

بررسی محصولات مدیریت زیرساخت ابری

دكتر محمد كاظم اكبرى

مرتضی سرگلزایی جوان



Data Center: Pool of Server, Storage, Network and Applications

Controller Nodes Network Switches Compute Nodes Storage Nodes Server Management SYS-6017R-72RFTP+ Software SYS-1028UX-CR-LL1/-LL2 SSE-X3648S/SR SSG-2028R-E1CR24H/24L SSE-X3848T/TR SYS-1028U-TNRT+/-TNR4T+/ SYS-2028U-TNRT+/-TNR4T+ -TNRTP+ SSG-6038R-E1CR16N SSE-X38485/SR SYS-1028U-TN10RT+ **Network Nodes** SSE-G48-TG4 SYS-F628R3-RTBN+/ Some Lifeth Association -RTBPTN+ SYS-5018A-FTN4 SYS-2028U-TNRT+/-TNR4T+ SSE-G2252 SYS-5018A-MHN4 Onsite SSG-6048R-E1CR36N SSE-3348S/SR

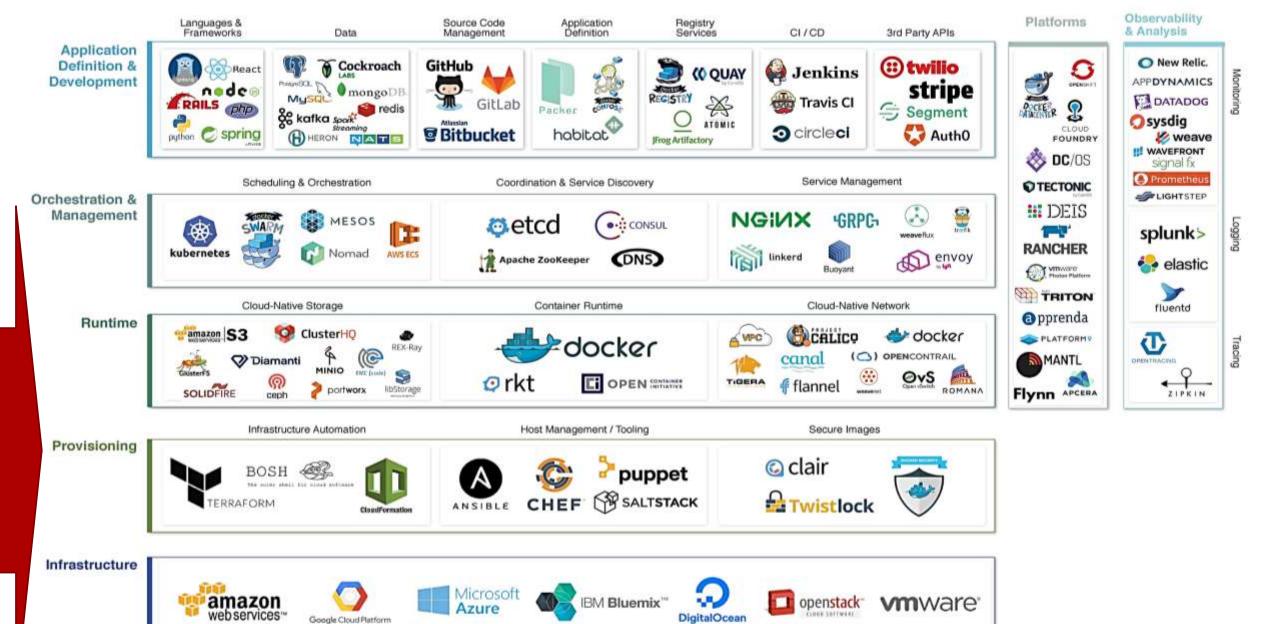








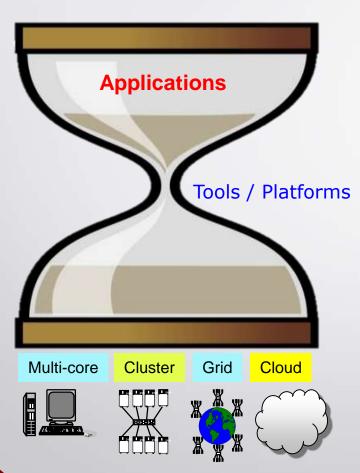




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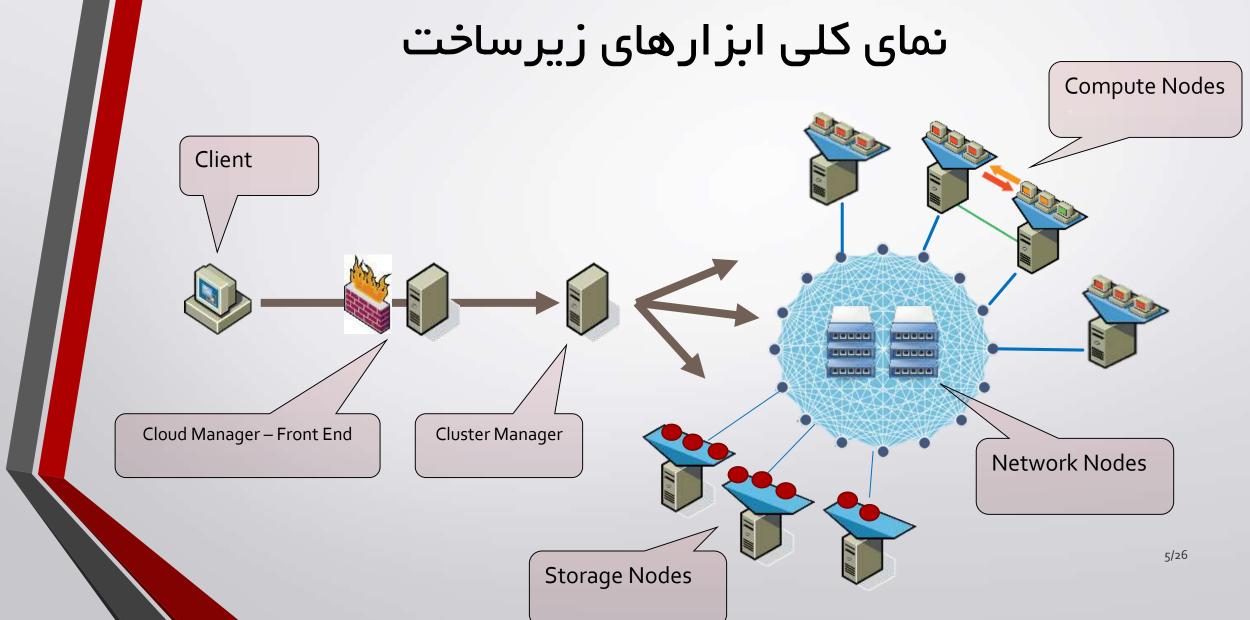
ابزارهای مدیریت منابع و مرکز داده





