

Securing containers

Overview

Below are several methods you can follow in order to secure your IBM Container with MobileFirst Server instance.

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Configuring App Transport Security (ATS)

ATS configuration does not impact applications connecting from other, non-iOS, mobile operating systems. Other mobile operating systems do not mandate that servers communicate on the ATS level of security but can still communicate with ATS-configured servers. Before configuring your container image, have the generated certificates ready. The following steps assume that the keystore file **ssl_cert.p12** has the personal certificate and **ca.crt** is the signing certificate.

1. Copy the **ssl_cert.p12** file to the **mfpf-server/usr/security/** folder.
2. Modify the **mfpf-server/usr/config/keystore.xml** file similar to the following example configuration:

```
<server>
  <featureManager>
    <feature>ssl-1.0</feature>
  </featureManager>
  <ssl id="defaultSSLConfig" sslProtocol="TLSv1.2" keyStoreRef="defaultKeyStore" enabledCiphers="TLS_ECDHE_ECD
SA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384" />
  <keyStore id="defaultKeyStore" location="ssl_cert.p12" password="*****" type="PKCS12"/>
</server>
```

- **ssl-1.0** is added as a feature in the feature manager to enable the server to work with SSL communication.
- **sslProtocol="TLSv1.2"** is added in the ssl tag to mandate that the server communicates only on Transport Layer Security (TLS) version 1.2 protocol. More than one protocol can be added. For example, adding **sslProtocol="TLSv1+TLSv1.1+TLSv1.2"** would ensure that the server could communicate on TLS V1, V1.1, and V1.2. (TLS V1.2 is required for iOS 9 apps.)
- **enabledCiphers="TLSECDHEECDSA WITHAES256GCM_SHA384"** is added in the ssl tag so that the server enforces communication using only that cipher.
- The **keyStore** tag tells the server to use the new certificates that are created as per the above requirements.

The following specific ciphers require Java Cryptography Extension (JCE) policy settings and an additional JVM option:

- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384

If you use these ciphers and use an IBM Java SDK, you can download

(<https://www.ibm.com/marketing/iwm/iwm/web/preLogin.do?source=jcesdk>) the policy files. There are two files:

USexportpolicy.jar and **local_policy.jar**. Add both the files to the **mfpf-server/usr/security** folder and then add the following JVM option to the **mfpf-server/usr/env/jvm.options** file:

```
Dcom.ibm.security.jurisdictionPolicyDir=/opt/ibm/wlp/usr/servers/worklight/resources/security/.
```

For development-stage purposes only, you can disable ATS by adding following property to the info.plist file:

```
<key>NSAppTransportSecurity</key>
<dict>
  <key>NSAllowsArbitraryLoads</key>
  <true/>
</dict>
```

Security configuration for IBM MobileFirst Foundation on IBM Containers

Your IBM MobileFirst Foundation instance on IBM Containers security configuration should include encrypting passwords, enabling application authenticity checking, and securing access to the consoles.

Encrypting passwords

Store the passwords for MobileFirst Server users in an encrypted format. You can use the `securityUtility` command available in the Liberty profile to encode passwords with either XOR or AES encryption. Encrypted passwords can then be copied into the `/usr/env/server.env` file. See [Encrypting passwords for user roles configured in MobileFirst Server](#) for instructions.

Application-authenticity validation

To keep unauthorized mobile applications from accessing the MobileFirst Server, enable the application-authenticity security check. [Learn more...](#)

Configure SSL for Operations Console and Analytics Console

You can secure access to the MobileFirst Operations Console and the MobileFirst Analytics Console by enabling HTTP over SSL (HTTPS) on the MobileFirst Server.

To enable HTTPS on the MobileFirst Server, create the keystore containing the certificate and place it in the `usr/security` folder. Then, update the `usr/config/keystore.xml` file to use the keystore configured.

Securing a connection to the back end

If you need a secure connection between your container and an on-premise back-end system, you can use the Bluemix® Secure Gateway service. Configuration details are provided in this article: [Connecting Securely to On-Premise Backends from MobileFirst on IBM Bluemix containers](#).

Encrypting passwords for user roles configured in MobileFirst Server

The passwords for user roles that are configured for the MobileFirst Server can be encrypted.

Passwords are configured in the `server.env` files in the `package_root/mfpf-server/usr/env` and `package_root/mfpf-analytics/usr/env` folders. Passwords should be stored in an encrypted format.

