

School of Information Technology & Engineering (SITE) Programme: MCA

Course: Foundations of Data Science (MAT5010)
Digital Assignment 2
Winter Semester 2022-23

Assignment Title: Univariate Statistics

Submitted to: Dr. Shashikiran V

Submitted by:

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```
# Kaggle Dataset Link
# https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/vora1011/ipl-2008-to-2021-all-match-dataset
!pip install stemgraphic
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import stemgraphic
import seaborn as sns
import statsmodels.api as sm
!gdown 1j-d55eVcPA7p9_OfRIcjQhdRJSh5NFjW
df = pd.read_csv('IPL_Matches_2008_2022.csv')
     Looking in indexes: <a href="https://pypi.org/simple">https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/r</a>
     Collecting stemgraphic
       Downloading stemgraphic-0.9.1-py3-none-any.whl (61 kB)
                                                -- 61.9/61.9 kB 2.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Collecting docopt
       Downloading docopt-0.6.2.tar.gz (25 kB)
       Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
     Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (fr
     Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
     Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (frc
     Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pa
     Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
     Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packag
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.20 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
     Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package
     Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
     Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
     Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pa
     Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
     Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package
     Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (f
     Building wheels for collected packages: docopt
       Building wheel for docopt (setup.py) ... done
       Created wheel for docopt: filename=docopt-0.6.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl size=13721 sha
       Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/fc/ab/d4/5da2067ac95b36618c629a5f93f80
     Successfully built docopt
     Installing collected packages: docopt, stemgraphic
     Successfully installed docopt-0.6.2 stemgraphic-0.9.1
     Downloading...
     From: https://drive.google.com/uc?id=1j-d55eVcPA7p9_OfRIcjQhdRJSh5NFjW
     To: /content/IPL Matches 2008 2022.csv
     100% 471k/471k [00:00<00:00, 125MB/s]
print("Data has", df.shape[0], "rows and", df.shape[1], "columns" )
print(df.columns)
     Data has 950 rows and 20 columns
```

First five rows of the dataset are -

Vei	Team2	Team1	MatchNumber	Season	Date	City	ID	
Naren M Stadiı Ahmedal	Gujarat Titans	Rajasthan Royals	Final	2022	2022-05-29	Ahmedabad	1312200	0
Naren M Stadiı Ahmedal	Rajasthan Royals	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Qualifier 2	2022	2022-05-27	Ahmedabad	1312199	1
Ed Garde Kolk	Lucknow Super Giants	Royal Challengers Bangalore	Eliminator	2022	2022-05-25	Kolkata	1312198	2
Ed Garde Kolk	Gujarat Titans	Rajasthan Royals	Qualifier 1	2022	2022-05-24	Kolkata	1312197	3
Wankhe Stadii Mum	Punjab Kings	Sunrisers Hyderabad	70	2022	2022-05-22	Mumbai	1304116	4

Categorical Variables

```
params = ['City', 'Season', 'Venue', 'TossWinner', 'TossDecision', 'WinningTeam', 'WonBy']
for param in params:
   print("\n\nStatistics for", param)
   freq = df[param].value_counts()
```

```
freq_df = pd.DataFrame({param:freq.index, 'Frequency':freq.values})
print("Frequency Table")
print(freq_df)
print("\nMode")
print(df[param].mode())
print("\nBar Chart")
df[param].value_counts().plot(kind='bar')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()
print("\nPie Chart")
top = freq_df[:8].copy()
others = pd.DataFrame(data = {
    param : ['Others'],
    'Frequency' : [freq_df[8:]['Frequency'].sum()]
})
piedf = pd.concat([top, others])
piedf.groupby([param]).sum().plot(kind='pie', y='Frequency', figsize=(8,8), autopct='%1
plt.show()
print("\nBox Plot")
freq df.boxplot(column=['Frequency'], grid=False, color='black')
plt.show()
```

