# Handling Push Notifications in Cordova applications

fork and edit tutorial (https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/tree/master/tutorials/en/foundation/8.0/notifications/handling-push-notifications-in-cordova/index.md) | report issue (https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/issues/new)

#### **Overview**

Before Cordova applications are able to handle any received push notifications, they must be configured for the appropriate platform. Once an application has been configured, MobileFirst-provided Notifications API can be used in order to register & unregister devices, and subscribe & unsubscribe to tags.

In this tutorial you learn how to configure a Cordova application and how to use the MobileFirst-provided Notifications API.

#### **Prequisites:**

- Make sure you have read the following tutorials:
  - Setting up your MobileFirst development environment (../../setting-up-your-development-environment/index)
  - Adding the MobileFirst Platform Foundation SDK to Cordova applications (../../adding-the-mfpf-sdk/cordova)
  - Push Notifications Overview (../push-notifications-overview)
- MobileFirst Server to run locally, or a remotely running MobileFirst Server.
- MobileFirst Developer CLI installed on the developer workstation
- Cordova CLI installed on the developer workstation

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# **Notifications Configuration**

Create a new Cordova project or use an existing one.

If the MobileFirst Cordova SDK is not already present in the project, follow the instructions in the Adding the MobileFirst Platform Foundation SDK to Cordova applications (../../.adding-the-mfpf-sdk/cordova) tutorial.

# Adding the Push plug-in

1. Whether using iOS or Android, open a **command-line** window and navigate to the root of the Cordova project.

Add the MobileFirst Push plug-in by running the command:

cordova plugin add cordova-plugin-mfp-push

2. Run the command: \$ cordova build

#### **Android platform**

- 1. Open the project in Android Studio by importing the [project root]/platforms/android folder.
- 2. In Android → Gradle scripts, select the build.gradle (Module: Android) file and the following line to dependencies:

```
classpath 'com.google.gms:google-services:2.0.0-alpha3'
```

- 3. Navigate to [project root]platforms/android/cordova-plugin-mfp-push/ and select the -build-extras.gradle file.
  - Add the following to dependencies:

```
compile 'com.google.android.gms:play-services-gcm:8.4.0' compile 'com.squareup.okhttp:okhttp:2.6.0'
```

• Add the following line at the bottom:

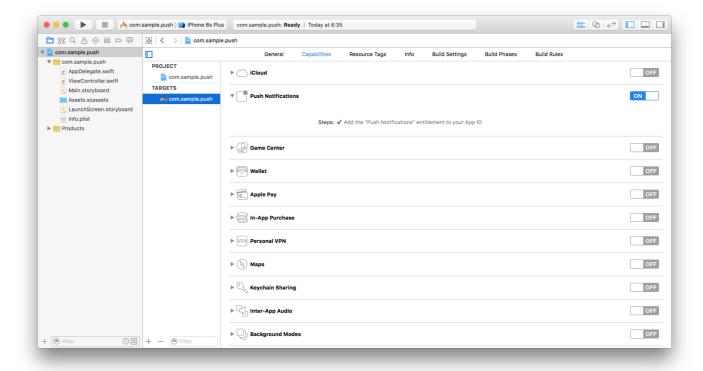
```
apply plugin: 'com.google.gms.google-services'
```

- 4. Add google-services.json configuration file to app/platforms/android folder
- 5. Change version to 8.0.0-Beta1-SNAPSHOT in app/platforms/android folder

## iOS platform

- 1. Open the project in Xcode by importing the [project root]/platforms/ios folder.
- 2. Enable push notifications for your application in the **Capabilities** screen.

**①** Important: the bundleld selected for the application must match the Appld that you have previously created in the Apple Developer site. See the [Push Notifications Overview] tutorial.



#### Notificatin title in Android

If you want to change the notification title, then add push notification tile in the **strings.xml** file.

## **Notifications API**

# Client-side API for tag notifications

MFPPush.isPushSupported() - Returns true if push notifications are supported by the platform, or false otherwise.

```
MFPPush.isPushSupported(function(successResponse) {
    alert("Push Supported: " + successResponse);
}, function(failureResponse) {
    alert("Failed to get push support status");
    }
);
```

MFPPush.registerDevice(options) - Registers devices for push notifications (?!? confirm definition ?!?)

```
MFPPush.registerDevice(settings, function(successResponse) {
    alert("Successfully registered");
    enableButtons();
}, function(failureResponse) {
    alert("Failed to register");
    }
);
```

MFPPush.getTags() - Gets all tags available (?!? confirm definition?!?)

```
MFPPush.getTags(function(tags) {
    alert(JSON.stringify(tags));
}, function(){
    alert("Failed to get tags");
    }
);
```

MFPPush.subscribe(tagName,options) - Subscribes the device to the specified tag name.

```
var tags = ['sample-tag1','sample-tag2']
MFPPush.subscribe(tags,function(tags) {
    alert("Subscribed successfully");
}, function(){
    alert("Failed to subscribe");
);
```

MFPPush.getSubsciptions(options) - Get tags the device is subscribed to.

```
MFPPush.getSubscriptions(function(subscriptions) {
    alert(JSON.stringify(subscriptions));
}, function(){
    alert("Failed to get subscriptions");
    }
);
```

MFPPush.unsubscribe(tagName,options) - Unsubscribes the device to the specified tag name.

```
var tags = ['sample-tag1','sample-tag2']
MFPPush.unsubscribe(tags, function(tags) {
    alert("Unsubscribed successfully");
}, function(){
    alert("Failed to unsubscribe");
    }
);
```

MFPPush.unregisterDevice(options) - Unregisters device for push notifications.

```
MFPPush.unregisterDevice(function(successResponse) {
    alert("Unregistered successfully");
}, function(){
    alert("Failed to unregister");
    }
);
```

# Handling a push notification

You can handle a push notification by taking message received and creating an alert.

```
var notificationReceived = function(message) {
    alert(JSON.stringify(message));
};
```

Handling a secure push notification