Java HTTP Adapter

Overview

This tutorial is a continuation of Java Adapter (../../../server-side-development/java-adapter/) and assumes previous knowledge of the concepts described there.

Java adapters provide free reign over connectivity to your backend. It is therefore your responsibility to ensure best practices regarding performance and other implementation details.

This tutorial shows an example of a Java adapter that connects to an RSS feed by using a Java `HttpClient`.

Topics:

- RSSAdapterApplication
- RSSAdapterResource
- Results

RSSAdapterApplication

`RSSAdapterApplication` extends `MFPJAXRSApplication` and is a good place to trigger any initialization required by your application.

```
1  @Override
2  protected void init() throws Exception {
3      RSSAdapterResource.init();
4      logger.info("Adapter initialized!");
5  }
```

RSSAdapterResource

```
1  @Path("/")
2  public class RSSAdapterResource {
3  }
```

`RSSAdapterResource` is where we handle the requests to your adapter.

`@Path("/")` means that the resources will be available at the URL `http(s)://host:port/ProjectName/adapters/AdapterName/`.

HTTP Client

```
1    private static CloseableHttpClient client;
2    private static HttpHost host;
3    public static void init() {
4      client = HttpClients.createDefault();
5      host = new HttpHost("developer.ibm.com");
6    }
```

Because every request to your resource will create a new instance of `RSSAdapterResource`, it is important to reuse objects that may impact performance. In this example we made the Http client a `static` object and initialized it in a static `init()` method, which gets called by the `init()` of `RSSAdapterApplication` as described above.

Procedure resource

```
1    @GET
2    @Produces("application/json")
3    public void get(@Context HttpServletResponse response, @QueryParam("tag") String tag) throws Client
4      if(tag!=null &amp;&amp; !tag.isEmpty()){
5        execute(new HttpGet("/mobilefirstplatform/tag/"+ tag +"/feed"), response);
6      } else{
7        execute(new HttpGet("/mobilefirstplatform/feed"), response);
8      }
9    }
```

Our adapter exposes just one resource URL which allows to retrieve the RSS feed from the backend service.

- `@GET` means that this procedure only responds to `HTTP GET` requests.
- `@Produces("application/json")` specifies the Content Type of the response to send back. We chose to send the response as a `JSON` object to make it easier on the client-side.
- `@Context HttpServletResponse response` will be used to write to the response output stream. This enables us more granularity than returning a simple string.
- `@QueryParam("tag") String tag` enables the procedure to receive a parameter. The choice of `QueryParam` means the parameter is to be passed in the query (`/RSSAdapter/?tag=MobileFirst_Platform`). Other options include `@PathParam`, `@HeaderParam`, `@CookieParam`, `@FormParam`, etc.
- `throws ClientProtocolException, ...` means we are forwarding any exception back to the client. The client code is responsible for handling potential exceptions which will be received as `HTTP 500` errors. Another solution (more likely in production code) is to handle exceptions in your server Java code and decide what to send to the client based on the exact error.
- `execute(new HttpGet("/mobilefirstplatform/feed"), response)`. The actual HTTP request to the backend service is handled by another method defined later.

Depending if you pass a `tag` parameter, `execute` will retrieve a different build a different path and retrieve a different RSS file.

execute()

```
1   public void execute(HttpUriRequest req, HttpServletResponse resultResponse) throws ClientProtocolE:
2     IllegalStateException, SAXException {
3      HttpResponse RSSResponse = client.execute(host, req);
4      ServletOutputStream os = resultResponse.getOutputStream();
5
6      if (RSSResponse.getStatusLine().getStatusCode() == HttpStatus.SC_OK){
7         resultResponse.addHeader("Content-Type", "application/json");
8         String json = XML.toJson(RSSResponse.getEntity().getContent());
9         os.write(json.getBytes(Charset.forName("UTF-8")));</p>
10     } else {
11        resultResponse.setStatus(RSSResponse.getStatusLine().getStatusCode());
12        RSSResponse.getEntity().getContent().close();
13        os.write(RSSResponse.getStatusLine().getReasonPhrase().getBytes());
14     }
15     os.flush();
16     os.close();
17  }
```