```
Statistics for City
Frequency Table
              City Frequency
0
            Mumbai
                           159
                            79
1
           Kolkata
2
             Delhi
                            78
3
           Chennai
                            67
4
         Bangalore
                            65
5
         Hyderabad
                            64
        Chandigarh
6
                            56
7
              Pune
                            51
8
            Jaipur
                            47
9
         Abu Dhabi
                            37
10
         Ahmedabad
                            19
11
         Bengaluru
                            15
                            15
12
            Durban
13
     Visakhapatnam
                            13
14
             Dubai
                            13
15
         Centurion
                            12
16
            Rajkot
                            10
17
           Sharjah
                            10
18
                             9
        Dharamsala
```

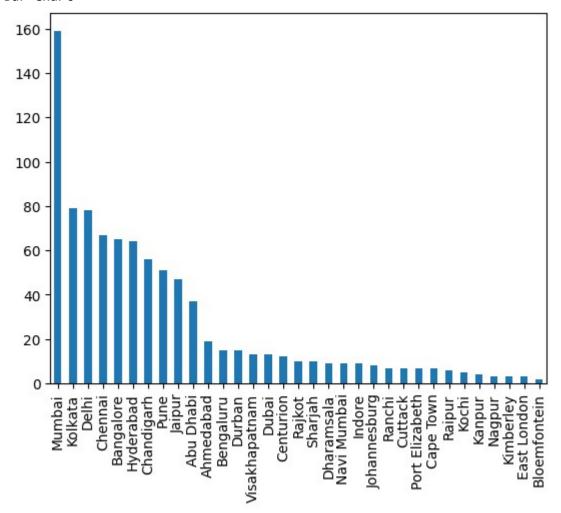
19	Navı Mumbaı	9
20	Indore	9
21	Johannesburg	8
22	Ranchi	7
23	Cuttack	7
24	Port Elizabeth	7
25	Cape Town	7
26	Raipur	6
27	Kochi	5
28	Kanpur	4
29	Nagpur	3
30	Kimberley	3