1. You can use the `securityUtility` command in the Liberty profile to encode the password. Choose either XOR or AES encryption to encode the password.
2. Copy the encrypted password to the `server.env` file. Example: `MFPF_ADMIN_PASSWORD={xor}PjsyNjE=`
3. If you are using AES encryption and used your own encryption key instead of the default key, you must create a configuration file that contains your encryption key and add it to the `usr/config` directory. The Liberty server accesses the file to decrypt the password during runtime. The configuration file must have the `.xml` file extension and resemble the following format:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<server>
  <variable name="wlp.password.encryption.key" value="yourKey" />
</server>
```

Securing container communication using a private IP address

To have secure communication between the MobileFirst Server container and the MobileFirst Analytics container, you must include the private IP address of the MobileFirst Analytics container in the `mfpfProperties.xml` file.

To complete this task, you need the private IP of the MobileFirst Analytics container, which you can obtain using the following command: `cf ic inspect analytics_container_id`. Look for the IP Address field in the command output. **Remember:** If you are going to use MobileFirst Analytics, you must configure, build, and run the MobileFirst Analytics image before configuring, deploying, and running the MobileFirst Server image.

Complete the following steps by editing the `mfpf-server/usr/config/mfpfproperties.xml` file:

1. Set the `mfp.analytics.url` property to the private IP address of the MobileFirst Analytics container. Example: `<jndiEntry jndiName="mfp.analytics.url" value="http://AnalyticsContainerPrivateIP:9080/analytics-service/rest"/>`

When a private IP address changes, provide the new IP address in the `mfpfproperties.xml` file and rebuild and deploy the container by running the `prepareserver.sh` and `starterserver.sh` scripts respectively.

2. To ensure that the MobileFirst Analytics console can be accessed on the network, set the **mfp.analytics.console.url** property to the public IP address of the MobileFirst Analytics container. Example: `<jndiEntry jndiName="mfp.analytics.console.url" value="http://AnalyticsContainerPublicIP:9080/analytics/console"/>`

Restricting access to the consoles running on containers

You can restrict access to the MobileFirst Operations Console and the MobileFirst Analytics Console in production environments by creating and deploying a Trust Association Interceptor (TAI) to intercept requests to the consoles running on IBM® Containers.

The TAI can implement user-specific filtering logic that decides if a request is forwarded to the console or if an approval is required. This method of filtering provides the flexibility for you to add your own authentication mechanism if needed.

See also: Developing a custom TAI for the Liberty profile

(https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SSD28V_8.5.5/com.ibm.websphere.wlp.core.doc/ae/twlp_dev_custom_tai.html?view=embed)

1. Create a custom TAI that implements your security mechanism to control access to the MobileFirst Operations Console. The following example of a custom TAI uses the IP Address of the incoming request to validate whether to provide access to the MobileFirst Operations Console or not.

```
package com.ibm.mfpconsole.interceptor;
import java.util.Properties;

import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;

import com.ibm.websphere.security.WebTrustAssociationException;
import com.ibm.websphere.security.WebTrustAssociationFailedException;
import com.ibm.wsspi.security.tai.TAIResult;
import com.ibm.wsspi.security.tai.TrustAssociationInterceptor;

public class MFPCConsoleTAI implements TrustAssociationInterceptor {

    String allowedIP = null;

    public MFPCConsoleTAI() {
        super();
    }

    /**
     * @see com.ibm.wsspi.security.tai.TrustAssociationInterceptor#isTargetInterceptor
     * (javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest)
     */
    public boolean isTargetInterceptor(HttpServletRequest req)
        throws WebTrustAssociationException {
        //Add logic to determine whether to intercept this request

        boolean interceptMFPCConsoleRequest = false;
        String requestURI = req.getRequestURI();

        if(requestURI.contains("worklightConsole")) {
            interceptMFPCConsoleRequest = true;
        }

        return interceptMFPCConsoleRequest;
    }

    /**
     * @see com.ibm.wsspi.security.tai.TrustAssociationInterceptor#negotiateValidateandEstablishTrust
     * (javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest, javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse)
     */
    public TAIResult negotiateValidateandEstablishTrust(HttpServletRequest request,
        HttpServletResponse resp) throws WebTrustAssociationFailedException {
        // Add logic to authenticate a request and return a TAI result.
        String tai_user = "MFPCConsoleCheck";

        if(allowedIP != null) {
```

```

        if(allowedIP != null) {

            String ipAddress = request.getHeader("X-FORWARDED-FOR");
            if (ipAddress == null) {
                ipAddress = request.getRemoteAddr();
            }

            if(checkIPMatch(ipAddress, allowedIP)) {
                TAIResult.create(HttpServletResponse.SC_OK, tai_user);
            }
            else {
                TAIResult.create(HttpServletResponse.SC_FORBIDDEN, tai_user);
            }