مدیریت منابع و مدیریت استقرار و اجرای برنامه های کاربردی و خدمات بر روی منابع



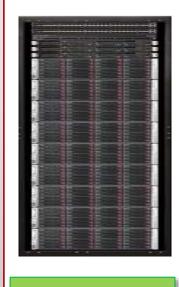




Cloud Computing Infrastructure as a Service Roadmap



Convergence



HW Assisted

مجازی سازی

Consolidation



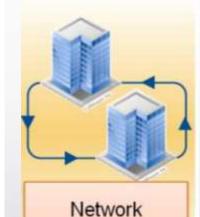
Virtualization maturity مديريت متمركز

On-demand



Server standardization and servicesbased compute خودکارسازی

Self-Service



standardization and servicebased infrastructure انتزاع

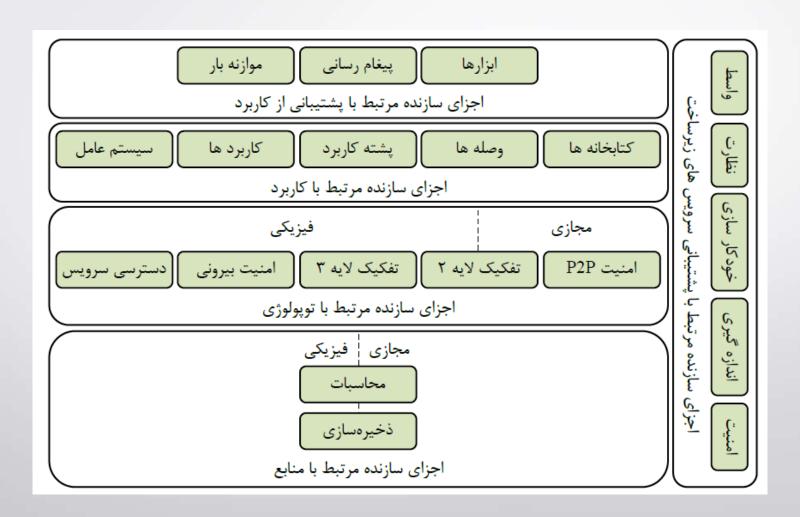
Cloud



Cloud
Framework and application standardization for full stack interoperability and mobility

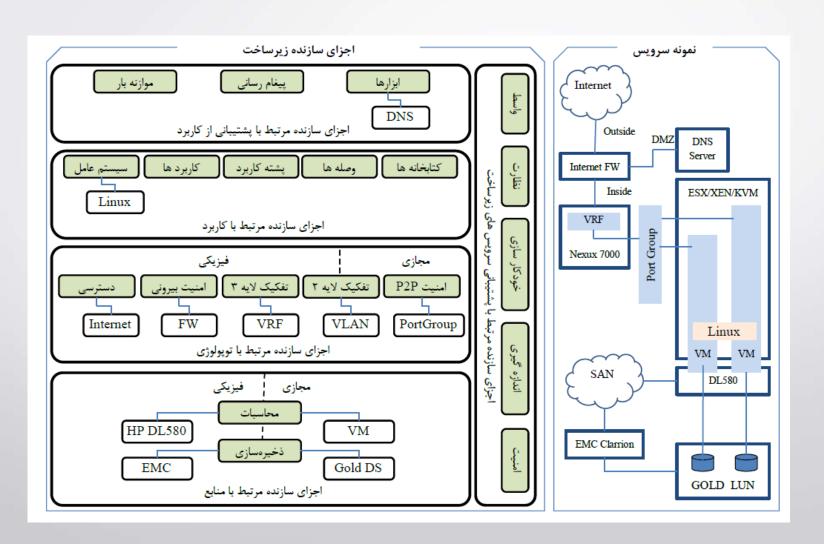


لایه ها و اجزای سازنده سرویس laaS



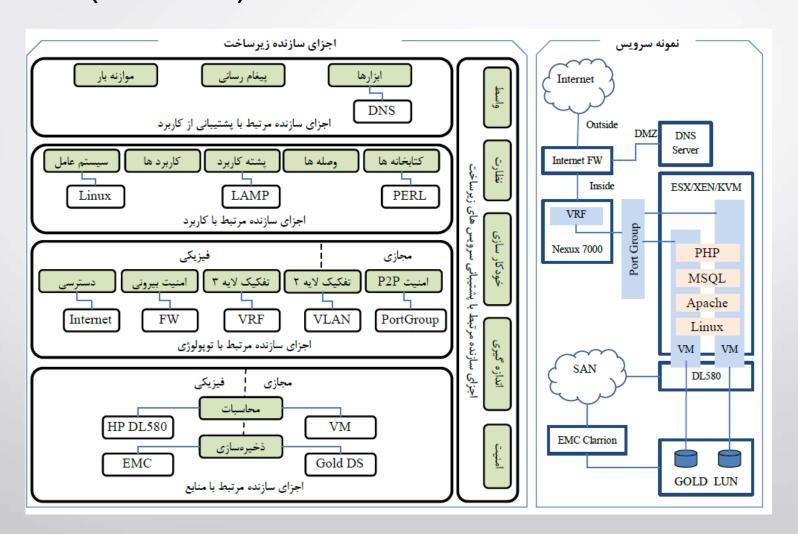


مثالی از ارایه سرویس



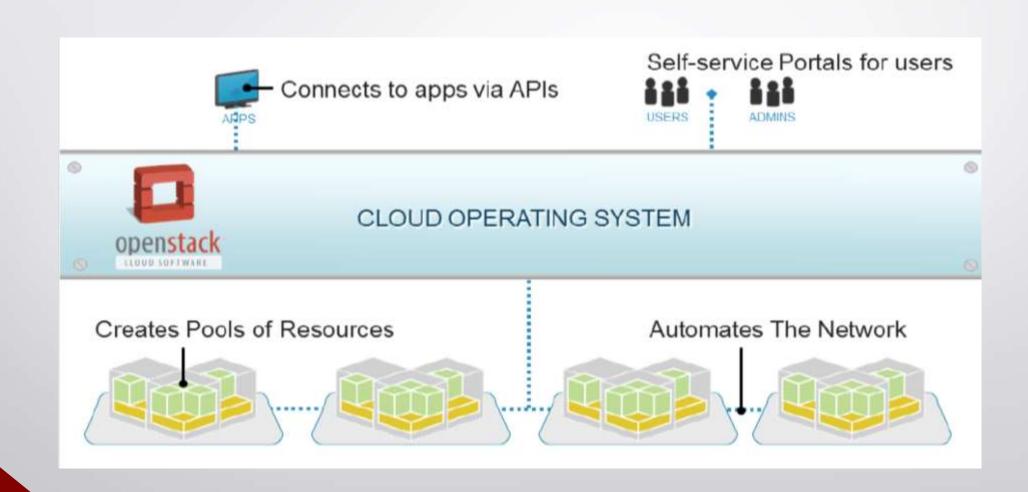


مثالی از ارایه سرویس (LAMP)