31	East London	3
32	Bloemfontein	2

Mode

0 Mumbai

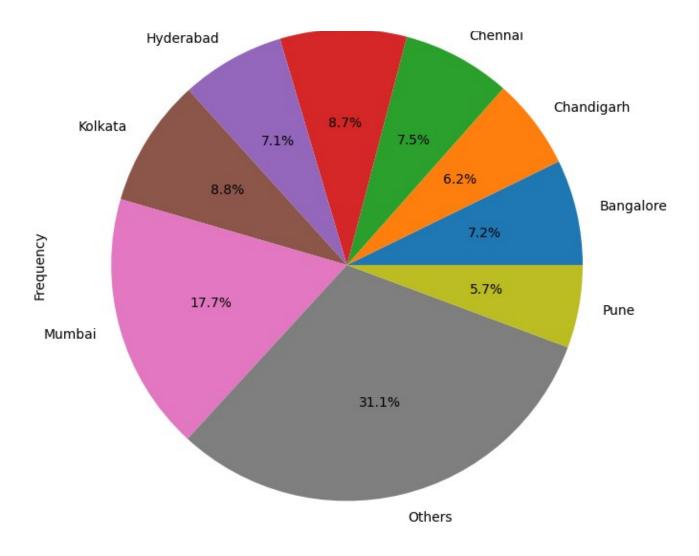
Name: City, dtype: object

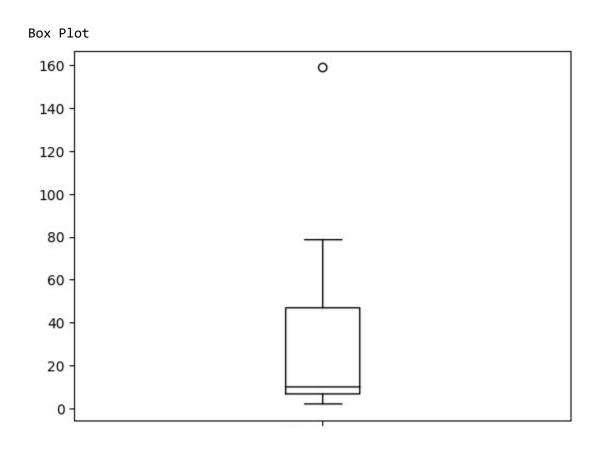
Bar Chart



Pie Chart

Delhi





Frequency

Statistics for Season Frequency Table

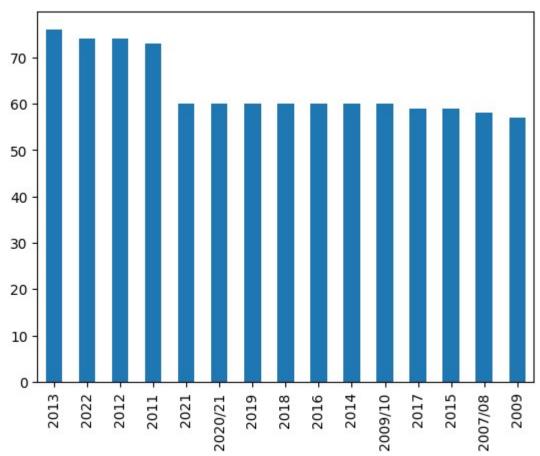
Season	Frequency
2013	76
2022	74
2012	74
2011	73
2021	60
2020/21	60
2019	60
2018	60
2016	60
2014	60
2009/10	60
2017	59
2015	59
2007/08	58
2009	57
	2013 2022 2012 2011 2021 2020/21 2019 2018 2016 2014 2009/10 2017 2015 2007/08

Mode

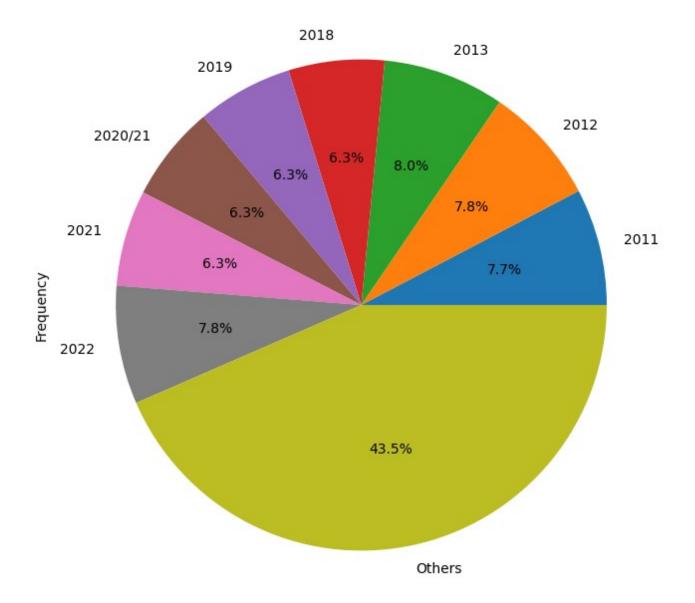
0 2013

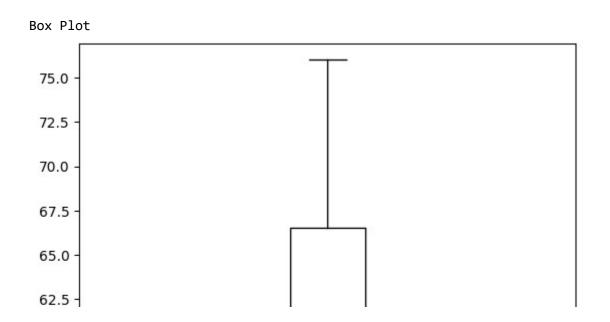
Name: Season, dtype: object

Bar Chart

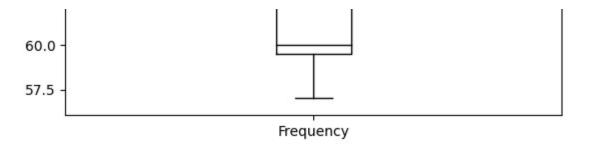


Pie Chart





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Statistics for Venue Frequency Table

	Venue	Frequency
0	Eden Gardens	77
1	Wankhede Stadium	
2		73
	M Chinnaswamy Stadium	65
3	Feroz Shah Kotla	60
4	Rajiv Gandhi International Stadium, Uppal	49
5	MA Chidambaram Stadium, Chepauk	48
6	Sawai Mansingh Stadium	47
7	Dubai International Cricket Stadium	46
8	Punjab Cricket Association Stadium, Mohali	35
9	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai	31
10	Sheikh Zayed Stadium	29
11	Sharjah Cricket Stadium	28
12	Maharashtra Cricket Association Stadium	22
