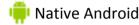
MobileFirst Platform {dev}

Configuring a native Android application with the **MobileFirst Platform SDK**

Relevant to:



Overview

Unlike MobileFirst Hybrid applications, which get autogenerated with the MobileFirst JavaScript SDK built-in and are thus capable to communicate with the MobileFirst Server out-of-the-box, native apps are not bundled with the MobileFirst Native SDK by default.

In this tutorial, you learn how to add the MobileFirst Native SDK to a native Android application and set it up with additional required configuration files.

By using MobileFirst Native SDK, you can implement various features, such as: connecting to the MobileFirst Server instance, calling adapter procedures, implementing authentication methods, certificate pinning, using push notifications, and more.

For a request from a native app to be recognized by MobileFirst Server, the client application must be registered to the MobileFirst Server instance.

In this tutorial, you learn how to deploy the server-side entity for the native Android application.

Prerequisite

- Proficiency with the Google Android Studio
- If you haven't gone through the <u>Command Line Interface tutorial</u>, do so now.

Agenda

- Adding the MobileFirst Native SDK to an application
- Deploying the server-side entity to MobileFirst Server
- Inside a native application containing the MobileFirst Native SDK
- Tutorials to follow next

Adding the MobileFirst Native SDK to an application

The MobileFirst Native SDK can be added in several ways: from a remote MavenCentral repository, ensuring you always use the latest available version, or locally by using either MobileFirst Studio plug-in for Eclipse or the MobileFirst CLI tool. The preferred method is by using MavenCentral, explained next. For the "Classic" local method, see the local method section.

- 1. Create an Android Studio project or use an existing one.
- 2. In Project > Gradle scripts, select build.gradle (Module: app).
- 3. Add the following lines below apply plugin: 'com.android.application':

```
repositories{
    mavenCentral()
}
```

4. Add the following inside android:

```
packagingOptions {
        pickFirst 'META-INF/ASL2.0'
        pickFirst 'META-INF/LICENSE'
        pickFirst 'META-INF/NOTICE'
}
```

5. Add the following lines inside dependencies:

```
compile ('com.worklight:worklight-android-native:Main-
SNAPSHOT@aar') {
        transitive = true
}
```

6. Add the following permissions to the AndroidManifest.xml file:

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>
<uses-permission</pre>
 android:name="android.permission.ACCESS WIFI STATE"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.GET TASKS" />
```

7. Add the MobileFirst UI activity:

```
<activity android:name="com.worklight.wlclient.ui.UIActivity" />
```

Deploying the server-side entity to MobileFirst Server

Now that the native application is set up with the MobileFirst Native SDK, it is also required that MobileFirst Server recognize it after the SDK is used in the application. For this, you need a MobileFirst Server instance and a MobileFirst project:

Creating a project and server instance

- 1. In **Terminal**, navigate to the location where you want to create the MobileFirst Backend project.
- 2. Run the command: mfp create my-mfp-backend-project-name
- 3. Run the command: mfp start

After the project is created and the server is running, the server-side entity can be created and deployed to the server.

The next step adds the following files to the native project, as explained in <u>Inside a native application</u> containing the MobileFirst Native SDK: wlclient.properties, applicationdescriptor.xml, mobilefirst folder.

Deploying the server-side entity

- 1. In **Terminal**, navigate to the root of the Android Studio project.
- 2. Run the command: mfp push The command asks to which MobileFirst Server you want to deploy the artifacts and update

the wlclient.properties file accordingly with the server address. You can later edit these settings again manually if necessary. You can also edit the files by using the CLI command mfp config.

Inside a native application containing the MobileFirst Native SDK

In addition to the reconfigured project, now containing the MobileFirst Native SDK, three artifacts were added:

wlclient.properties

The wlclient.properties file, located in the android-studioproject\app\src\main folder, holds server configuration properties and is user-editable:

- wlServerProtocol The communication protocol to MobileFirst Server, which can be either http or https.
- wlServerHost The hostname of MobileFirst Server.
- wlserverPort The port of MobileFirst Server.
- wlServerContext The context root path of the application on MobileFirst Server.
- wlAppId The application ID as defined in the application-descriptor.xml file.
- wlAppVersion The application version.
- wlEnvironment The target environment of the native application.
- wluid The property used by MTWW, the test workbench, to identify this as a MobileFirst application.
- wlPlatformVersion The MobileFirst SDK version.
- languagePreferences The list of preferred locales.
- GcmSenderId This property defines the Google Cloud Message (GCM) Sender ID to be used for push notifications. By default, this property is commented out.

Application descriptor

The application-descriptor.xml file, located at the root of the project, is a metadata file that is used to define various aspects of the application, such as user identity realms and push notifications support, security settings that MobileFirst Server enforces, and more.

mobilefirst folder

The mobilefirst folder, located at the root of the project contains .wlapp files. These are the server-side entities that are deployed to the MobileFirst Server.

Tutorials to follow next

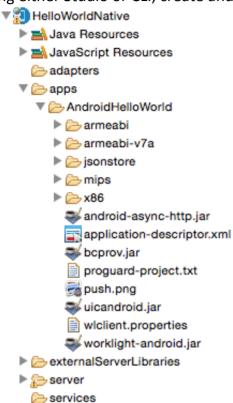
Now that your application contains the Native API library, you can follow the tutorials in the Native Android Development section to learn more about authentication and security, server-side development, advanced client-side development, notifications and more.

"Classic" local method to add the MobileFirst Native SDK to an application

When using the local method, this means that the SDK files will be generated from the existing local resources in the installed version of MobileFirst Platform Foundation. In the "Classic" method, the

SDK files are referred to as "NativeAPI". Follow the instructions below for either the MobileFirst Studio plug-in for Eclipse or MobileFirst CLI.

Using either Studio or CLI, create and deploy the NativeAPI server-side entity:



1. Studio

- 1. In MobileFirst Studio, create a MobileFirst project and add a MobileFirst Native API.
- 2. In the New MobileFirst Native API dialog, enter your application name and select **Android** for the **Environment** field.
- 3. Right-click the generated NativeAPI folder (located in yourprojects/apps/your-nativeapi-app-name) and select Run As > Deploy

Note: This action is required for MobileFirst Server to recognize the application when a request reaches the server.

2. **CLI**

- 1. In the terminal with the <u>CLI</u> installed, create a new MobileFirst project: \$ mfp create HelloWorldNative
- 2. Go to the newly created project directory: \$ cd HelloWorldNative/
- 3. Add a new Android native API: \$ mfp add api AndroidHelloWorld -e android
- 4. navigate to the Android project and run the command: \$ mfp push. This action is required for MobileFirst Server to recognize the application if it attempts to
- 3. Copy the worklight-android.jar, uicandroid.jar, bcprov.jar, and android-async-http.jar files from the generated NativeAPI folder to the new native Android application, in the /libs directory.
- 4. [Android Studio only] Right-click any of the added .jar files and select Add as library to add all libraries.
- 5. [Android Studio only] Create an assets folder under src\main.

- 6. Copy the wlclient.properties file from the previously created MobileFirst native API folder to the new native Android application, in the /assets directory.
- 7. Add the following permissions to the AndroidManifest.xml file:

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>
<uses-permission</pre>
 android:name="android.permission.ACCESS WIFI STATE"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.GET TASKS" />
```

8. Add the MobileFirst UI activity:

```
<activity android:name="com.worklight.wlclient.ui.UIActivity" />
```

The NativeAPI contains the following components:

- The wlclient.properties file contains the connectivity settings that a native Android application uses.
- The worklight-android. jar file is the MobileFirst API library.
- The push.png file is used for displaying an image for an incoming push notification.
- The proguard-project.txt file contains configuration settings for using Android ProGuard with Android Native API.
- The JSONStore folder is for optional JSONStore support in native applications.
- The armabi, armabi-v7a, mips, and x86 folders are for application authenticity protection (optional) in native applications.
- As with any MobileFirst project, you create the server configuration by modifying the files that are in the server\conf folder.
- You use the application-descriptor.xml file to define application metadata and to configure security settings that MobileFirst Server enforces.

For more information, see the topic about developing native applications for Android, in the user documentation.