

Implementing Secure Direct Update

Overview

For secure Direct Update to work, a user-defined keystore file must be deployed in MobileFirst Server and a copy of the matching public key must be included in the deployed client application.

This topic describes how to bind a public key to new client applications and existing client applications that were upgraded. For more information on configuring the keystore in MobileFirst Server, see [Configuring the MobileFirst Server keystore \(../../authentication-and-security/configuring-the-mobilefirst-server-keystore/\)](#).

The server provides a built-in keystore that can be used for testing secure Direct Update for development phases.

Note: After you bind the public key to the client application and rebuild it, you do not need to upload it again to the MobileFirst Server. However, if you previously published the application to the market, without the public key, you must republish it.

For development purposes, the following default, dummy public key is provided with MobileFirst Server:

```
-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY-----
MIIDPjCCAIagAwIBAgIEUD3/bjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADBGMQswCQYDVQQGEwJJTDELMakGA1UECBMCS
UwxETA
PBgNVBACTCFNoZWZheWltMQwwCgYDVQQKEwNJKk0xEjAQBgNVBAsTCVdvcmtsaWdodDEPMA0GA1UEAxMG
V0wgRG
V2MCAXDTEyMDgyOTExMzkyNloYDzQ3NTAwNzI3MTEzOTI2WjBgMQswCQYDVQQGEwJJTDELMakGA1UECBM
CSUwxE
TAPBgNVBACTCFNoZWZheWltMQwwCgYDVQQKEwNJKk0xEjAQBgNVBAsTCVdvcmtsaWdodDEPMA0GA1UEAx
MGV0wg
RGV2MIIIBIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEazQN3vEB2/of7KAuvuyoIt0T7cjaSTjn0B
m0N3+q
zx++dh92KpNjXj/a3o4YbwJXk7jU8ykjCYvjXRf0hme+HGhiVwxJo54iqh76skDS5m7DaseFdndZUJ4
p7NFVw
I5ixA36ZArSZ/Pn/ej56/RRjBeRI7AEGXUSGojBUPA6J6DYkwaXQRew9l+Q1kj4dTigyKL50s0vNFaQyY
u+bT2E
vn0ixQ0DXm94IqmHZamZKbZLrWc0EfuAsSjKY0dMSM9jkCiHaKcj7fpEZhUxRRs7joKs1Ri4ihs6JeUvM
EiG4gK
l9V3FP/Huy0pfkL0F8xMHgaQ4c/lxS/s3PV00Eg+7wIDAQABMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAA4IBAQAghhqr
l2Rgkt
MJeQ0CRcT3uyr4XDK3hmuhEaE0n0vLHi61PoLKnDUNryWUicK/W+tUP9jkn5xRckdzG6TJ/HPySmZ7Adr
6QRFu+
xcIMY+/S8j4PHLXBjoqgtUMhkt7S2/thN/VA6mwZpw40l0Pa2hyT2TkhQoYYkRwYCK9pxmuBCoH/eCwPS
xquNny
RwrY25x0YzccXUaMI8L3/3hzq3mW40YIMiEdpiD5HqjUDpzN1funHNQdsxEIMYsWmGAw0dV5sLFzyrH+E
rUYUFA
pdGIIdLtkrhzbqHfWxE0v3dt+lnLf21wRPIqYHaEu+EB/A4dL06hm+IjBeu/No7H7TBFm
-----END PUBLIC KEY-----
```

Important: Do not use the public key for production purposes.

Generating and deploying the keystore

There are many tools available for generating certificates and extracting public keys from a keystore. The following example demonstrates the procedures with the JDK keytool utility and openSSL.

1. Extract the public key from the keystore file that is deployed in the MobileFirst Server.

Note: The public key must be Base64 encoded.

For example, assume that the alias name is `mfp-server` and the keystore file is **keystore.jks**.

To generate a certificate, issue the following command:

```
keytool -export -alias mfp-server -file certfile.cert  
-keystore keystore.jks -storepass keypassword
```

A certificate file is generated.

Issue the following command to extract the public key:

```
openssl x509 -inform der -in certfile.cert -pubkey -noout
```

Note: Keytool alone cannot extract public keys in Base64 format.

2. Perform one of the following procedures:
 - Copy the resulting text, without the `BEGIN PUBLIC KEY` and `END PUBLIC KEY` markers into the mfpclient property file of the application, immediately after `wlSecureDirectUpdatePublicKey`.
 - From the command prompt, issue the following command: `mfpdev app config direct_update_authenticity_public_key <public_key>`

For `<public_key>`, paste the text that results from Step 1, without the `BEGIN PUBLIC KEY` and `END PUBLIC KEY` markers.

3. Run the cordova build command to save the public key in the application.

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