        }
        return TAIResult.create(HttpServletResponse.SC_OK, tai_user);
    }

    private static boolean checkIPMatch(String ipAddress, String pattern) {

        if (pattern.equals("*.*.*.") || pattern.equals(""))
            return true;

        String[] mask = pattern.split("\\.");
        String[] ip_address = ipAddress.split("\\.");

        for (int i = 0; i < mask.length; i++)
        {
            if (mask[i].equals("") || mask[i].equals(ip_address[i]))
                continue;
            else
                return false;
        }
        return true;
    }

    /*
    * @see com.ibm.wsspi.security.tai.TrustAssociationInterceptor#initialize(java.util.Properties)
    */
    public int initialize(Properties properties)
        throws WebTrustAssociationFailedException {

        if(properties != null) {
            if(properties.containsKey("allowedIPs")) {
                allowedIP = properties.getProperty("allowedIPs");
            }
        }
        return 0;
    }

    /*
    * @see com.ibm.wsspi.security.tai.TrustAssociationInterceptor#getVersion()
    */
    public String getVersion() {
        return "1.0";
    }

    /*
    * @see com.ibm.wsspi.security.tai.TrustAssociationInterceptor#getType()
    */
    public String getType() {
        return this.getClass().getName();
    }

    /*
    * @see com.ibm.wsspi.security.tai.TrustAssociationInterceptor#cleanup()
    */
    public void cleanup()

```

```
{  
}
```

2. Export the custom TAI Implementation into a .jar file and place it in the applicable **env** folder (**mfpf-server/usr/env** or **mfpf-analytics/usr/env**).
3. Create an XML configuration file that contains the details of the TAI interceptor (see the TAI configuration example code provided in step 1) and then add your .xml file to the applicable folder (**mfpf-server/usr/config** or **mfpf-analytics/usr/config**). Your .xml file should resemble the following example. **Tip:** Be sure to update the class name and properties to reflect your implementation.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
<server description="new server">  
  <featureManager>  
    <feature>appSecurity-2.0</feature>  
  </featureManager>  
  
  <trustAssociation id="MFPCConsoleTAI" invokeForUnprotectedURI="true"  
    failOverToAppAuthType="false">  
    <interceptors id="MFPCConsoleTAI" enabled="true"  
      className="com.ibm.mfpconsole.interceptor.MFPCConsoleTAI"  
      invokeBeforeSSO="true" invokeAfterSSO="false" libraryRef="MFPCConsoleTAI">  
      <properties allowedIPs="9.182.149.*"/>  
    </interceptors>  
  </trustAssociation>  
  
  <library id="MFPCConsoleTAI">  
    <fileset dir="{server.config.dir}" includes="MFPCConsoleTAI.jar"/>  
  </library>  
  
</server>
```

4. Build the image and run the container (...). The MobileFirst Operations Console and the Analytics Console are now accessible only when the configured TAI security mechanism is satisfied.

LDAP configuration for containers

You can configure an IBM MobileFirst Foundation container to securely connect out to an external LDAP repository.

The external LDAP registry can be used in a container for the following purposes:

- To configure the MobileFirst administration security with an external LDAP registry.
- To configure the MobileFirst mobile applications to work with an external LDAP registry.

Configuring administration security with LDAP

Configure the MobileFirst administration security with an external LDAP registry.

The configuration process includes the following steps:

- Setup and configuration of an LDAP repository
- Changes to the registry file (registry.xml)
- Configuration of a secure gateway to connect to a local LDAP repository and the container. (You need an existing app on Bluemix® for this step.)

LDAP repository

Create users and groups in the LDAP repository. For groups, authorization is enforced based on user membership.

Registry file

1. Open the **registry.xml** and find the `basicRegistry` element. Replace the `basicRegistry` element with code that is similar to the following snippet:

```
<ldapRegistry
  id="ldap"
  host="1.234.567.8910" port="1234" ignoreCase="true"
  baseDN="dc=worklight,dc=com"
  ldapType="Custom"
  sslEnabled="false"
  bindDN="uid=admin,ou=system"
  bindPassword="secret">
  <customFilters userFilter="(&(uid=%v)(objectclass=inetOrgPerson))"
    groupFilter="(&(member=uid=%v)(objectclass=groupOfNames))"
    userIdMap="*:uid"
    groupIdMap="*:cn"
    groupMemberIdMap="groupOfNames:member"/>
</ldapRegistry>
```

Entry

host and port

baseDN

bindDN="uid=admin,ou=system"

bindPassword="secret"

<customFilters userFilter="(&(uid=%v)
(objectclass=inetOrgPerson))" groupFilter="(&(member=uid=%v)
(objectclass=groupOfNames))" userIdMap="*:uid" groupIdMap="*:cn"
groupMemberIdMap="groupOfNames:member"/>

Description

Host name (IP address) and port number of your local LDAP server.

