Handling SMS Notifications in Android

fork and edit tutorial (https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/tree/master/tutorials/en/foundation/8.0/notifications/handling-sms-notifications-in-android/index.md) | report issue (https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/issues/new)

Overview

SMS notifications are a sub-set of Push Notification, as such make sure to first go through the Push notifications in Android (../) tutorials.

Jump to:

- Notifications API
- · Using a SMS subscribe servlet
- Sample Application

Notifications API

In SMS notifications, when registering the device, a phone number value is passed.

Challenge Handlers

If the push.mobileclient scope is mapped to a **security check**, you need to make sure matching **challenge handlers** exist and are registered before using any of the Push APIs.

Initialization

Required for the client application to connect to MFPPush service with the right application context.

- The API method should be called first before using any other MFPPush APIs.
- Registers the callback function to handle received push notifications.

MFPPush.getInstance().initialize(this);

Register Device

Register the device to the push notifications service.

```
MFPPush.getInstance().registerDevice(new MFPPushResponseListener<String>() {
    @Override
    public void onSuccess(String s) {
        // Successfully registered
    }

@Override
    public void onFailure(MFPPushException e) {
        // Registration failed with error
    }
});
```

Unregister Device

Unregister the device from push notification service instance.

```
MFPPush.getInstance().unregisterDevice(new MFPPushResponseListener<String>() {
    @Override
    public void onSuccess(String s) {
        disableButtons();
        // Unregistered successfully
    }

@Override
    public void onFailure(MFPPushException e) {
        // Failed to unregister
    }
});
```

Using a SMS subscribe servlet

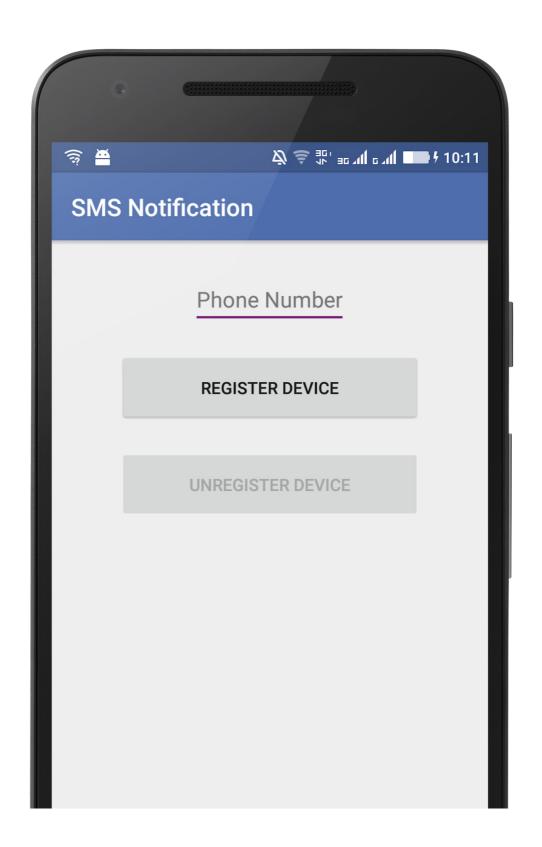
REST APIs are used to send notifications to the registered devices. All forms of notifications can be sent: tag & broadcast notifications, and authenticated notifications

To send a notification, a request is made using POST to the REST endpoint: imfpush/v1/apps/<application-identifier>/messages. Example URL:

https://myserver.com:443/imfpush/v1/apps/com.sample.sms/messages

To review all Push Notifications REST APIs, see the REST API runtime services (https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SSHS8R_8.0.0/com.ibm.worklight.apiref.doc/rest_runtime/c_restapi_runtime.html) topic in the user documentation.

To send a notification, see the sending notifications (../sending-push-notifications) tutorial.





Sample application

Click to download (https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/SMSNotificationsSwift/tree/release80) the Cordova project.

Note: The latest version of Google Play Services is required to be installed on any Android device for the sample to run.

Sample usage

- 1. From a **Command-line**, navigate to the project's root folder.
- 2. Register the application by running the command: mfpdev app register.
- 3. In the MobileFirst console, under Applications → SMSNotificationsAndroid → Security → Map scope elements to security checks, add a mapping for push.mobileclient.
- 4. Import the project to Android Studio, and run the sample by clicking the ${\bf Run}$ button.

Sending an SMS notification

- Tag notification
 - Use the MobileFirst Operations Console → [your application] → Push → Send Push tab.