13	Dr DY Patil Sports Academy, Mumbai	20
14	Dr DY Patil Sports Academy	17
15	Brabourne Stadium, Mumbai	17
16	Subrata Roy Sahara Stadium	16
17	Rajiv Gandhi International Stadium	15
18	Kingsmead	15
19	M.Chinnaswamy Stadium	15
20	Arun Jaitley Stadium	14
21	Dr. Y.S. Rajasekhara Reddy ACA-VDCA Cricket St	13
22	Maharashtra Cricket Association Stadium, Pune	13
23	SuperSport Park	12
24	Sardar Patel Stadium, Motera	12
25	Punjab Cricket Association IS Bindra Stadium,	11
26	Punjab Cricket Association IS Bindra Stadium	10
27	MA Chidambaram Stadium, Chepauk, Chennai	10
28	Saurashtra Cricket Association Stadium	10
29	Brabourne Stadium	10
30	Holkar Cricket Stadium	9
31	MA Chidambaram Stadium	9
32	Himachal Pradesh Cricket Association Stadium	9
33	New Wanderers Stadium	8
34	Zayed Cricket Stadium, Abu Dhabi	8
35	St George's Park	7
36	Narendra Modi Stadium, Ahmedabad	7
37	Barabati Stadium	7
38	JSCA International Stadium Complex	7
	•	_
39 40	Newlands Shahood Voon Nanayan Singh International Stadium	7
40	Shaheed Veer Narayan Singh International Stadium	6

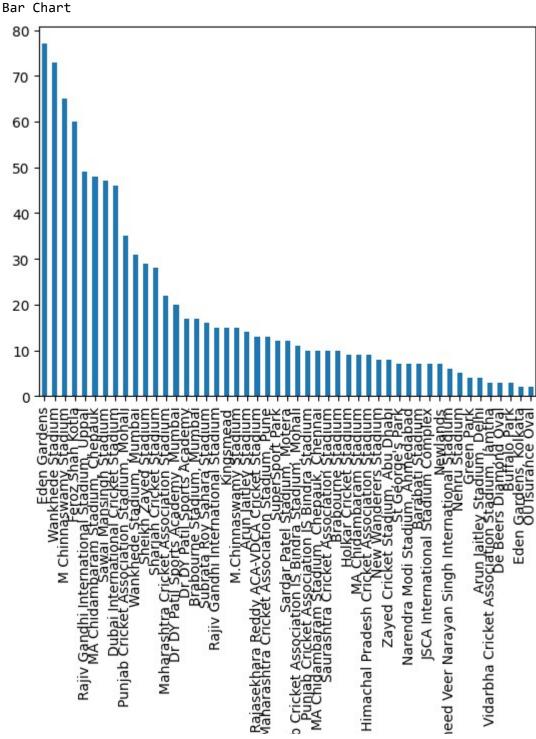
8 of 28

41	Nenru Stadium	5
42	Green Park	4
43	Arun Jaitley Stadium, Delhi	4
44	Vidarbha Cricket Association Stadium, Jamtha	3
45	De Beers Diamond Oval	3
46	Buffalo Park	3
47	Eden Gardens, Kolkata	2
