JMS adapter - Communicating with JMS

Overview

Java Message Service (JMS) is the standard messaging Java API.

With a JMS adapter, you can read and write messages from any messaging provider that supports the API.

Creating the adapter

In MobileFirst Platform Foundation Studio, create an adapter and select the **JMS Adapter** type. A standard JMS Adapter structure is created.



Public procedures are declared in the XML file while implemented in the JavaScript file. The procedure name in the JavaScript file must match the one declared in the XML file.



Procedure implementation

Procedures are implemented in the adapter JavaScript file.

Procedure names in the JavaScript file must be the same as in the adapter XML file.

XML file

```
...
<procedure name="writeMessage"/>
<procedure name="readMessage"/>
<procedure name="readAllMessages"/>
```

JS file

```
function writeMessage(messagebody) {
   ...
   ...
}
```

The destination parameter is the target for messages that are produced by the client, and the source for the messages that are used by the client.

```
function writeMessage(messagebody) {
  var inputData = {
    destination: "dynamicQueues/MobileFirst",
    message:{
    body: messagebody,
    properties:{
        MY_USER_PROPERTY:123456
    }
    }
};
return WL.Server.writeJMSMessage(inputData);
}
```

Connection properties

Connection properties are configured in the adapter XML file.

- namingConnection necessary only if you are using an external JNDI (Java™ Naming and Directory Interface) repository
 - o url the URL to the JNDI repository
 - initialContextFactory the classname for the factory that is used for the configuration of JNDI properties
 - o user, password the credentials as set up by the JNDI administrator
- jmsConnection
 - connectionFactory the classname for the JMS connection factory that contains JMS configuration properties

o user, password - the credentials as set up by the JNDI administrator

```
<wl:adapter name="JMSAdapter" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:wl="h
ttp://www.ibm.com/mfp/integration" xmlns:jms="http://www.ibm.com/mfp/integration/jms">
 <displayName>JMSAdapter</displayName>
 <description>JMSAdapter</description>
 <connectivity>
  <connectionPolicy xsi:type="jms:JMSConnectionPolicyType">
   <namingConnection
    url="tcp://9.148.225.169:61616"
    initialContextFactory="org.apache.activemq.jndi.ActiveMQInitialContextFactory"
    user="admin"
    password="admin"
    />
   <jmsConnection</pre>
    connectionFactory="ConnectionFactory"
    user="admin"
    password="admin"
    />
  </connectionPolicy>
 </connectivity>
 cprocedure name="writeMessage" />
 cprocedure name="readMessage" />
 cprocedure name="readAllMessages" />
</wl></wl>
```

Copy the relevant external libraries to the project for it to use JMS classes.

If you use **Apache ActiveMQ**, copy the **activemq-all-activemq_version_number.jar** file to the **server\lib** directory.

JMS API

- WL.Server.readSingleJMSMessage Reads a single message from the given destination
- WL.Server.readAllJMSMessages Reads all messages from the given destination
- WL.Server.writeJMSMessage Writes a single JMSText message to the given destination
- WL.Server.requestReplyJMSMessage Writes a single JMSText message to the given destination and waits for the response

readMessage

This method gets the next message from the destination.

It waits for timeout in milliseconds and returns a JMS message that contains the body and all available properties.

```
function readMessage() {
   var result = WL.Server.readSingleJMSMessage(
   destination: "dynamicQueues/MobileFirst",
   timeout: 60
   });
   return result;
}
```

Result:

```
{
  "isSuccessful": true,
  "message": {
  "body": "Hello World",
  "properties": {
  "JMSCorrelationID": null,
  "JMSDeliveryMode": 2,
  "JMSDestination": "queue:\/\/worklightQueue",
  "JMSExpiration": 0,
  "JMSExsageID": "ID:dhcp-9-41-62-243-50565-1350319511250-1:2:1:1:1",
  "JMSPriority": 4,
  "JMSRedelivered": false,
  "JMSRedelivered": false,
  "JMSReplyTo": null,
  "JMSTimestamp": 1350319533527,
  "JMSType": null,
  "MY_USER_PROPERTY": 123456
  }
}
```

readAllJMSMessages

This method takes the same parameters as the readSingleJMSMessage method. It returns a list of JMS messages in the same format as the readSingleJMSMessage method. The result is contained in a "messages" object.

To use this method, use an external server, not the one that MobileFirst Studio is using.

Result:

```
"isSuccessful": true,
"messages": [

{
    "body": "Hello World",
    "properties": {
        "JMSCorrelationID": null,
        "JMSDeliveryMode": 2,
        "JMSDestination": "queue:\/\/worklightQueue",
        "JMSExpiration": 0,
        "JMSMessageID": "ID:dhcp-9-41-62-243-50565-1350319511250-1:4:1:1:1",
        "JMSPriority": 4,
        "JMSRedelivered": false,
        "JMSReplyTo": null,
        "JMSTimestamp": 1350319659819,
        "JMSTimestamp": 1350319659819,
        "JMSTippe": null,
        "MY_USER_PROPERTY": 123456
}
}
```

writeMessage

This method writes a JMSText message to the destination. It features user properties that can be set. It returns the JMSMessageID of the sent message.

```
function writeMessage(messagebody) {
  var inputData = {
    destination: "dynamicQueues/MobileFirst",
    message:{
    body: messagebody,
    properties:{
        MY_USER_PROPERTY:123456
      }
    }
};
return WL.Server.writeJMSMessage(inputData);
}
```

Result:

```
(
"ID:414d51284d59514d20202020202020202755bb4f2000b602",
"iSSuccessful": true
```

requestReplyJMSMessage

This method:

- Accepts the same parameters as the writeJMSMessage method.
- Writes a JMSText message to the destination.
- Waits for a response on a dynamic destination.
- Is designed for services that use the replyTo destination from the originating message.
- Returns a JMS message in the same format as the readSingleJMSMessage method.

Configurations for working with an external JMS provider

By using IBM MobileFirst Platform, you can configure access to several JMS providers. Configurations might vary depending on the selected provider.

When you work with an external JMS provider, check its documentation to learn how to implement it. Usually, such implementation requires that you copy JAR files to the **server\lib** directory of your MobileFirst project. Validate what the URL and port are.

Sample application

By using the attached sample, you can send and read messages to a JMS queue called MobileFirst. To run the sample, you need an external JMS library.

Click to download

(http://public.dhe.ibm.com/software/products/en/MobileFirstPlatform/docs/v630/MobileFirstAdaptersProject.zip) the Studio project.