# Acceptance and Integration Testing

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ADAP B03

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#### Types of Tests [1] (Recap)

- **Components tests** (a.k.a. unit tests)
  - Focus on testing one component out of context
- **Acceptance tests** (a.k.a. functional tests)
  - Focus on testing one cross-cutting functionality
- **Integration tests** (a.k.a. system tests)
  - Focus on testing end-to-end system integrity

#### **Acceptance Tests**

- Object under test is the system or a non-trivial subsystem
  - This is in contrast to unit testing, which isolates one component
- The tests focus on the system's observable functionality
  - The PRD (product backlog) serves as the specification
- Test set-up has to cordon off rest of the system

#### **Tell-a-Friend Acceptance Test**

```
public void testTellFriendMakeWebPart() {
   Map<String, String> args = new HashMap<String, String>();
   args.put(TellFriendFormHandler.EMAIL SUBJECT, "Oh well...");
   handler.handlePost(session, args);
   part = handler.makeWebPart(session);
   assertEquals(part.getValue(TFFH.EMAIL SUBJECT), "Oh well...");
public void testTellFriendPost() {
    EmailAddress from = EmailAddress.getFromString("i@w.org");
   EmailAddress to = EmailAddress.getFromString("fan@yahoo.com");
   String subject = "Coolest website ever!";
   Map<String, String> args = new HashMap<String, String>();
   args.put(TellFriendFormHandler.EMAIL FROM, from.asString());
   args.put(TellFriendFormHandler.EMAIL_TO, to.asString());
   args.put(TellFriendFormHandler.EMAIL_SUBJECT, subject);
   args.put(TellFriendFormHandler.EMAIL BODY, body);
   handler.handlePost(session, args);
```

#### **Test Set-up Example (JUnit 3.8)**

```
public class HandlerTestSetup extends TestSetup {
    public UserSession session;
    protected void setUp() throws Exception {
       super.setUp();
       session = createUserSession();
       ContextManager.setThreadLocalContext(session);
       Test test = getTest();
       if (test instanceof HandlerTest) {
            HandlerTest handlerTest = (HandlerTest) test;
            handlerTest.setUserSession(session);
   protected UserSession createUserSession() {
       Wahlzeit.configurePartHandlers();
       UserSession result = new UserSession("testContext");
       result.setConfiguration(LanguageConfigs.get(Language.ENGLISH));
       return result;
```

#### **How to Write Acceptance Tests**

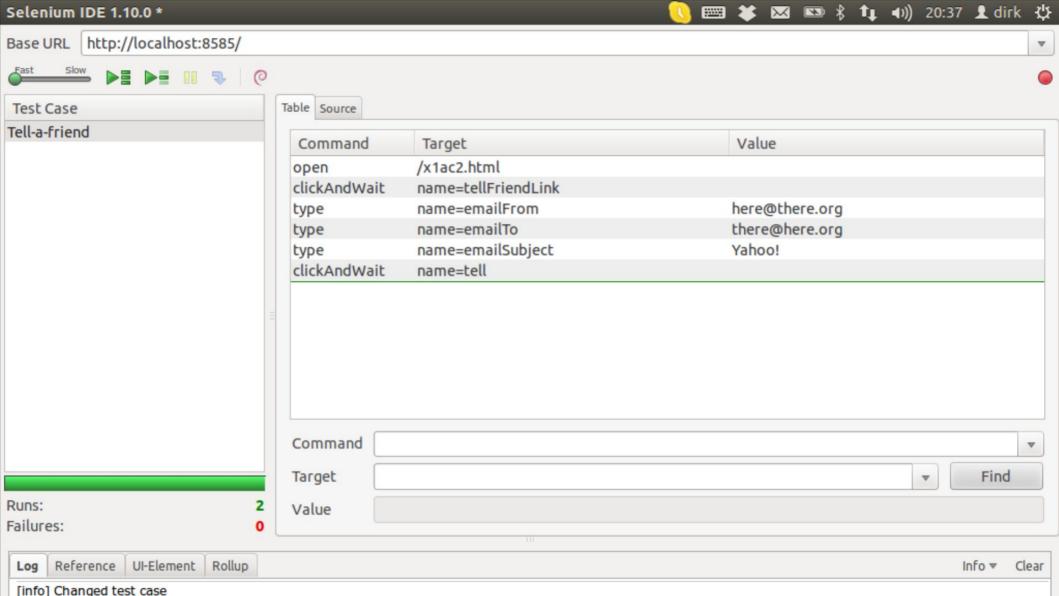
- Think from specification (through user interface)
- Sequentially test all relevant parameters
- Cover all functional edge cases