48	OUTsurance Oval	2

Mode

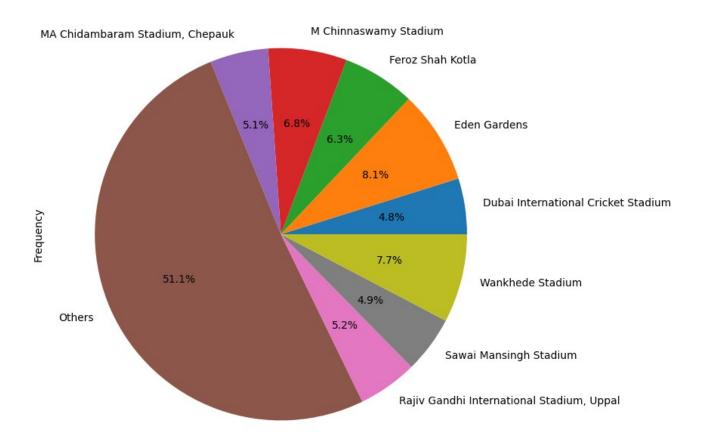
Eden Gardens

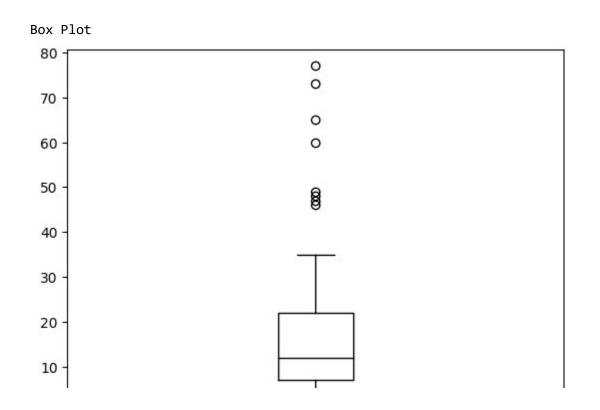
Name: Venue, dtype: object

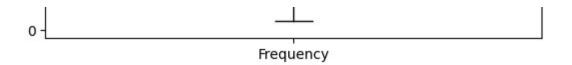




Pie Chart







Statistics for TossWinner Frequency Table

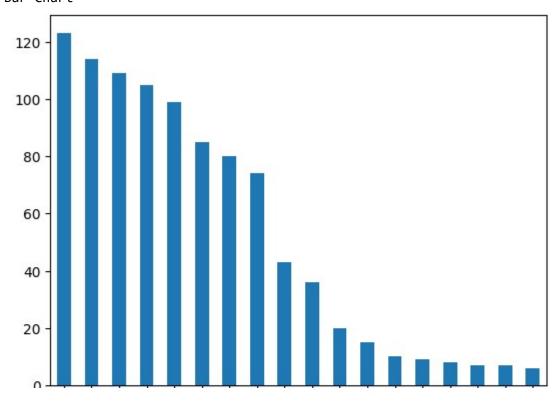
	TossWinner	Frequency
0	Mumbai Indians	123
1	Kolkata Knight Riders	114
2	Chennai Super Kings	109
3	Royal Challengers Bangalore	105
4	Rajasthan Royals	99
5	Kings XI Punjab	85
6	Delhi Daredevils	80
7	Sunrisers Hyderabad	74
8	Deccan Chargers	43
9	Delhi Capitals	36
10	Pune Warriors	20
11	Gujarat Lions	15
12	Gujarat Titans	10
13	Punjab Kings	9
14	Kochi Tuskers Kerala	8
15	Lucknow Super Giants	7
16	Rising Pune Supergiants	7
17	Rising Pune Supergiant	6

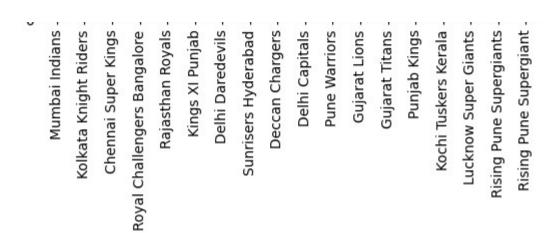
Mode

0 Mumbai Indians

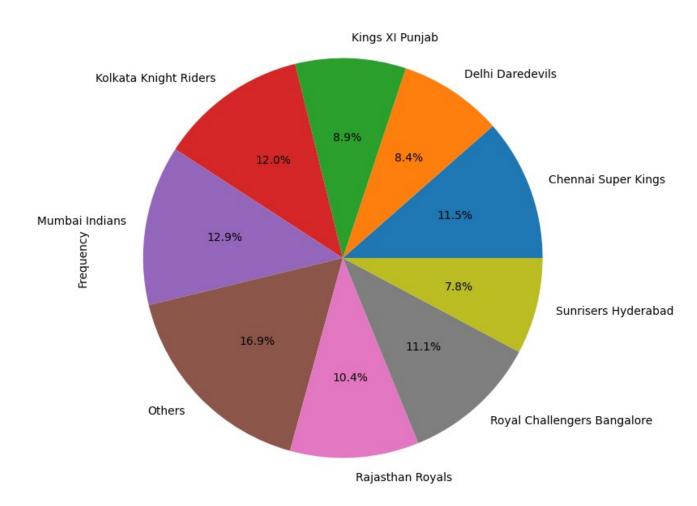
Name: TossWinner, dtype: object

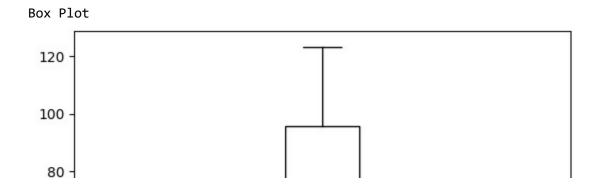
Bar Chart

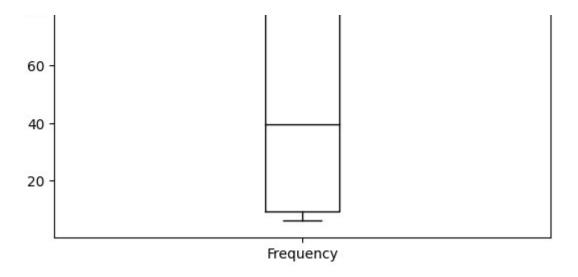




Pie Chart







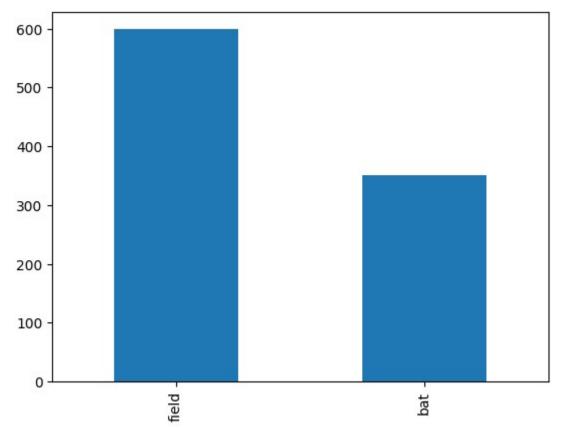
Statistics for TossDecision Frequency Table TossDecision Frequency 0 field 599 1 bat 351

Mode

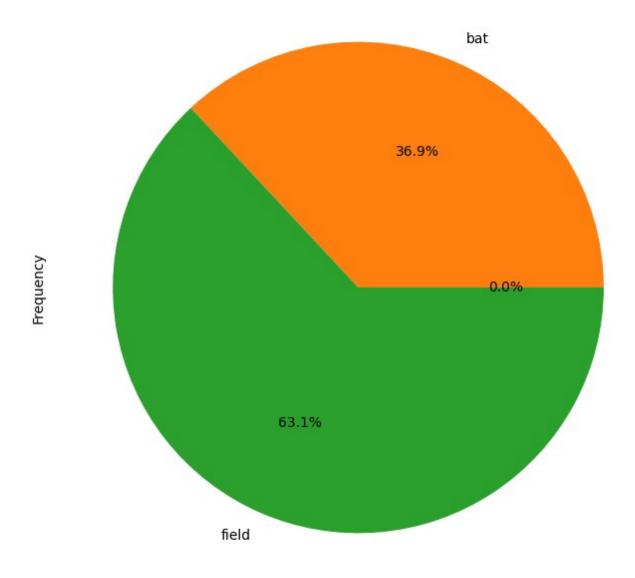
0 field

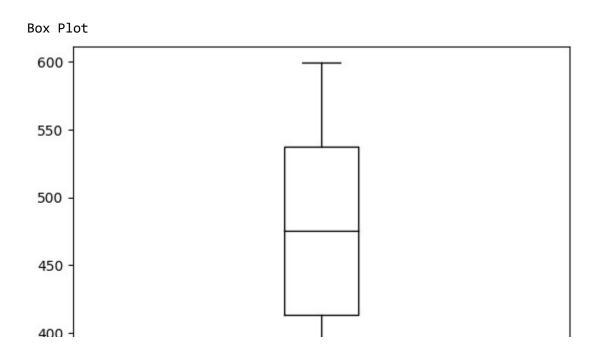
Name: TossDecision, dtype: object

