阅读方法论06课堂笔记

词汇题

【方法技巧】

视频定位 00:00-00:30

1、标志:"???" (line . Paragraph) most probably means

2、方法:通过定位好的句子,根据逻辑关系找同义词或反义词

3、干扰选项特征:字面意思理解

【真题示例】——词汇题

1997年 Passage 3

视频定位 00:50-06:15.

60题: The word "pervasive" (line 1, paragraph 2) might mean ____.

[A] widespread 正确

普遍流行的

[B] overwhelming

占据压倒地位的

[C] piercing

尖锐的

[D] fashionable

时髦的

We live in a society in which the medicinal and social use of substances (drugs) is pervasive: an aspirin to quiet a headache, some wine to be sociable, coffee to get going in the morning, a cigarette for the nerves.

段落分析:冒号后四个内容并列。

1997年 Passage 3

视频定位 06:20-08:50

69题: The sentence "This is no flash in the pan" (line 4, paragraph 3) means that ______

[A] the low inflation rate will last for some time 正确

通货膨胀会持续降低。

[B] the inflation rate will soon rise

通货膨胀会上升。

[C] the inflation will disappear quickly

通货膨胀快要消失了。

[D] there is no inflation at present

目前不存在通货膨胀。

This is no flash in the pan; (=) over the past couple of years, inflation has been consistently lower than expected in Britain and America.

段落分析:分号前后一致,通货膨胀一直以来都低于预期。

NOTE:

大标题

小标题

【词汇短语】

【方法技巧】

【题文关键】

【文章关键词、句】

作业

【唐叔tips】

逻辑提示词(时间、转折、情感色彩)

选项笔记

红色字体最为关键

1998年 passage1

视频定位 08:55-12:15

51题: The third sentence of paragraph 1 implies that _____

[A] people would be happy if they shut their eyes to reality

把他们的眼睛闭起来。字面意思。

[B] the blind could be happier than the sighted

盲人比看得见的人更幸福。字面意思。

[C] over-excited people tend to neglect vital things 正确

过于兴奋的人往往忽略真正重要的事情。

[D] fascination makes people lose their eyesight

字面意思。干扰选项都是对blind字面意思的理解。

Few creations of big technology capture the imagination like giant dams. Perhaps it is humankind's long suffering at the mercy of flood and drought that makes the ideal of forcing the waters to do our bidding so fascinating. But to be fascinated is also, sometimes, to be blind. Several giant dam projects threaten to do more harm than good.

段落分析:词汇题+推理判断题。大坝是最能够抓住人类想象力的。

2002年 text2

视频定位 12:20-14:55

47题: The word "gizmos" (line 1, paragraph 2) most probably means _____

[A] programs

编程,代码

[B] experts

[C] devices 正确

[D] creatures

生物

As a result, the modern world is increasingly populated by intelligent gizmos whose presence we barely notice but whose universal existence has removed much human labor. Our factories hum to the rhythm of robot assembly arms. Our banking is done at automated teller terminals that thank us with mechanical politeness for the transaction. Our subway trains are controlled by tireless robo-drivers. And thanks to the continual miniaturization of electronics and micro-mechanics, there are already robot systems that can perform some kinds of brain and bone surgery with submillimeter accuracy — far greater precision than highly skilled physicians can achieve with their hands alone.

段落分析:日益充斥着许多智能的"gizmos",他的存在大大减少人力劳动。

2003年 text1

视频定位 15:00-22:35

43题: The phrase "making the biggest splash" (line 1, paragraph 3) most probably means

[A] causing the biggest trouble

造成大麻烦。

[B] exerting the greatest effort

付出很多努力。

[C] achieving the greatest success 正确

取得成功。

[D] enjoying the widest popularity

大受好评。

Among the firms making the biggest splash in this new world is Straitford (主语), Inc., a private intelligence-analysis firm based in Austin, Texas. (=) Straitford makes money by selling the results of spying (covering nations from Chile to Russia) to corporations like energy-services firm McDermott International.

段落分析:第一句和第二句之间没有转折,两个句子主语对主语,动作对动作。

视频定位 22:45-25:08

2004年 text1

43题: The expression "tip service" (line 4, paragraph 3) most probably means _____.

[A] advisory [B] compensation [C] interaction [D] reminder 正确

For any job search, you should start with a narrow concept — what you think you want to do — then broaden it. "None of these programs do that," says another expert. "There's no career **counseling implicit** in all of this." Instead, the best strategy is to use the agent as a kind of tip service to keep abreast of jobs in a particular database; when you get E-mail, consider it a reminder to check the database again. "I would not rely on agents for finding everything that is added to a database that might interest me," says the author of a job-searching guide.

段落分析: it指代agent, tip service 就等于a reminder。

【真题示例】——2001年 Passage 5

视频定位 28:28-32:00 When I decided to quit my full-time employment it never occurred to me that I might become a part of a new international trend. A lateral move (主语) (that hurt my pride and blocked my professional progress) prompted (谓语) me to abandon my relatively high profile career although, in the manner of a disgraced government minister, I covered my exit by claiming "I wanted to spend more time with my family".

