

# Resource request from Native iOS applications

fork and edit tutorial (<https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/tree/master/tutorials/en/foundation/8.0/using-the-mfpf-sdk/resource-request-from-ios-swift-applications/index.md>) | report issue (<https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/issues/new>)

## Overview

MobileFirst applications can access resources using the `WLResourceRequest` REST API. The REST API works with all adapters and external resources.

### Prerequisites:

- Ensure you have added the MobileFirst Platform SDK ([../adding-the-mfpf-sdk/ios](#)) to your Native iOS project.
- Learn how to create adapters ([../adapters/adapters-overview/](#)).

## WLResourceRequest

The `WLResourceRequest` class handles resource requests to adapters or external resources.

Create a `WLResourceRequest` object and specify the path to the resource and the HTTP method. Available methods are: `WLHttpMethodGet`, `WLHttpMethodPost`, `WLHttpMethodPut` and `WLHttpMethodDelete`.

```
let request = WLResourceRequest(  
    URL: NSURL(string: "/adapters/RSSReader/getFeed"),  
    method: WLHttpMethodGet  
)
```

- For **JavaScript adapters**, use `/adapters/{AdapterName}/{procedureName}`
- For **Java adapters**, use `/adapters/{AdapterName}/{path}`. The `path` depends on how you defined your `@Path` annotations in your Java code. This would also include any `@PathParam` you used.
- To access resources outside of the project, use the full URL as per the requirements of the external server.
- **timeout**: Optional, request timeout in milliseconds

## Sending the request

Request the resource by using the `sendWithCompletionHandler` method. Supply a completion handler to handle the retrieved data:

```
request.sendWithCompletionHandler { (WLResponse response, NSError error) -> Void in
    var resultText = ""
    if(error != nil){
        resultText = "Failed to call the resource"
        resultText += error.description
    }
    else if(response != nil){
        resultText = "Successfully called the resource"
        resultText += response.responseText
    }
    self.updateView(resultText)
}
```

Use the `response` and `error` objects to get the data that is retrieved from the adapter.

The `response` object contains the response data and you can use its methods and properties to retrieve the required information. Commonly used properties are `responseText` (String), `responseJSON` (Dictionary) (if the response is in JSON) and `status` (Int) (the HTTP status of the response).

Alternatively, you can use `sendWithDelegate` and provide a delegate that conforms to both the `NSURLConnectionDataDelegate` and `NSURLConnectionDelegate` protocols. This will allow you to handle the response with more granularity, such as handling binary responses.

## Parameters

Before sending your request, you may want to add parameters as needed.

### Path parameters

As explained above, **path** parameters ( `/path/value1/value2` ) are set during the creation of the `WLResourceRequest` object.

### Query parameters

To send **query** parameters ( `/path?param1=value1...` ) use the `setQueryParameter` method for each parameter:

```
request.setQueryParameterValue("value1", forName: "param1")
request.setQueryParameterValue("value2", forName: "param2")
```

### Form parameters

To send **form** parameters in the body, use `sendWithFormParameters` instead of `sendWithCompletionHandler`:

```
//@FormParam("height")
let formParams = ["height":"175"]

//Sending the request with Form parameters
request.sendWithFormParameters(formParams) { (response, error) -> Void in
    if(error == nil){
        NSLog(response.responseText)
    }
    else{
        NSLog(error.description)
    }
}
```

## Header parameters

To send a parameter as an HTTP header use the `setHeaderValue` API:

```
//@HeaderParam("Date")
request.setHeaderValue("2015-06-06", forName: "Date")
```

## Other custom body parameters

- `sendWithBody` allows you to set an arbitrary String in the body.
- `sendWithJSON` allows you to set an arbitrary dictionary in the body.
- `sendWithData` allows you to set an arbitrary `NSData` in the body.

## Javascript Adapters

JavaScript adapters use ordered nameless parameters. To pass parameters to a Javascript adapter, set an array of parameters with the name `params`:

```
request.setQueryParameterValue("[param1', 'param2']", forName: "params")
```

## For more information

For more information about `WLResourceRequest`, refer to the user documentation.

## Sample application

The ResourceRequestSwift project contains a native iOS Swift application that makes a resource request using a Java adapter.

The adapter Maven project contains the Java adapter to be used during the resource request call.

Click to download (<https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/ResourceRequestSwift/tree/release80>) the Native project.

Click to download (<https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/Adapters/tree/release80>) the adapter Maven project.

## Sample usage

1. From the command line, navigate to the project's root folder.
2. Ensure the sample is registered in the MobileFirst Server by running the command: `mfpdev app register`.
3. The sample uses the `JavaAdapter` contained in the Adapters Maven project. Use either Maven or MobileFirst Developer CLI to build and deploy the adapter (`../../adapters/creating-adapters/`).
4. To test or debug an adapter, see the testing and debugging adapters (`../../adapters/testing-and-debugging-adapters`) tutorial.
5. Import the project to Xcode, and run the sample by clicking the *\*Run* button.



The screenshot shows the 'Resource Request' app interface on an iPhone 6. The status bar at the top indicates 'Carrier', signal strength, '10:28 AM', and battery level. The app title 'Resource Request' is centered at the top. Below the title are six text input fields containing the values: 'John', 'M', 'Smith', '42', '175', and '1974-05-05'. A blue 'Submit' button is located below the inputs. At the bottom, the app displays the submitted data: 'Name = John M Smith', 'Age = 42', 'Height = 175', and 'Date = 1974-05-05'.