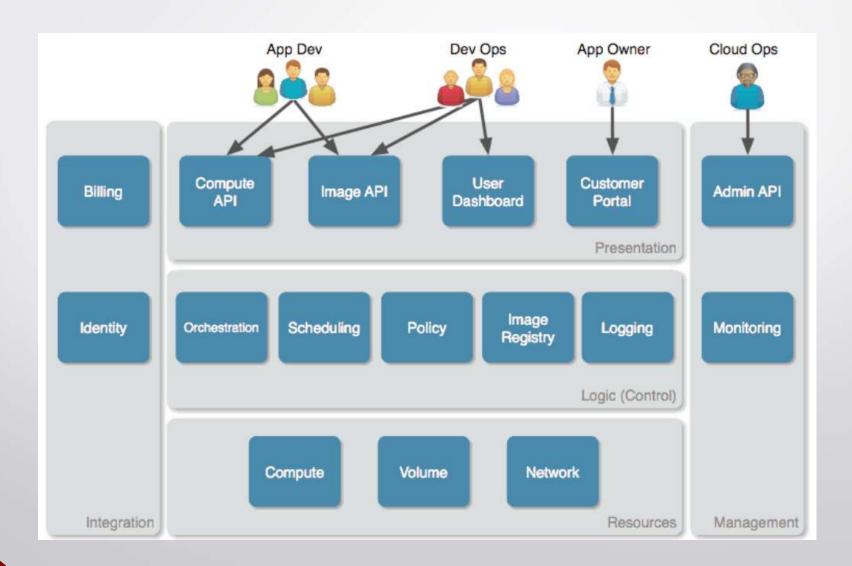


Openstack



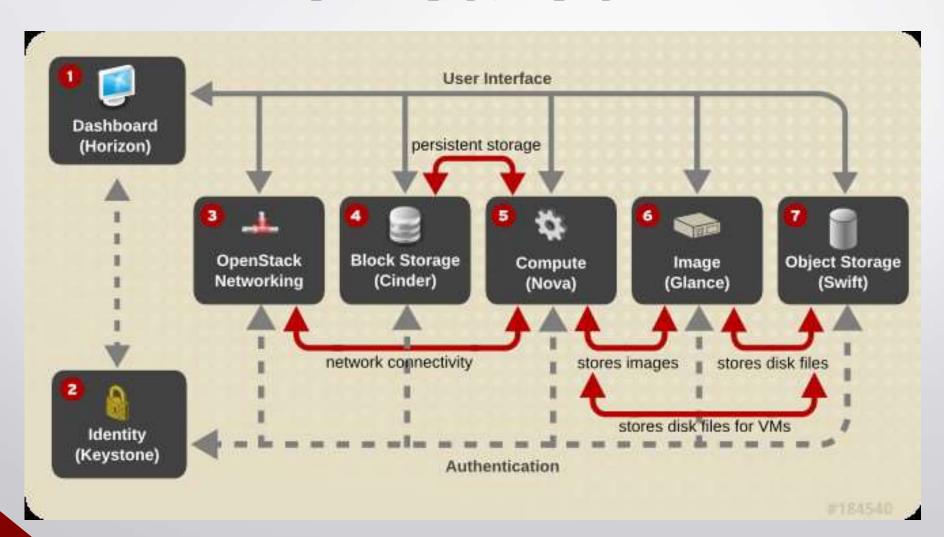


معماری مفھومی OpenStack



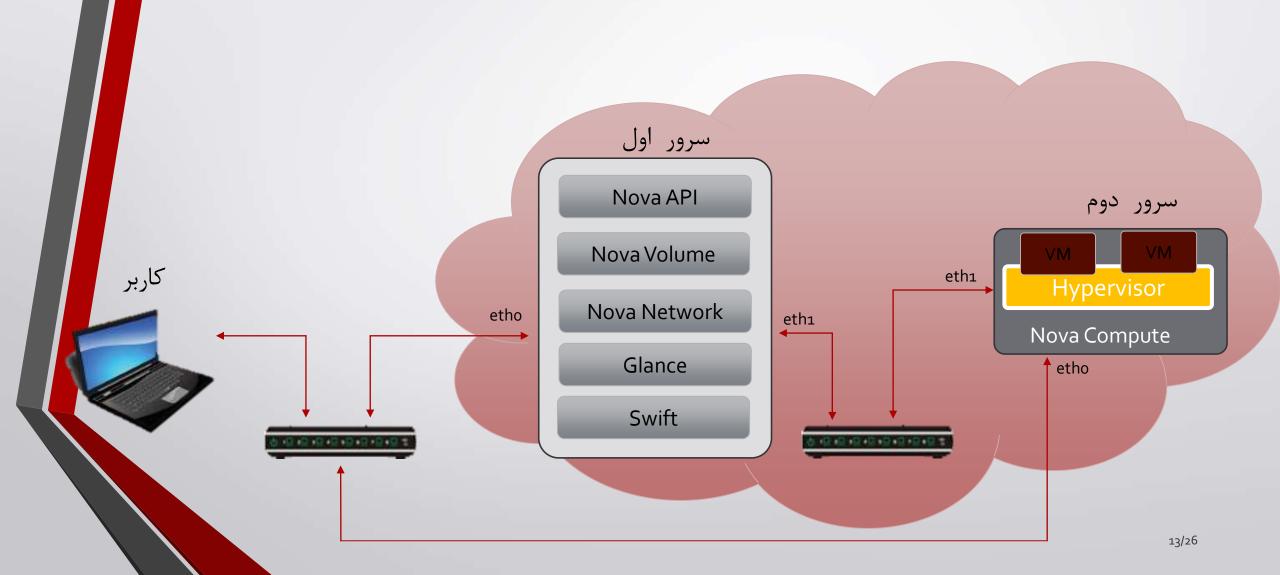


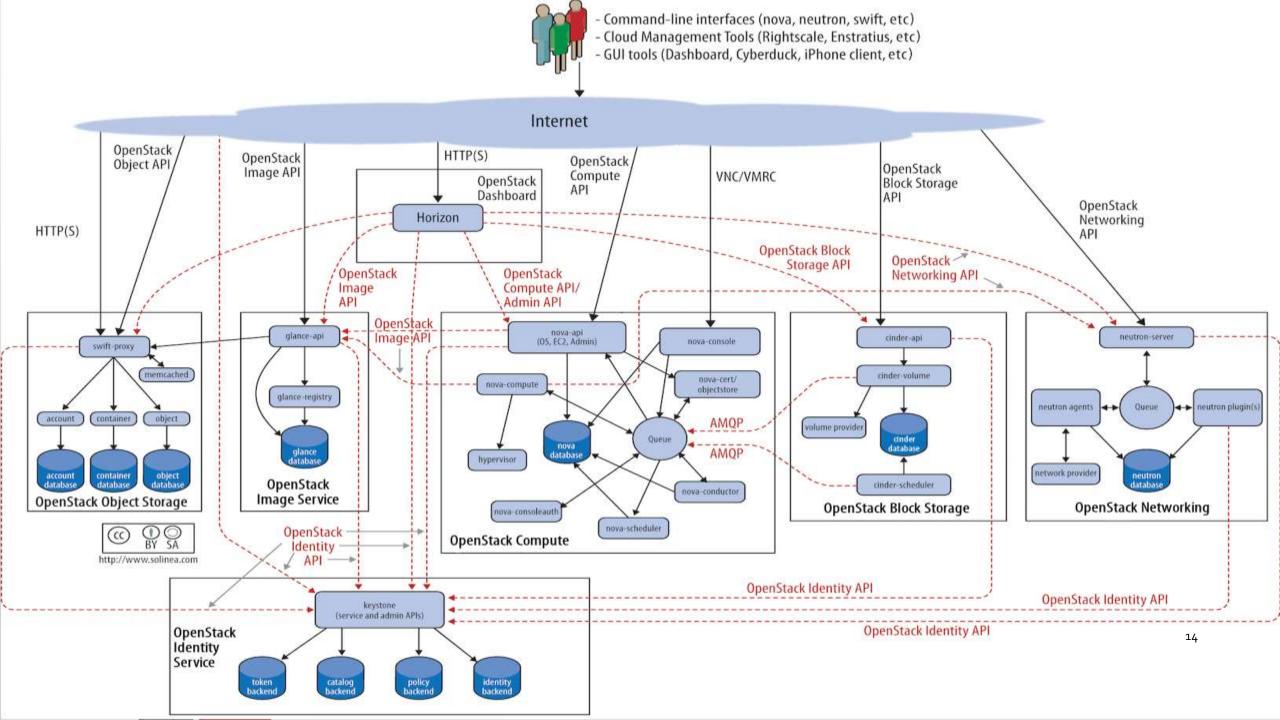
معرفی اجزای اصلی



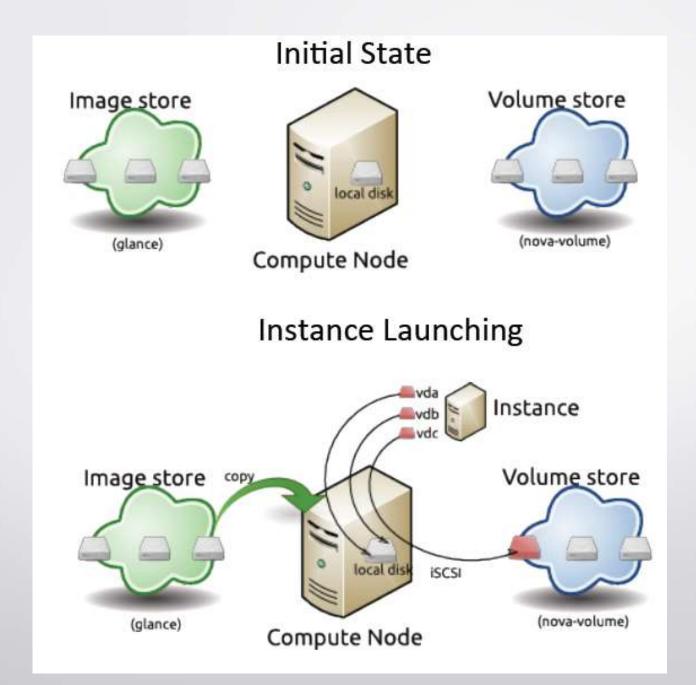


نحوه ی استقرار OpenStack





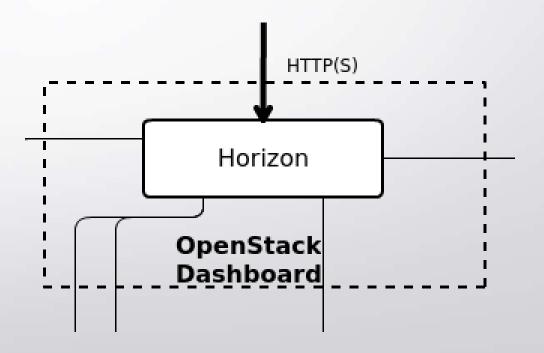






Dashboard ("Horizon")

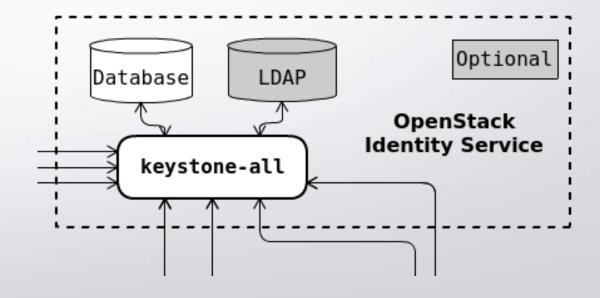
- Django application that users can access in their web browser
- Communicates with each OpenStack service through their API (and sometimes their admin API)



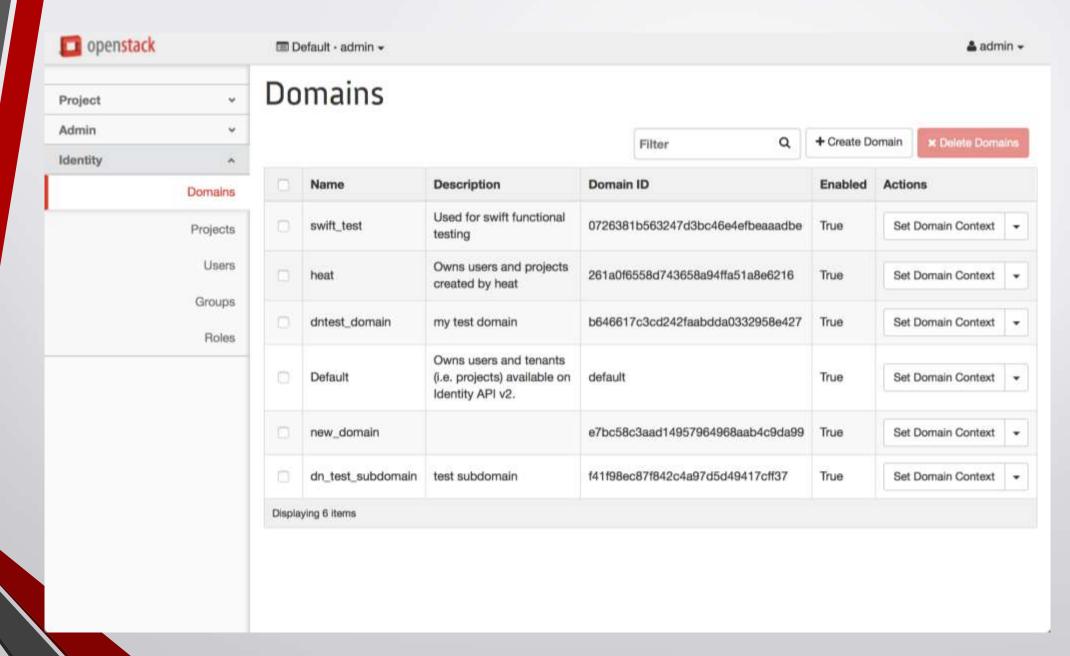


Identity ("Keystone")

- Keystone provides a single point of integration for OpenStack policy, catalog, token and authentication.
- keystone handles API requests as well as providing configurable catalog, policy, token and identity services.
- Standard backends include LDAP or SQL, as well as Key Value Stores (KVS).
- Most people will use this as a point of customization for their current authentication services.

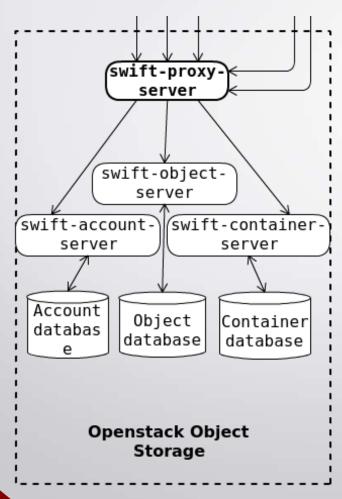








Object Storage ("Swift")



- Stores and serves objects (files)
- Employs object level replication to safeguard data
- Accepts client requests via Objectstore API or HTTP from clients through swift-proxy
- Maintains distributed account and container databases
- Stores objects according the ring layout on filesystem with extended attributes (XFS, EXT4, etc.)



