COMSATS UNIVERSITY ISLAMABAD



Mid Term Lab

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Submitted To:

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Subject:

Compiler Construction

Date:

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Question 3:

Implement a symbol table that:

- Accepts input one line at a time from user (e.g., "int val33 = 999;")
- Only inserts if the variable name contains a palindrome substring of length ≥ 3 (e.g., val33 contains '133')
- Stores: Variable Name, Type, Value, and Line Number

Don't use pre-built palindrome checkers. Implement your own logic.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
class Program
   static void Main()
        SymbolTable symbolTable = new SymbolTable();
       int lineNumber = 1;
       Console.WriteLine("Symbol Table with Palindrome Check");
       Console.WriteLine("Enter variable declarations (e.g., 'int val33 = 999;')");
       Console.WriteLine("Enter 'exit' to quit\n");
            Console.Write($"[Line {lineNumber}] > ");
            string input = Console.ReadLine()?.Trim() ?? "";
            if (input.Equals("exit", StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase))
            if (string.IsNullOrWhiteSpace(input))
               Console.WriteLine("Error: Empty input. Please try again.");
                var variable = ParseInput(input, lineNumber);
                if (symbolTable.AddVariable(variable))
                    Console.WriteLine($"Added: {variable.Name} ({variable.Type}) = {variable.Value}");
                    Console.WriteLine($"Rejected: '{variable.Name}' needs a palindrome substring (length \( \geq 3\)");
            catch (Exception ex)
               Console.WriteLine($"Error: {ex.Message}");
```

```
Console.WriteLine($"Error: {ex.Message}");
        Console.WriteLine("\nFinal Symbol Table:");
        symbolTable.PrintTable();
    static VariableInfo ParseInput(string input, int lineNumber)
       input = input.TrimEnd(';').Trim();
       string[] parts = input.Split(new[] { '=' }, 2);
        if (parts.Length != 2)
           throw new FormatException("Invalid format. Use: <type> <name> = <value>");
        string[] declaration = parts[0].Trim().Split(new[] { ' ' }, 2);
        if (declaration.Length != 2)
           throw new FormatException("Missing variable type or name");
       return new VariableInfo(
           name: declaration[1].Trim(),
           type: declaration[0].Trim(),
           value: parts[1].Trim(),
           lineNumber: lineNumber
class SymbolTable
    private readonly List<VariableInfo> _variables = new List<VariableInfo>();
    public bool AddVariable(VariableInfo variable)
        if (!HasPalindromeSubstring(variable.Name, 3))
        _variables.Add(variable);
```

```
public void PrintTable()
        if (_variables.Count == 0)
           Console.WriteLine("(empty)");
       Console.WriteLine("{0,-15} {1,-10} {2,-15} {3,-10}",
       "Name", "Type", "Value", "Line");
Console.WriteLine(new string('-', 50));
        foreach (var v in _variables)
           Console.WriteLine("{0,-15} {1,-10} {2,-15} {3,-10}",
                          v.Name, v.Type, v.Value, v.LineNumber);
   private bool HasPalindromeSubstring(string s, int minLength)
        for (int i = 0; i <= s.Length - minLength; i++)
            for (int j = i + minLength - 1; j < s.Length; j++)
               if (IsPalindrome(s, i, j))
                  return true;
   private bool IsPalindrome(string s, int start, int end)
       while (start < end)
           if (s[start] != s[end])
           start++;
           end--;
class VariableInfo
class VariableInfo
    public string Name { get; }
    public string Type { get; }
    public string Value { get; }
    public int LineNumber { get; }
    public VariableInfo(string name, string type, string value, int lineNumber)
         Name = name;
         Type = type;
         Value = value;
         LineNumber = lineNumber;
```

Output

```
Symbol Table with Palindrome Check
Enter variable declarations (e.g., 'int val33 = 999;')
Enter 'exit' to quit

[Line 1] > int val121 = 100;
Added: val121 (int) = 100

[Line 2] >
```

