

## Problem B. Fast Pow

Time limit 1000 ms  
Memory limit 256MB

### Problem Description

You are given three integers  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $p$ . Compute the value of

$$a^b \bmod p.$$

**Hint.** Notice the following property of exponentiation:

- If  $b$  is even, then

$$a^b = a^{b/2} \cdot a^{b/2}.$$

- If  $b$  is odd, then

$$a^b = a^{b-1} \cdot a.$$

This recursive idea leads to the well-known method of *binary exponentiation*, which allows computing  $a^b \bmod p$  efficiently without ever constructing  $a^b$  directly.

### Input format

The input consists of a single line containing three integers  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $p$  ( $1 \leq a, b, p \leq 10^9$ ).

### Output format

Output a single integer — the value of  $a^b \bmod p$ .

### Subtask score

Subtask	Score	Additional Constraints
1	0	Sample testcases
2	100	No additional constraints

### Sample

Sample Input 1

3 6 9

Sample Output 1

0