

# Creating a Security Check

fork and edit tutorial (<https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/tree/master/tutorials/en/foundation/8.0/authentication-and-security/creating-a-security-check/index.md>) | report issue (<https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/issues/new>)

## Overview

A SecurityCheck is an object responsible for obtaining credentials from a client and validate them.

### securityCheckDefinition

Security checks are defined inside adapters. Any adapter can theoretically define a SecurityCheck. An adapter can either be a *resource* adapter (meaning it serves resources/content to send to the client), a *SecurityCheck* adapter, or **both**. However it is recommended to define the SecurityCheck in a separate adapter.

In your **adapter XML** file add an XML element called `securityCheckDefinition`. For example:

```
<securityCheckDefinition name="sample" class="com.ibm.mfp.sampleSecurityCheck">
  <property name="successExpirationSec" defaultValue="60"/>
  <property name="failureExpirationSec" defaultValue="60"/>
  <property name="maxAttempts" defaultValue="3"/>
</securityCheckDefinition>
```

- The `name` attribute will be the name of your SecurityCheck
- The `class` attribute specifies the implementation of the SecurityCheck
- Some SecurityChecks can be configured with a list of `property` elements.

### SecurityCheck implementation

The class file of your SecurityCheck is where all of the logic happens. Your implementation should extend one of the provided base classes, below.

The parent class you choose will determine the balance between customization and simplicity.

#### SecurityCheckWithUserAuthentication

TODO

#### SecurityCheckWithAttempts

TODO

#### SecurityCheckWithExternalization

TODO

#### SecurityCheck

TODO

### SecurityCheckConfiguration

Each `SecurityCheck` implementation class can use a `SecurityCheckConfiguration` that defines properties available for that `SecurityCheck`. Each base `SecurityCheck` class comes with a matching `SecurityCheckConfiguration` class. You can create your own implementation that extends one of the base `SecurityCheckConfiguration` classes and use it for your custom `SecurityCheck`.

For example, `SecurityCheckWithUserAuthentication`'s `createConfiguration` method returns an instance of `SecurityCheckWithAuthenticationConfig`.

```

public abstract class SecurityCheckWithUserAuthentication extends SecurityCheckWithAttempts {
    @Override
    public SecurityCheckConfiguration createConfiguration(Properties properties) {
        return new SecurityCheckWithAuthenticationConfig(properties);
    }
}

```

SecurityCheckWithAuthenticationConfig enables a property called rememberMeDurationSec.

```

public class SecurityCheckWithAuthenticationConfig extends SecurityCheckWithAttemptsConfig {

    public int rememberMeDurationSec;

    public SecurityCheckWithAuthenticationConfig(Properties properties) {
        super(properties);
        rememberMeDurationSec = getIntProperty("rememberMeDurationSec", properties, 0);
    }

}

```

Those properties can be configured at several levels:

#### **adapter.xml**

TODO

#### **application xml?**

TODO

#### **console?**

TODO

### Built-in Security Checks

Also available are these out-of-the-box security checks:

- Application Authenticity (../application-authenticity/)
- Direct Update (../using-the-mfpf-sdk/direct-update)
- LTPA (../websphere-ltpa-based-authentication/)