#### **Tell-a-Friend Acceptance Test Example**

```
public void testTellFriendMakeWebPart() {
   Map<String, String> args = new HashMap<String, St
   args.put(TellFriendFormHandler.EMAIL SUBJECT,
   handler.handlePost(session, args);
   part = handler.makeWebPart(sessi
                                          SUBJE
                                                    "Oh well...")
    assertEquals(part.getValue(IFFH.EMA)
public void testTellFri
   EmailAddress fr
                                  ss.g _FromString("i@w.
   EmailAddress
                          Addr
                                s.getFromString("fa
   String subject
                           st w site ever!";
   Map<String, String args = new HashMap
   args.put(TellFrien_rormHandler.EMAIL FRU
                                                   .ass._ng());
   args.put(TellFriendFormHandler.
                                        TO,
                                                   ring());
   args.put(TellFriendFormHandler.E
                                                  subject);
                                    AIL
   args.put(TellFriendForm
    handler.handlePost(ses
                                  gs)
```

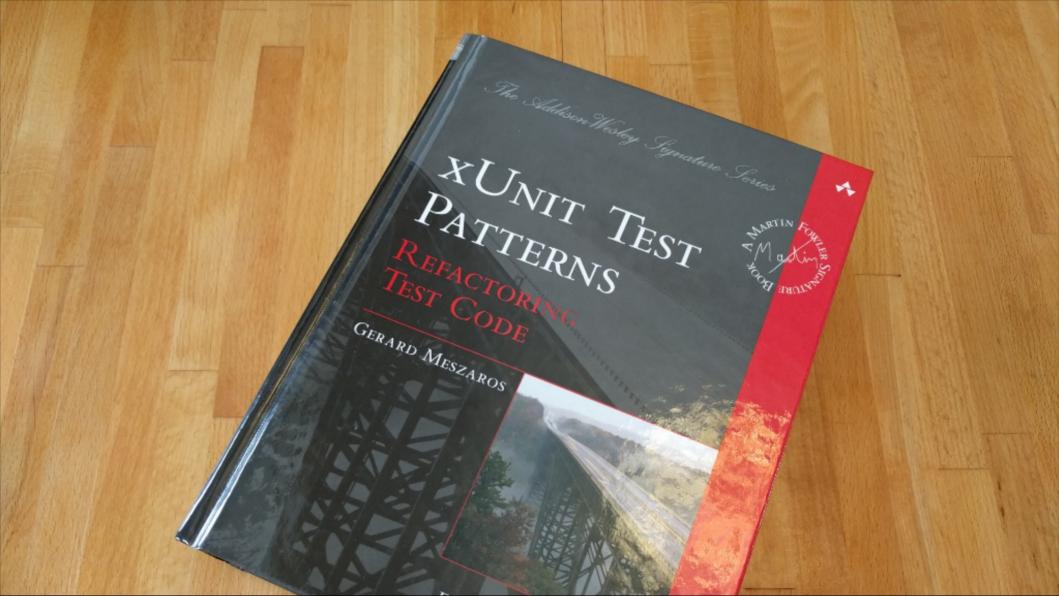
#### **Model-View-Separation and Testing**

- Model-view-separation
  - Cleanly separates the domain model from it user interface(s)
  - Is a common simplification of the MVC pattern
  - Significantly simplifies functional testing of domain model
- Programmatic testing needs a clean model interface (API)
  - API = application programming interface
  - Wahlzeit provides a clean in-Java interface
  - Better would be a language independent API



#### **Advanced Testing Concepts (Recap)**

- Handling complex system set-ups
  - Mocking, stubbing, nulling
  - Dependency injection
- Testing specific system aspects
  - Concurrency
  - Legacy code
- Test structure and practicality
  - Extent of tests run, run-time



### Review / Summary of Session

- Acceptance and integration tests
- Ways of implementing these tests
- Challenges of complex testing

## Thank you! Questions?

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