Using JSONStore in Native iOS applications

Overview

This tutorial is a continuation of the JSONStore Overview tutorial. The tutorial covers the following topics:

- Adding the JSONStore component
- Basic API Usage
- Advanced Usage
- Sample application
- Additional information

Adding the JSONStore component

applications is accomplished using CocoaPods.
First, make sure the MobileFirst SDK is present by following the instructions in the tutorial:
Configuring a Native iOS
Application with the MobileFirst Platform SDK (../../../helloworld/configuring-a-native-iosapplication-with-the-mfp-sdk/).

Adding the JSONStore

component to native iOS

Next, perform the following steps:

- Edit the existing podfile, located at the root of the Xcode project
- 2. Add to the file:

source 'https://
github.com/CocoaPod
s/Specs.git'
pod 'IBMMobileFirst
PlatformFoundationJ
SONStore'

 In Terminal, navigate to the root of the Xcode project and run the command: pod install - note that this action may take a while.

The JSONStore feature should now be available to you in the Xcode project.

Basic API Usage

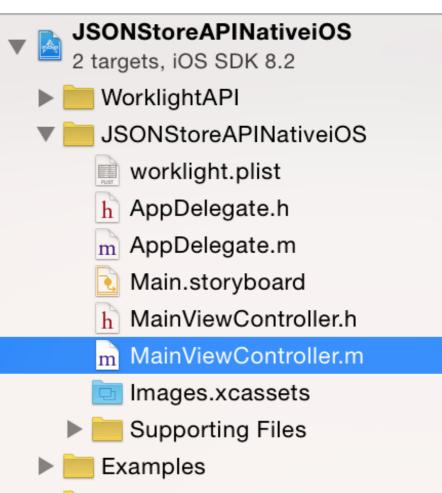
Open

Use openCollections to open one or more JSONStore collections

Starting or provisioning a collections means creating the persistent storage that contains the collection and documents, if it does not exists.

If the persistent storage is encrypted and a correct password is passed, the necessary security procedures to make the data accessible are run.

For optional features that you can enable at initialization time, see **Security, Multiple User Support,** and **MobileFirst Adapter Integration** in the second part of this module



- ▼ Frameworks
 libz.dylib
 - libstdc++.6.dylib
 - Security.framework
 - CoreLocation.framework
 - CoreData.framework
 - MobileCoreServices.framewor
 - SystemConfiguration.framewo

 - Foundation.framework

```
NSError *error = nil;
JSONStoreCollection* collection = [[JSONStoreCollection alloc] initWithName:@"
people"];
[collection setSearchField:@"name" withType:JSONStore_String];
[collection setSearchField:@"age" withType:JSONStore_Integer];
[[JSONStore sharedInstance] openCollections:@[collection] withOptions:nil error:@
"error"];
```

Get

Use <code>getCollectionWithName</code> to create an accessor to the collection. You must call <code>openCollections</code> before you call <code>getCollectionWithName</code>.

```
NSString *collectionName = @"people";
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStore sharedInstance] getCollectionWit
hName:collectionName];
```

The variable collection can now be used to perform operations on the people collection such as add, find, and replace

Add

Use addData to store data as documents inside a collection

```
NSError *error = nil;
NSString *collectionName = @"people";
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStore sharedInstance] getCollectionWithNa
me:collectionName];
NSDictionary *data = @{@"name" : @"yoel", @"age" : @23};
[[collection addData:@[data] andMarkDirty:YES withOptions:nil error:@"error"] int
Value];
```

Find

Use findWithQueryParts to locate a document inside a collection by using a query. Use findAllWithOptions to retrieve all the documents inside a collection. Use findWithIds to search by the document unique identifier.

```
NSError *error = nil;
NSString *collectionName = @"people";
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStore sharedInstance] getCollectionWithNa
me:collectionName];
//Build a query part.
JSONStoreQueryPart *query = [[JSONStoreQueryPart alloc] init];
[query searchField:@"name" like:@"yoel"];
JSONStoreQueryOptions *options = [[JSONStoreQueryOptions alloc] init];
// returns a maximum of 10 documents, default: retuns every document
[options setLimit:@10];
// Count using the query part built above.
NSArray *results = [collection findWithQueryParts:@[query] andOptions:options err
or:@"error"];
```

