Handling Push Notifications in Android applications

fork and edit tutorial (https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/tree/master/tutorials/en/foundation/8.0/notifications/handling-push-notifications-in-android/index.md) | report issue (https://github.ibm.com/MFPSamples/DevCenter/issues/new)

Overview

Before Android applications are able to handle any received push notifications, they must configured with support for Google Play Services. Once an application has been configured, MobileFirst-provided Notifications API can be used in order to register & unregister devices, and subscribe & unsubscribe to tags.

In this tutorial you learn how to configure an Android application and how to use the MobileFirst-provided Notifications API.

Prerequisites:

- Make sure you have read the following tutorials:
 - o Setting up your MobileFirst development environment (../../setting-up-your-development-environment/index)
 - Adding the MobileFirst Platform Foundation SDK to Cordova applications (...../adding-the-mfpf-sdk/android)
 - Push Notifications Overview (../push-notifications-overview)
- MobileFirst Server to run locally, or a remotely running MobileFirst Server.
- MobileFirst Developer CLI installed on the developer workstation

Jump to:

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- Notifications API
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Notifications Configuration

Create a new Android Studio project or use an existing one.

If the MobileFirst Native Android SDK is not already present in the project, follow the instructions in the Adding the MobileFirst Platform Foundation SDK to Android applications (../../adding-the-mfpf-sdk/android) tutorial.

Project setup

1. In Android → Gradle scripts, select the build.gradle (Module: app) file and add the following lines to dependencies:

com.google.android.gms:play-services-gcm:8.4.0

And:

compile group: 'com.ibm.mobile.foundation', name: 'ibmmobilefirstplatformfoundationPush', version: '8.0.0.0.Beta1-SNAPSHOT', ext: 'aar',

o Or in a single line:

transitive: true

compile 'com.ibm.mobile.foundation:ibmmobilefirstplatformfoundationpush:8.0.Beta1-SNAPSHOT'

remove step 2 below before going live

- Copy ibmmobilefirstplatformfoundationpush-1.0.0.aar (from halpert Electra DevOps Latest integration build) to \extras\google\m2repository\com\ibm\mobile\foundation\ibmmobilefirstplatformfoundationpush\1.0.0\ibmmobilefirstplatformfoundationpush-1.0.0.aar. Also remove libs folder from the aar.
- 3. In **Android** → app → manifests, open the AndroidManifest.xml file.
 - Add the following permissions to the top the manifest tag:

```
<
```

• Add the following (MFPPush Intent Service, MFPPush Instance ID Listener Service) to the application tag:

```
<!-- GCM Receiver -->
<receiver
  android:name="com.google.android.gms.gcm.GcmReceiver"
  android:exported="true"
  android:permission="com.google.android.c2dm.permission.SEND">
  <intent-filter>
    <action android:name="com.google.android.c2dm.intent.RECEIVE" />
    <category android:name="your.application.package.name" />
  </intent-filter>
</receiver>
<!-- MFPPush Intent Service -->
<service
  android:name="com.ibm.mobilefirstplatform.clientsdk.android.push.api.MFPPushIntentService"
  android:exported="false">
  <intent-filter>
    <action android:name="com.google.android.c2dm.intent.RECEIVE" />
  </intent-filter>
</service>
<!-- MFPPush Instance ID Listener Service -->
  android:name="com.ibm.mobilefirstplatform.clientsdk.android.push.api.MFPPushInstanceIDListenerService"
  android:exported="false">
  <intent-filter>
    <action android:name="com.google.android.gms.iid.InstanceID" />
  </intent-filter>
</service>
```

Note: Be sure to replace your.application.package.name with the actual package name of your application.

Notifications API

TODO: Add introduction text to the API.

API methods for tag notifications

- MFPPush.subscribe(String[] tagNames, MFPPushResponceListener) Subscribes the device to the specified tag(s).
- MFPPush.unsubscribe(String[] tagNames, MFPPushResponceListener) Unsubscribes the device from the specified tag(s).
- MFPPush.getTags(MFPPushResponceListener) Returns a list of available tags the device can subscribe to.
- MFPPush.getSubscriptions (MFPPushResponceListener) Returns a list of tag names as strings that the device is subscribed to.

API methods for tag and broadcast notifications

- WLNotificationListener Defines the callback method to be notified when the notification arrives.
- client.getPush().setWLNotificationListener(listener) This method sets the implementation class of the WLNotificationListener interface.
- client.getPush().setOnReadyToSubscribeListener(listener) This method registers a listener to be used for push notifications. This listener should implement the onReadyToSubscribe() method.
- The onMessage(props,payload) method of WLNotificationListener is called when a push notification is received by the device.
- --* props A JSON block that contains the notifications properties of the platform.
- --* payload A JSON block that contains other data that is sent from MobileFirst Server. The JSON block also contains the tag name for tagbased or broadcast notification. The tag name appears in the "tag" element. For broadcast notification, the default tag name is Push.ALL.

Handling a push notification

In order to handle a push notification you will need to set up a MFPPushNotificationListener. This can be achieved by implementing one of the following methods.

Option One

- 1. In the activity in which you wish the handle push notifications, add implements MFPPushNofiticationListener to the class declaration.
- 2. Set the class to be the listener by calling listen(this) on an instance of MFPPush.
- 3. Then you will need to add the following required method:

```
@Override
public void onReceive(MFPSimplePushNotification mfpSimplePushNotification) {
   // Handle push notification here
}
```

4. In this method you will receive the MFPSimplePushNotification and can handle the notification for the desired behavior.

Option Two

Create a listener by calling listen(new MFPPushNofiticationListener()) on an instance of MFPPush as outlined below:

```
push.listen(new MFPPushNotificationListener() {
    @Override
    public void onReceive(MFPSimplePushNotification mfpSimplePushNotification) {
        // Handle push notification here
    }
});
```

Note: push was obtained by calling MFPPush push = MFPPush.getInstance()

Handling a secure push notification

TODO: Add instructions on handling secure push notifications.