;
    constexpr MInt() : x \{0\} \{\}
    constexpr MInt(11 x) : x \{norm(x \% getMod())\}  {}
    static 11 Mod;
    constexpr static 11 getMod() {
        if (P > 0) {
            return P;
        } else {
            return Mod;
    constexpr static void setMod(11 Mod_) {
        Mod = Mod_{;}
    constexpr 11 norm(11 x) const {
        if (x < 0) {
            x += getMod();
        if (x \ge getMod()) 
            x = getMod();
```

```
return x;
constexpr 11 val() const {
    return x;
constexpr MInt operator -() const {
    MInt res;
    res.x = norm(getMod() - x);
    return res;
}
constexpr MInt inv() const {
    return power(*this, getMod() - 2);
constexpr MInt & operator *= (MInt rhs) & {
    if (getMod() < (1ULL << 31)) {
        x = x * rhs.x % int(getMod());
    } else {
        x = mul(x, rhs.x, getMod());
    return *this;
constexpr MInt & operator += (MInt rhs) & {
    x = norm(x + rhs.x);
    return *this;
constexpr MInt & operator -= (MInt rhs) & {
    x = norm(x - rhs.x);
    return *this;
constexpr MInt &operator/=(MInt rhs) & {
    return *this *= rhs.inv();
friend constexpr MInt operator*(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
    MInt res = 1hs;
    res *= rhs;
    return res;
friend constexpr MInt operator + (MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
    MInt res = 1hs;
    res += rhs;
    return res;
friend constexpr MInt operator - (MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
    MInt res = lhs;
    res = rhs;
    return res;
```

```
friend constexpr MInt operator/(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        MInt res = 1hs;
        res /= rhs;
        return res;
    friend constexpr std::istream & operator >> (std::
       istream &is, MInt &a) {
        11 v;
        is >> v;
        a = MInt(v);
        return is;
    friend constexpr std::ostream &operator << (std::</pre>
       ostream &os, const MInt &a) {
        return os << a.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator == (MInt lhs, MInt rhs)
        return lhs.val() == rhs.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator!=(MInt lhs, MInt rhs)
        return lhs.val() != rhs.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator < (MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        return lhs.val() < rhs.val();
};
template <>
11 MInt < 0 > :: Mod = 998244353;
constexpr int P = 998244353;
using Z = MInt < 0 >;
```

10 拓展 exgcd 求逆元

```
11 exgcd(11 a, 11 b, 11 &x, 11 &y) {
    if (!b) {
        x = 1, y = 0;
        return a;
    }
    11 d = exgcd(b, a % b, y, x);
    y = a / b * x;
    return d;
}
11 inv(11 n, 11 M) {
    11 x, y;
    exgcd(n, M, x, y);
    x = (x % M + M) % M;
    return x;
}
```

11 矩阵乘法

```
#include < bits / stdc ++.h>
using namespace std;
using 11=long long;
#define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
#define IOS ios::sync_with_stdio(false); cin.tie(0); cout.
    tie (0);
#define pll pair < int , int >
#define fi first
#define se second
const int N=200, P=100000007;
11 a[N+1][N+1], fa[N+1];
void aa(){
    11 w=[N+1][N+1];
    memset(w, 0, sizeof(w));
    for (int i=1; i \le n; i++)
         for (int j=1; j \le n; j++)
             for (int k=1; k \le n; k++)
                 w[i][j]+=a[i][k]*a[k][j],w[i][j]%=P;
         }
    memcpy(a,w,sizeof(a));
void fa(){
    11 w[N+1];
    memset(w, 0, sizeof(w));
    for (int i=1; i \le n; i++)
         for (int j=1; j <= n; j++)w[i]+=f[j]*a[j][i],w[i]%=P;
    memcpy(f,w, sizeof(f));
void matrixpow(int k){
    for(;k;k/2){
         if (k&1) fa();
         aa();
int main(){
}
```

12 线性基

```
\#include < bits / extc ++. h>
using \ namespace \ \_\_gnu\_cxx \, ;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
using namespace std;
using 11=long long;
#define LNF 0x3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f3f
#define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
#define IOS ios::sync with stdio(false); cin.tie(0); cout.
    tie (0);
#define pll pair < int, int >
#define fi first
#define se second
const int N=210;
const int B=60;
struct linear_basis {
    11 num[B+1];
    void init(){
        for (int i=B-1; i>=0; i--)num[i = 0;
    bool insert(11 x){
         for (int i=B-1; i>=0; i--)
             if(x&(111 << i)){
                  if(num[i]==0)\{num[i]=x;
                      return true;
                 x^=num[i];
         return false;
    11 querymin(11 x){
         for (int i=B-1; i>=0; i--)
             x=min(x,x^num[i]);
         return x;
    11 querymax(11 x){
         for (int i=B-1; i>=0; i--)
             x=max(x,x^num[i]);
         return x;
    }
};
void solve(void){
```

```
Int main() {

IOS;
int t=1;
// cin>>t;
while(t--)
solve();
return 0;
}
```

13 莫比乌斯反演

```
const int maxn = 1e5 + 7;
int p[maxn];
int pr[maxn];
int tot = 0;
int phi[maxn];
int mu[maxn];
void get(ll n) {
    p[1] = phi[1] = mu[1] = 1;
    for (int i = 2; i < n; ++i) {
        if (!p[i]) mu[i] = -1, pr[++tot] = i, phi[i] = i
            - 1;
        for (int j = 1; j \le tot && i * pr[j] \le n; ++j) {
            p[i * pr[j]] = pr[j];
if (i % pr[j]) {
                 mu[i * pr[j]] = -mu[i];
                 phi[i * pr[j]] = phi[i] * phi[pr[j]];
             } else {
                 phi[pr[j]*i] = phi[i] * pr[j];
                 break;
             }
        }
    }
}
```