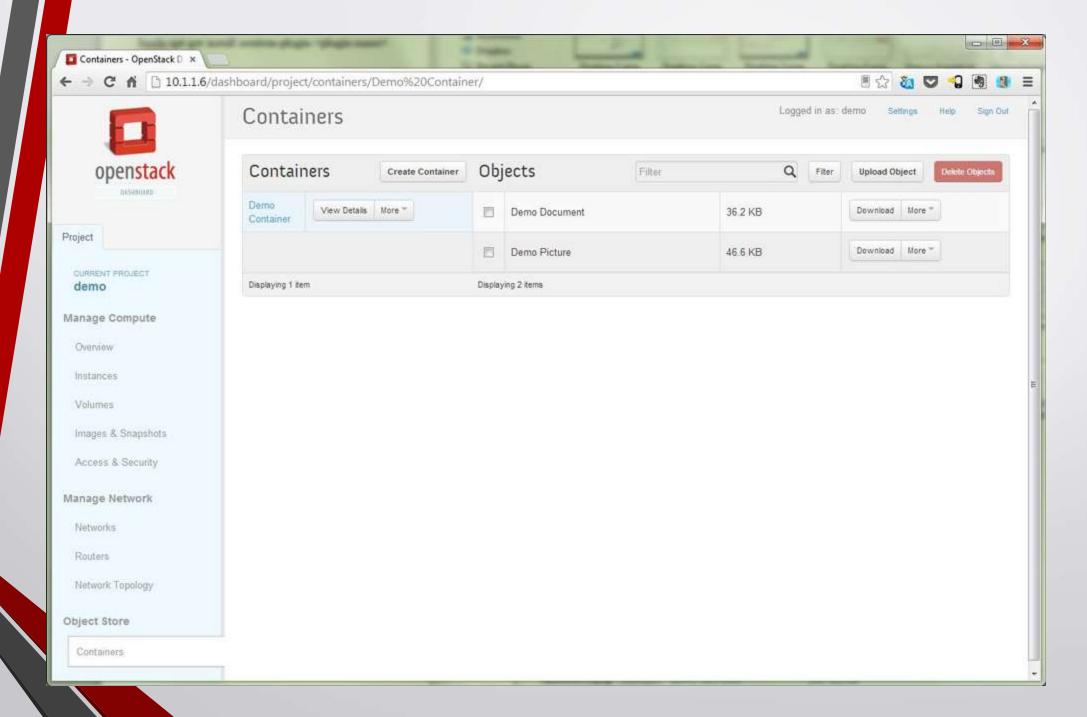
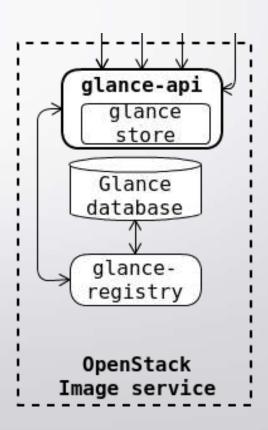


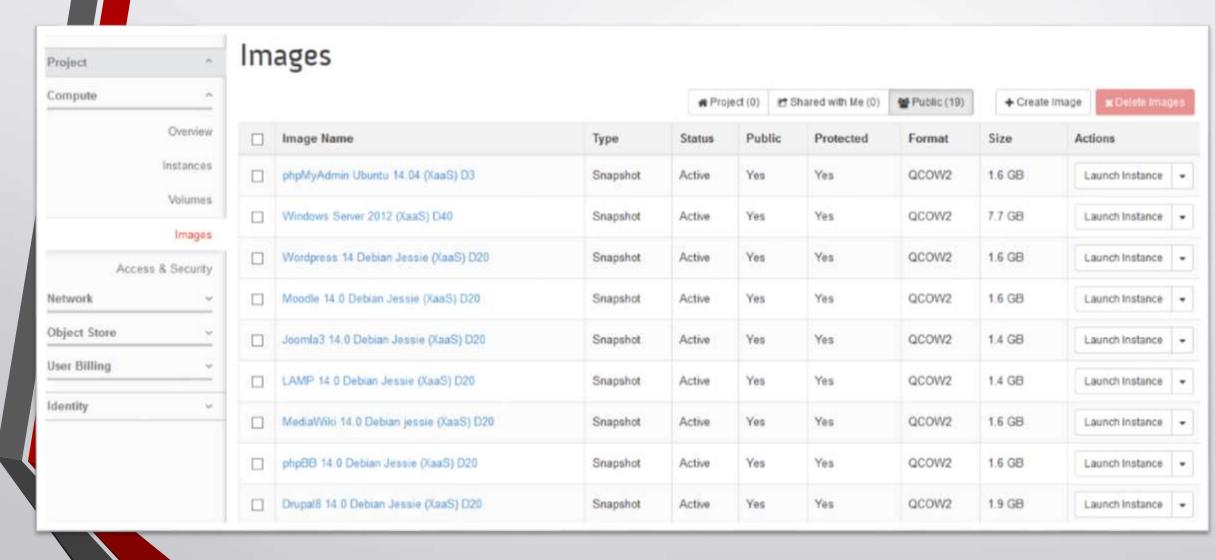


Image Service ("Glance")

- **glance-api** accepts Image API calls for image discovery, image retrieval and image storage.
- glance-registry stores, processes and retrieves metadata about images (size, type, etc.).
- Database to store the image metadata.
- A storage repository for the actual image files.
 In many deployments, this is OpenStack Swift

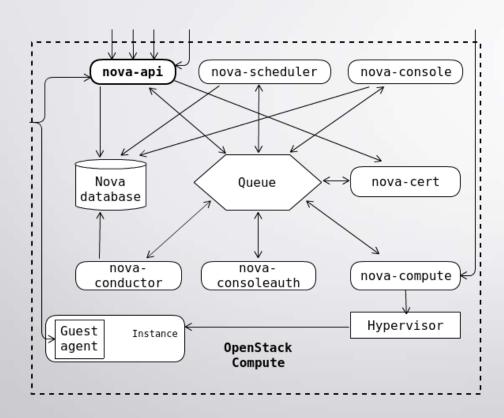








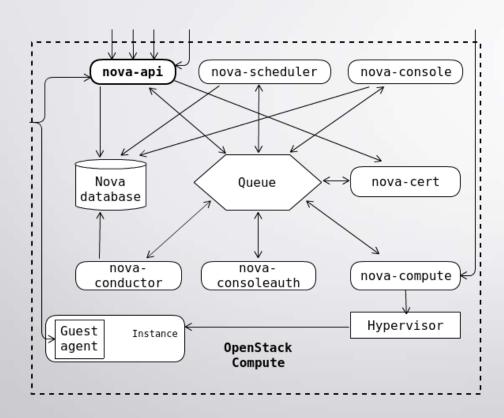
Compute ("Nova")



- nova-api accepts and responds to end user compute API calls.
- Supports OpenStack Compute API, Amazon's EC2 API and a special Admin API (for privileged users to perform administrative actions).
- Initiates most of the orchestration activities (such as running an instance)
- Enforces some policy (mostly quota checks)
- Authentication is handled through middleware before getting to this daemon

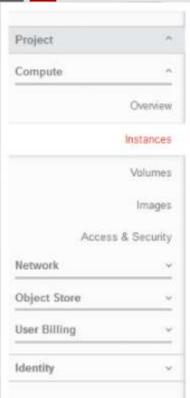


Nova Compute

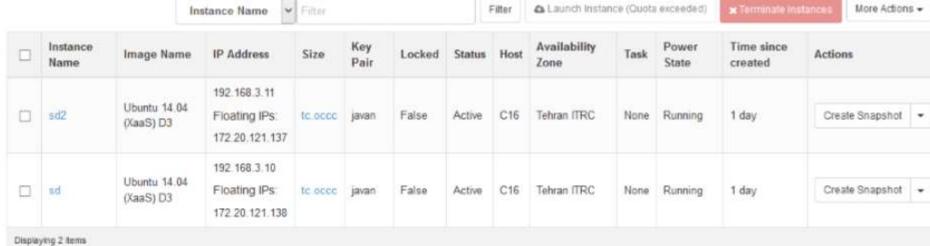


- The nova-compute process is primarily a worker daemon that creates and terminates virtual machine instances via hypervisor's APIs (XenAPI for XenServer/XCP, libvirt for KVM or QEMU, VMwareAPI for VMware, etc.).
- The process by which it does so is fairly complex but the basics are simple: accept actions from the queue and then perform a series of system commands (like launching a KVM instance) to carry them out while updating state in the database.