【词汇短语】

Quit (辞职)

段落分析: 当我决定辞职时, 我没想到我成为了国际潮流中的一员。平行调动促使我放弃。 个例。

67. Which of the following is true according to paragraph 1?

视频定位 32:10-35:25

[A] Full-time employment is a new international trend.

全职工作是一个新的国际化趋势。与原文相反。

- [B] The writer was compelled by circumstances to leave her job. 正确作者受环境所迫。
- [C] "A lateral move" means stepping out of full-time employment.

一个平行的移动意味着放弃了全职工作。原文: prompt。

[D] The writer was only too eager to spend more time with her family.

作者太想花时间和家人在一起。——是离职的借口。

视频定位 35:30-40:00 Curiously, some two-and-a-half years and two novels later, my experiment in what the Americans term "downshifting" has turned my tired excuse into an absolute reality. I have been transformed from a passionate advocate of the philosophy of "have it all", preached by Linda Kelsey for the past seven years in the pages of *She* magazine, into a woman who is happy to settle for a bit of everything.

【词汇短语】

transformed from into (从.....变)

段落分析:第一段的借口现在变成了现实。 文章主人公价值观的变化,从女强人到小女人。

68. The writer's experiment shows that downshifting ______.

视频定位

慢节奏。

40:05-42:25

[A] enables her to realize her dream

使她认识到她的梦。

[B] helps her mold a new philosophy of life 正确

帮她重弄塑造一个生活哲学。

[C] prompts her to abandon her high social status

促使她放弃一个很高的社会地位。时间倒置。

[D] leads her to accept the doctrine of She magazine

让她接受杂志中的一个观点。

视频定位 40:05-47:20 I have discovered, as perhaps Kelsey will after her much-publicized resignation from the editorship of *She* after a build-up of stress, that abandoning the doctrine of "juggling your life", and making the alternative move into "downshifting" brings with it far greater rewards than financial success and social status. Nothing could persuade me to return to the kind of life Kelsey used to advocate and I once enjoyed: 12-hour working days, pressured deadlines, the fearful strain of office politics and the limitations of being a parent on "quality time".

段落分析: Kelsey也辞职了,转变成了downshifting。juggling your life和downshifting互为相反。

69. "Juggling one's life" probably means living a life characterized by ______.

视频定位

以前的生活方式有什么特点。对应第三段。

47:22-48:15

[A] non-materialistic lifestyle

没有那么物质了。

[B] a bit of everything

躺平。

[C] extreme stress 正确

压力。

[D] anti-consumerism

视频定位 48:30-49:10

In America, the move away from juggling to a simpler, less materialistic lifestyle is a well-established trend. Downshifting — also known in America as "voluntary simplicity" — has, ironically, even bred a new area of what might be termed anti-consumerism. There are a

number of bestselling downshifting self-help books for people who want to simplify their lives; there are newsletters, such as The Tightwad Gazette, that give hundreds of thousands of Americans useful tips on anything from recycling their cling-film to making their own soap; there are even support groups for those who want to achieve the mid-'90s equivalent of dropping out.

段落分析: Downshifting被称之为自愿的简单生活。

视频定位 49:12-49:40 While in America the trend started as a reaction to the economic decline—after the mass redundancies caused by downsizing in the late '80s—and is still linked to the politics of thrift, in Britain, at least among the middle class downshifters of my acquaintance, we have different reasons for seeking to simplify our lives.

段落分析: Downshifting趋势的兴起是因为经济不好。

For the women of my generation who were urged to keep juggling through the '80s, downshifting in the mid-'90s is not so much a search for the mythical good life — growing your own organic vegetables, and risking turning into one — as a personal recognition of your limitations.

70. According to the passage, downshifting emerged in the US as a result of _____

视频定位 49:42-50:00

对应第五段,对经济衰退作出的反应。

- [A] the quick pace of modern life
- [B] man's adventurous spirit
- [C] man's search for mythical experiences
- [D] the economic situation 正确

【真题示例】——推理判断题

2003年 Text 3

视频定位 56:35-59:10 In recent years, railroads have been combining with each other, merging into super systems, causing heightened concerns about monopoly. // (案例) As recently as 1995, the top four railroads accounted for under 70 percent of the total ton-miles moved by rails. Next year, after a series of mergers is completed, just four railroads will control well over 90 percent of all the freight moved by major rail carriers.

【词汇短语】

merging (合并)

段落分析:近些年,铁路不断合并。举例。

视频定位 59:15-01:03:08 Supporters of the new supersystems argue that these mergers will allow for substantial cost reductions and better coordinated service. Any threat of monopoly, they argue, is removed by fierce competition from trucks. But many shippers complain that for heavy bulk commodities traveling long distances, such as coal, chemicals, and grain, trucking is too costly and the railroads therefore have them by the throat.

