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Cyclistic Bike Data Cleaning and Exploration in SQL Queries
Skills Used: Temporary Table, CTE, Aggregate Functions, Window Function, Timestamp Function, Conditional Function, Subquery
Platform: GCP BigQuery
-- DATA CLEANING IN SQL QUERIES
-- Preview of the four tables
SELECT
FROM
         `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q1` LIMIT 20;
SELECT
FROM `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q2` LIMIT 20;
SELECT
         `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q3` LIMIT 20;
SELECT
FROM
          `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q4` LIMIT 20;
-- Change DivvyTrips2019Q2 column names to same as Q1, Q3 and Q4 using temp table
CREATE OR REPLACE TEMPORARY TABLE DivvyTrips2019Q2Temp
AS
SELECT
          _01
                     _Rental_Details_Rental_ID AS trip_id,
         _01
                    __Rental_Details_Bike_ID AS bikeid,
                 Rental_Details_Duration_In_Seconds_Uncapped AS tripduration,
Rental_Details_Duration_In_Seconds_Uncapped AS tripduration,
Rental_Start_Station_ID AS from_station_id,
Rental_End_Station_ID AS to_station_id,
Rental_End_Station_Name AS to_station_name,
          01
         02
         User_Type AS usertype,
Member_Gender AS gender,
_05___Member_Details_Member_Birthday_Year AS birthyear
FROM
           causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q2`;
End:
-- Temp\ table\ DivvyTrips2019Q2Temp\ stored\ as\ causal-bison-323215.\_script2cb74db8e872be8c7189bb08b16c7d5c3fba71e6.DivvyTrips2019Q2Temp\ stored\ as\ causal-bison-323215.\_script2cb74db8e872be8c7189b08b16c7d5c3fba71e6.DivvyTrips2019Q2Temp\ stored\ as\ causal-bison-323215.\_script2cb74db8e72b8e72b8e72b8e72b8e7
SELECT
FROM
          causal-bison-323215._script2cb74db8e872be8c7189bb08b16c7d5c3fba71e6.DivvyTrips2019Q2Temp`LIMIT <mark>10``</mark>
-- Merge DivvyTrips2019Q, DivvyTrips2019Q2Temp, DivvyTrips2019Q3 and DivvyTrips2019Q4 into one table
CREATE OR REPLACE TEMP TABLE DivvyTrips2019
SELECT
FROM
         `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q1
UNION ALL
SELECT
FROM `causal-bison-323215._script2cb74db8e872be8c7189bb08b16c7d5c3fba71e6.DivvyTrips2019Q2Temp
UNION ALL
SELECT
        `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q3
UNION ALL
SELECT
FROM
         `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q4`;
END:
-- Temp table DivvyTrips2019 stored`causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`
SELECT
FROM
          causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
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-- Alternatively, one could create a CTE to rename the columns in DivvyTrips2019Q2, union the CTE with the other three tables and save the result into a new table, DivvyTrips2019V2
WITH NewDivvyTrips2019Q2 AS (SELECT __01___Rental_Details_Rental_ID AS trip_id,
     01 Rental Details Local Start Time AS start_time,
01 Rental Details Local End_Time AS end_time,
01 Rental Details Bike ID AS bikeid,
     01
          ___Rental_Details_Duration_In_Seconds_Uncapped AS tripduration,
     _03___Rental_Start_Station_ID_AS_from_station_id,
_03___Rental_Start_Station_Name_AS_from_station_name,
     _02___Rental_End_Station_ID AS to_station_id,
           User_Type AS usertype,
     Member_Gender AS gender,
_05__Member_Details_Member_Birthday_Year AS birthyear
FROM
      `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q2`
SELECT
`causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q1'UNION ALL
SELECT
FROM
    NewDivvyTrips2019Q2
UNION ALL
SELECT
FROM
     `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q3`
UNION ALL
SELECT
FROM
     `causal-bison-323215.Cyclistic.DivvyTrips2019Q4`;
-- Check if the primary key column, trip-id, has duplicate value
SELECT
     COUNT(DISTINCT trip_id) AS unique_count_tripId,
     COUNT(*) AS total_number_rows
      causal-bison-323215. script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
-- Check if columns contained nulls
SELECT
     COUNTIF(trip id IS NULL) AS trip id,
     COUNTIF(start_time IS NULL) AS start_time,
     COUNTIF(end_time IS NULL) AS end_time,
COUNTIF(tripduration IS NULL) AS tripduration,
     COUNTIF(bikeid IS NULL) AS bikeid,
     COUNTIF(from_station_id IS NULL) AS from_station_id,
COUNTIF(from_station_name IS NULL) AS from_station_name,
     COUNTIF(to_station_id IS NULL) AS to_station_id,
     COUNTIF(to_station_name IS NULL) AS to_station_name,
COUNTIF(to_station_name IS NULL) AS usertype,
COUNTIF(gender IS NULL) AS gender,
     COUNTIF(birthyear IS NULL) AS birthyear
      `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`;
-- Examine the birthyear column
     MIN(birthyear) AS min_birthyear, MAX(birthyear) AS max_birthyear
      `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`;
-- Update the gender column; replace nulls with 'Unknown'
UPDATE `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
SET gender = 'Unknown
WHERE gender IS NULL;
SELECT
      `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`
WHERE
     gender IS NULL;
-- Create and populate colum ride_length
ALTER TABLE `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`
ADD COLUMN ride_length INTEGER;
UPDATE `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`
SET ride_length = TIMESTAMP_DIFF(end_time, start_time, SECOND)
WHERE trip_id IS NOT NULL;
SELECT
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MIN(ride_length) AS min_ride_duration, MAX(ride_length) AS max_ride_duration
FROM
          `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`;
