## Theislandife

Little Barrier Island in Auckland's Hauraki Gulf could soon join the likes of the Grand Canyon and the Great Wall of China as a World Heritage Site. Brian Hartz gets to know the humans - and other animals - who call it home.



willingly commit to a three-year except for scientific and conserva- stocks. stint on a remote island where rare tion purposes, Hauturu is home The work – an endless array of together given that the island must species of reptiles, insects and birds to more endangered bird species - challenges requiring a jack-of-all- be manned at all times. count as your only neighbours. But many of which are no longer found trades skill set – also keeps them it's a life less ordinary that agrees on mainland New Zealand - than busy. One day they'll be fixing a only once a year, during winter, with Shane McInnes and Liz Whit- any other island in the country. generator or patrolling the island's when there isn't much activity and well so much that they've asked for In addition to supporting iconic perimeter by boat, the next writing DOC can find a temporary replacea two-year extension.

of Conservation (DOC) rangers on also contains more than 400 species But it remains a solitary life amount of assistance from volun-Little Barrier Island in the Hau- of native plants. raki Gulf, about 80km northwest as well as studying and caring for its two months. unique flora and fauna.

It takes a special type of person to where no landings are permitted sel to replenish their food and fuel. Whitwell like the quiet life because threatened creatures such as kiwi a detailed scientific report on the ment for us," McInnes says. The couple work as Department and tuatara, the 2187-hectare island captive tuatara breeding program.

At first it was a lonely assignment "Yeah, we're pretty happy out rier Island Supporters' Trust. of Auckland. They're charged with for McInnes as Whitwell wasn't able here," McInnes says. protecting the island's bio-security to join him full-time for the first

Now together, DOC has provided outside doing the job, you think nificance as a wildlife sanctuary of Also known as Hauturu – Maori a phone service, broadband Internet it might be nice to be back on the international importance. Although for "resting place of the wind" access and satellite TV to help keep mainland. But all we have to do is it works closely with the DOC, as a - Little Barrier has been hailed as the couple connected with the out- spend half a day there in the noise charitable trust it receives no gov-New Zealand's most unspoiled eco-side world and they look forward and traffic and we're ready to get ernment funding and must rely on to the fortnightly mail runs from back to the island." A protected nature reserve DOC's Devonport-based supply ves- It's a good thing that McInnes and donate time, money or services.

they find it awkward holidaying

"We generally go off as a couple

The rangers receive a generous which suits McInnes and Whitwell. teers associated with the Little Bar-

Established in 1997, the trust sup-"Some days when it's raining and ports the conservation of the indigblowing and you don't want to be enous values of Hauturu and its siga network of volunteers willing to

### What's a World **Heritage Site?**

New Zealand has three World Heritage sites: Te Wahipounamu (Southwest New Zealand including Mount Cook National Park and Fiordland National Park), Tongariro National Park and the Sub-Antarctic Islands (the Snares, Bounty Islands, Antipodes Islands, Auckland Islands and Campbell Island).

World Heritage status recognises the universal and internationally significant natural and cultural values of an area, attracting increased national and international interest along with greater scrutiny in the overall management, development,

In March 2005, after looking at a number of sites throughout the region, the Auckland Regional Council singled out the Auckland volcanic field and Little Barrier Island as being the most appropriate sites to put forward for consideration as World Heritage Sites.

"Hauturu (Little Barrier) is a sanctuary that all Aucklanders and New Zealanders can be proud of," said Graeme Murdoch, ARC's then-director of heritage.

"The wildlife, particularly bird life, on the island is abundant with many species which don't do so well on the mainland thriving here. It has become a haven for a full range of forest birds, plus tuatara and giant weta. World Heritage status would strengthen the overall value of the island, and may lead to greater protection in years to come."

Shona Myers, Murdoch's successor at ARC, told Boating New Zealand that Little Barrier Island and the Auckland volcanic field are still in the running for World Heritage Site status.

**UNESCO World Heritage Centre:** whc.unesco.org



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As a way of thanking these people the trust chartered a 360 Discovery ferry, MV Kawau Cat V, in mid-April for a leisurely cruise to Hauturu and invited Boating New Zealand along for the ride.

