Module 1
Grammar:
1- Karina is staying with her uncle.
The suitable explanation for the previous sentence is:
a- a permanent situation
b- a temporary situation
c-a state
d- a habit
2- All the following sentences are correct except one:
a-Don't touch it,it is boiling.
b-Ali lives in a village near Madaba.
c-We don't know our appointment.
d-I'm having two sisters and brothers.
3- Dan hates sweets, hecandy.
a-doesn't eat
b-didn't eat
c-isn't eating
d-wasn't eating
4- I on the taxi but it
a-'m sitting/doen't move
b-sit/isn't moving
c-'m sitting/isn't moving

d-sitting/moves
5- While my dad is a way,Iwith you.
a-stay
b-'m staying
c-stayed
d-was staying
6- A: Rachel's a vegetarian so we'll have to ask the restaurant to provide a vegetarian menu. B: fish? A: I don't think so.
a- Eats she
b- Is she eat
c- Does she eat
d- Is she eating
7- A: How's your brother? B: He's fine. He hard at the moment, because he's got his final exams next month.
a- studies
b- is study
c- studys
d- is studying
8- Ow! on my foot !
a-you stand
b-you're stand
c- you're stands

## d-you're standing

of his colleagues are off sick.
a-working
b-worked
c-is working
d-was working
10- What for breakfast? a have you usually
b- do usually you have
c- do you usually have
d- are you usually having
Module 2
1- We our meal on the train as it across the beautiful countryside.
a-have enjoyed / is going
b-enjoyed / had gone

d-were enjoying / was going
2- Vegetables and fruits don't taste as delicious as they when I a kid.
a-did / have been
b-have done / was
c-were doing / had been
d-used to do / was
3- What the two about when they started to quarrel?
a-have / talked
b-were / talking
c-do / talk
d-are / talking
4- Frank to this city five years ago, but it seems he still used to living with the heavy traffic here.

```
a- moved/ isn't
b-has moved / doesn't
was moving / wasn't
moved / didn't
5- In the past, land travels ____ very long and they ____ very
tiring.
a-take / have been
b-had taken / were
c-used to take / were
d-had been taking / had been
6- A: What ...... yesterday evening? B: Nothing
special
a-were you doing
b-did you do
c-did you did
```

d-was you do

7A: Why don't you wear your red dress to Tom's party? B: Oh no! I that to Jim's party last Saturday.
a-wore
b-was wearing
c-had worn
d-wear
8- "Can you remember what the man you saw coming out of the bank, madam?" the policeman asked the old lady.
a-was wearing
b-had worn
c-wore
d-has worn
9 when you got up this morning?
a-Was it raining
b-Did it rain
c-Does it rain
d-Did it rained
10- I at the bus stop when Dave came by in his car and gave me a lift.
a-was waiting
b-waited
c-wait

## d-had waited

Module 3
Comparative and Superlative
1-What is mountain in the world?'
a-the highest
b-higher
c-the high
d-highest
2-Air pollution in cities is than in the countryside
a-tasty
b-tastier than
c-tastiest
d-tastier
3-It was music I have ever heard.
a-more beautiful
b-less beautiful
c- most beautiful
d-the most beautiful
4- It's powder I have ever used.

a-good
b-best
c-better
d-the best
5-Mark Twain, one of and American writers, lived in a small town in his childhood.
a-greater / most popular
b-great / more popular
c-the greatest / most popular
d-more great / the most popular
6-Tomorrow's weather will be just a littlecooler than today.
a-bit
b-much
c-by
d-slightly
7-Marine isfar the most experienced player we've got.
a-by

b-much
c-slightly
d-lot
8-He's not as intelligent <u>like</u> his sister.
The correct one is:
a-as
b-less
c-to
d-from
9-The school is very different <u>as</u> the old one.
The correct one is:
a-from
b-as
c-to
d-exactly
Vocabularies:
1-I've never been interestedfootball.
a-in

