Creating Java and JavaScript Adapters

Overview

Adapters are Maven projects that contains server-side code implemented in either Java or JavaScript. An adapter project can be created by using Maven, MobileFirst developer CLI or MobileFirst Operations Console. This tutorial demonstrates how to create either a Java or JavaScript adapter using the above methods.

The adapter project is based on the Maven Archetype "adapter-maven-archetype" which is based on the Maven archetype toolkit (https://maven.apache.org/guides/introduction/introduction-to-archetypes.html).

Prerequisite: Make sure that you read the Adapters Overview (../adapters-overview) tutorial first.

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Creating Adapters Using Maven Archetype "adapter-maven-archetype"

The "adapter-maven-archetype" is based on the Maven archetype toolkit (https://maven.apache.org/guides/introduction/introduction-to-archetypes.html) in order to create the adapter as a Maven project.

Install Maven

In order to create an adapter, you first need to download and install Maven. Go to the Apache Maven website (https://maven.apache.org/) and follow the instructions how to download and install Maven.

Create an Adapter

To create a Maven adapter project, use the archetype: generate command. You can choose to run the command interactively or directly.

Interactive Mode

1. Replace the **DarchetypeArtifactId** placeholder with the actual value and run:

mvn archetype:generate -DarchetypeGroupId=com.ibm.mfp -DarchetypeArtifactId=<adapter type artifact ID> -DarchetypeVersion=8.0.0

- The Archetype Group Id and Archetype Version are required parameters to identify the archetype.
- The Archetype Artifact Id is a required parameter to identify the adapter type:
 - Use adapter-maven-archetype-java to crate a Java adapter
 - Use adapter-maven-archetype-http to create a JavaScript HTTP adapter
 - Use adapter-maven-archetype-sql to create a JavaScript SQL adapter
- 2. Enter a Group Id (https://maven.apache.org/guides/mini/guide-naming-conventions.html) of the Maven project to be build. For example:

```
Define value for property 'groupId': : com.mycompany
```

3. Enter an Artifact Id of the Maven project **which will later be used also as the adapter name**. For example:

```
Define value for property 'artifactId': : SampleAdapter
```

4. Enter a Maven project version (the default is 1.0-SNAPSH0T). For example:

```
Define value for property 'version': 1.0-SNAPSHOT:: 1.0
```

5. Enter an adapter package name (the default is the groupId). For example:

```
Define value for property 'package': com.mycompany::com.mypackage
```

6. Enter y to confirm:

[INFO] Using property: archetypeVersion = 8.0.0

Confirm properties configuration:

groupld: com.mycompany artifactId: SampleAdapter

version: 1.0

package: com.mypackage archetypeVersion: 8.0.0

Y::y

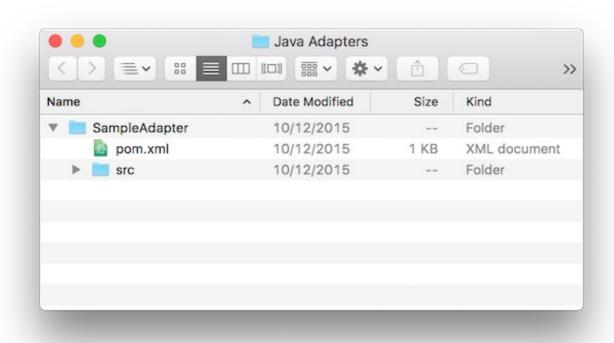
Direct Mode

Replace the placeholders with the actual values and run:

mvn archetype:generate -DarchetypeGroupId=com.ibm.mfp -DarchetypeArtifactId=<adapter type artifact ID > -DarchetypeVersion=8.0.0 -DgroupId=<maven_project_groupid> -DartifactId=<maven_project_artifactid> -Dversion=<maven_project_version> -Dpackage=<java_adapter_package_name>

For more information about the archetype: generate command see the Maven documentation.

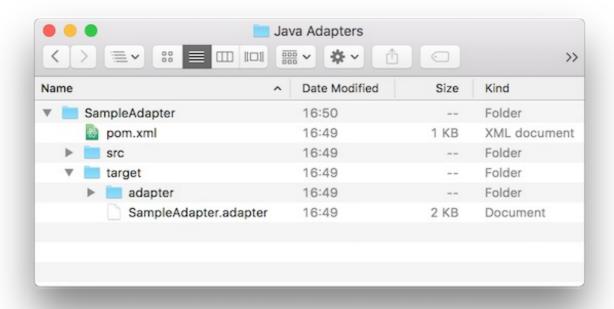
After creating the adapter the result will be a Maven project containing a src folder and a pom.xml file:



Build and Deploy Adapters

Build

The adapter is built each time you run the mvn install command to build the Maven project. This generates an **.adapter** file which can be found in the **target** folder:



Deploy

1. The pom.xml file contains the following properties parameters:

- Replace the localhost: 9080 with your MobileFirst Server IP and port.
- Replace the mfpfUser and mfpfPassword values with your MobileFirst admin user name and password.
- 2. Open the project's root folder in terminal and run the mvn:adapter command:

```
mvn adapter:deploy
```

NOTE: The deploy command is available only during development (for security reasons).