Instances





Nova Scheduler

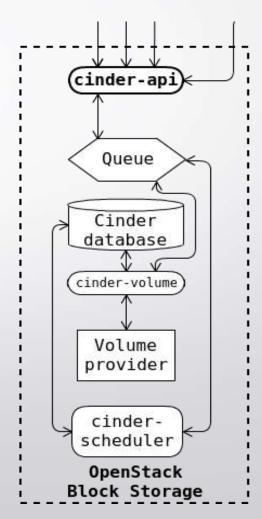
• The **nova-schedule** process is conceptually the simplest piece of code in OpenStack Nova: take a virtual machine instance request from the queue and determines where it should run (specifically, which compute server host it should run on).

```
def schedule(self, context, topic, request spec, filter properties):
        """Picks a host that is up at random."""
        elevated = context.elevated()
        hosts = self.hosts up(elevated, topic)
        if not hosts:
            msg = ("Is the appropriate service running?")
            raise exception.NoValidHost(reason=msg)
        hosts = self. filter hosts (request spec, hosts, filter properties)
        if not hosts:
            msg = ("Could not find another compute")
            raise exception.NoValidHost(reason=msg)
        return hosts[int(random.random() * len(hosts))]
```

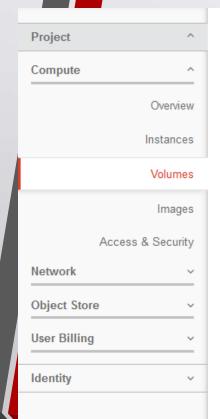


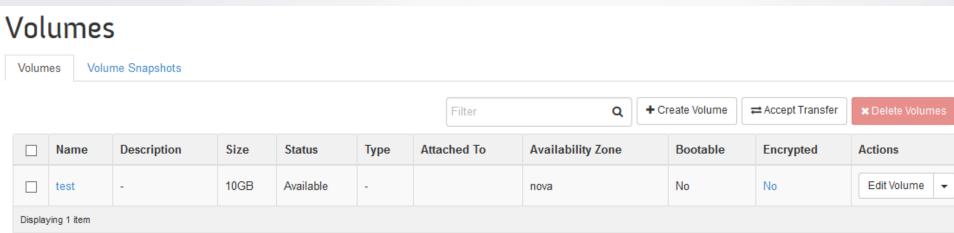
Block Storage ("Cinder")

- cinder-api accepts API requests and routes them to cinder-volume for action.
- **cinder-volume** acts upon the requests by reading or writing to the Cinder database to maintain state, interacting with other processes (like cinder-scheduler) through a message queue and directly upon block storage providing hardware or software. It can interact with a variety of storage providers through a driver architecture. Currently, there are drivers for IBM, SolidFire, NetApp, Nexenta, Zadara, linux iSCSI and other storage providers.
- Much like nova-scheduler, the cinder-scheduler daemon picks the optimal block storage provider node to create the volume on.



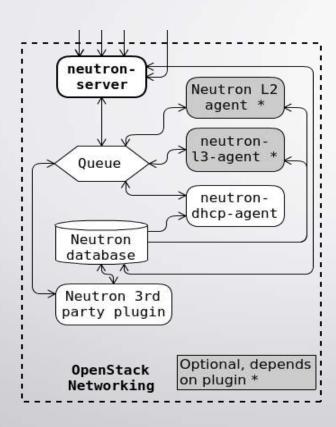






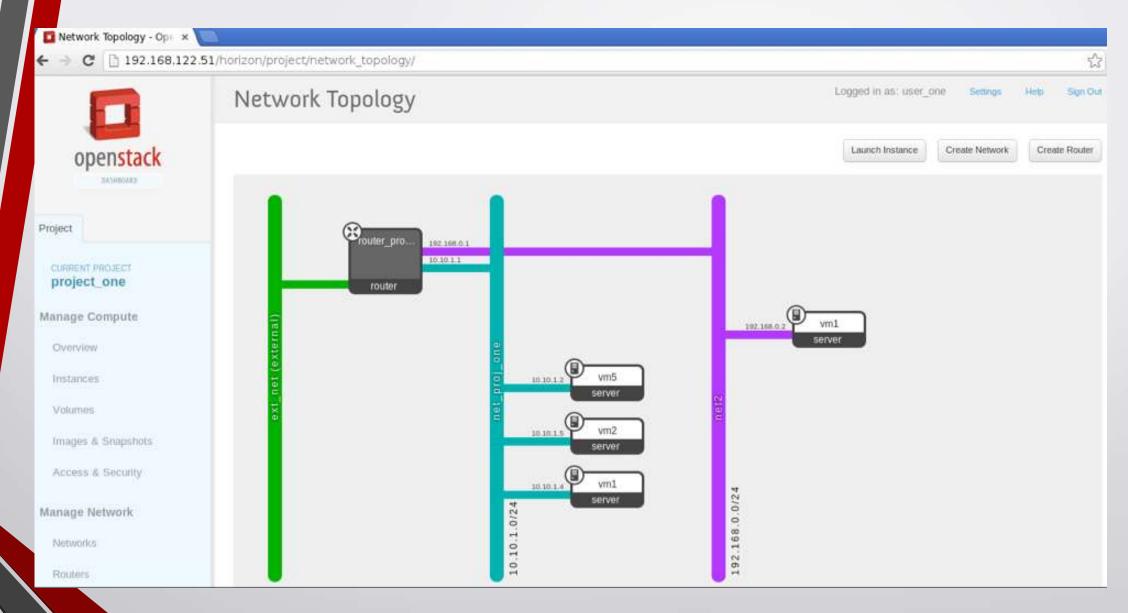


Networking ("Neutron")



- **Neutron-server** accepts API requests and then routes them to the appropriate quantum plugin for action.
- Quantum ships with plugins and agents for:
 - Cisco virtual and physical switches
 - Nicira NVP product
 - NEC OpenFlow products
 - Open vSwitch
 - Linux bridging
 - Ryu Network Operating System
 - Midokua
- The common agents are L3 (layer 3), DHCP (dynamic host IP addressing) and the specific plug-in agent.







Some Other Projects

• Ceilometer is a metering project. The project offers metering. Metering lets you know what actions have taken place, rating enables pricing and line items, and billing gathers the line items to create a bill to send to the consumer and collect payment.

Resources Usage Overview

| Description | De

 Heat provides a REST API to orchestrate multiple cloud applications implementing standards such as AWS CloudFormation.





