Working offline

Working in offline mode

By using IBM MobileFirst Platform Foundation, it is possible to detect application connectivity failures and determine a course of action.

Application going offline and online can be detected in two ways:

- Explicitly, on invoking server-based procedures.
- Implicitly, by using JavaScript event listeners.

It is possible to define custom application behaviors for offline and online status.

The developer is responsible for maintaining the offline or online state within the application, and ensuring that the application can recover from failed attempts to connect to the server.

For example, before the application logs in a new user or accesses the server under a new user, the application must ensure that a successful logout was received by the server.

This tutorial covers the following topics:

- Active detection
- Passive detection
- Additional methods
- Heartbeat
- Sample application

Active detection

By using methods

Connectivity loss can be detected in two locations in the application code:

- Application initialization The WL.Client.init() method, typically called from the initOptions.js file
- Adapter procedure invocation The WL.Client.invokeProcedure() method

To add connectivity failure detection in either location, add the onConnectionFailure property and specify a callback function to invoke if connectivity fails.

By using JavaScript

initOptions.js

```
var wllnitOptions = {
  onConnectionFailure: function (data)
{
  connectionFailure(data);
}
```

```
WL.Client.invokeProcedure(invocationData, {
  onSuccess: successHandlerFunction,
  onConnectionFailure: connectionFailure,
  timeout: 1000
});
```

Passive detection

Offline and online events

Each time the MobileFirst framework attempts to access MobileFirst Server, it might detect that the application switched from offline to online status or conversely.

In both cases, JavaScript events are fired:

- The WL.Events.WORKLIGHT_IS_DISCONNECTED event is fired when connectivity to MobileFirst Server fails.
- The WL.Events.WORKLIGHT_IS_CONNECTED event is fired when connectivity to MobileFirst Server is restored.

The developer can also add event listeners to the above events and specify the callback functions to handle them.

```
document.addEventListener(WL.Events.WORKLIGHT_IS_CONNECTED, connectDetected, false); document.addEventListener(WL.Events.WORKLIGHT_IS_DISCONNECTED, disconnectDetected, false); ;
```

Note: WL.Events.WORKLIGHT_IS_DISCONNECTED and WL.Events.WORKLIGHT_IS_CONNECTED are namespace constants, not strings.

Additional methods

More methods are provided by the MobileFirst framework to simplify online and offline development:

- WL.Client.connect (options) Attempts to establish a connection to MobileFirst Server and to return to online mode. options is an object that contains the following keys:
 - onSuccess Callback function to invoke when the server connection is established.
 - onFailure Callback function to invoke when the server connection fails.
 - <u>timeout</u> The number of milliseconds to wait for the server response before failing with request timeout.
- WL.Device.getNetworkInfo() This method is available for the Android and iOS environments. A callback must be specified as a function parameter. The callback receives an object with the following properties:

```
    isAirplaneMode - true/false
    carrierName - string. For example, AT&T or VERIZON.
```

- telephonyNetworkType string. For example, UMTS or GPRS.
- isRoaming true/false

```
    networkConnectionType - mobile/WiFi
    ipAddress - string
    isNetworkConnected - true/false
```

Heartbeat

The heartbeat pings the server at specified intervals to verify connectivity.

You can use the heartbeat to periodically make sure that the application remains connected to the server.

Both the WL.Events.WORKLIGHT_IS_CONNECTED and WL.Events.WORKLIGHT_IS_DISCONNECTED events can be fired by the heartbeat in designated cases.

A developer can specify the heartbeat interval by using the WL.Client.setHeartBeatInterval(intervalSeconds) API method.

The following sample shows an offline and online detection mechanism.

- 1. An event listener for a WL.Events.WORKLIGHT_IS_DISCONNECTED event is added to the document.

 MyApp.connectionFailure() is invoked when the event fires.
- 2. WL.Client.connect() tries to establish a server connection.
- 3. If the connection is successfully established, MyApp.onlineRestored() is invoked.
- 4. If the connection fails, a timeout is set for 5 seconds to invoke MyApp.connectionFailure() again.

Sample application

Click to download

(http://public.dhe.ibm.com/software/products/en/MobileFirstPlatform/docs/v700/WorkingOfflineProject.zip) the Studio project.



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- 1. Set heartbeat to 5 seconds
- 2. Background application behavior can be seen using web debuggers
- 3. Shut down MobileFirst Server
- 4. In a few seconds heartbeat should fail, and *disconnectDetected* function should be invoked
- 5. Start up MobileFirst Server
- 6. In a few seconds heartbeat should succeed, and *connectDetected* function should be invoked

Set heartbeat to 5 seconds