JSONStore in iOS applications

Prerequisites

- Read the JSONStore parent tutorial (../)
- Make sure the MobileFirst Native SDK was added to the Xcode project. Follow the Adding the MobileFirst Foundation SDK to iOS
 applications (../../../application-development/sdk/ios/) tutorial.

Jump to:

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- Basic Usage
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Adding JSONStore

1. Add the following to the existing podfile, located at the root of the Xcode project:

```
pod 'IBMMobileFirstPlatformFoundationJSONStore'
```

2. From a **Command-line** window, navigate to the root of the Xcode project and run the command: pod install - note that this action may take a while.

Whenever you want to use JSONStore, make sure that you import the JSONStore header: Objective-C:

#import <IBMMobileFirstPlatformFoundationJSONStore/IBMMobileFirstPlatformFoundationJSONStore.h>

Swift:

import IBMMobileFirstPlatformFoundationJSONStore

Basic Usage

Open

Use openCollections to open one or more JSONStore collections.

Starting or provisioning a collections means creating the persistent storage that contains the collection and documents, if it does not exists. If the persistent storage is encrypted and a correct password is passed, the necessary security procedures to make the data accessible are run

For optional features that you can enable at initialization time, see **Security, Multiple User Support** and **MobileFirst Adapter Integration** in the second part of this tutorial.

```
let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStoreCollection(name: "people")

collection.setSearchField("name", withType: JSONStore_String)
collection.setSearchField("age", withType: JSONStore_Integer)

do {
   try JSONStore.sharedInstance().openCollections([collection], withOptions: nil)
} catch let error as NSError {
   // handle error
}
```

Get

Use <code>getCollectionWithName</code> to create an accessor to the collection. You must call <code>openCollections</code> before you call <code>getCollectionWithName</code>.

```
let collectionName:String = "people"
let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStore.sharedInstance().getCollectionWithName(collectionName)
```

The variable collection can now be used to perform operations on the people collection such as add, find, and replace.

Add

Use addData to store data as documents inside a collection.

```
let collectionName:String = "people"
let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStore.sharedInstance().getCollectionWithName(collectionName)

let data = ["name" : "yoel", "age" : 23]

do {
    try collection.addData([data], andMarkDirty: true, withOptions: nil)
} catch let error as NSError {
    // handle error
}
```

Find

Use findWithQueryParts to locate a document inside a collection by using a query. Use findAllWithOptions to retrieve all the documents inside a collection. Use findWithIds to search by the document unique identifier.

```
| let collectionName:String = "people" |
| let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStore.sharedInstance().getCollectionWithName(collectionName) |
| let options:JSONStoreQueryOptions = JSONStoreQueryOptions() |
| // returns a maximum of 10 documents, default: returns every document |
| options.limit = 10 |
| let query:JSONStoreQueryPart = JSONStoreQueryPart() |
| query.searchField("name", like: "yoel") |
| do { |
| let results:NSArray = try collection.findWithQueryParts([query], andOptions: options) |
| catch let error as NSError { | // handle error |
```

Replace

Use replaceDocuments to modify documents inside a collection. The field that you use to perform the replacement is <code>_id</code>, the document unique identifier.

```
let collectionName:String = "people"
let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStore.sharedInstance().getCollectionWithName(collectionName)

var document:Dictionary<String,AnyObject> = Dictionary()
document["name"] = "chevy"
document["age"] = 23

var replacement:Dictionary<String, AnyObject> = Dictionary()
replacement["_id"] = 1
replacement["json"] = document

do {
    try collection.replaceDocuments([replacement], andMarkDirty: true)
} catch let error as NSError {
    // handle error
}
```

This examples assumes that the document {_id: 1, json: {name: 'yoel', age: 23} } is in the collection.

Remove

Use removeWithIds to delete a document from a collection. Documents are not erased from the collection until you call markDocumentClean. For more information, see the **MobileFirst Adapter Integration** section later in this tutorial.

```
let collectionName:String = "people"
let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStore.sharedInstance().getCollectionWithName(collectionName)

do {
    try collection.removeWithIds([1], andMarkDirty: true)
} catch let error as NSError {
    // handle error
}
```

Remove Collection

Use removeCollection to delete all the documents that are stored inside a collection. This operation is similar to dropping a table in database terms.

```
let collectionName:String = "people"
let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStore.sharedInstance().getCollectionWithName(collectionName)

do {
   try collection.removeCollection()
} catch let error as NSError {
   // handle error
}
```

Destroy

Use destroyData to remove the following data:

- All documents
- All collections
- All Stores See Multiple User Support later in this tutorial
- All JSONStore metadata and security artifacts See Security later in this tutorial

```
do {
    try JSONStore.sharedInstance().destroyData()
} catch let error as NSError {
    // handle error
}
```

Advanced Usage

Security

You can secure all the collections in a store by passing a <code>JSONStoreOpenOptions</code> object with a password to the <code>openCollections</code> function. If no password is passed, the documents of all the collections in the store are not encrypted.

Some security metadata is stored in the keychain (iOS).

The store is encrypted with a 256-bit Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) key. All keys are strengthened with Password-Based Key Derivation Function 2 (PBKDF2).

Use closeAllCollections to lock access to all the collections until you call openCollections again. If you think of openCollections as a login function you can think of closeAllCollections as the corresponding logout function.