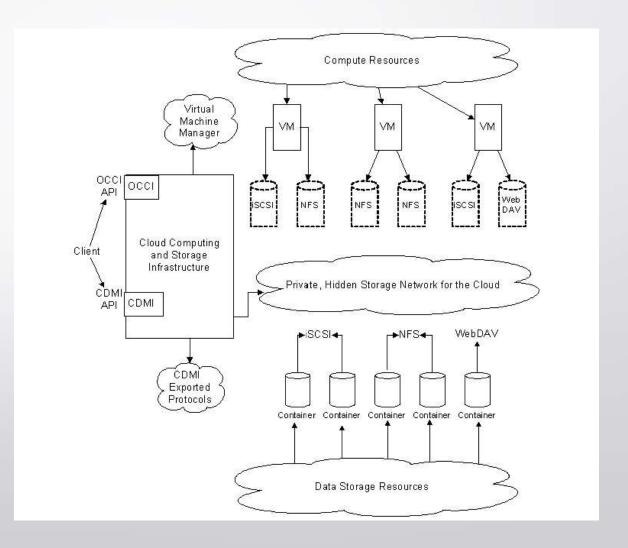
ویژگی های عمومی ابزارهای مدیریت سرویس زیرساخت

- API / Interoperability
- Offloading / Cloud Bursting
- Design Patterns
- Redundancy / High Available Configurations
- Fault Tolerant Configurations
- Vertical Scaling / Horizontal Scaling
- Network and Security
- Automation and Orchestration
- Data Protection
- Placement / Scheduling
- Migration
- Power Management
- User / Tenant / Identity Management



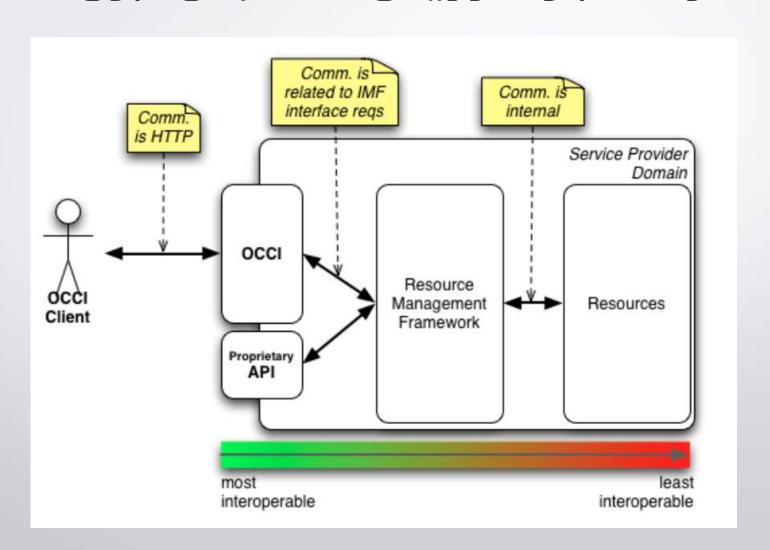
استانداردهای ارایه سرویس زیرساخت

- OCCI : Open Cloud Computing Interface
- CDMI: Cloud Data Management Interface
- **OVF**: Open Virtualization Format





واسط باز سرویس محاسباتی ابری





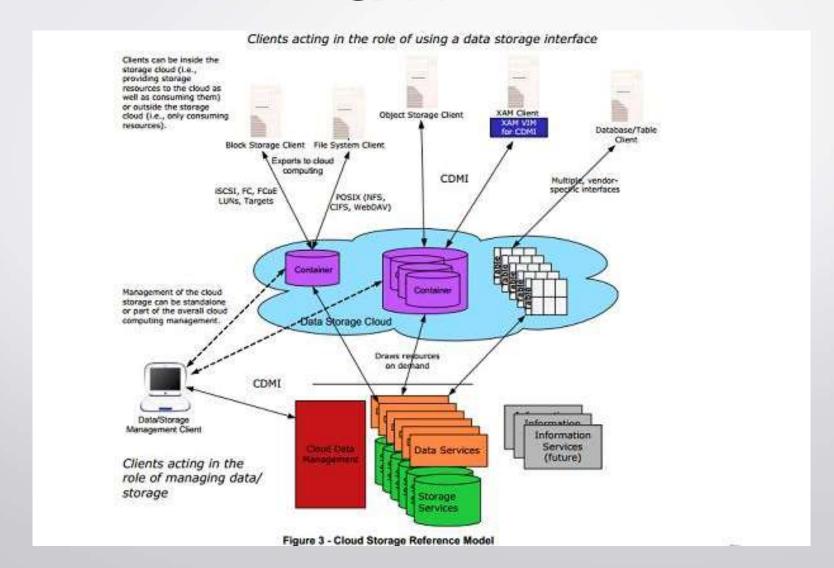
OCCI API

- Create a VM
- Get a Listing of VMs
- Get an Individual VM's Details
- Execute a Stop Action Upon a VM
- Execute a Start Action Upon a VM
- Create Some a Block Storage Volume
- Show the Volume Details:
- Link and Associate that Volume to the New Instance
- Inspect the Storage Link
- Unlink and disassociate that volume with the new instance
- Delete Storage Volume
- Scale Up a VM
- Scale Down a VM

- Delete a VM
- Update a VM: Change the OS
- Create a Security Group
- List Security Groups
- Create a Security Rule
- List the Associated Rules/Compute Resources to a Group
- Get Security Rule's Details
- Delete a Security Rule
- Delete a Security Group
- Create a Secured VM with a Security Group
- Allocate Floating IP to VM
- Deallocate Floating IP to VM
- Change VM Administrative (root) Password
- Create a Image from an Active VM



CDMI



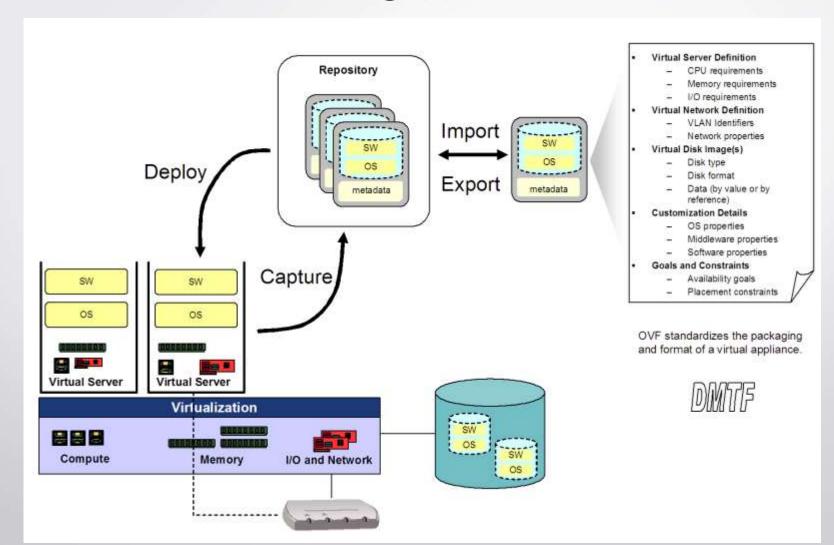


CDMI API

- createContainer
- createObject
- listContainerContents
- readObjectContents
- deleteObject
- ..