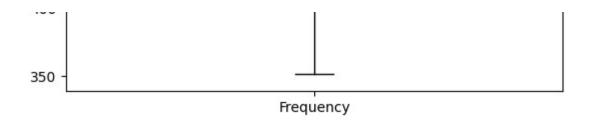
Bar Chart



Pie Chart







Statistics for WinningTeam Frequency Table

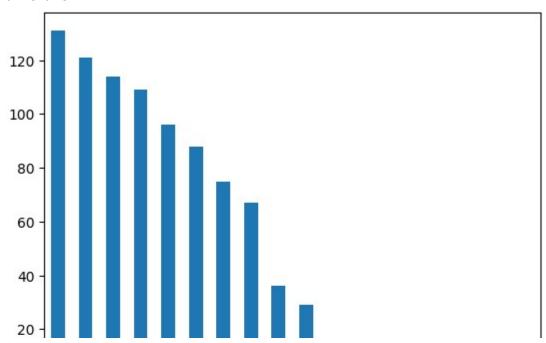
	WinningTeam	Frequency
0	Mumbai Indians	131
1	Chennai Super Kings	121
2	Kolkata Knight Riders	114
3	Royal Challengers Bangalore	109
4	Rajasthan Royals	96
5	Kings XI Punjab	88
6	Sunrisers Hyderabad	75
7	Delhi Daredevils	67
8	Delhi Capitals	36
9	Deccan Chargers	29
10	Gujarat Lions	13
11	Punjab Kings	13
12	Pune Warriors	12
13	Gujarat Titans	12
14	Rising Pune Supergiant	10
15	Lucknow Super Giants	9
16	Kochi Tuskers Kerala	6
17	Rising Pune Supergiants	5

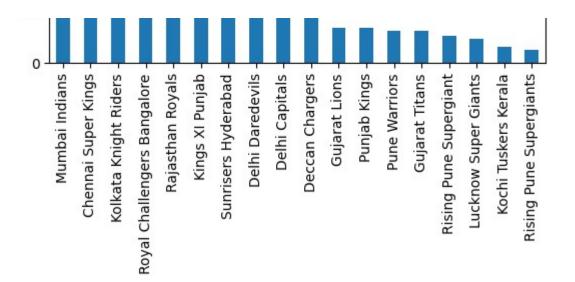
Mode

0 Mumbai Indians

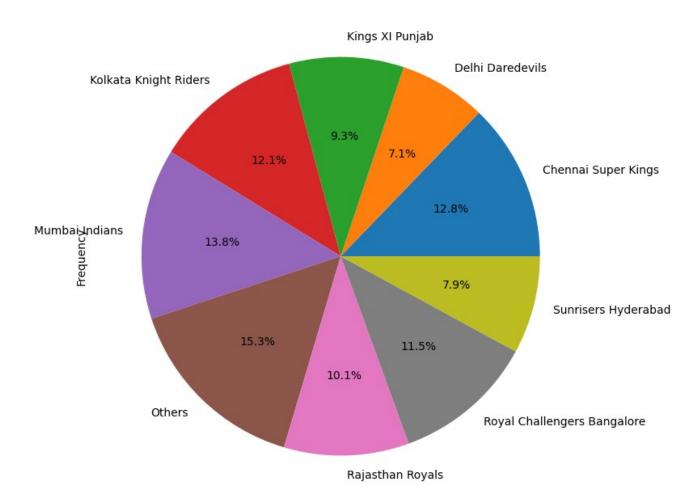
Name: WinningTeam, dtype: object

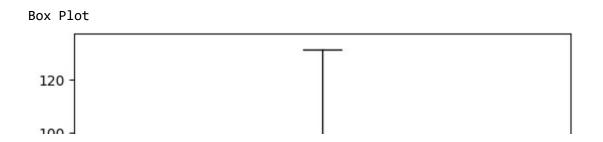
Bar Chart

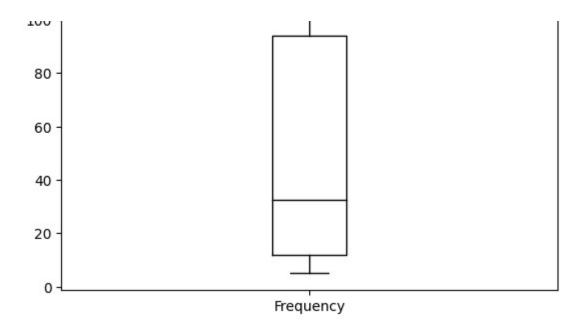




Pie Chart







Statistics for WonBy

Frequency Table

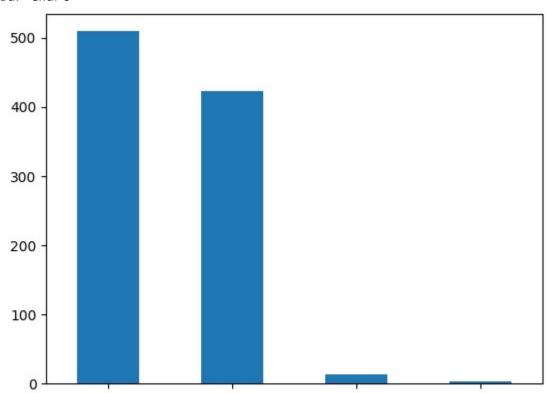
	WonBy	Frequency
0	Wickets	509
1	Runs	423
2	SuperOver	14
3	NoResults	4

Mode

0 Wickets

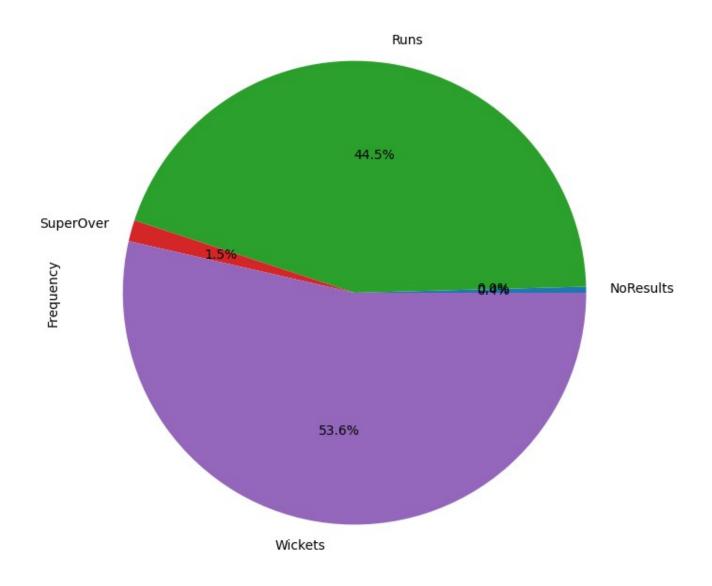
Name: WonBy, dtype: object

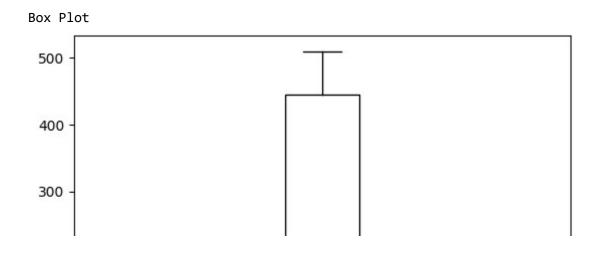
Bar Chart



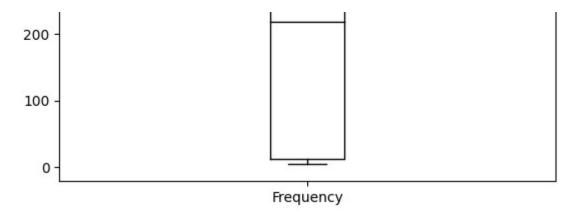


Pie Chart





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Quantitative Variables