Use changeCurrentPassword to change the password.

```
let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStoreCollection(name: "people")
collection.setSearchField("name", withType: JSONStore_String)
collection.setSearchField("age", withType: JSONStore_Integer)

let options:JSONStoreOpenOptions = JSONStoreOpenOptions()
options.password = "123"

do {
    try JSONStore.sharedInstance().openCollections([collection], withOptions: options)
} catch let error as NSError {
    // handle error
}
```

Multiple User Support

You can create multiple stores that contain different collections in a single MobileFirst application. The openCollections function can take an options object with a username. If no username is given, the default username is "jsonstore".

```
| let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStoreCollection(name: "people")
| collection.setSearchField("name", withType: JSONStore_String)
| collection.setSearchField("age", withType: JSONStore_Integer)
| let options:JSONStoreOpenOptions = JSONStoreOpenOptions()
| options.username = "yoel"
| do {
| try JSONStore.sharedInstance().openCollections([collection], withOptions: options)
| catch let error as NSError {
| // handle error |
```

MobileFirst Adapter Integration

This section assumes that you are familiar with MobileFirst adapters. MobileFirst Adapter Integration is optional and provides ways to send data from a collection to an adapter and get data from an adapter into a collection.

You can achieve these goals by using functions such as WLResourceRequest.

Adapter Implementation

Create a MobileFirst adapter and name it "**People**". Define it's procedures addPerson, getPeople, pushPeople, removePerson, and replacePerson.

```
function getPeople() {
  var data = { peopleList : [{name: 'chevy', age: 23}, {name: 'yoel', age: 23}] };
  WL.Logger.debug('Adapter: people, procedure: getPeople called.');
  WL.Logger.debug('Sending data: ' + JSON.stringify(data));
  return data;
function pushPeople(data) {
  WL. Logger. debug ('Adapter: people, procedure: pushPeople called.');\\
  WL.Logger.debug('Got data from JSONStore to ADD: ' + data);
  return;
function addPerson(data) {
  WL.Logger.debug('Adapter: people, procedure: addPerson called.');
  WL.Logger.debug('Got data from JSONStore to ADD: ' + data);
  return;
function removePerson(data) {
  WL.Logger.debug('Adapter: people, procedure: removePerson called.');
  WL.Logger.debug('Got data from JSONStore to REMOVE: ' + data);
  return;
function replacePerson(data) {
  WL.Logger.debug('Adapter: people, procedure: replacePerson called.');
  WL.Logger.debug('Got data from JSONStore to REPLACE: ' + data);
  return:
}
```

Load data from MobileFirst Adapter

To load data from a MobileFirst Adapter use WLResourceRequest.

```
// Start - LoadFromAdapter
class LoadFromAdapter: NSObject, WLDelegate {
    func onSuccess(response: WLResponse!) {
        let responsePayload:NSDictionary = response.getResponseJson()
        let people:NSArray = responsePayload.objectForKey("peopleList") as! NSArray
        // handle success
}

func onFailure(response: WLFailResponse!) {
        // handle failure
    }
}

// End - LoadFromAdapter

let pull = WLResourceRequest(URL: NSURL(string: "/adapters/People/getPeople"), method: "GET")

let loadDelegate:LoadFromAdapter = LoadFromAdapter()
pull.sendWithDelegate(loadDelegate)
```

Get Push Required (Dirty Documents)

Calling allDirty returns and array of so called "dirty documents", which are documents that have local modifications that do not exist on the back-end system.

```
let collectionName:String = "people"
let collection:JSONStoreCollection = JSONStore.sharedInstance().getCollectionWithName(collectionName)

do {
    let dirtyDocs:NSArray = try collection.allDirty()
} catch let error as NSError {
    // handle error
}
```

To prevent JSONStore from marking the documents as "dirty", pass the option andMarkDirty: false to add, replace, and remove.

Push changes

To push changes to a MobileFirst adapter, call the allDirty to get a list of documents with modifications and then use WLResourceRequest. After the data is sent and a successful response is received make sure you call markDocumentsClean.

```
// Start - PushToAdapter
class PushToAdapter: NSObject, WLDelegate {
 func onSuccess(response: WLResponse!) {
  // handle success
 func onFailure(response: WLFailResponse!) {
  // handle failure
 }
// End - PushToAdapter
let collectionName:String = "people"
let collection: JSONStoreCollection = JSONStore.sharedInstance().getCollectionWithName(collectionName)
 let dirtyDocs:NSArray = try collection.allDirty()
 let pushData: NSData = NSKeyedArchiver.archivedDataWithRootObject(dirtyDocs)
 let push = WLResourceRequest(URL: NSURL(string: "/adapters/People/pushPeople"), method: "POST")
 let pushDelegate:PushToAdapter = PushToAdapter()
 push.sendWithData(pushData, delegate: pushDelegate)
} catch let error as NSError {
 // handle error
```

Sample application

The JSONStoreSwift project contains a native iOS Swift application that utilizes the JSONStore API set

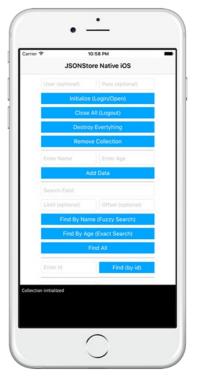
Included is a JavaScript adapter Maven project.

Click to download (https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/JSONStoreSwift/tree/release80) the Native iOS project.
Click to download (https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/JSONStoreAdapter/tree/release80) the adapter Maven project.

Sample usage

Follow the sample's README.md file for instructions.

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