Practice 6

1. Write a query for the HR department to produce the addresses of all the departments. Use the `LOCATIONS` and `COUNTRIES` tables. Show the location ID, street address, city, state or province, and country in the output. Use a `NATURAL JOIN` to produce the results.

	LOCATION_ID	STREET_ADDRESS	CITY	STATE_PROVINCE	COUNTRY_NAME
1	1400	2014 Jabberwocky Rd	Southlake	Texas	United States of America
2	1500	2011 Interiors Blvd	South San Francisco	California	United States of America
3	1700	2004 Charade Rd	Seattle	Washington	United States of America
4	1800	460 Bloor St. W.	Toronto	Ontario	Canada
5	2500	Magdalen Centre, The ...	Oxford	Oxford	United Kingdom

2. The HR department needs a report of all employees. Write a query to display the last name, department number, and department name for all the employees.

	LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
1	Whalen	10	Administration
2	Hartstein	20	Marketing
3	Fay	20	Marketing
4	Davies	50	Shipping
5	Vargas	50	Shipping
6	Rajs	50	Shipping
7	Mourgos	50	Shipping
8	Matos	50	Shipping
9	Hunold	60	IT
10	Ernst	60	IT

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18	Higgins	110	Accounting
19	Gietz	110	Accounting

Practice 6 (continued)

3. The HR department needs a report of employees in Toronto. Display the last name, job, department number, and the department name for all employees who work in Toronto.

	LAST_NAME	JOB_ID	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
1	Hartstein	MK_MAN	20	Marketing
2	Fay	MK_REP	20	Marketing

4. Create a report to display employees' last name and employee number along with their manager's last name and manager number. Label the columns `Employee`, `Emp#`, `Manager`, and `Mgr#`, respectively. Save your SQL statement as `lab_06_04.sql`. Run the query.

	Employee	EMP#	Manager	Mgr#
1	Kochhar	101	King	100
2	De Haan	102	King	100
3	Hunold	103	De Haan	102
4	Ernst	104	Hunold	103
5	Lorentz	107	Hunold	103
6	Mourgos	124	King	100
7	Rajs	141	Mourgos	124
8	Davies	142	Mourgos	124
9	Matos	143	Mourgos	124
10	Vargas	144	Mourgos	124

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15	Whalen	200	Kochhar	101
16	Hartstein	201	King	100
17	Fay	202	Hartstein	201
18	Higgins	205	Kochhar	101
19	Gietz	206	Higgins	205

Practice 6 (continued)

5. Modify `lab_06_04.sql` to display all employees including King, who has no manager. Order the results by the employee number. Save your SQL statement as `lab_06_05.sql`. Run the query in `lab_06_05.sql`.

	Employee	EMP#	Manager	Mgr#
1	King	100	(null)	(null)
2	Kochhar	101	King	100
3	De Haan	102	King	100
4	Hunold	103	De Haan	102
5	Ernst	104	Hunold	103
6	Lorentz	107	Hunold	103
7	Mourgos	124	King	100
8	Rajs	141	Mourgos	124
9	Davies	142	Mourgos	124
10	Matos	143	Mourgos	124

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18	Fay	202	Hartstein	201
19	Higgins	205	Kochhar	101
20	Gietz	206	Higgins	205

6. Create a report for the HR department that displays employee last names, department numbers, and all the employees who work in the same department as a given employee. Give each column an appropriate label. Save the script to a file named `lab_06_06.sql`.

	DEPARTMENT	EMPLOYEE	COLLEAGUE
1	20	Fay	Hartstein
2	20	Hartstein	Fay
3	50	Davies	Matos
4	50	Davies	Mourgos
5	50	Davies	Rajs
6	50	Davies	Vargas
7	50	Matos	Davies
8	50	Matos	Mourgos
9	50	Matos	Rajs
10	50	Matos	Vargas

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42	110	Higgins	Gietz

Practice 6 (continued)

7. The HR department needs a report on job grades and salaries. To familiarize yourself with the JOB_GRADES table, first show the structure of the JOB_GRADES table. Then create a query that displays the name, job, department name, salary, and grade for all employees.

```
DESC JOB_GRADES
Name                           Null     Type
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GRADE_LEVEL                             VARCHAR2(3)
LOWEST_SAL                              NUMBER
HIGHEST_SAL                             NUMBER

3 rows selected
```

	LAST_NAME	JOB_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME	SALARY	GRADE_LEVEL
1	Vargas	ST_CLERK	Shipping	2500	A
2	Matos	ST_CLERK	Shipping	2600	A
3	Davies	ST_CLERK	Shipping	3100	B
4	Rajs	ST_CLERK	Shipping	3500	B
5	Lorentz	IT_PROG	IT	4200	B
6	Whalen	AD_ASST	Administration	4400	B
7	Mourgos	ST_MAN	Shipping	5800	B
8	Ernst	IT_PROG	IT	6000	C
9	Fay	MK_REP	Marketing	6000	C
10	Gietz	AC_ACCOUNT	Accounting	8300	C

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18	De Haan	AD_VP	Executive	17000	E
19	King	AD_PRES	Executive	24000	E

Practice 6 (continued)

If you want an extra challenge, complete the following exercises:

8. The HR department wants to determine the names of all the employees who were hired after Davies. Create a query to display the name and hire date of any employee hired after employee Davies.

	LAST_NAME	HIRE_DATE
1	Lorentz	07-FEB-99
2	Mourgos	16-NOV-99
3	Matos	15-MAR-98
4	Vargas	09-JUL-98
5	Zlotkey	29-JAN-00
6	Taylor	24-MAR-98
7	Grant	24-MAY-99
8	Fay	17-AUG-97

9. The HR department needs to find the names and hire dates of all the employees who were hired before their managers, along with their managers' names and hire dates. Save the script to a file named `lab_06_09.sql`.

	LAST_NAME	HIRE_DATE	LAST_NAME_1	HIRE_DATE_1
1	Whalen	17-SEP-87	Kochhar	21-SEP-89
2	Hunold	03-JAN-90	De Haan	13-JAN-93
3	Vargas	09-JUL-98	Mourgos	16-NOV-99
4	Matos	15-MAR-98	Mourgos	16-NOV-99
5	Davies	29-JAN-97	Mourgos	16-NOV-99
6	Rajs	17-OCT-95	Mourgos	16-NOV-99
7	Grant	24-MAY-99	Zlotkey	29-JAN-00
8	Taylor	24-MAR-98	Zlotkey	29-JAN-00
9	Abel	11-MAY-96	Zlotkey	29-JAN-00