

JavaScript SQL Adapter

Overview

An IBM MobileFirst Platform Foundation SQL adapter is designed to communicate with any SQL data source. You can use plain SQL queries or stored procedures.

To connect to a database, JavaScript code needs a JDBC connector driver for the specific database type. You must download the JDBC connector driver for the specific database type separately and add it as a dependency in your project. For more information on how to add a dependency, see the Dependencies section in the Creating Java and JavaScript Adapters (../creating-adapters/#dependencies) tutorial.

In this tutorial and in the accompanying sample, you learn how to use a MobileFirst adapter to connect to a MySQL database.

Prerequisite: Make sure to read the JavaScript Adapters (../) tutorial first.

The XML File

The XML file contains settings and metadata.

1. In the adapter XML file, declare the following parameters:

- JDBC Driver Class
- Database URL
- Username
- Password

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<mfp:adapter name="JavaScriptSQL"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:mfp="http://www.ibm.com/mfp/integration"
  xmlns:sql="http://www.ibm.com/mfp/integration/sql">

  <displayName>JavaScriptSQL</displayName>
  <description>JavaScriptSQL</description>
  <connectivity>
    <connectionPolicy xsi:type="sql:SQLConnectionPolicy">
      <dataSourceDefinition>
        <driverClass>com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</driverClass>
        <url>jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mobilefirst_training</url>
        <user>mobilefirst</user>
        <password>mobilefirst</password>
      </dataSourceDefinition>
    </connectionPolicy>
  </connectivity>

  <procedure name="getAccountTransactions1"/>
  <procedure name="getAccountTransactions2"/>
</mfp:adapter>
```

2. Declare a procedure in the adapter XML file.

```
<procedure name="getAccountTransactions1"/>
```

JavaScript implementation

The adapter JavaScript file is used to implement the procedure logic. There are two ways of running SQL statements:

- SQL statement query
- SQL stored procedure

SQL statement query

1. assign your SQL query to a variable. This must always be done outside the function scope.
2. Add parameters, if necessary.
3. Use the `WL.Server.invokeSQLStatement` method to call prepared queries.
4. Return the result to the application or to another procedure.

```
// 1. assign your SQL query to a variable (outside the function scope)
// 2. Add parameters, if necessary
var getAccountsTransactionsStatement = "SELECT transactionId, fromAccount, toAccount, transactionDate, transactionAmount, transactionType " +
"FROM accounttransactions " +
"WHERE accounttransactions.fromAccount = ? OR accounttransactions.toAccount = ? " +
"ORDER BY transactionDate DESC " +
"LIMIT 20;";

// Invoke prepared SQL query and return invocation result
function getAccountTransactions1(accountId){
    // 3. Use the `WL.Server.invokeSQLStatement` method to call prepared queries
    // 4. Return the result to the application or to another procedure.
    return WL.Server.invokeSQLStatement({
        preparedStatement : getAccountsTransactionsStatement,
        parameters : [accountId, accountId]
    });
}
```

SQL stored procedure

To run a SQL stored procedure, use the `WL.Server.invokeSQLStoredProcedure` method. Specify a SQL stored procedure name as an invocation parameter.

```
// Invoke stored SQL procedure and return invocation result
function getAccountTransactions2(accountId){
    // To run a SQL stored procedure, use the `WL.Server.invokeSQLStoredProcedure` method
    return WL.Server.invokeSQLStoredProcedure({
        procedure : "getAccountTransactions",
        parameters : [accountId]
    });
}
```

Using multiple parameters

When using multiple parameters in an SQL query make sure to accept the variables in the function and pass them to the `invokeSQLStatement` or `invokeSQLStoredProcedure` parameters in an array.

```
var getAccountsTransactionsStatement = "SELECT transactionId, fromAccount, toAccount, transactionDate, transactionAmount, transactionType " +
  "FROM accounttransactions " +
  "WHERE accounttransactions.fromAccount = ? AND accounttransactions.toAccount = ? " +
  "ORDER BY transactionDate DESC " +
  "LIMIT 20;";

//Invoke prepared SQL query and return invocation result
function getAccountTransactions1(fromAccount, toAccount){
  return WL.Server.invokeSQLStatement({
    preparedStatement : getAccountsTransactionsStatement,
    parameters : [fromAccount, toAccount]
  });
}
```

Invocation Results

The result is retrieved as a JSON object:

```
{
  "isSuccessful": true,
  "resultSet": [{
    "fromAccount": "12345",
    "toAccount": "54321",
    "transactionAmount": 180.00,
    "transactionDate": "2009-03-11T11:08:39.000Z",
    "transactionId": "W06091500863",
    "transactionType": "Funds Transfer"
  }, {
    "fromAccount": "12345",
    "toAccount": null,
    "transactionAmount": 130.00,
    "transactionDate": "2009-03-07T11:09:39.000Z",
    "transactionId": "W214122V5337",
    "transactionType": "ATM Withdrawal"
  }]
}
```

- The `isSuccessful` property defines whether the invocation was successful.
- The `resultSet` object is an array of returned records.
 - To access the `resultSet` object on the client-side: `result.invocationResult.resultSet`
 - To access the `resultSet` object on the server-side: `result.ResultSet`

Sample adapter

Click to download (<https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/Adapters>) the Adapters Maven project.

The Adapters Maven project includes the **JavaScriptSQL** adapter described above. Also included is an SQL script in the **Utils** folder.

Sample usage

- Run the .sql script in your SQL database.
- Make sure that the `mobilefirst@%` user has all access permissions assigned.
- Use either Maven or MobileFirst Developer CLI to build and deploy the JavaScriptSQL adapter (`../../creating-adapters/`).
- To test or debug an adapter, see the testing and debugging adapters (`../../testing-and-debugging-adapters`) tutorial.