SELECT
        COUNT(*) AS rows_with_negative_ride_length,
         `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`
WHERE
         ride_length <= 0;
-- Delete rows with negative ride_length value
DELETE
         causal-bison-323215. script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
WHERE
         ride_length <= 0;
SELECT
         COUNT(*) AS rows_with_negative_ride_length,
FROM
         causal-bison-323215. script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
WHERE
         ride_length <= 0;
        MIN(ride_length) AS min_ride_duration, MAX(ride_length) AS max_ride_duration
         `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`;
-- Create and populate day of week column
\textbf{ALTER TABLE `causal-bison-323215.\_script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019} algebraiched a strong and the strong and
ADD COLUMN day_of_week INTEGER;
UPDATE `causal-bison-323215. script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
SET day_of_week = EXTRACT(DAYOFWEEK FROM start_time)
WHERE trip_id IS NOT NULL;
SELECT
FROM
         causal-bison-323215. script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019` LIMIT 10;
SELECT
        MIN(day_of_week) AS min_day_of_week,
         MAX(day_of_week) AS max_day_of_week
 FROM
         causal-bison-323215. script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019;
-- Create and populate day column
ALTER TABLE `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
ADD COLUMN day STRING;
UPDATE `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`
SET day = CASE day_of_week
         WHEN 1 THEN 'Sunday
WHEN 2 THEN 'Monday
         WHEN 3 THEN 'Tuesday
        WHEN 4 THEN 'Wednesday'
        WHEN 5 THEN 'Thursday
         WHEN 6 THEN 'Friday
        WHEN 7 THEN 'Saturday
         ELSE NULL
         END
WHERE trip_id IS NOT NULL;
SELECT
FROM
         `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019` LIMIT 10;
SELECT
        COUNTIF(day IS NULL) AS count
FROM
         causal-bison-323215. script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019;
 -- EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS WITH SQL QUERIES
 -- Different types of usertype and their breakdown by count and gender
SELECT
         usertype AS user,
        gender AS gender,
         COUNT(*) AS number
         `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`
GROUP BY usertype, gender ORDER BY usertype, gender;
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SELECT
     ROUND(AVG(ride_length), 2) AS average_ride_duration_sec, MIN(ride_length) AS lowest_ride_duration_sec,
    MAX(ride_length) AS highest_ride_duration_sec,
COUNT(trip_id) AS total_trip,
APPROX_TOP_COUNT(day, 1) AS busiest_day
FROM
     causal-bison-323215. script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019;
-- Average, lowest and highest ride duration, number of trips and busiest day for each type of user
SELECT
     usertype AS user,
     ROUND(AVG(ride_length), 2) AS average_ride_duration_sec,
    MIN(ride_length) AS lowest_ride_duration_sec,
MAX(ride_length) AS highest_ride_duration_sec,
     COUNT(trip_id) AS total_trip,
     APPROX TOP COUNT(day, 1) AS busiest day
FROM
     `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`
GROUP BY usertype;
-- Proportion of rides above average ride duration for each type of user
SELECT.
     usertype AS user,
     ROUND(AVG(ride_length), 2) AS avg_ride_duration_sec,
     COUNTIF((ride_length - avg_ride_duration) > 0) AS ride_above_avg_duration,
COUNT(trip_id) AS total_trip,
ROUND(COUNTIF((ride_length - avg_ride_duration) > 0)/COUNT(trip_id)*100, 2) AS percent_ride_above_avg_duration,
FROM (
SELECT
     usertype,
     ride_length,
     trip id,
     AVG(ride_length) OVER (
    PARTITION BY usertype
ROWS BETWEEN UNBOUNDED PRECEDING AND UNBOUNDED FOLLOWING)
     AS avg_ride_duration,
     FROM
     causal-bison-323215. script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`)
GROUP BY usertype;
-- Average ride duration for users by the day of the week
SELECT
     usertype AS user,
     day AS day,
ROUND(AVG(ride_length), 2) AS avg_ride_duration,
FROM
     causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
GROUP BY usertype, day
ORDER BY usertype;
-- Number of rides for users by day of the week
SELECT
     usertype AS user,
    day AS day,
COUNT(trip_id) AS total_trip
FROM
     causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
GROUP BY usertype, day
ORDER BY usertype;
-- Average ride duration for users by the day of the week by quarter
    usertype AS user,
     EXTRACT(QUARTER FROM start_time) AS quarter,
     day AS day,
    ROUND(AVG(ride_length), 2) AS avg_ride_duration
     `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`
GROUP BY usertype, quarter, day ORDER BY usertype, quarter;
-- Number of rides for users by day of the week by quarter
SELECT
     usertype AS user,
    EXTRACT(QUARTER FROM start_time) AS quarter, day AS day,
     COUNT(trip_id) AS total_trip
     causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019
GROUP BY usertype, quarter, day
ORDER BY usertype, quarter;
```

-- Save temporary table as BigQuery table for export in order to visualize with Tableau

-- Average, lowest and highest ride duration, number of trips and busiest day of 2019

```
trip_id,
    start_time,
    end_time,
    bikeid,
    from_station_id,
    from_station_name,
    to_station_id,
    to_station_mame,
    usertype,
    ride_length,
    day
FROM
    `causal-bison-323215._script203775267b33d1a1aef3c416b8f33c8849058ea0.DivvyTrips2019`;
```