

Practice 2

The HR department needs your assistance in creating some queries.

1. Because of budget issues, the HR department needs a report that displays the last name and salary of employees who earn more than \$12,000. Save your SQL statement as a file named `lab_02_01.sql`. Run your query.

	A Z LAST_NAME	A Z SALARY
1	King	24000
2	Kochhar	17000
3	De Haan	17000
4	Hartstein	13000

2. Open a new SQL Worksheet. Create a report that displays the last name and department number for employee number 176. Run the query.



	A Z LAST_NAME	A Z DEPARTMENT_ID
1	Taylor	80

3. The HR department needs to find high-salary and low-salary employees. Modify `lab_02_01.sql` to display the last name and salary for any employee whose salary is not in the range of \$5,000 to \$12,000. Save your SQL statement as `lab_02_03.sql`.



	A Z LAST_NAME	A Z SALARY
1	King	24000
2	Kochhar	17000
3	De Haan	17000
4	Lorentz	4200
5	Rajs	3500
6	Davies	3100
7	Matos	2600
8	Vargas	2500
9	Whalen	4400
10	Hartstein	13000

Practice 2 (continued)



4. Create a report to display the last name, job ID, and start date for the employees with the last names of Matos and Taylor. Order the query in ascending order by the start date.

	 LAST_NAME	 JOB_ID	HIRE_DATE
1	Matos	ST_CLERK	15-MAR-98
2	Taylor	SA_REP	24-MAR-98

5. Display the last name and department number of all employees in departments 20 or 50 in ascending alphabetical order by name.


	 LAST_NAME	 DEPARTMENT_ID
1	Davies	50
2	Fay	20
3	Hartstein	20
4	Matos	50
5	Mourgos	50
6	Rajs	50
7	Vargas	50

6. Modify lab_02_03.sql to display the last name and salary of employees who earn between \$5,000 and \$12,000, and are in department 20 or 50. Label the columns Employee and Monthly Salary, respectively. Resave lab_02_03.sql as lab_02_06.sql. Run the statement in lab_02_06.sql.



	 Employee	 Monthly Salary
1	Fay	6000
2	Mourgos	5800

Practice 2 (continued)




7. The HR department needs a report that displays the last name and hire date for all employees who were hired in 1994.

	 LAST_NAME	HIRE_DATE
1	Higgins	07-JUN-94
2	Gietz	07-JUN-94



8. Create a report to display the last name and job title of all employees who do not have a manager.

	 LAST_NAME	 JOB_ID
1	King	AD_PRES

9. Create a report to display the last name, salary, and commission of all employees who earn commissions. Sort data in descending order of salary and commissions. Use the column's numeric position in the ORDER BY clause.

	 LAST_NAME	 SALARY	 COMMISSION_PCT
1	Abel	11000	0.3
2	Zlotkey	10500	0.2
3	Taylor	8600	0.2
4	Grant	7000	0.15





10. Members of the HR department want to have more flexibility with the queries that you are writing. They would like a report that displays the last name and salary of employees who earn more than an amount that the user specifies after a prompt. Save this query to a file named `lab_02_10.sql`. If you enter 12000 when prompted, the report displays the following results:

	 LAST_NAME	 SALARY
1	King	24000
2	Kochhar	17000
3	De Haan	17000
4	Hartstein	13000




Practice 2 (continued)

11. The HR department wants to run reports based on a manager. Create a query that prompts the user for a manager ID and generates the employee ID, last name, salary, and department for that manager's employees. The HR department wants the ability to sort the report on a selected column. You can test the data with the following values:

manager_id = 103, sorted by last_name:

	 EMPLOYEE_ID	 LAST_NAME	 SALARY	 DEPARTMENT_ID
1	104	Ernst	6000	60
2	107	Lorentz	4200	60

manager_id = 201, sorted by salary:

	 EMPLOYEE_ID	 LAST_NAME	 SALARY	 DEPARTMENT_ID
1	202	Fay	6000	20

manager_id = 124, sorted by employee_id:

	 EMPLOYEE_ID	 LAST_NAME	 SALARY	 DEPARTMENT_ID
1	141	Rajs	3500	50
2	142	Davies	3100	50
3	143	Matos	2600	50
4	144	Vargas	2500	50

Practice 2 (continued)

If you have time, complete the following exercises:

12. Display all employee last names in which the third letter of the name is “a.”

	LAST_NAME
1	Grant
2	Whalen

13. Display the last names of all employees who have both an “a” and an “e” in their last name.

	LAST_NAME
1	Davies
2	De Haan
3	Hartstein
4	Whalen

If you want an extra challenge, complete the following exercises:

14. Display the last name, job, and salary for all employees whose jobs are either those of a sales representative or of a stock clerk, and whose salaries are not equal to \$2,500, \$3,500, or \$7,000.

	LAST_NAME	JOB_ID	SALARY
1	Abel	SA_REP	11000
2	Taylor	SA_REP	8600
3	Davies	ST_CLERK	3100
4	Matos	ST_CLERK	2600

15. Modify lab_02_06.sql to display the last name, salary, and commission for all employees whose commission is 20%. Resave lab_02_06.sql as lab_02_15.sql. Rerun the statement in lab_02_15.sql.

	Employee	Monthly Salary	COMMISSION_PCT
1	Zlotkey	10500	0.2
2	Taylor	8600	0.2