# This file contains key information over the bot and the database.

#### Quick Disclaimer

The bot is going to need admin-level privileges as it will be creating private threads for the user to send their private/public API key. This is the only way to keep all information confidential to the user. The channel in which the thread is created **must** be a public text channel. Private threads, by default, are allowed to be seen by mods and admins.

Furthermore, the bot has been written to accept both standard and unified account types. The user, when giving the bot their private/public key will also have to specify whether or not they hold a standard account or a unified account.

## **Project structure**

The files includes with the project are:

bot.py
bot\_variables.py
by\_bit.py
database.py
database\_connection.yaml
table\_layout.yaml
dt.yaml

#### bot.py

This file is the core of the bot. This is where all commands are declared and where all core functionality for each command is implied.

The file includes a lot of fancy Python workings, such as wrappers, to deter from repetitive code. You will find names such as (names span across multiple files):

- BV This stands for Bot Variables. This is the abbreviation given to the BotVariables class found in bot\_variables.py.
- HTBP This stands for Has To Be Private. This is passed to <a href="check\_permissions">check\_permissions</a> function, found in the BotVariables class in bot\_variables.py. If this is True, the command has to be invoked in a private channel; inversely, if it is False the command does not have to be invoked in a private channel, but adminpermissions still need to be held by the member of whom is invoking the command.
- WPTE This stands for With Private Thread Exception. This is passed to
  public\_channel\_required function, found in the BotVariables class in
  bot\_variable.py . If this is True, the command has to be invoked in a private
  thread; inversely, if this is False the command does not and can not be
  invoked in a private thread.
- BE This stands for Bot Event (bot.event as it is known with discord.py).
   This, too, is found in the BotVariables class in bot\_variables.py. This is

just a way to shorten things up. It is not needed, but I implemented it anyway - it got tedious writing out bot.event over and over.

• db - This stands for Database. This is found in the BotVariables class in bot\_variables.py . This variable is the key point to all database interaction - from adding a user, getting user data, deleting a user etc.

#### bot\_variables.py

This file stores all key variables, functions and wrappers for the bot. Instead of cluttering bot.py with all the variables, functions and wrappers they are placed in a class so they have a overarching name that makes it easier to identify the variables purpose (which should be implied, but makes it easier to write the code).

## by\_bit.py

This file is the absolute backend for all things in relation to the ByBit API. When the user runs !submit followed by the type of account they hold, their private/public API keys the bot will initialize a session for them in an array with the name sessions .

This file includes all functionality needed for the bot to perform as requested.

#### database.py

This file is the absolute backend for all things in relation to the database. Functions such as add\_user, remove\_user etc can be found in this file.

## database\_connection.yaml

This file has been implemented to make it easier on behalf of the receiver to connect the database to the bot without having to edit any sort of code.

The file has three values:

- host Or better known as the database instance, this is the host (instance name) of your database. I assume you have some fundamental knowledge over what this implies.
- 2. user The username linked to the database instance (normally root).
- 3. pswd The password to the username.

### table\_layout.yaml

This file is where you can specify the table layout you want for your database.

- database\_name is your preferred name for the database where the table will be stored.
- table\_name is your preferred name for the table that will store all of the columns (username, public key, private key & account type)
- columns is where you can describe all columns in the table.
  - Format is as follows:
    - column\_name : "datatype"
      - Example: user: "varchar(15)" will create a column titled user with a datatype varchar that allows up to 15 characters.

## dt.yaml

This file is where you can put the discord token that is needed for the bot to run in the server.

## Setting Up The Bot

The bot comes equipped with 4 commands that can be used anywhere. The rest of the commands are off limits to all channels by default. The 4 commands that can be used anywhere are "configuration" commands.

#### Configure the bot with public channels

To add public channels to the bot, invoke the !add\_pub\_channel command. This command requires a channel ID as an argument; the full command is !add\_pub\_channel [channel\_id] . Only add public channels where you will allow the !explain command, !ready command and !submit command to be used. Inversely, if you want to remove a public channel run the !rem\_pub\_channel command. This command, too, requires a channel ID as an argument; the full command is !rem\_pub\_channel [channel\_id].