Trustee Ruud Kleinpaste — an entomologist known as The Bugman to readers of *Boating*'s sister publication *Growing Today* — was master of ceremonies aboard *MV Kawau Cat V*. He skilfully supplied plenty of information, humour and, as it turned out, sympathy for the unlucky souls who became seasick during the six-hour round-trip cruise from Auckland.

En-route to the island, which became a protected nature reserve in 1895, Kleinpaste and other trustees emphasised that despite a strict no-landing policy and restrictions on recreational vessels' actions near the island, boaties aren't enemies of the trust. Far from it, in fact; the trust relies on boaties to act as its eyes and ears, reporting any sus-

picious activity on or around Hauturu.

If you're keen to set foot on the island, taking part in one of the trust's working weekends — in which volunteers help out with weeding, infrastructure maintenance and other tasks under the supervision of McInnes and Whitwell — is a great way to visit Hauturu. However, any visit to the island, no matter how potentially beneficial, must be approved by DOC's Warkworth office.

Hauturu's southern shore has a relatively sheltered area where the rangers can launch their custom-built 5.5m Surtees aluminium runabout when they need to get to parts of the island that are inaccessible on foot — or rendezvous with a ferry filled with the Little Barrier Island Supporters' Trust and friends.

Boaties will surely be impressed with the rangers' boatshed and ramp which allows all-tide, single-handed launching and retrieval via an electrically operated cradle that glides up and down a set of rails. As the ferry's passengers looked on, McInnes launched the Surtees and drove out to pick up a mooring. With the runabout secured, the ferry captain skilfully reversed the nimble *Kawau Cat V* up to the waiting ranger and crew helped him aboard where McInnes conducted a question-and-answer session about life on the island.

The rangers are warranted under the Conservation Act to enforce the no-landing policy at Little Barrier Island — meaning they can make arrests if necessary. McInnes would like to see a zone around the island prohibiting anchoring, fishing and diving but admits that DOC's jurisdiction

ends at mean low water spring, making boaties responsible for self-policing in the waters near Hauturu.

"I'd say ninety-nine percent of boaties know they should keep their distance, but every now and then we'll come across someone who's landed and we'll have to have a chat with them," McInnes said.

"DOC frowns upon landing because so much money has been spent on making the island predator and pest free. Little Barrier is perhaps New Zealand's best nature reserve so we have to take a hard stance against illegal landings."

Although nominated in 2005, Hauturu hasn't yet joined locations such as the Great Barrier Reef as a UNESCO

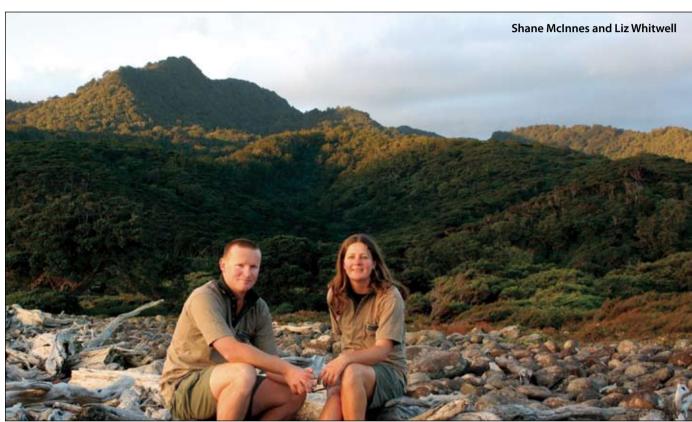
World Heritage Site (see sidebar page 49). But Hauturu, says the trust's patron, artist and ornithologist Don Binney, is one of Earth's most special places

"It's arguably the last virtually intact example of northern New Zealand biosphere," Binney says.

"It is one of the few island spaces anywhere that has resisted almost entirely human encroachment, social encroachment and developmental encroachment. Little Barrier is a global wonder, a global treasure ... something for the world to look after."

#### **Little Barrier Island Supporters' Trust:**

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## **Visiting Little Barrier Island**

Little Barrier Island enjoys an exceptional degree of biodiversity due in large part to the near-total absence of humans and invasive plant and animal species. Thus, you'll need a permit from the Department of Conservation to visit Little Barrier Island. Apply to DOC's Warkworth office: warkworth@doc.govt.nz (09) 425 7812.







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