FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2021



# Mayers & Company P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Richard M. Mayers, C.P.A.

To Management Mid South Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 1169 Vernon, Alabama 35592 Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Alabama Society of Cerified Public Accountants

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of Mid South Petroleum Corporation (a corporation), which comprise the balance sheet as of September 30, 2021, and the related statements of income, comprehensive income and retained earnings and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have performed a compilation engagements in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Service Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the financial statements nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on these financial statements.

We are not independent with respect to MidSouth Petroleum Corporation.

Mayers and Company, P.C., CPA

Vernon, Alabama February 3, 2022

# BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2021

# **ASSETS**

		· ·
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 438,584	
Accounts receivable	4,105,245	
Prepaid Taxes	7,563	
Inventory	1,570,852	
Total current assets		\$ 6,122,244
Property and Equipment	•	
Land and land improvements	166,000	
Buildings and parking lot	1,742,681	
Machinery and equipment	24,337,824	
Transportation equipment	3,317,230	•
Other	459,773	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(15,745,954)	
Property and equipment – net		14,277,554
Other Assets	·	
Investments - Coop	4,000	
Total other assets		4,000
Total assets		\$ 20,403,798

# BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2021

LIABILITIES AND	STO	OCKHOLDER	S' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	2,494,974	•		
Payroll deductions payable		9,030			
Sales taxes payable	•	2,824			
Income tax payable		1,515	,		
Retirement payable		6,512			
Notes payable (Credit lines)		3,187,558			•
Current maturities of long-term debt		981,395			
Total current liabilities				\$	6,683,808
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				·	
Deferred Income		1,093,116			
Notes payable		6,033,085			
Current maturities of long-term debt	(	981,395)	·		
Total long-term liabilities				_	6,144,806
Total liabilities	,				12,828,614
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			-		
Common stock (\$1 par value, 1,000,000					
shares authorized, 1,000 shares					
issued and outstanding)		1,000			÷
Retained earnings		5,829,912			
Accumulated other comprehensive					
Income (loss)		1,744,272			•
Total stockholders' equity				_	7,575,184
Total liabilities and stockholders'			· ·		
equity				<b>P</b>	20 403 798

# STATEMENT OF INCOME, COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, AND RETAINED EARNINGS

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		•	<del> </del>
SALES			\$ 207,425,142
COST OF SALES			189,109,727
Gross profit			18,315,415
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	2,698,281		
Taxes and licenses	821,026		
Insurance	857,910		
Legal and accounting	148,558	, '	
Repairs	1,803,271	•	
Depreciation	2,292,603		
Truck expense	660,489		
Usage expense	7,890,665		
Commission			
	1,760,913		
Supplies Miscellaneous	123,643	•	•
Miscenaneous	1,188,895	·	
Total amounting assurance		. ,	00.046.054
Total operating expenses	•	*	20,246,254
Operating income (loss)			(1,930,839)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)			
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)	22.005		
Interest	33,285		•
Interest expense	(341,955)		
Rental Income	3,364,065		•
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment	(17,542)	•	
Other Income – PPP	637,258		
			-
Total other income (expense)			3,675,111
Income before income taxes			
medifie defore medifie taxes			1,744,272
Income tax expense			. (
·			
Net income	·		<u>\$ 1,744,272</u>
Retained earnings – October 1, 2020			5,829,912
Net Income			1,744,272
	4	-	1,/ 77,2/2
Retained earnings – September 30, 2021			\$ 7,574,184
J			<u> </u>

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Cash Flow From Operating Activities				•
Net Income				\$1,744,272
Adjustments to reconcile by Operating Activity				Ψ1,777,272
Depreciation		\$2,292,603		·
Increase in Accounts Receivable		(2,188,134)		
Decrease in Inventory		35,880		
Increase in Prepaid Taxes		(3,930)		
Increase in Accounts Payable		423,367	•	
Increase in PR tax/Retirement		5,706		
Decrease in Sales Tax Payable		(2,526)		
Decrease in Income Tax Payable		(7,860)		·
		<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>		
Total Adjustments				\$555,106
Net Cash provided(used) by Operations				\$2,299,378
Cash Flow From Investing Activities			•	
Purchase of Property and Equipment		(2,103,353)		•
Sale of Property and Equipment	,	<u>57,689</u>		
		27,000		
Net Cash used in Investing Activities				(\$2,045,664)
Cash Flow From Financing Activities	•	·		
Proceeds from Long Term Debt and Other		2,649,390		
Repayments of Long-Term Debt and Other		(3,374,066)		
Increase in Deferred Revenue		78,724		
			•	
Net Cash used in Financing Activities				(8645 052)
The Cash asea in I maneing Activities			-	(\$645,952)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents				(\$392,238)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Sept 30, 2020				\$830,823
			-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 30, 2021			, *	\$438,584

See accompanying notes and Independent Accountant's Review Report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

# Note 1. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Business:**

Mid South Petroleum Corporation (the Company) is a distributor of petroleum and petroleum related products in Alabama and Mississippi. The Company was incorporated May, 1990. The Company grants credit to customers located in the vicinity of the operating locations.

# Significant Accounting Policies:

## Basis of accounting:

The financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis, which recognizes all revenue as gross income when earned, and cost of goods sold and operating expenses as deductions from gross income when incurred.

#### Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and cash equivalents:

The Company considers cash equivalents to be all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less.

The Company maintains cash balances with several financial institutions located in various cities in Alabama and Mississippi. Accounts at these institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. At September 30, 2021, cash on deposit was not in excess of the federally insured limits.