## Configure the bot with private channels

To add private channels to the bot, invoke the <code>!add\_priv\_channel</code> command. This command requires a channel ID as an argument; the full command is <code>!add\_priv\_channel</code> [channel\_id] . Make sure the channel ID passed to this command is, in fact, a private channel. Inversely, if you want to remove a private channel run the <code>!rem\_piv\_channel</code> command. This command, too, requires a channel ID as an argument; the full command is <code>!rem\_priv\_channel</code> [channel\_id] .

Once you have your channels configured for the bot, you can invoke the admin-related commands in the private channels in which you configured and the !explain command can be invoked in any of the channels configured (private and public). Client-oriented commands such as the !ready command and the !submit commands can be invoked in the public channels configured; !submit is restricted to being invoked only in threads nonetheless. It is advised to invoke the !explain command in a public channel in which you are okay with threads being opened in.

## Client-oriented commands

As requested, there are only a select few commands geared towards users that will enable them to "register" themselves in the server. These commands can *only be ran once* by the user. With that said, however, admins have commands that can allow users to re-run the commands if need-be.

#### !ready command

In the channel in which the description on how to get a Read-Only API is displayed is where this command is to be invoked. If the channel where !explain has been invoked is the only public channel configured with the bot, the !ready command will only work in that channel.

The !ready command tells the bot the user has followed all the steps and has their private/public keys ready. This command will prompt the bot to create a private thread with the users username as the name. In this thread the bot will ping the user and describe how they can submit their information.

After the user invokes the !ready command, their ID will be added to an array called READY\_COMMAND\_USED\_BY. Their ID will live in this array unless a admin explicitly removes it. So long as their ID exists in this array, they cannot re-run the !ready command.

If a user runs into issues, an admin (and/or mod, depending on permissions) can run !remove\_user . This command requires two arguments:

- [from] This value can be either database or RCUB (READY\_COMMAND\_USED\_BY).
  - If you run !remove\_user database [user\_id] , the user will be removed from the database. So **be cautious** with this command.
  - If you run !remove\_user RCUB [user\_id] , the user will be removed from the array READY\_COMMAND\_USED\_BY thus allowing the user to re-run the command.
- [user\_id] The users ID.

#### !submit command

When the user is ready, they will run the !submit command. Upon the command being invoked, the user will temporarily be added to the array called SUBMIT\_COMMAND\_USED\_BY. This takes place so the user can't re-run the command in the midst of the bot registering them/after the bot registers them. The thread stays alive for a minute after registration is done. At the end of the minute, the thread is deleted and the user is removed from the array. Since they are not allowed to reuse !ready, and since !submit is only able to be used in private threads, the user will not be able to use either commands again.

The !submit commands requires the following arguments:

- [account\_type] This is the users ByBit accounts type.
  - For unified accounts:
    - UC CONTRACT
    - UU UNIFIED
    - UF FUND
  - For classic (standard) accounts:
    - SS SPOT
    - SC CONTRACT
    - SO OPTION
    - SF FUND
- [public\_key] The users public API key.
- [private\_key] The users private API key.

It is of utmost importance to state that the order in which the commands are explained are the order in which they must be passed. !submit [account\_type] [public\_key] [private\_key].

Once the !submit command is ran, the users ByBit session (HTTP session) is appended to an array called sessions (found in by\_bit.py). The array stores JSON objects (Python dictionaries). The format is as follows:

For more information on what HTTP is, see <a href="https://github.com/bybit-exchange/pybit/blob/master/README.md">https://github.com/bybit-exchange/pybit/blob/master/README.md</a>

## Logs

If you want the bot to log all user registration, after configuring the public/private channels via !add\_pub\_channel and !add\_priv\_channel you can run !enable\_logs . After running !enable\_logs you will have to tell the bot what channel you want the logs to go into. You can do this via !set\_log\_channel [channel\_id] . It is advised that the channel ID in which you pass to !set\_log\_channel is referencing a private channel.

To disable logs, simply run !disable\_logs . If you want to re-enable logs, you don't have to re-run !set\_log\_channel . That setting will be constant once set.