OVF





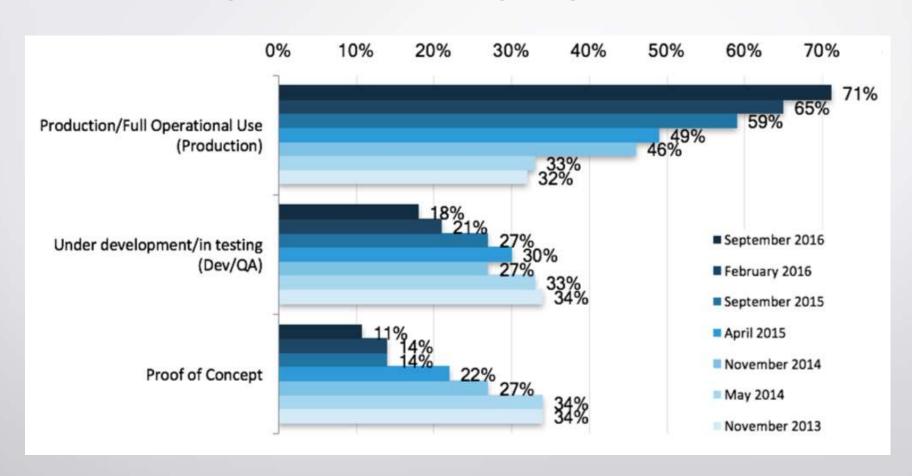
Exercise 7

- Survey one of Openstack related projects:
 - Ironic
 - Fuel
 - Barbiacan
 - Dragonflow
 - Manila
 - Oslo
 - •
- Hint: Stackalytics.com



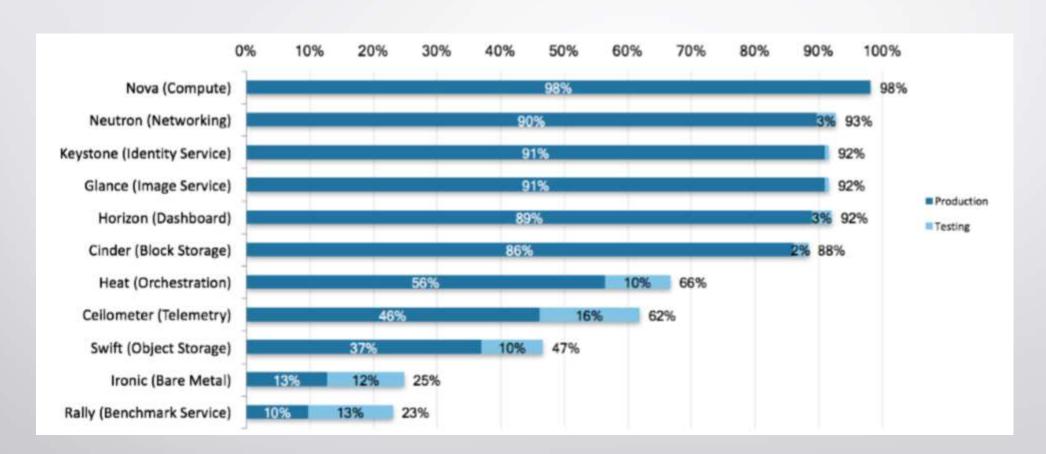


Openstack Deployments



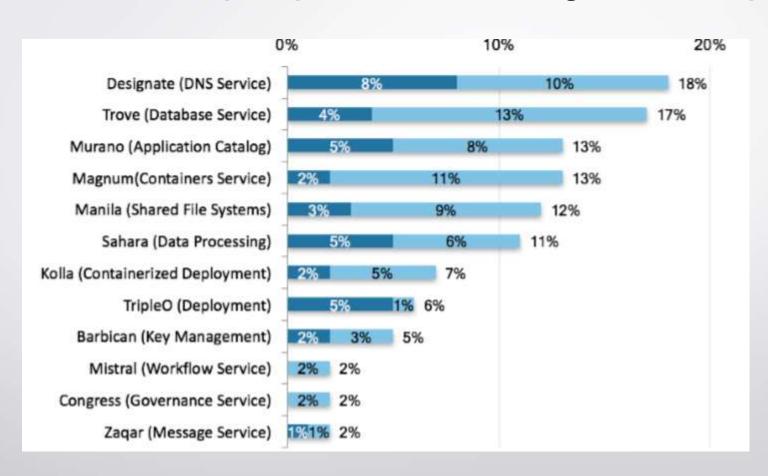


Openstack Deployments - Project adoption



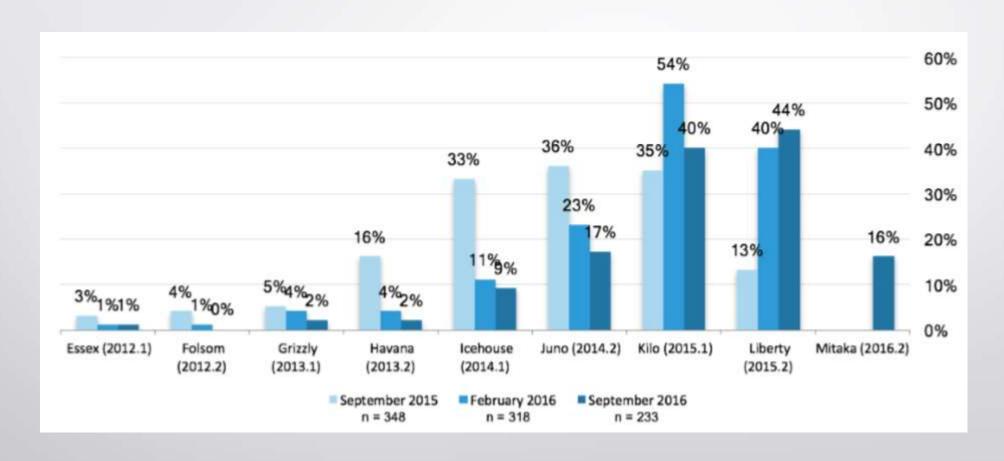


Openstack Deployments - Project adoption



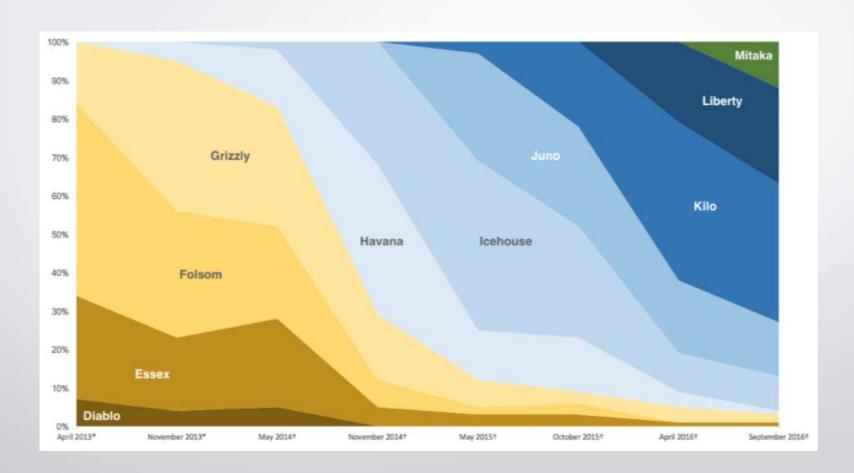


Openstack Deployments – Software Releases





Adoption of OpenStack's software releases over time





Organizations of all sizes finding success with OpenStack