#### Trade accounts receivable:

Trade accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from customers. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to an allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance. Changes in the allowance have not been material to the financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

#### **Inventories:**

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market value. Cost is determined under the first-in, first-out (FIFO), specific cost and average cost method.

## Property and equipment:

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance and small equipment purchases are charged to expense when incurred. Expenditures that significantly increase assets' values or extend useful lives are capitalized. Depreciation expense is recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Amortization of leasehold improvements is recognized using the straight-line method over the lesser of the useful life of the improvement or the remaining term of the lease at the time the improvement is placed in service.

Depreciation and amortization are being recognized over the following periods:

	<u>Years</u>
Office furniture and equipment	5-7
Equipment	5-7
Automobiles and trucks	3-7
Leasehold improvements	5-7
Pumps and improvements	3-39
Bulk storage plant	3-15

#### Long-lived assets:

The Company evaluates its long-lived assets for indicators of possible impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The Company compares the carrying amount to estimated future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by such assets. Should an impairment exist, the impairment loss would be measured based on the excess carrying value of the asset over the asset's fair value.

#### Shipping and handling charges:

The Company reports shipping and handling fees charged to customers as part of net sales and the associated expense as part of cost of sales.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

#### Presentation of sales tax:

The States of Alabama and Mississippi and cities and counties within Alabama impose a sales tax on some of the Company's sales. The Company collects that sales tax from customers and remits the entire amount to the States and local governments. The Company's accounting policy is to exclude the tax collected and remitted to the States from revenue and cost of sales.

## Advertising:

The Company expenses advertising as incurred. Advertising expense was \$366,602 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

#### **Income taxes:**

Deferred income taxes are not provided.

#### Note 2. Inventories

The components of inventories consist of gasoline, diesel fuel, other petroleum products, equipment and parts, and convenience store items which total \$1,570,852.

## Note 3. Property and Equipment

Major classes of property and equipment and accumulated depreciation and amortization are as stated on the Balance Sheet.

Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended September 30, 2021, was \$2,292,603.

#### Note 4. Line of Credit

The Company has a \$3,000,000 line of credit with a local bank of which \$2,530,733 is outstanding and due on October 23, 2021. The line bears interest at the prime-lending rate. The balance is due on demand and is secured by inventory, accounts receivable and all real estate.

The Company has a \$1,200,000 line of credit with a local bank of which \$0 is outstanding. The line bears interest at 4.0% per annum. The balance is secured by accounts receivable and inventories and certain real estate. Co-borrowers, Tiger and High Cotton have has drawn \$818,000 and \$30,000 respectfully as of September 30, 2021.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## Note 5. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

Note payable to financial institution due in monthly installments of \$18,261 with interest at 4.45%; final installment due 2/17/2024; collateralized by first mortgage on certain real estate and certain personal property

\$ 549,019

Note payable to financial institution due in monthly installments of \$50,575 with interest at prime; final installment due June 27, 2028; collateralized by real estate, inventory, and accounts receivable

3,302,778

Note payable to financial institution due in monthly installments of \$32,178 with interest at prime; final installment due August 15, 2028; collateralized by real estate, inventory, and accounts receivable

2,181,288

Less current installments

6,033,085 (981,395) \$5,051,690

Aggregate maturity of long-term debt:

2022	\$	981,394
2023		981,394
2024		965,859
2025		793,210
2026 and after	:	2,311,228

\$ 6,033,085

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## Note 6. Operating Leases

The Company is lessee of various real estate under different agreements with different terms. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Company paid \$7,890,665 rents for these leases.

The minimum rental commitments during the next five years are as follows:

September 30, 2022	\$ 7,890,665
September 30, 2023	7,890,665
September 30, 2024	7,890,665
September 30, 2025	7,890,665
September 30, 2026	7,890,665
	\$ 39,453,325

#### Note 7. Income Taxes

The income tax expense of the Company consists of the following:

Federal		\$	-0-
State			5,585
Total		\$	5,585

# **Note 8. Related Party Transactions**

The Company's major stockholder provides accounting services to the Company and owns various real estate, which is leased to the Company. Also, the Company's major stockholder owns 70% of Sipsey River Oil Corporation, 55% of High Cotton Oil Company, Inc. 55% of Cadillac Jack Oil Company, Inc., and 25% of Silver Dollar Capital Inc. all of which owns and leases real estate to the Company.

## Note 9. Deferred Revenue

The Company has received revenue from certain oil companies of \$1,093,116 to reimburse the company for imaging costs. These costs are booked as depreciable assets with depreciation taken over the estimated useful lives. The advances given to the company are forgiven in future years. As the amounts are forgiven, the company recognizes the forgiven amounts as income in the year forgiven.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

## Note 10. Employee Benefit Plans

The company maintains a SIMPLE retirement plan covering all employees who meet the eligibility requirement set forth in the plan. Expenses of the plan are recorded as employee benefit expenses and were \$37,358 for the year.

#### Note 11. Income Taxes

The tax years ending September 30, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020 remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and Alabama Department of Revenue.

The Company follows the guidance of FASB Topic ASC 740, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. As of September 30, 2021, the Company had no known uncertain tax positions that qualify for disclosure in the financial statements.

## Note 12. Variable Interest Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles in Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation 46R require that variable interest entities be consolidated into the financial statements of primary beneficiaries. One such legal entity with respect to the Company is Sipsey River Oil Corporation which leases real estate to the Company. The majority shareholder of the Company owns 72.5% of the outstanding common stock of Sipsey River Oil Corporation.

The Company has not consolidated this entity in the enclosed financial statements.

#### Note 13. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 3, 2022 the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.