The domain name (DN) in LDAP that captures all details about a specific organization.

Binding details of the LDAP server. For example, the default values for an Apache Directory Service would be uid=admin,ou=system.

Binding password for the LDAP server. For example, the default value for an Apache Directory Service is secret.

The custom filters that are used for querying the directory service (such as Apache) during authentication and authorization.

2. Ensure that the following features are enabled for appSecurity-2.0 and ldapRegistry-3.0:

```
<featureManager>
  <feature>appSecurity-2.0</feature>
  <feature>ldapRegistry-3.0</feature>
</featureManager>
```

For details about configuring various LDAP server repositories, see the WebSphere Application Server Liberty Knowledge Center (http://www-01.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/was_beta_liberty/com.ibm.websphere.wlp.nd.multiplatform.doc/ae/twlp_sec_ldap.html).

Secure gateway

To configure a secure gateway connection to your LDAP server, you must create an instance of the Secure Gateway service on Bluemix and then obtain the IP information for the LDAP registry. You need your local LDAP host name and port number for this task.

1. Log on to Bluemix and navigate to **Catalog, Category > Integration**, and then click **Secure Gateway**.
2. Under Add Service, select an app and then click **Create**. Now the service is bound to your app.
3. Go to the Bluemix dashboard for the app, click on the **Secure Gateway** service instance, and then click **Add Gateway**.
4. Name the gateway and click **Add Destinations** and enter the name, IP address, and port for your local LDAP server.
5. Follow the prompts to complete the connection. To see the destination initialized, navigate to the Destination screen of the LDAP gateway service.
6. To obtain the host and port information that you need, click the Information icon on the LDAP gateway service instance (located on the Secure Gateway dashboard). The details displayed are an alias to your local LDAP server.
7. Capture the **Destination ID** and **Cloud Host : Port** values. Go to the registry.xml file and add these values, replacing any existing values. See the following example of an updated code snippet in the registry.xml file:

```
<ldapRegistry
  id="ldap"
  host="cap-sg-prd-5.integration.ibmcloud.com" port="15163" ignoreCase="true"
  baseDN="dc=worklight,dc=com"
  ldapType="Custom"
  sslEnabled="false"
  bindDN="uid=admin,ou=system"
  bindPassword="secret">
  <customFilters userFilter="(&(uid=%v)(objectclass=inetOrgPerson))"
    groupFilter="(&(member=uid=%v)(objectclass=groupOfNames))"
    userIdMap="*:uid"
    groupIdMap="*:cn"
    groupMemberIdMap="groupOfNames:member"/>
</ldapRegistry>
```

Configuring apps to work with LDAP

Configure MobileFirst mobile apps to work with an external LDAP registry.

The configuration process includes the following step: Configuring a secure gateway to connect to a local LDAP repository and the container. (You need an existing app on Bluemix for this step.)

To configure a secure gateway connection to your LDAP server, you must create an instance of the Secure Gateway service on Bluemix and then obtain the IP information for the LDAP registry. You need your local LDAP host name and port number for this step.

1. Log on to Bluemix and navigate to **Catalog, Category > Integration**, and then click **Secure Gateway**.
2. Under Add Service, select an app and then click **Create**. Now the service is bound to your app.
3. Go to the Bluemix dashboard for the app, click on the **Secure Gateway** service instance, and then click **Add Gateway**.
4. Name the gateway and click **Add Destinations** and enter the name, IP address, and port for your local LDAP server.
5. Follow the prompts to complete the connection. To see the destination initialized, navigate to the Destination screen of the LDAP gateway service.
6. To obtain the host and port information that you need, click the Information icon on the LDAP gateway service instance (located on the Secure Gateway dashboard). The details displayed are an alias to your local LDAP server.
7. Capture the **Destination ID** and **Cloud Host : Port** values. Provide these values for the LDAP login module. Results The communication between the MobileFirst app in the container on Bluemix with your local LDAP server is established. The authentication and authorization from the Bluemix app is validated against your local LDAP server.