## **Testnet**

If you, for some reason, want to use testnet the bot comes with a command that allows you to use it.

Simply run !use\_testnet if you want to use it. If you run this command and later decide you do not want to use it, simply run !disable\_testnet .

## **Calculations**

As requested, the bot comes equipped with the command !calc . This command is a bit complex in regards to its commands.

This command accepts the following commands:

- [based\_on] This argument tells the bot what data to base the calculation off
  of.
  - bs This stands for buy/sell. This tells the bot to base the
    calculation purely off of the users market buy/market sell orders. It
    will subtract all the market buys from the users initial balance and, if
    there are any sells, it will then add the sells to the user account.
  - s This stands for stocks. This tells the bot to base the calculation based off of sell data/stock data over a specified interval (default is

a day). With this, the bot will add together all the market sell orders and then gather all the symbols in which the user is actively investing in. It will then get the market data per each symbol and perform calculations. It will base calculations off of open price/closing price.

- [user\_id] The users ID which you want to perform calculations on.
- (OPTIONAL) [interval] If [based\_on] is bs, this command is not needed. If [based\_on] is s, this command, again, is not needed unless you want to explicitly state the interval. By default, the interval is set to D (day) meaning the bot will gather market data that is in accordance to the market throughout the day.
  - Upon [based\_on] being s and wanting a different interval, visit <a href="https://bybit-exchange.github.io/docs/v5/enum#interval">https://bybit-exchange.github.io/docs/v5/enum#interval</a> to get a in-depth idea on what intervals are accepted.

## Get a overview of users API

If you want a JSON formatted look at a users API key information, run !get\_user\_api\_info; this command requires the users ID. The full command is !get\_user\_api\_info [user\_id].

An example response will be:

```
{
    "retCode": 0,
    "retMsg": "",
    "result": {
        "id": "13770661",
        "note": "readwrite api key",
        "apiKey": "XXXXXX",
        "readOnly": 0,
        "secret": "",
        "permissions": {
            "ContractTrade": [
                "Order",
                "Position"
            ],
            "Spot": [
                "SpotTrade"
            1,
            "Wallet": [
                "AccountTransfer",
                "SubMemberTransfer"
            ],
            "Options": [
                "OptionsTrade"
            "Derivatives": [],
            "CopyTrading": [],
            "BlockTrade": [],
            "Exchange": [],
            "NFT": [],
            "Affiliate": []
```

```
"ips": [
            11 * 11
        ],
        "type": 1,
        "deadlineDay": 66,
        "expiredAt": "2023-12-22T07:20:25Z",
        "createdAt": "2022-10-16T02:24:40Z",
        "unified": 0,
        "uta": 0,
        "userID": 24617703,
        "inviterID": 0,
        "vipLevel": "No VIP",
        "mktMakerLevel": "0",
        "affiliateID": 0,
        "rsaPublicKey": "",
        "isMaster": true,
        "parentUid": "0",
        "kycLevel": "LEVEL_DEFAULT",
        "kycRegion": ""
    },
    "retExtInfo": {},
    "time": 1697525990798
}
```

If an error occurrs, it will be on behalf of invalid API private/public keys, an internal server error on behalf of ByBit or a wrong user ID. You will be prompted with an error message that states an error has occurred and what the error could derive from.

## Show database data in JSON format

If you would like to see the database information in a database format run <code>!show\_db</code> . This command requires no additional arguments. The response will look like:

```
[
         "user_id": [users_id],
         "account_type": [account_type],
         "private_key": [private_key],
         "public_key": [public_key],
         "wallet_balance": [wallet_balance]
}
]
```

## Manually update the users wallet balance

If you want to make sure the databse is up to date in regards to the users wallet balance, run !update\_wallet\_balance; this command requires the users ID. The full command is !update\_wallet\_balance [user\_id].

## **Questions or Concerns**

If you have questions, concerns or ideas on how to enhance the bot do not hesitate to contact firekuramax or email me directly @ mocacdeveloper@gmail.com

ByBit IP bans any IP address from the U.S., in which I reside - so testing has been limited on my behalf.

All work on behalf of fixing bugs will not be subject to extra costs; all work on behalf of new features will be subject to extra costs.