Dependencies

In order to use an external library in your adapter, follow these suggested instructions:

- 1. Add a lib folder under the root Maven project folder and put the external library in it.
- 2. Add the library path under the dependencies element in the Maven project pom.xml file. For example:

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>sample</groupId>
    <artifactId>com.sample</artifactId>
    <version>1.0</version>
    <scope>system</scope>
    <systemPath>${project.basedir}/lib/</systemPath>
    </dependency>
```

For more information about dependencies see the Maven documentation.

Grouping Adapters in a Single Maven Project

If you have several adapters in your project you may want to arrange them under a single Maven project. Grouping adapters provides many benefits such as build all and deploy all abilities, sharing dependencies etc.

To group adapters you need to:

- 1. Create a root folder and call it, for example, "GroupAdapters".
- 2. Put the Maven adapter projects in it.
- 3. Create a pom.xml file:

```
a-instance"
 xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.
0.xsd">
  <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
  <groupId>com.sample</groupId>
  <artifactId>GroupAdapters</artifactId>
  <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
  <packaging>pom</packaging>
  <modules>
      <module>Adapter1</module>
      <module>Adapter2</module>
  </modules>
  cproperties>
    <!-- parameters for deploy mfpf adapter -->
    <mfpfUrl>http://localhost:9080/mfpadmin</mfpfUrl>
    <mfpfUser>demo</mfpfUser>
    <mfpfPassword>demo</mfpfPassword>
  </properties>
 <build>
    <plugins>
      <plugin>
        <groupId>com.ibm.mfp</groupId>
        <artifactId>adapter-maven-plugin</artifactId>
        <version>8.0.0</version>
        <extensions>true</extensions>
      </plugin>
    </plugins>
  </build>
</project>
```

- 1. Define a groupId element of your choice
- 2. Add an artifactId element the root folder's name
- 3. Add a **module** element for each adapter
- 4. Add the build element
- 5. Replace the **localhost:9080** with your MobileFirst Server IP and port.
- 6. Replace the **mfpfUser** and **mfpfPassword** values with your MobileFirst admin user name and password.
- 4. To build or deploy all adapters, run the commands from the root "GroupAdapters" project.

Creating Adapters Using MobileFirst developer CLI

Creating Adapters Using MobileFirst Operations Console

- Using the MobileFirst Operations Console:
 - 1. Open your browser of choice and load the MobileFirst Operations Console using the address http://<IP>:<PORT>/mfpconsole/.

2. Drag and drop the .adapter file from the target folder into the Console.

Testing Adapters

MobileFirst adapters are available via a REST interface. This means that if you know the URL of a resource/procedure, you can use HTTP tools such as Postman to test requests and pass URL parameters, path parameters, body parameters or headers as you see fit.

The structure of the URL used to access the adapter resource is: http://<IP>: <PORT>/mfp/api/adapters/{adapter-name}/{procedure-name}

Using Postman

Passing parameters:

- When using Java adapters, parameters can be passed in the URL, body, form, etc, depending on how you configured your adapter.
- When using JavaScript adapters, parameters are passed as params=[a,b,c,d]. In other words, a JavaScript procedure receives only one parameter called params which needs to be an array of ordered, unnamed values. This parameter can either be in the URL (GET) or in the body (POST) using Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded.

Handling security:

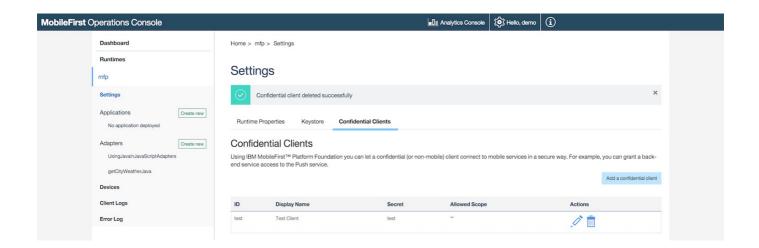
If your resource is protected by a security check, the request prompts you to provide a valid authorization header. Note that by default, MobileFirst uses a simple security scope even if you did not specify any. So unless you specifically disabled security, the endpoint is always protected.

To disable security in Java adapters you should attach the OAuthSecurity annotation to the procedure/class:

For you to work around this during your development stage, the development version of the MobileFirst Server includes a test token endpoint. To receive a Test Token you should:

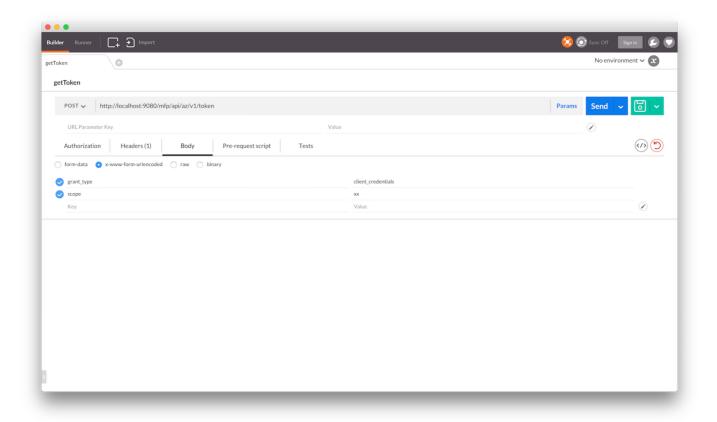
1. In the MobileFirst Operations Console -> **Settings** -> **Confidential Clients** tab, create a confidential client or use the default one:

For testing purposes set **Allowed Scopes** as [**].

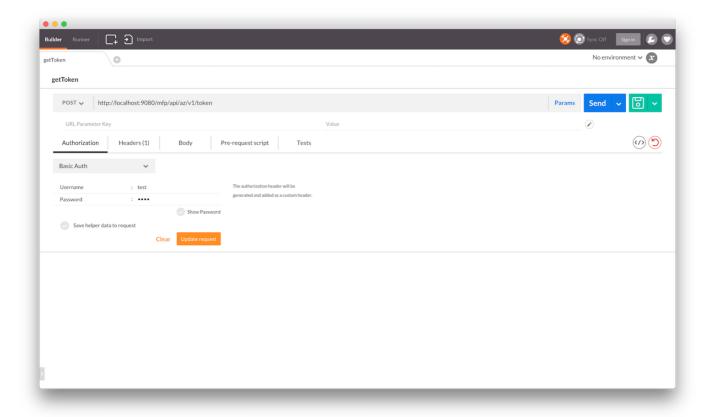


1. Use your HTTP client (Postman) to make an HTTP POST request to http://<IP>: <PORT>/mfp/api/az/v1/token with the following parameters using Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded:

grant_type : client_credentials scope : **



1. Add an authorization header using Basic authentication (use the confidential client's ID and secret):



The result will be a JSON object with a temporary valid access token:

"access_token": "eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NilsImp3ayI6eyJIIjoiQVFBQiIsIm4iOiJBTTBEZDd4QWR2NkgteWdMN 3I4cUNMZEUtM0kya2s0NXpnWnREZF9xczhmdm5ZZmRpcVRTVjRfMnQ2T0dHOENWNUNINDFQTXBJd2 1MNDEwWDIJWm52aHhvWWIGY01TYU9ISXFvZS1ySkEwdVp1dzJySGhYWjNXVkNIS2V6UIZjQ09Zc1FOL W1RSzBtZno1XzNvLWV2MFVZd1hrU093QkJsMUVocUl3VkR3T2llZzJKTUdsMEVYc1BaZmtOWkktSFU0b 01paS1Uck5MeIJXa01tTHZtMDloTDV6b3NVTkExNXZIQ0twaDJXcG1TbTJTNjFuRGhIN2dMRW95bURuVE VqUFk1QW9oMmluSS0zNIJHWVZNVVViTzQ2Q3JOVVI1SW9iT2IYbEx6QklodUIDcGZWZHhUX3g3c3RLW DVDOUJmTVRCNEdrT0hQNWNVdjdOejFkRGhJUHU4liwia3R5ljoiUlNBliwia2lkljoidGVzdCJ9fQ.eyJpc3MiOi Jjb20uaWJtLm1mcClsInN1Yil6InRlc3QiLCJhdWQiOiJjb20uaWJtLm1mcClsImV4cCl6MTQ1MjUxNjczODAw NSwic2NvcGUiOiJ4eCJ9.vhjSkv5GShCpcDSu1XCp1FlgSpMHZa-fcJd3iB4JR-xr 3HOK54c36ed U5s3rvXVi ao5E4HQUZ7PIEOl23bR0RGT2bMGJHiU7c0lyrMV5YE9FdMxqZ5MKHvRnSOeWlt2Vc2izh0pMMTZd-oL-0 w1T8e-F968vycyXeMs4UAbp5Dr2C3DcXCzG h9jujsNNxgXL5mKJem8EpZPolQ9Rgy2bqt45D06QTW7J9Q 9GXKt1XrkZ9bGpL-HgE2ihYeHBygFll80M8O56By5KHwfSvGDJ8BMdasHFfGDRZUtC_yz64mH1IVxz5o0v WqPwEuyfsITNCN-M8c3W9-6fQRjO4bw", "token_type": "Bearer", "expires in": 3599, "scope": "**" }

Now with any future request to adapter endpoints, add an HTTP header with the name Authorization and the value you received previously. The security framework will skip any security challenges protecting your resource.