段落分析:形成垄断的威胁被卡车的竞争移除了。承运公司抱怨卡车成本贵。 51. According to those who support mergers railway monopoly is unlikely because _ 不可能形成铁路垄断的原因是。 视频定位 01:00:50-01:01:40 [A] cost reduction is based on competition 成本下降。不是没有垄断的原因,答非所问。 [B] services call for cross-trade coordination [C] outside competitors will continue to exist 正确 外部竞争者: 卡车。 [D] shippers will have the railway by the throat 52. What is many captive shippers' attitude towards the consolidation in the rail industry? 视频定位 对垄断的态度。 01:03:10-01:05:00 [A] Indifferent. 小墓碑 [B] Supportive. 支持 [C] Indignant. 愤怒 [D] Apprehensive. 正确 担忧、忧虑。原文最后一段话。 The vast consolidation within the rail industry means that most shippers are served by only one rail company. Railroads typically charge such "captive" shippers 20 to 30 percent more 视频定位 than they do when another railroad is competing for the business. Shippers who feel they are 01:05:10-01:06:45 being overcharged have the right to appeal to the federal government's Surface Transportation Board for rate relief, but the process is expensive, time consuming, and will work only in truly extreme cases. 【词汇短语】 appeal (上诉) 段落分析:觉得被多收钱的人可以上诉,但是上诉过程非常昂贵且费时,只有在极端情况下才会做。 53. It can be inferred from paragraph 3 that _ 推理判断题。 视频定位 01:06:50-01:09:15 [A] shippers will be charged less without a rival railroad 如果没有外部竞争,会被收的更少。与原文相反。 [B] there will soon be only one railroad company nationwide 全国很快只有一家公司了。推理过度。 [C] overcharged shippers are unlikely to appeal for rate relief 正确 被多收了钱的公司不太可能去上诉。 [D] a government board ensures fair play in railway business

视频定位 01:09:20-01:11:50

【方法技巧】

推理判断题:

1、标志:infer / imply / suggest / learn from / conclude

- 2、方法:
- 1) 同义改写——细节 + 主旨 + 逻辑
- 2)逻辑取反——推理多在转折处

2000年 Passage 5

视频定位 01:14:05-01:22:38 If ambition is to be well regarded, the rewards of ambition — wealth, distinction, control over one's destiny — must be deemed worthy of the sacrifices made on ambition's behalf. //If the tradition of ambition is to have vitality, it must be widely shared; and it especially must be highly regarded by people who are themselves admired, the educated not least among them. In an odd way, however, it is the educated who have claimed to have give up on ambition as an ideal. (强调句)//What is odd is that they have perhaps most benefited from ambition — if not always their own then that of their parents and grandparents. There is a heavy note of hypocrisy in this, a case of closing the barn door after the horses have escaped — with the educated themselves riding on them.

Tips: the educated 冠词+形容词表示的是一类人。

【词汇短语】

Distinction (区别/名声、名望) vitality (生命力) In an odd way (很奇怪的是) hypocrisy (虚伪的) barn (马厩)

段落分析:雄心壮志的回报有财富、荣耀、以及对个人命运的掌控——这些回报应该被认为是值得为了雄心壮志付出牺牲的。有一个对虚伪的强烈的暗示:在马跑了之后关上了马厩——受教育的人还骑在马上。——马是雄心壮志。骑在马上获得成功,却把马放跑了让别人无马可骑。

67. It is generally believed that ambition may be well regarded if ______.

细节题。原文定位好的句子就是答案。

[A] its returns well compensate for the sacrifices 正确

它的回报能够很好地弥补牺牲。原文同义替换。

[B] it is rewarded with money, fame and power

它的回报是钱名权。原文同义替换。不如A完整

[C] its goals are spiritual rather than material

它的回报是精神上而不是物质上的。排除。

[D] it is shared by the rich and the famous

应该被有钱人和有权的人分享。排除。

68. The last sentence of the first paragraph most probably implies that it is_____

审题:例证题。A case 关于观点的例子,观点是虚伪。

[A] customary of the educated to discard ambition in words

他们习惯了在言辞中放弃雄心壮志。答非所问。

[B] too late to check ambition once it has been let out

一旦让它跑掉,检查雄心壮志为时已晚。

[C] dishonest to deny ambition after the fulfillment of the goal 正确

在你实现目标之后否认雄心壮志是很不诚实的。和原文虚伪的对应。

[D] impractical for the educated to enjoy benefits from ambition

享受雄心壮志是不切实际的。

课后总结

一、词汇题:

1、标志:"???" (line . Paragraph) most probably means

2、方法:通过定位好的句子,根据逻辑关系找同义词或反义词

串联题干: ambition

Tips:

be well regarded 被重视符合中心的是最佳答案。 全面的是最佳答案。

视频定位 01:22:42-01:25:50

视频定位

01:15:20-01:18:20

- 3、干扰选项特征:字面意思理解
- 二、推理判断题:
 - 1、标志:infer / imply / suggest / learn from / conclude
 - 2、方法:
 - 1) 同义改写——细节 + 主旨 + 逻辑
 - 2)逻辑取反——推理多在转折处

