

Windows Phone 8 - Implementing Cordova plug-ins

Overview

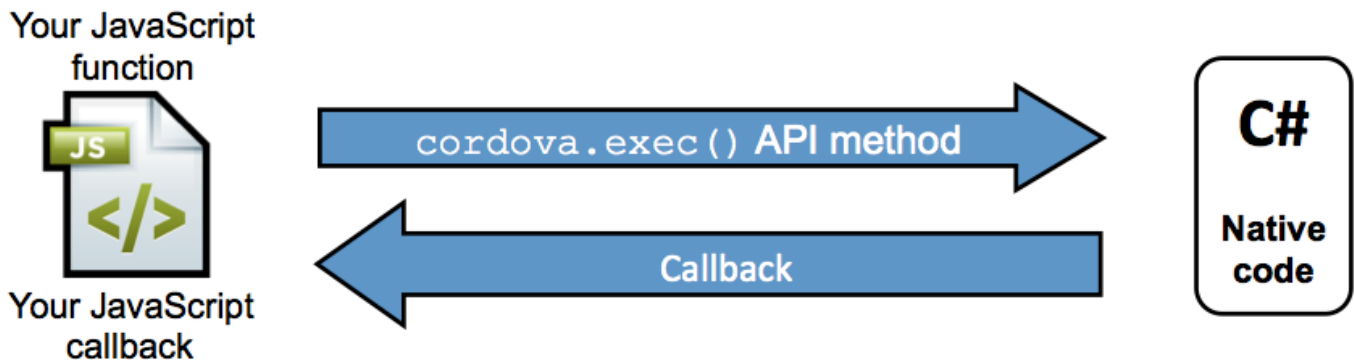
In some cases, developers of a MobileFirst application might have to use a specific third-party native library or a device function that is not yet available in Apache Cordova. With Apache Cordova, developers can create an Apache Cordova plug-in, which means that they create custom native code blocks, and call these code blocks in their applications by using JavaScript. In this tutorial, a simple Apache Cordova plug-in creation and integration for Windows Phone 8 will be demonstrated.

Note:

In Cordova-based applications, developers must check for the `deviceready` event before they use the Cordova API set. In a MobileFirst application, however, this check is done internally. Instead of implementing this check, implementation code can be placed in the `wlCommonInit()` function in `common\js\main.js`. The below code blocks are based on the sample application, provided at the bottom of this tutorial.

Plug-in creation overview:

- Declare the plug-in in the `config.xml` file
- Use the `cordova.exec()` API in the JavaScript code
- Create the plug-in class that will run natively in Windows Phone 8
- The plug-in performs the required action and calls a JavaScript callback method that is specified during the call to `cordova.exec()`



Declaring a plug-in

The plug-in needs to be declared in the project, so that Cordova can detect it. To declare the plug-in, add a reference to the `config.xml` file, located in the native folder of the Windows Phone 8 environment.

```
1 <feature name="sayHelloPlugin">
2   <param name="wp-package" value="sayHelloPlugin" />
3 </feature>
```

Implementing `cordova.exec()` in JavaScript

From the JavaScript code of the application, use `cordova.exec()` to call the Cordova plug-in:

```
1 function sayHello() {
2     var name = $("#NameInput").val();
3     cordova.exe(sayHelloSuccess, sayHelloFailure, "SayHelloPlugin", "sayHello", [name]);
4 }
```

`sayHelloSuccess` - Success callback `sayHelloFailure` - Failure callback `SayHelloPlugin` - Plug-in name as declared in `config.xml` `sayHello` - Action name `[name]` - Parameters array The plug-in calls the success and failure callbacks.

```
1 function sayHelloSuccess(data){
2     WL.SimpleDialog.show(
3         "Response from plug-in", data,
4         [{text: "OK", handler: function() {WL.Logger.debug("Ok button pressed");}}]
5     );
6 }
7
8 function sayHelloFailure(data){
9     WL.SimpleDialog.show(
10        "Response from plug-in", data,
11        [{text: "OK", handler: function() {WL.Logger.debug("Ok button pressed");}}]
12    );
13 }
```

Implementing the C# code of a Cordova plug-in

After the plug-in is declared, and the JavaScript implementation is ready, the Cordova plug-in can be implemented. For this purpose, ensure that the project is built in Eclipse and opened in the Visual Studio IDE.

Step 1

- Create a new C# class
- Add the new class to your project namespace and add the required import statements.

```
1 using System;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using System.Linq;
4 using System.Text;
5 using System.Threading.Tasks;
6
7 using WPCordovaClassLib.Cordova;
8 using WPCordovaClassLib.Cordova.Commands;
9 using WPCordovaClassLib.Cordova.JSON;
10
11 namespace Cordova.Extension.Commands
12 {
13     public class SayHelloPlugin : BaseCommand
14     {
```

Step 2

Implement the `SayHelloPlugin` class and the `sayHello` method.

- The JavaScript wrapper calls the sayHello method and passes a single parameter. It returns a string back to JavaScript.

```
1 public void sayHello(string options)
2     {
3         string optVal = null;
4         try {
5             optVal = JsonHelper.Deserialize<string[]>(options)[0];
6         }
7         catch (Exception) {
8             DispatchCommandResult(new PluginResult(PluginResult.Status.ERROR, "SayHelloPlugin
9         }
```

- The DispatchCommandResult method returns the result to JavaScript, whether success or failure.

```
1 if (optVal == null)
2     {
3         DispatchCommandResult(new PluginResult(PluginResult.Status.ERROR, "Got null value
4     }
5     else
6     {
7         DispatchCommandResult(new PluginResult(PluginResult.Status.OK, "Hello " + optVal));
8     }
9 }
10 }
11 }
```

Sample application

Click to download

(<http://public.dhe.ibm.com/software/products/en/MobileFirstPlatform/docs/v630/ApacheCordovaPluginsProject.zip>)
the Studio project.

