Linked lists

Python 2.x 2.7

A linked list is a collection of nodes, each made up of a reference and a value. Nodes are strung together into a sequence using their references. Linked lists can be used to implement more complex data structures like lists, stacks, queues, and associative arrays.

Examples

Single linked list example

This example implements a linked list with many of the same methods as that of the built-in list object.

```
class Node:
    def __init__(self, val):
        self.data = val
        self.next = None

    def getData(self):
        return self.data

    def getNext(self):
        return self.next

    def setData(self, val):
        self.data = val

    def setNext(self, val):
        self.next = val

class LinkedList:
    def __init__(self):
        self.head = None

    def isEmpty(self):
        """Check if the list is empty"""
        return self.head is None

    def add(self, item):
        """Add the item to the list"""
        new_node = Node(item)
        new_node.setNext(self.head)
        self.head = new_node

    def size(self):
        """Return the length/size of the list"""
        count = 0
        current = self.head
        while current is not None:
```

Usage functions much like that of the built-in list.

```
ll = LinkedList()
ll.add('l')
ll.add('H')
ll.insert(1,'e')
ll.append('l')
ll.append('o')
ll.printList()

H
e
l
l
o
```

Syntax

Parameters

Remarks