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Introduction to Machine Learning (WS 2018/19) 5. Assignment

Released: Thursday, 15.11.2018.

Due: Please solve the exercises in groups of three and present your solutions in the GZI V2-222 (student computer pool) on **Monday, 26.11.2018**, at the assigned time.

- Exercises that require a documentation are marked with [DOC].
- The python toolbox needed for solving the practical exercises can be found at http://scikit-learn.org/stable/. It comes with an excellent online description and demos. You can also look at the given demo code.
- On the computer in the GZI you just need to enable *mltools* in the RCINFO Package Selector. You will have a new version of sklearn (0.20.0), updated Spyder 3.3.1 develoment environment, and our toolbox launch Python 3.5 automatically when you start *python* or *ipython* from command line.
- If you have any questions, please ask your tutor or write an email to intromachlearn@techfak.uni-bielefeld.de.

1 Do I need all Features

(5 Points)

The iris data set is four dimensional¹; so far we have only used the first two dimensions for their classification in order to arrive at a direct visualization. Compare the result of logistic regression from the sklearn-toolbox for the first two dimensions of the data to a logistic regression for the last two dimensions and to a logistic regression where all dimensions of the data are used. Split the data into a training (2/3 of the data) and test set (1/3 of the data). Repeat for five different train-test-splits and visualize both two dimensional classifiers² for at least one of the splits.

[DOC] Document the data used for training (which features, split into train / test set, ...), and the respective classification error.

2 One vs. Rest

(7 Points)

In this exercise you will implement the training of a multi-class problem with the One-vs.-Rest concept. Use the sheet5_task2_skeleton.py for this exercise, where the data data5_1.npz are already loaded. The data set consists of three classes and the labels are 0, 1 and 2. First train three classifiers P_j , $j \in \{0, 1, 2\}$ where class j is set to class 1 and the other two are set to 0 to train a model. You have to change your labels for each training separately.

Then write a function to predict the label of a (new) sample \vec{x} . Calculate the probability $P_j(c=1\mid\vec{x})$ and choose the class j with the biggest P_j for the winning class.

[DOC] Document the test errors and plot the data with the different decision boundary for each classifier with the function plot_2d_decisionboundary (model, X, y) from *utils.py*.

3 Complexity of classifiers

(3 Points)

For this exercise use the data stored in data5_2.npz. Split the data into training (1/2 of the data) and test set (1/2 of the data). Record the required time³ for training a k-NN classifier (k = 5) and for training a logistic regression. [DOC] Record the required time for the prediction of the test set as well for both classifiers and explain the results.

¹The dataset is already loaded in sheet5_task1_skeleton.py.

²plot_2d_decisionboundary(model, X, y)

³see import time and time.time()