JavaScript SQL Adapter

Overview

An IBM MobileFirst Platform Foundation SQL adapter is designed to communicate with any SQL data source. You can use plain SQL queries or stored procedures.

As a developer, you must download the JDBC connector driver for the specific database type separately and add it to the server\lib\ folder of a MobileFirst project. You can download the JDBC connector driver from the appropriate vendor website.

In this tutorial and in the accompanying sample, you learn how to use a MobileFirst adapter to connect to a MySQL database.

The XML File

The XML file contains settings and metadata.

- 1. In the adapter XML file, declare the following parameters:
 - Driver Class
 - Database URL
 - Username
 - Password

2. Declare a procedure in the adapter XML file.

JavaScript implementation

The adapter JavaScript file is used to implement the procedure logic.

There are two ways of running SQL statements:

- SQL statement query
- SQL stored procedure
- 1. Use the WL.Server.createSQLStatement method to prepare a SQL query. This method must

always be called outside the function.

2. Add more parameters, if necessary.

```
//Create SQL query
var getAccountsTransactionsStatement = WL.Server.createSQLStatement(
    "SELECT transactionId, fromAccount, toAccount, transactionDate, transactionAmount, transactionType " +
    "FROM accounttransactions " +
    "WHERE accounttransactions.fromAccount = ? OR accounttransactions.toAccount = ? " +
    "ORDER BY transactionDate DESC " +
    "LIMIT 20;"
);
```

- 3. Use the WL.Server.invokeSQLStatement method to call prepared queries.
- 4. Return the result to the application or to another procedure.

```
//Invoke prepared SQL query and return invocation result
function getAccountTransactions1(accountId){
  return WL.Server.invokeSQLStatement({
    preparedStatement : getAccountsTransactionsStatement,
    parameters : [accountId, accountId]
  });
}
```

- 5. To run a SQL stored procedure, use the WL.Server.invokeSQLStoredProcedure method. Specify a SQL stored procedure name as an invocation parameter.
- 6. Add more parameters, if necessary.
- 7. Return the invocation result to the application or to another procedure.

```
//Invoke stored SQL procedure and return invocation result
function getAccountTransactions2(accountId){
  return WL.Server.invokeSQLStoredProcedure({
    procedure : "getAccountTransactions",
    parameters : [accountId]
  });
}
```

Invocation Results

The result is retrieved as a JSON object:

```
"isSuccessful": true,
  "resultSet": [{
    "fromAccount": "12345",
    "toAccount": "54321",
    "transactionAmount": 180.00,
    "transactionDate": "2009-03-11T11:08:39.000Z",
    "transactionId": "W06091500863",
    "transactionType": "Funds Transfer"
 }, {
    "fromAccount": "12345",
    "toAccount": null,
    "transactionAmount": 130.00,
    "transactionDate": "2009-03-07T11:09:39.000Z",
    "transactionId": "W214122\/5337",
    "transactionType": "ATM Withdrawal"
  }]
}
```

- The isSuccessful property defines whether the invocation was successful.
- The resultSet object is an array of returned records.
 - To access the resultSet object on the client-side: result.invocationResult.resultSet
 - To access the resultSet object on the server-side: result.ResultSet

Sample application

Click to download (https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/JavaScriptAdapters) the MobileFirst project.

- To run the sample, execute the mobilefirstTraining.sql file (which you can find under ...) on your local MySQL server.
- Make sure that the mobilefirst@% user has all access permissions assigned to it.
- Remember to download and set the MySQL Java Connector in your project.