Simulation of Eliminating Physical Punishment With MICS Data

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Background

What would the world look like if we eliminated physical punishment? These are some quick calculations using MICS data.

Get The Data

- . clear all
- . set seed 3846
- . cd "/Users/agrogan/Desktop/newstuff/MICS-eliminate-cp"/Users/agrogan/Desktop/newstuff/MICS-eliminate-cp
- . use "/Users/agrogan/Box Sync/MICS/Data/MICS.dta"

Are we using the most up to date data?

Descriptive Statistics on Physical Punishment

. tabulate d_phys_spank Selected spanked Freq. Percent Cum. 0 122,373 56.68 56.68 1 93,512 43.32 100.00 Total 215,885 100.00

Predict Aggression With A Multilevel Model

For demonstration purposes, I am only including a *limited* set of covariates. One could—and should—easily include more although including more covariates considerably lengthens the estimation time.

```
. melogit ec16 i.d_phys_spank cmale cage || country:
Fitting fixed-effects model:
Iteration 0: log likelihood = -142628.21
```

```
Iteration 1:
               log\ likelihood = -142431.02
               \log \text{ likelihood} = -142430.93
Iteration 2:
Iteration 3:
               log likelihood = -142430.93
Refining starting values:
Grid node 0:
               log likelihood = -135384.24
Fitting full model:
Iteration 0:
               log likelihood = -135384.24
                                              (not concave)
               log likelihood = -135381.58
Iteration 1:
                                              (backed up)
               log likelihood =
Iteration 2:
                                    -135380
                                              (backed up)
               \log likelihood = -135376.47
Iteration 3:
               log likelihood = -135368.83
Iteration 4:
Iteration 5:
               log\ likelihood = -135359.89
               log likelihood = -135351.72
Iteration 6:
Iteration 7:
               log likelihood = -135349.08
Iteration 8:
               log likelihood = -135349.08
Mixed-effects logistic regression
                                                  Number of obs
                                                                          215,885
Group variable:
                                                  Number of groups
                                                                               62
                        country
                                                  Obs per group:
                                                                              115
                                                                min =
                                                                          3,482.0
                                                                avg =
                                                                           20,451
                                                                max =
Integration method: mvaghermite
                                                  Integration pts.
                                                  Wald chi2(3)
                                                                          2481.66
Log likelihood = -135349.08
                                                  Prob > chi2
                                                                           0.0000
                               Std. Err.
                                                              [95% Conf. Interval]
                       Coef.
                                                    P>|z|
                   .3466554
                               .0094956
                                                    0.000
                                                              .3280443
                                                                           .3652665
1.d_phys_spank
                                           36.51
         cmale
                    .3010048
                               .0092288
                                           32.62
                                                    0.000
                                                              .2829166
                                                                           .3190929
          cage
                   -.0060204
                                .000674
                                            -8.93
                                                    0.000
                                                             -.0073415
                                                                          -.0046993
                  -.6711418
                               .0895672
                                           -7.49
                                                    0.000
                                                             -.8466903
                                                                          -.4955932
         _cons
country
     var(_cons)
                   .4282121
                               .0778397
                                                              .2998671
                                                                           .6114895
LR test vs. logistic model: chibar2(01) = 14163.72
                                                        Prob >= chibar2 = 0.0000
```

Estimate Margins (Predicted Probabilities of Aggression)

Expression : Marginal predicted mean, predict()

	Margin	Delta-method Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf.	Interval]
d_phys_spank						
0	.3251464	.0169289	19.21	0.000	.2919665	.3583264
1	.3979304	.0182745	21.78	0.000	.3621131	.4337478

Calculations

One could rely on commands such as the one below to do these calculations on-the-fly.

```
. * matrix b = r(b) // get matrix of results
```

^{. *} matrix list b // list it out to double check

In this example, however, I have hand-coded the calculations, so the calculations may need to be rewritten every time more covariates are added to the model. On the other hand, writing out the calculations explicitly likely increases the transparency of the thought process below.

In a hypothetical sample of 100 children...

Aggressive Children Among Not Spanked Children

```
proportion not spanked * proportion aggressive * 100  
 . display round(.5668 * .3251464 * 100)  
 18
```

Not Aggressive Children Among Not Spanked Children

```
number\ not\ spanked-number\ aggressive
```

```
. display 57 - 18
```

Aggressive Children Among Spanked Children

```
proportion spanked * proportion aggressive * 100
    . display round(.4332 * .3979304 * 100)
    17
```

Not Aggressive Children Among Spanked Children

```
number spanked — number aggressive
. display 43 - 17
```

Number Aggressive Children Among Spanked Children If They Were Not Spanked

```
. display round(.4332 * .3251464 * 100) 14
```

Reduction in Number of Aggressive Children

```
. display 17 - 14 // this many fewer aggressive children / 100 3\,
```

Graph (DRAFT)

Is this the best graph?

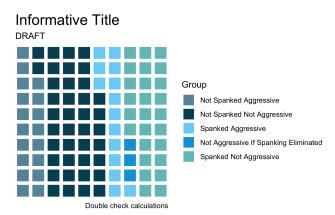


Figure 1: Graph