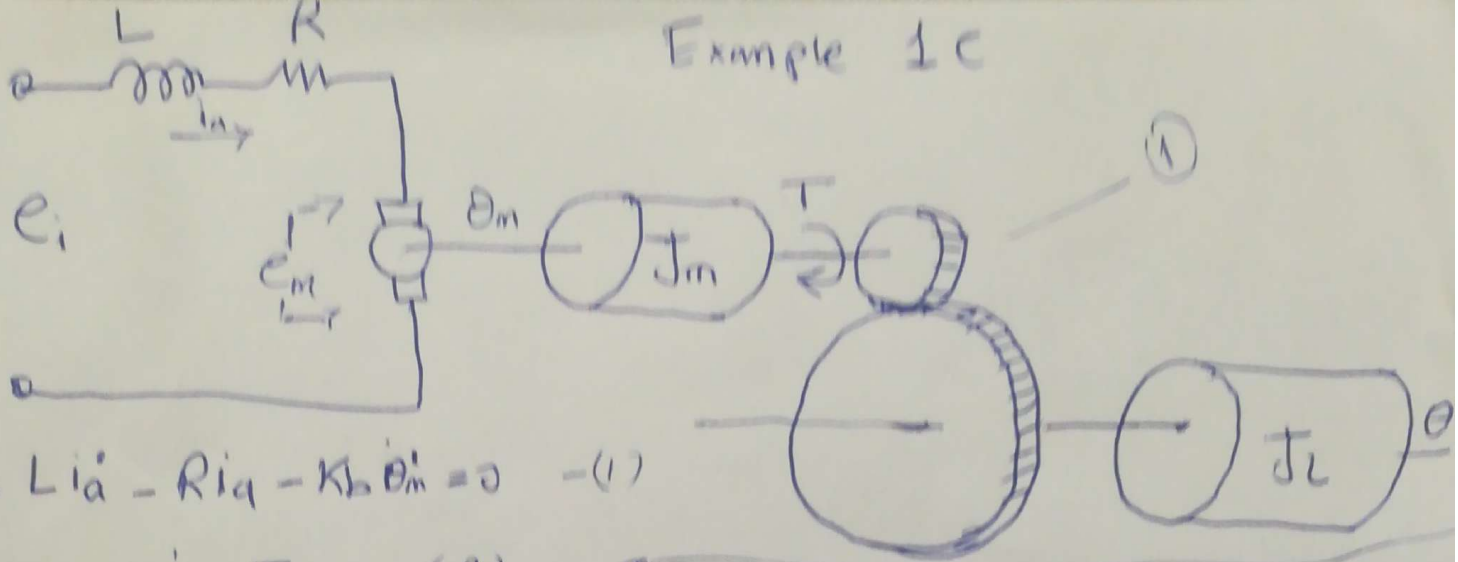


Example 1c



$$e_i - L \dot{i}_a - R i_a - K_b \dot{\theta}_m = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$J_m \ddot{\theta}_m = K i_a - T \quad (2)$$

$$T = \frac{\theta}{\theta_m} T_L = n T_L \quad (3)$$

$K_b =$ back emf constant ($e_m = K_b \dot{\theta}_m$)
 $K =$ Torque constant ($T_m = K i_a$)

load eqn.

$$T_L = J_L \ddot{\theta} \quad (4)$$

$$\text{Sub 4, 3} \rightarrow J_L \ddot{\theta} = \frac{T}{n} \quad (5)$$

Sub 5 in 2

$$J_m \ddot{\theta}_m = K i_a - n J_L \ddot{\theta}$$

$$K i_a = n J_L \ddot{\theta} + J_m \left(\frac{1}{n} \ddot{\theta} \right)$$

$$n K i_a = (n^2 J_L + J_m) \ddot{\theta} \quad (6)$$

The back emf of the motor is directly proportional to the speed. $(e_m) = K_b \dot{\theta}_m$