Replace

Use replaceDocuments to modify documents inside a collection. The field that you use to perform the replacement is id, the document unique identifier.

```
NSError *error = nil;
NSString *collectionName = @"people";
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStore sharedInstance] getCollectionWithNa
me:collectionName];
//Replacing name 'carlos' with name 'carlitos'.
NSDictionary *replacement = @{@"_id": @1, @"json" : @{@"name" : @"chevy", @"age"
: @23}};
[collection replaceDocuments:@[replacement] andMarkDirty:YES error:@"error"];
```

This examples assumes that the document $[\underline{id}: 1, json: \{name: 'yoel', age: 23\}]$ is in the collection

Remove

Use removeWithIds to delete a document from a collection.

Documents are not erased from the collection until you call markDocumentClean. For more information, see the **MobileFirst Adapter Integration** section later in this tutorial

```
NSError *error = nil;
NSString *collectionName = @"people";
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStore sharedInstance] getCollectionWithNa
me:collectionName];
[collection removeWithIds:@[@1] andMarkDirty:YES error:@"error"];
```

Remove Collection

Use removeCollectionWithError to delete all the documents that are stored inside a collection. This operation is similar to dropping a table in database terms

```
NSError *error = nil;
NSString *collectionName = @"people";
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStore sharedInstance] getCollectionWithNa
me:collectionName];
BOOL removeCollectionWorked = [collection removeCollectionWithError:@"error"];
```

Destroy

Use destroyDataAndReturnError to remove the following data:

- All documents
- All collections
- All Stores "See Multiple User Support later in this tutorial"
- All JSONStore metadata and security artifacts "See Security later in this tutorial"

```
NSError *error = nil;
[[JSONStore sharedInstance] destroyDataAndReturnError:@"error"];
```

Advanced Usage

Security

You can secure all the collections in a store by passing a <code>JSONStoreOpenOptions</code> object with a password to the <code>openCollections</code> function. If no password is passed, the documents of all the collections in the store are not encrypted.

Some security metadata is stored in the keychain (iOS).

The store is encrypted with a 256-bit Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) key. All keys are strengthened with Password-Based Key Derivation Function 2 (PBKDF2).

Use closeAllCollectionsAndReturnError to lock access to all the collections until you call openCollections again. If you think of openCollections as a login function you can think of closeAllCollectionsAndReturnError as the corresponding logout function.

Use changeCurrentPassword to change the password.

```
NSError *error = nil;
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStoreCollection alloc] initWithName:@"
people"];
[collection setSearchField:@"name" withType:JSONStore_String];
[collection setSearchField:@"age" withType:JSONStore_Integer];
JSONStoreOpenOptions *options = [JSONStoreOpenOptions new];
[options setPassword:@"123"];
[[JSONStore sharedInstance] openCollections:@[collection] withOptions:options err
or:@"error"];
```

Multiple User Support

You can create multiple stores that contain different collections in a single MobileFirst application. The openCollections function can take an options object with a username. If no username is given, the default username is "isonstore".

```
NSError *error = nil
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStoreCollection alloc] initWithName:@"
people"];
[collection setSearchField:@"name" withType:JSONStore_String];
[collection setSearchField:@"age" withType:JSONStore_Integer];
JSONStoreOpenOptions *options = [JSONStoreOpenOptions new];
[options setUsername:@"yoel"];
[[JSONStore sharedInstance] openCollections:@[collection] withOptions:options err
or:@"error"];
```

MobileFirst Adapter Integration

This section assumes that you are familiar with MobileFirst adapters. MobileFirst Adapter Integration is optional and provides ways to send data from a collection to an adapter and get data from an adapter into a collection.

You can achieve these goals by using functions such as WLClient invokeProcedure or your own instance of an NSURLConnection if you need more flexibility.

