## Resource Request from Cordova Applications

### **Overview**

MobileFirst applications can access resources using the WLResourceRequest REST API.

The REST API works with all adapters and external resources, and is supported in the following Cordova platforms: iOS, Android, Windows 8 Universal and Windows 10 UWP.

This tutorial explains how to use the WLResourceRequest API with Java (../) and JavaScript HTTP adapters.

## WLResourceRequest

The WLResourceRequest class handles resource requests to adapters or external resources.

```
var resourceRequest = new WLResourceRequest(
   "/adapters/RSSReader/getFeedFiltered",
   WLResourceRequest.GET
);
```

The parameters for the constructor are:

- request URL:
  - For JavaScript adapters, the URL should be /adapters/{AdapterName}/{procedureName}
  - For Java adapters, the URL should be /adapters/{AdapterName}/{path}
  - o To access resources outside of the project, use the full URL
- HTTP method: Most commonly WLResourceRequest.GET or WLResourceRequest.POST
- timeout: Optional, request timeout in milliseconds

## setQueryParameter

By using the setQueryParameter method, you can include query (URL) parameters in the REST request.

• In JavaScript adapters, which use ordered nameless parameters, pass an array of parameters with the name params:

```
resourceRequest.setQueryParameter("params", "['param1', 'param2']");
```

In Java adapters or external resources, use setQueryParameter for each parameter:

```
resourceRequest.setQueryParameter("param1", "value1");
resourceRequest.setQueryParameter("param2", "value2");
```

### send(body)

The send() method triggers the request. It takes an optional parameter to set a body to the HTTP request, which could be a JSON object or a simple string.

```
resourceRequest.send().then(
    onSuccess,
    onFailure
)
```

Using JavaScript promises, you can define onSuccess and onFailure functions.

### sendFormParameters(json)

To send URL-encoded form parameters, use the sendFormParameters(json) method instead. This method converts the JSON to a URL encoded string, sets the content-type to application/x-www-form-urlencoded, and sets it as the HTTP body.

For more information about <u>WLResourceRequest</u>, see the API reference in the user documentation.

## The response

Both the onSuccess and onFailure callbacks receive a response object, which typically contains the following properties:

- status: The HTTP response status
- responseJSON: An object that contains the data that is returned by the called resource, and additional information about the resource call

The response object is returned to the corresponding success/failure handler.

```
"errors": [],
 "info": [],
 "warnings": [].
 "isSuccessful": true,
 "responseHeaders": {
  "Cache-Control": "no-cache, must-revalidate, post-check=0, pre-check=0"
 },
 "responseTime": 491,
 "statusCode": 200,
 "statusReason": "OK",
 "totalTime": 592,
 "Items": [{
  "creator": "Jon Fingas",
  "link": "http:\/\www.engadget.com\/2014\/11\/10\/harvard-used-cameras-to-check-attendance\/?ncid=rss
truncated",
  "pubDate": "Mon, 10 Nov 2014 02:21:00 -0500",
  "title": "Harvard used cameras to track attendance without telling students"
 }, {
  "creator": "Jon Fingas",
  "link": "http:\/\www.engadget.com\/2014\/11\/10\/bmw-ev-charging-street-lights\/?ncid=rss_truncated",
  "pubDate": "Mon, 10 Nov 2014 00:10:00 -0500",
  "title": "BMW's new street lights will charge your electric car"
  "creator": "Daniel Cooper",
  "link": "http:\/\www.engadget.com\/2014\/11\/09\/hwyc-lumia-925\/?ncid=rss_truncated",
  "pubDate": "Sun, 09 Nov 2014 22:43:00 -0500",
  "title": "How would you change Nokia's Lumia 925?"
 }]
}
```

- errors, info, and warnings are optional arrays of strings that contain messages.
- The isSuccessful property is set to true if the resource call succeeded (even if no data was retrieved), or to false otherwise.
- The response can contain other metadata such as responseHeaders, responseTime, statusCode, statusReason, and totalTime.

### Handling the response

The rest of the resource call result depends on what was retrieved from the back-end system. In this example, the Items element is a JSON representation of the XML code that was received from the back end, after the rules in the XSL file were applied.

```
function loadFeedsSuccess(result){
  WL.Logger.debug("Feed retrieve success");
  if (result.responseJSON.ltems.length > 0)
     displayFeeds(result.responseJSON.ltems);
}
```

## Sample application

Click to download (https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/ResourceRequestCordova) the MobileFirst project.

### **RSS Reader**

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