* The torque generated by the motor is directly proportional to the current. $\rightarrow K i_a$

* for shaft 1

$$\sum M = J_m \ddot{\theta}_m = K i_a - T$$

* for shaft 2

$$\sum M = J_L \ddot{\theta} = T_L$$

1A TF

$$m_1 \ddot{x}_1 + b \dot{x}_1 + (k_1 + k_2) x_1 = b \dot{x}_2 + k_2 x_2 + u$$

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_2 + b \dot{x}_2 + (k_2 + k_3) x_2 = b \dot{x}_1 + k_2 x_1$$

$$s^2 m_1 X_1 + s b X_1 + (k_1 + k_2) X_1 = b s X_2 + k_2 X_2 + u \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$(m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2) X_1 = (b s + k_2) X_2 + U(s) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$(m_2 s^2 + b s + (k_2 + k_3)) X_2(s) = (b s + k_2) X_1(s) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$X_1 = \left(\frac{(b s + k_2) X_2 + U(s)}{m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2} \right) \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Sub by 3 in (2)

$$(m_2 s^2 + b s + k_2 + k_3) X_2 = (b s + k_2) \left(\frac{(b s + k_2) X_2 + U(s)}{m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2} \right)$$

$$\left(m_2 s^2 + b s + k_2 + k_3 - \frac{(b s + k_2)^2}{(m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2)} \right) X_2 = \frac{(b s + k_2)}{m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2} U(s)$$

$$\frac{X_2}{U(s)} = \frac{(b s + k_2)}{m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2} \times \frac{m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2}{m_2 s^2 + b s + k_2 + k_3 - \frac{(b s + k_2)^2}{m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2}}$$

$$= \frac{b s + k_2}{(m_2 s^2 + b s + k_2 + k_3)(m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2) - (b s + k_2)^2} \quad \text{--- (7)}$$

from (2)

$$X_2 = \frac{b s + k_2}{m_2 s^2 + b s + k_2 + k_3} X_1 \rightarrow \text{Sub in (7)}$$

$$\frac{X_1}{U(s)} = \frac{m_2 s^2 + b s + k_2 + k_3}{(m_2 s^2 + b s + k_2 + k_3)(m_1 s^2 + s b + k_1 + k_2) - (b s + k_2)^2}$$

Tutorial 2

Example 5: TF of 1B

$$CR_2 \dot{e}_i + CR_2 \dot{e}_o + e_o - e_i = 0$$

$$sCR_2 E_i(s) + sCR_2 E_o(s) + E_o(s) - E_i(s) = 0$$

$$E_o(s) \cdot (sCR_2 + 1) = E_i(s) (1 - sCR_2)$$

$$\frac{E_o(s)}{E_i(s)} = \frac{1 - sCR_2}{1 + sCR_2} = \frac{\frac{1}{CR_2} - s}{\frac{1}{CR_2} + s} = - \frac{s - \frac{1}{CR_2}}{s + \frac{1}{CR_2}}$$

Example 5 : Obtain TF of 1C

$$J_m + n^2 J_L \ddot{\theta} = n K i_a$$

$$L \dot{i}_a + R i_a + K_b \dot{\theta}_m = e_i$$

$$J_m + n^2 J_L s^2 \theta(s) = n K I_a(s)$$

$$E_i(s) = (R + Ls) I_a(s) + K_b s \theta_m(s)$$

$$n = \frac{\theta}{\theta_m}$$

$$E_i(s) = (Ls + R) \frac{J_m + n^2 J_L s^2}{nK} \theta(s) + \frac{K_b s}{n} \theta(s)$$

$$E_i(s) = \left((Ls + R) \frac{J_m + n^2 J_L s^2}{nK} + \frac{K_b s}{n} \right) (\theta(s))$$

$$\frac{\theta(s)}{E_i(s)} = \frac{1}{(Ls + R)(J_m + n^2 J_L s^2) + K K_b s}$$