b-on
c-to
d-from
2-John spends his time chatting on his phone andout with his friend.
a-hanging
b-shopping
c-relaxing
d-texting
3-On our firstshe seemed a little odd.
a- acquaintance
b-classmate
c-niece
d-flatmate
4-My father's really into
a-jogging
b-to jog
c-jog
5-Maria is my,she is the person who I work with

a-colleague
b-classmate
c-relative
6-Can youanything about when you were four?
a-remind
b-remember
c-recognise
7-Have you evera large amount of money?
a-lost
b-learnt
c-forgotten
8-Do you usuallyclassical songs quickly?
a-recognise
b-remind
c-lose
9-We often listenpop songs with our friend.
a-to
b-with
C-On

10-The hospital paid the, a retired physician, his retirement money in monthly installments.
a-pensioner
b-niece
c-colleague
11 Did she fall off the by accident,or was she pushed off?
a-cliff
b-coral reef
c-mainland
12- The last time I saw Tom he waswith some girls on the front steps of the school.
a-flirting
b-chatting
c-hanging
13- Mymoved out a month ago, and in that month I've used it as an excuse to binge.
a-flatmate
b-classmate
c-colleague
14- His own mother was died, and hisurged him to study

a-stepmother
b-aunt
c-parents
15- Istanbul is a great city, situated between East and West.
a- cosmopolitan
b-ugly
c-noisy
++++++

Marie Curie was one of the most accomplished scientists in history.

Pierre, she discovered radium, an element widely used for treating cancer, and studied uranium

and other radioactive substances. Pierre and Marie's amicable collaboration later helped to

unlock the secrets of the atom.

Together with her husband,

**Reading:** 

Marie was born in 1867 in Warsaw, Poland, where her father was a professor of physics. At the

early age, she displayed a brilliant mind and a blithe personality. Her great exuberance for

learning prompted her to continue with her studies after high school. She became disgruntled,

however, when she learned that the university in Warsaw was closed to women. Determined to receive a higher education, she defiantly left Poland and in 1891 entered the Sorbonne, a French

university, where she earned her master's degree and doctorate in physics.

Marie was fortunate to have studied at the Sorbonne with some of the greatest scientists of her

day, one of whom was Pierre Curie. Marie and Pierre were married in 1895 and spent many

productive years working together in the physics laboratory. A short time after they discovered

radium, Pierre was killed by a horse-drawn wagon in 1906. Marie was stunned by this horrible

misfortune and endured heartbreaking anguish. Despondently she recalled their close

relationship and the joy that they had shared in scientific research. The fact that she had two

young daughters to raise by herself greatly increased her distress. Curie's feeling of desolation finally began to fade when she was asked to succeed her husband as

a physics professor at the Sorbonne. She was the first woman to be given a professorship at the

world-famous university. In 1911 she received the Nobel Prize in chemistry for isolating radium.

Although Marie Curie eventually suffered a fatal illness from her long exposure to radium, she

never became disillusioned about her work. Regardless of the consequences, she had dedicated

herself to science and to revealing the mysteries of the physical world.

## **Questions:**

1- The Curies' collaboration helped to unlock the secrets of the atom.
A. friendly B. competitive C. courteous D. industrious E. chemistry
2- Marie had a bright mind and apersonality.
A. strong B. lighthearted C. humorous D. strange E. envious
3- When she learned that she could not attend the university in Warsaw, she felt
A. hopeless B. annoyed C. depressed
D. worried E. none of the above
4- Marie by leaving Poland and traveling to France to enter the Sorbonne.
A. challenged authority B. showed intelligence

C. behaved D. was distressed
E. answer not available in article
5she remembered their joy together. A. Dejectedly B. Worried C. Tearfully D. Happily E. Sorrowfully
6- Her began to fade when she returned to the Sorbonne to succeed her husband.  A. misfortune  B. anger  C. wretchedness  D. disappointment  E. ambition
7- Even though she became fatally ill from working with radium, Marie Curie was never A. troubled B. worried C. disappointed D. sorrowful E. disturbed
1. A 2. B 3. B 4. A
5. A

6. C 7. C

1-