- `HttpResponse RSSResponse = client.execute(host, req)`. We use our static HTTP client to execute the HTTP request and store the response.
- `ServletOutputStream os = resultResponse.getOutputStream()`. This is the output stream to write a response to the client.
- `resultResponse.addHeader("Content-Type", "application/json")`. As mentioned before, we chose to send the response as JSON.
- `String json = XML.toJson(RSSResponse.getEntity().getContent())`. We used `org.apache.wink.json4j.utils.XML` to convert the XML RSS to a JSON string.
- `os.write(json.getBytes(Charset.forName("UTF-8")))` the resulting JSON string is written to the output stream.

The output stream is then `flushed` and `closed`.

If `RSSResponse` is not `200 OK`, we write the status code and reason in the response instead.

Results

Use the testing techniques described in Java Adapter (../#testing) to test your work.

The adapter should return the RSS feed converted to JSON.

```
1   {
2     "rss": {
3       "channel": {
4         "description": "Develop, test, manage, and secure your mobile web, native and hybrid apps",
5         "generator": "http:\/\/wordpress.org\/?v=4.2.4",
6         "item": [
7           {
8             "category": [
9               "Mobile",
10              "android",
```

```
11          "Mobile Quality Assurance",
12          "mobile_development",
13          "mobilefirst",
14          "xamarin"
15        ],
16        "commentRss": "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform\/2015\/09\/01\/integrating-mqa-ir
17        "comments": [
18          "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform\/2015\/09\/01\/integrating-mqa-into-xamarin-an
19          "0"
20        ],
21        "creator": "Vidyasagar MSC",
22        "description": "<p>The post <a rel=\"nofollow\" href=\"https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatf
23        "encoded": "<p>It all startedÂ when I received an email seeking help on using MQA or to be mor
24        "guid": {
25          "content": "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform\/?p=16964",
26          "isPermaLink": "false"
27        },
28        "link": "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform\/2015\/09\/01\/integrating-mqa-into-xamar
29        "pubDate": "Tue, 01 Sep 2015 20:27:07 +0000",
30        "title": "Integrating MQA into Xamarin.Android app"
31      },
32      {
33        "category": [
34          "Uncategorized",
35          "MobileFirst_Platform"
36        ],
37        "commentRss": "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform\/2015\/08\/19\/try-on-bluemix-an
38        "comments": [
39          "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform\/2015\/08\/19\/try-on-bluemix-and-buy-mfp\/#cc
40          "0"
41        ],
42        "creator": "ChethanKumar",
43        "description": "<p>The post <a rel=\"nofollow\" href=\"https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatf
44        "encoded": "<p>Contributed By : Chethan Kumar SN (chethankumar.sn@in.ibm.com) and Vittal I
45        "guid": {
46          "content": "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform\/?p=14769",
47          "isPermaLink": "false"
48        },
49        "link": "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform\/2015\/08\/19\/try-on-bluemix-and-buy-mfp
50        "pubDate": "Wed, 19 Aug 2015 10:36:51 +0000",
51        "title": "Try on Bluemix and migrate to on-prem MobileFirst Platform"
52      }
53    ],
54    "language": "en-US",
55    "lastBuildDate": "Tue, 08 Sep 2015 09:22:53 +0000",
56    "link": [
57      {
58        "href": "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform\/feed\/",
59        "rel": "self",
60        "type": "application\/rss+xml"
61      },
62      "https:\/\/developer.ibm.com\/mobilefirstplatform"
63    ],
64    "title": "IBM MobileFirst Platform",
65    "updateFrequency": "1",
66    "updatePeriod": "hourly"
67  }
```

```
67        },
68        "version": "2.0"
69      }
70   }
```

Sample

The attached sample (https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/JavaAdapters) includes an adapter called `RSSAdapter` and a hybrid application called `RSSReader` to test the adapter inside an application.