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**ROLL NO: CT-24068**

**COURSE CODE: CT-159**

**ASSIGNMENT: DSA PRACTICE SESSION TASK#4**

*Q1. Time Needed to Buy Tickets*

**SOURCE CODE:**

```
Code
C++ Auto
6
7     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
8         q.push(i);
9     }
10    int time=0;
11    while(!q.empty()){
12        int person=q.front();
13        q.pop();
14        tickets[person]--;
15        time++;
16
17        if(tickets[person]>0){
18            q.push(person);
19        }
20
21        if(person==k && tickets[person]==0){
22            break;
23        }
24    }
25    return time;
26 }
27 };
```

**ACCEPTANCE STATUS:**

Testcase Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 Case 2

Input

tickets =  
[2,3,2]

k =  
2

Output

6

Expected

6

Contribute a testcase

## Q2. Minimum Operations to Make Binary Array Elements Equal to One

### SOURCE CODE:

```
</> Code
C++ v Auto
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     int minOperations(vector<int>& nums) {
4         deque<int> flipqueue;
5         int count=0;
6
7         for(int i=0;i<nums.size();i++){
8             while(!flipqueue.empty() && i>flipqueue.front()+2){
9                 flipqueue.pop_front();
10            }
11
12            if((nums[i]+flipqueue.size())%2==0){
13                if(i+2>nums.size()){
14                    return -1;
15                }
16                count++;
17                flipqueue.push_back(i);
18            }
19        }
20        return count;
21    }
22 };
```

### ACCEPTANCE STATUS:

Testcase > Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 Case 2

Input

nums =  
[0,1,1,1,0,0]

Output

3

Expected

3

Contribute a testcase

### Q3. Combination Sum

## SOURCE CODE:

```
Code
C++ v Auto
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     vector<vector<int>> combinationSum(vector<int>& candidates, int target) {
4         vector<vector<int>> ans;
5         vector<int> path;
6         backtrack(candidates, target, 0, path, ans);
7         return ans;
8     }
9
10    void backtrack(vector<int>& candidates, int target, int start, vector<int>& path, vector<vector<int>>& ans) {
11        if (target == 0) {
12            ans.push_back(path);
13            return;
14        }
15        if (target < 0) return;
16
17        for (int i = start; i < candidates.size(); i++) {
18            path.push_back(candidates[i]);
19            backtrack(candidates, target - candidates[i], i, path, ans);
20            path.pop_back();
21        }
22    }
23 };
24
```

## ACCEPTANCE STATUS:

Testcase Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 Case 2 Case 3

Input

candidates =  
[2, 3, 6, 7]

target =  
7

Output

[[2, 2, 3], [7]]

Expected

[[2, 2, 3], [7]]

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## Q4. Generate Parenthesis

### SOURCE CODE:

```
Code
C++ v Auto
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     vector<string> generateParenthesis(int n) {
4         vector<string>ans;
5         string current;
6         backtrack(ans,current,0,0,n);
7         return ans;
8     }
9
10    void backtrack(vector<string>&ans,string&current,int open,int close,int n){
11        if(current.size()==2*n){
12            ans.push_back(current);
13            return;
14        }
15        if(open<n){
16            current.push_back('(');
17            backtrack(ans,current,open+1,close,n);
18            current.pop_back();
19        }
20        if(close>open){
21            current.push_back(')');
22            backtrack(ans,current,open,close+1,n);
23            current.pop_back();
24        }
25    }
26 };
```

### ACCEPTANCE STATUS:

Testcase | Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 Case 2

Input

n =  
3

Output

["((()))","(()())","(())()","()()()","()()()"]

Expected

["((()))","(()())","(())()","()()()","()()()"]

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