A. B.

	X=6	Y=7	x = 8	x = 9	marginy
Y = 3	144 / 960	96/960	144/960	12/960	.475
Y=6	168/960	192 1960	96/960	48/960	.525
marginx	.325	. 3	. 25	-(25	1

A.) Use this table for problems 1A and 13.
For it to be valid, all joint probabilities
should add up to 1.

.15+.1+.15+.075+.175+.2+.1+.05=1 Therefore, it is a valid joint distribution.

[3] Marginal of y would be the probabilities of each possible instance taking either value of y. For Y=3, the marginal probability is .475.

For y = 6, the marginal probability is .525.

Fans to like 6 movies than it is for them to like 3 movies.

$$\int x |y (x=6|y=3) = .15/.475 = .316$$

$$\int x |y (x=7|y=3) = .1/.475 = .211$$

$$\int x |y (x=8|y=3) = .15/.475 = .316$$

$$\int x |y (x=8|y=3) = .075/.475 = .158$$

$$5 \times 14 (x=6|4=6) = .175/.525 = .33$$

 $5 \times 14 (x=7|4=6) = .21.525 = .381$
 $5 \times 14 (x=8|4=6) = .1/.525 = .19$
 $5 \times 14 (x=9|4=6) = .05/.525 = .095$

The conditional distribution where y=3 tens us that it's most likely that a person who liked 3 of the movies has read a series with either 6 or 8 books.

The conditional distribution where y=6 tells us that from the people who liked 6 movies, most of them read either 6(.33) of 7(.381) books.

If the producer wants to maximize satisfaction and profits, I would recommend they select a series with 7 books since that is where the likelihood of all movies being liked is highest.