

Implementing the User Authentication Security Check

fork and edit tutorial (<https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/tree/master/tutorials/en/foundation/8.0/authentication-and-security/user-authentication/security-check.md>) | report issue (<https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/issues/new>)

Overview

This abstract class extends `CredentialsValidationSecurityCheck` and builds upon it to fit the most common use-cases of simple user authentication. In addition to validating the credentials, it creates a user identity that will be accessible from various parts of the framework, allowing you to identify the current user.

Optionally, `UserAuthenticationSecurityCheck` also provides **Remember Me** capabilities.

This tutorial uses the example of Security Check asking for a username and password and uses the username to represent an authenticated user.

Prerequisites: Make sure to read the Credentials Validation Security Check ([../../credentials-validation/](#)) tutorial.

UserAuthSecurityCheck

Create a Java adapter and add a Java class named `UserAuthSecurityCheck` that extends `UserAuthenticationSecurityCheck`.

```
public class UserAuthSecurityCheck extends UserAuthenticationSecurityCheck {

    @Override
    protected AuthenticatedUser createUser() {
        return null;
    }

    @Override
    protected boolean validateCredentials(Map<String, Object> credentials) {
        return false;
    }

    @Override
    protected Map<String, Object> createChallenge() {
        return null;
    }
}
```

Creating the challenge

The challenge is exactly the same as the one described in [Implementing the Credentials Validation Security Check \(../../credentials-validation/security-check/\)](#).

@Override

```
protected Map<String, Object> createChallenge() {  
    HashMap challenge = new HashMap();  
    challenge.put("errorMsg",errorMsg);  
    challenge.put("remainingAttempts",remainingAttempts);  
    return challenge;  
}
```