

# iOS end-to-end demonstration

## Overview

The purpose of this demonstration is to experience an end-to-end flow where an application and an adapter are registered using the MobileFirst Operations Console, an "skeleton" Xcode project is downloaded and edited to call the adapter, and the result is printed to the log - verifying a successful connection with the MobileFirst Server.

### Prerequisites:

- Xcode
- MobileFirst Developer CLI (download  
(file:///home/travis/build/MFPSamples/DevCenter/\_site/downloads))
- *Optional*. Stand-alone MobileFirst Server (download  
(file:///home/travis/build/MFPSamples/DevCenter/\_site/downloads))

## 1. Starting the MobileFirst Server

If a remote server was already set-up, skip this step.

From a **Command-line** window, navigate to the server's folder and run the command: `./run.sh`.

## 2. Creating an application

In a browser window, open the MobileFirst Operations Console by loading the URL: `http://your-server-host:server-port/mfpconsole`. If running locally, use: `http://localhost:9080/mfpconsole` (`http://localhost:9080/mfpconsole`). The username/password are *admin/admin*.

1. Click on the "New" button next to **Applications**
  - Select the **iOS** platform
  - Enter **com.ibm.mfpstarteriosobjectivec** or **com.ibm.mfpstarteriosswift** as the **application identifier** (depending on which mobile app scaffold you will download next)
  - Enter **1.0** as the **version** value
  - Click on **Register application**

The screenshot shows the 'MobileFirst Operations Console' interface. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Dashboard, Runtimes, Applications (with a 'New' button), Adapters (with a 'New' button), Settings, Devices, and Error Log. The main content area is titled 'Register an Application' and contains the following form fields:

- Application Name**: Input field with 'MFPStarterIOSSwift' and a green checkmark.
- Optional display name of the Application**: Empty input field.
- Choose Platform**: Radio buttons for Android, iOS (selected), and Windows.
- Bundle ID**: Input field with 'com.ibm.mfpstarteriosswift' and a green checkmark.
- Version**: Input field with '1.0' and a green checkmark.

At the top right of the console, there are links for 'Analytics Console', 'Hello, admin', and an information icon.

- Click on the **Get Starter Code** tile and select to download the iOS Objective-C or Swift mobile app scaffold.



### 3. Editing application logic

- Open the Xcode project project by double-clicking the **.xcworkspace** file.
- Select the **[project-root]/ViewController.m/swift** file and paste the following code snippet, replacing the existing `getAccessToken()` function:  
In Objective-C:

```

- (void)testServerConnection {
    _connectionStatusText.text = @"Connecting to Server...";
    [[WLAuthorizationManager sharedInstance] obtainAccessTokenForScope: @"" withCompletionH
andler:^(AccessToken *accessToken, NSError *error) {
        if (error != nil){
            NSLog(@"Failure: %@",error.description);
            _connectionStatusText.text = @"Client Failed to connect to Server";
        }
        else if (accessToken != nil){
            NSLog(@"Success: %@",accessToken.value);
            _connectionStatusText.text = @"Client has connected to Server";
            NSURL* url = [NSURL URLWithString:@"/adapters/javaAdapter/users/world"];
            WLResourceRequest* request = [WLResourceRequest requestWithURL:url method:WLHttpMethodGet];
            [request sendWithCompletionHandler:^(WLResponse *response, NSError *error) {
                if (error != nil){
                    NSLog(@"Failure: %@",error.description);
                }
                else if (response != nil){
                    // Will print "Hello world" in the Xcode Console.
                    NSLog(@"Success: %@",response.responseText);
                }
            }];
        }
    }];
}

```

In Swift:

```

@IBAction func getAccessToken(sender: AnyObject) {
    connectionStatusWindow.text = "Connecting to Server...";
    print("Testing Server Connection")
    WLAuthorizationManager.sharedInstance().obtainAccessTokenForScope(nil) { (token, error) -
> Void in
        if (error != nil) {
            self.connectionStatusWindow.text = "Client Failed to connect to Server"
            print("Did not Recieved an Access Token from Server: " + error.description)
        } else {
            self.connectionStatusWindow.text = "Client has connected to Server"
            print("Recieved the Following Access Token value: " + token.value)
            let url = NSURL(string: "/adapters/javaAdapter/users/world")
            let request = WLResourceRequest(URL: url, method: WLHttpMethodGet)

            request.sendWithCompletionHandler { (WLResponse response, NSError error) -> Void in
                if (error != nil){
                    NSLog("Failure: " + error.description)
                }
                else if (response != nil){
                    NSLog("Success: " + response.responseText)
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

## 4. Creating an adapter

Download this prepared .adapter artifact (../javaAdapter.adapter) and deploy it from the MobileFirst Operations Console using the **Actions → Deploy adapter** action.

Alternatively, click on the "New" button next to **Adapters**.

1. Select the **Actions → Download sample** option. Download the "Hello World" **Java** adapter sample.

If Maven and MobileFirst Developer CLI are not installed, follow the on-screen **Set up your development environment** instructions.

2. From a **Command-line** window, navigate to the adapter's Maven project root folder and run the command:

```
mpfdev adapter build
```

3. When the build finishes, deploy it from the MobileFirst Operations Console using the **Actions → Deploy adapter** action. The adapter can be found in the **[adapter]/target** folder.



## 5. Testing the application

1. In Xcode, select the **mfpcclient.plist** file and edit the **host** property with the IP address of the MobileFirst Server.
2. Press the **Play** button.

### Results

- Clicking on the **Test Server Connection** button will display **Client has connected to server**.
- If the application was able to connect to the MobileFirst Server, a resource request call using the Java adapter will take place.

The adapter response is then printed in the Xcode Console.

