

All Tomorrows

All Tomorrows: A Billion Year Chronicle of the Myriad Species and Mixed Fortunes of Man is a 2006 work of science fiction and speculative evolution written and illustrated by the Turkish artist C. M. Kosemen under the pen name Nemo Ramjet. It explores a hypothetical future path of human evolution set from the near future to a billion years from the present. Several future human species evolve through natural means and through genetic engineering, conducted by both humans themselves and by a mysterious and superior alien species called the Qu.

Inspired by the science fiction works of <u>Olaf Stapledon</u> and <u>Edward Gibbon</u>'s <u>The History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire</u>, Kosemen worked on <u>All Tomorrows</u> from 2003 to the publication of the book as a free <u>PDF</u> file online in 2006. The book has never been physically published, but as per Kosemen himself

"had a life of its own" on the internet. Kosemen intends to eventually pul *Tomorrows* in physical form, with new text and updated illustrations.

Summary

Centuries following the <u>terraforming</u> and <u>colonization</u> of <u>Mars</u>, a be catastrophic interplanetary war takes place between <u>Mars</u> and Earth. Af planets make peace with each other, a large-scale <u>colonization</u> initiative is out by genetically engineered humans called Star People throughout the ga

Humans then encounter a malevolent and superior <u>alien</u> species called The Qu's religion motivates them to remake the <u>universe</u> through <u>engineering</u>. A short war follows in which humanity is defeated. Shoengineer the surviving humans as punishment into a range of exotic many of them unintelligent. After forty million years of domination, the C the galaxy, leaving the altered humans to evolve on their own. The bioeng humans range from worm-like humans to <u>insectivores</u> and modular and ce species. The book follows the progress of these new humans as they extinct or regain sapience in wildly different forms and gradually discover Qu experimented on them.

One species, known as the Ruin Haunters, eventually replaces their bodies

the Gravitals. The Gravitals colonize the rest of the galaxy while annihilating most life within it, including the other <u>post-human</u> species. They are, themselves, destroyed by the Asteromorphs, the descendants of the human species who escaped experimentation by the Qu. The final chapters of the book detail humanity's rebound as a posthuman species, their first contact with another galaxy's life, rediscovering and defeating the Qu after five-hundred million years, and concluding with the rediscovery of Earth 560 million years in the future.

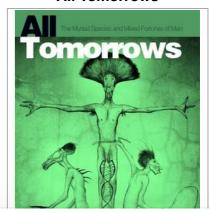
All Tomorrows ends with a picture of the book's in-universe author, an alien researcher, holding a billion-year-old human skull and writing that all posthuman species disappeared a billion years in the future, for unknown reasons. The author goes on to state that mankind's story was always about the lives of humans themselves, not major wars and abstract ideals. The author ends by encouraging the reader to "Love Today, and seize All Tomorrows!"

Development

Kosemen worked on *All Tomorrows* from 2003 to 2006. The work of <u>Olaf Stapledon</u>, particularly <u>Last and First Men</u> (1930) and <u>Star Maker</u> (1937), served as the main inspiration for the work, alongside <u>Edward Gibbon</u>'s <u>The History of</u> the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire. [1]

All Tomorrows is written in the style of a historical work, narrated by an alien creature recounting the history of humanity. According to Kosemen, the "tone of voice is a high school student fanboying on the *Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire* by Edward Gibbon". The artwork is also reflective of this "archaeological" approach, with faded and

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Speculative evolution is a subgenre of science fiction and an artistic movement focused on hypothetical scenarios in the evolution of life, and a significant form of fictional biology. It is also known as speculative biology and it is referred to as speculative zoology in regards to hypothetical animals. Works incorporating speculative evolution may have entirely conceptual species that evolve on a planet other than Earth, or they may be an alternate history focused on an alternate evolution of terrestrial life. Speculative evolution often considered hard science fiction because of its strong connection to and basis in science, particularly biology.

textured visual effects applied to the paintings. The original reason for adding the faded tint to the paintings was Kosemen wanting to avoid the paintings looking like "horrible racist caricatures". [1]

All Tomorrows has never been physically published. It was released for free online as a \underline{PDF} on 4 October 2006 and has since then, per Kosemen himself, "had a life of its own as a PDF floating around the backwaters of the internet like a ghost ship". One of the common links which *All Tomorrows* has been shared through is a \underline{wiki} site dedicated to speedrunning. [1]