Adapter Implementation

Create a MobileFirst adapter and name it "**People**". Define it's procedures addPerson, getPeople, pushPeople, removePerson, and replacePerson.

```
function getPeople() {
 var data = { peopleList : [{name: 'chevy', age: 23}, {name: 'yoel', age: 23}]
};
WL.Logger.debug('Adapter: people, procedure: getPeople called.');
WL.Logger.debug('Sending data: ' + JSON.stringify(data));
 return data;
}
function pushPeople(data) {
WL.Logger.debug('Adapter: people, procedure: pushPeople called.');
WL.Logger.debug('Got data from JSONStore to ADD: ' + data);
 return;
}
function addPerson(data) {
WL.Logger.debug('Adapter: people, procedure: addPerson called.');
WL.Logger.debug('Got data from JSONStore to ADD: ' + data);
 return;
}
function removePerson(data) {
WL.Logger.debug('Adapter: people, procedure: removePerson called.');
WL.Logger.debug('Got data from JSONStore to REMOVE: ' + data);
 return;
}
function replacePerson(data) {
WL.Logger.debug('Adapter: people, procedure: replacePerson called.');
WL.Logger.debug('Got data from JSONStore to REPLACE: ' + data);
 return;
}
```

Load data from MobileFirst Adapter

To load data from a MobileFirst Adapter use WLClient invokeProcedure.

```
// Start - LoadFromAdapter
@interface LoadFromAdapter : NSObject<WLDelegate>
<@implementation LoadFromAdapter
- (void) onSuccess: (WLResponse *) response {
  NSArray *loadedDocuments = [[response getResponseJson] objectForKey:@"peopleLi
st"];
  // handle succes
}
- (void) on Failure: (WLFailResponse *) response {
  // handle success
}
@end
// End - LoadFromAdapter
NSError *error = nil;
WLProcedureInvocationData *invocationData = [[WLProcedureInvocationData alloc] in
itWithAdapterName:@"People" procedureName:@"getPeople"];
LoadFromAdapter *loadDelegate = [[LoadFromAdapter alloc] init];
WLClient *client = [[WLClient sharedInstance] init];
[client invokeProcedure:invocationData withDelegate:loadDelegate];
```

Get Push Required (Dirty Documents)

Calling allDirtyAndReturnError returns and array of so called "dirty documents", which are documents that have local modifications that do not exist on the back-end system.

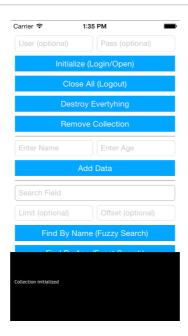
```
NSError* error = nil;
NSString *collectionName = @"people";
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStore sharedInstance] getCollectionWithName:collectionName];
NSArray *dirtyDocs = [collection allDirtyAndReturnError:@"error"];
```

To prevent JSONStore from marking the documents as "dirty", pass the option and MarkDirty: NO to add, replace, and remove

Push changes

To push changes to a MobileFirst adapter, call the findAllDirtyDocuments to get a list of documents with modifications and then use WLClient invokeProcedure. After the data is sent and a successful response is received make sure you call markDocumentsClean.

```
// Start - PushToAdapter
@interface PushToAdapter :NSObject<WLDelegate>
@implementation PushToAdapter
- (void) onSuccess: (WLResponse *) response {
  // handle success
}
- (void) on Failure: (WLFailResponse *) response {
  // handle faiure
}
@end
// End - PushToAdapter
NSError* error = nil;
NSString *collectionName = @"people";
JSONStoreCollection *collection = [[JSONStore sharedInstance] getCollectionWithNa
me:collectionNamel;
NSArray *dirtyDocs = [collection allDirtyAndReturnError:@"error"];
WLProcedureInvocationData *invocationData = [[WLProcedureInvocationData alloc] in
itWithAdapterName:@"People" procedureName:@"pushPeople"];
[invocationData setParameters:@[dirtyDocs]];
PushToAdapter *pushDelegate = [[PushToAdapter alloc] init];
WLClient *client = [[WLClient sharedInstance] init];
[client invokeProcedure:invocationData withDelegate:pushDelegate];
```



Sample application

Click to download (https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/JSONStore/tree/release71) the MobileFirst project.

Click to download (https://github.com/MobileFirst-Platform-Developer-Center/JSONStoreObjC/tree/release71) the Native project.

The Native iOS project contains an application that demonstrates the use of JSONStore.

Additional information

For more information about JSONStore, see the product user documentation.

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