```
# filter out win margins when match was won defending
# conver dataset into single variable "Margin"

rdf = df.filter(['WonBy', 'Margin'])

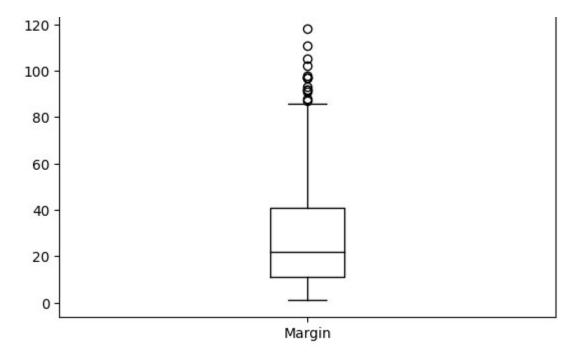
# WonBy (NoResult, Wickets, Runs, SuperOver)
rdf = rdf.query('WonBy == "Runs"')

margins = rdf.filter(['Margin'])

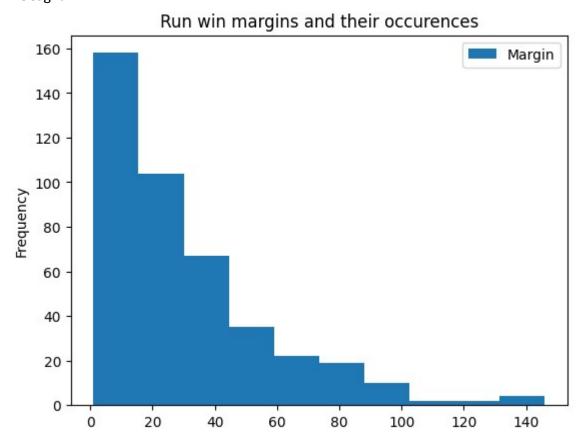
print("The size of the cleaned dataset is:", margins.size, "records")
print("")
print("And it has the following data:\n", margins)
```

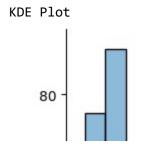
The size of the cleaned dataset is: 423 records And it has the following data: Margin 2 14.0 8 2.0 9 3.0 10 17.0 24.0 11 935 13.0 940 66.0 942 6.0 948 33.0 949 140.0 [423 rows x 1 columns] # Measures of central tendency print("Mean win run margin is:", margins['Margin'].mean(), "\n") # Measures of dispersion print("Standard Deviation of win run margin is:", margins['Margin'].std(), "\n") print("Variance of win run margin is:", margins['Margin'].var(), "\n") min = margins['Margin'].min() max = margins['Margin'].max() range = max - min print("Min: ", min, "Max: ", max, "Range: ", range) print("") q3, q1 = np.percentile(margins['Margin'], [75,25]) iqr = q3 - q1print("Q1: ", q1, "Q3: ", q3, "IQR: ", iqr) print("") skewness = margins['Margin'].skew() print("Skewness:", skewness) if skewness < -1: print("The distribution is highly negatively skewed.") elif skewness >= -1 and skewness < -0.5: print("The distribution is moderately negatively skewed.") elif skewness >= -0.5 and skewness < 0.5: print("The distribution is approximately symmetric.") elif skewness >= 0.5 and skewness < 1: print("The distribution is moderately positively skewed.") else: print("The distribution is highly positively skewed.") print("")

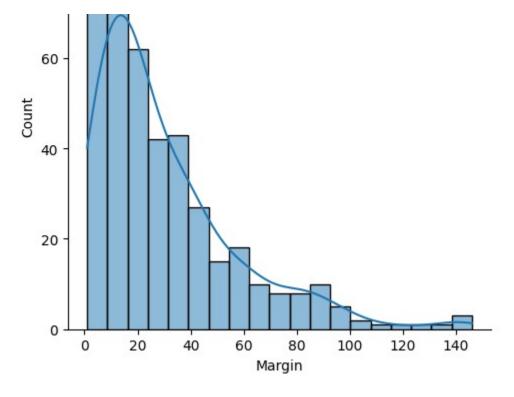
```
r· -··· /
kurtosis = margins['Margin'].kurt()
print("Kurtosis:", kurtosis)
if kurtosis < 0:
    print("The distribution is platykurtic (lighter tails than normal).")
elif kurtosis > 0:
    print("The distribution is leptokurtic (heavier tails than normal).")
    print("The distribution is mesokurtic (normal kurtosis).")
print("")
     Mean win run margin is: 30.073286052009458
     Standard Deviation of win run margin is: 26.78573611236935
     Variance of win run margin is: 717.4756590814874
     Min: 1.0 Max: 146.0 Range: 145.0
     Q1: 11.0 Q3: 41.0 IQR: 30.0
     Skewness: 1.5983821952655934
     The distribution is highly positively skewed.
     Kurtosis: 2.865078044947995
     The distribution is leptokurtic (heavier tails than normal).
print("\nBoxplot")
margins.boxplot(column=['Margin'], grid=False, color='black')
plt.show()
print("\nHistogram")
margins.plot(kind='hist', title='Run win margins and their occurences', xlabel='Run win mar
plt.show()
print("\nKDE Plot")
sns.displot(data=margins, x="Margin", kde=True)
plt.show()
print("\nQQ Plot")
sm.qqplot(margins['Margin'], line='s')
plt.show()
     Boxplot
```

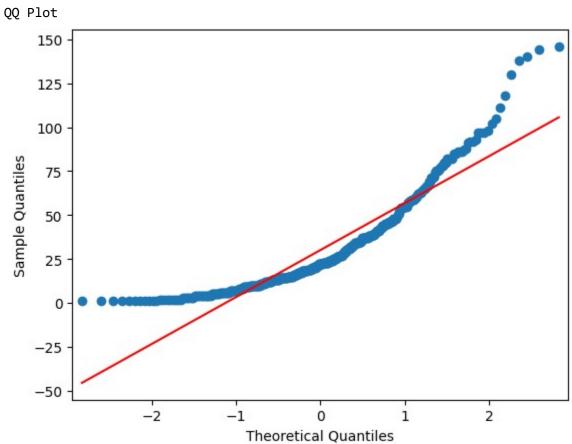


Histogram









filter out win margins when match was won chasing
convert dataset into single variable "Margin"

rdf = df.filter(['WonBy', 'Margin'])