Reception and legacy

Originally an obscure work, *All Tomorrows* slowly gained popularity online following its 2006 publication. [2] In a 2021 podcast interview, Kosemen noted that the generation born right after him (Kosemen having been born in 1984) "really embraced" *All Tomorrows*, which he believes might partially be due to the "myriad disasters" that have happened in the world since then. [1] The book has received some scholarly attention; in 2020, *All Tomorrows* was among the works discussed in Jörg Matthias Determann's book *Islam, Science Fiction and Extraterrestrial Life*, which explores astrobiology and science fiction in the Muslim world. [3] Following the upload of an abridged version of the book's story by YouTuber *Alt Shift X* in June 2021, [4] *All Tomorrows* saw a particular surge in popularity online during the summer of 2021. [2] Among other things, there was a surge of internet memes based on the book, primarily on YouTube and Twitter [5] as well as fan art based on the creatures in the book. [4]

Readers have characterized *All Tomorrows* as "bizarre", "inexplicable", "interesting" and "fascinating", and as a work incorporating body horror. [6] Ivan Farkas of Cracked.com called *All Tomorrows* "existentially freak-ay" in 2021 and described the artwork as "otherwordly". [7] A 2022 article by Andrea Viscusi on the Italian media website *Stay Nerd* compared *All Tomorrows* to *Man After Man* (1990) by Dougal Dixon, also a work tackling future human evolution, but found the depictions in *All Tomorrows* to be "even more disturbing", yet still possible on an "almost subliminal level" to "recognize as our fellow men". [8] In a 2022 article in the lifestyle magazine *A Little Bit Human*, Allia Luzong considered *All Tomorrows* to be a "fun exploration of what could be" but also a serious work with serious themes, particularly noting how humanity's social ills are present throughout the narrative. [4]

Kosemen stated in 2021 that though the book had grown popular, he had almost "disowned" *All Tomorrows*, finding parts of it "a bit cringey". [1] When designing his website and including his different books and projects, Kosemen purposefully left out *All Tomorrows*. [2] Following the summer of 2021, he has since added the book to his website [9] and intends to eventually publish *All Tomorrows* in physical form with new text and illustrations. [2] By 16 October 2022, Kosemen had written the expanded version up until the Qu's conquest of the galaxy. Kosemen stated that the material up until that point amounted to 200 pages, almost twice the length of the entire original book. [10]

See also

- Transhuman
- Posthuman
- Biopunk
- All Yesterdays (2012) by John Conway, Darren Naish and Kosemen a similarly titled book on paleoart, coauthored by Kosemen.
- Man After Man (1990) by Dougal Dixon a similar book about (human) speculative evolution

References

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- 2. "How to Keep Motivated for World-Building Projects" (https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7UX65UeWF24). C. M. Kosemen's Podcast (Podcast). C. M. Kosemen. 4 July 2021. Retrieved 14 July 2021.
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- 8. Viscusi, Andrea (2022-02-18). "Il fascino disturbante dell'uncanny: codici, bestiari e atlanti dei mostri" (https://www.staynerd.com/bestiari-mostri/). Stay Nerd (in Italian). Retrieved 2022-04-09.
- 9. "C. M. Kosemen Books" (http://cmkosemen.com/books.html). cmkosemen.com. Retrieved 2022-04-09.
- 10. Surprise Gumby Dinosaur Test Stream (https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Vw5KBecU3PE&t=53m12s) on YouTube

External links

- All Tomorrows (https://web.archive.org/web/20061124141617/http://www.nemoramjet.com/alltomorrows.pdf) original 2006 PDF version of the book
- Все Грядущие дни (http://www.sivatherium.narod.ru/library/Ramjet/01_ru.htm) 2009/2010 Russian translation of All Tomorrows by Pavel Volkov
- An "abridged" retelling (https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=imNtSPM3-r4) on YouTube by Alt Shift X, recommended by C. M. Kosemen himself (see pinned comment)
- All Tomorrows (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1BSeAF2qplxClOBjRnSDS-Y7-_ixq4zlu/view?usp=sharing) 2023
 Italian translation of All Tomorrows by D. Lombardo
- All Tomorrows (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1LucbqeeM9A1PjNft37Cv42LgKlaNxF4t/view) 2023 Czech translation All Tomorrows by J. Dubánek
- All Tomorrows (https://archive.org/details/tous-les-lendemains-traduction) 2022 French translation All Tomorrows by Lucas G. Blanchard

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