```
# WonBy (NoResult, Wickets, Runs, SuperOver)
rdf = rdf.query('WonBy == "Wickets"')
margins = rdf.filter(['Margin'])
print("The size of the cleaned dataset is:", margins.size, "records")
print("")
print("And it has the following data:\n", margins)
     The size of the cleaned dataset is: 509 records
     And it has the following data:
           Margin
     0
             7.0
     1
             7.0
             7.0
     3
     4
             5.0
     5
             5.0
             . . .
             9.0
     943
     944
             6.0
     945
             5.0
     946
             5.0
     947
             9.0
     [509 rows x 1 columns]
# Measures of central tendency
print("Median win wicket margin is:", margins['Margin'].median())
print("")
print("Frequency table")
print(margins['Margin'].value_counts())
print("")
print("Mode win wicket margin is:")
print(margins['Margin'].mode())
print("")
     Median win wicket margin is: 6.0
     Frequency table
     6.0
             104
     7.0
             102
     5.0
              90
     8.0
              69
     4.0
              49
     9.0
              44
     3.0
              25
     10.0
              15
     2.0
               8
     1.0
               3
     Nama. Mangin dtvna. intel
```

```
Name, margin, ucype, incoa
     Mode win wicket margin is:
          6.0
     Name: Margin, dtype: float64
# Measures of dispersion
min = margins['Margin'].min()
max = margins['Margin'].max()
range = max - min
print("Min: ", min, "Max: ", max, "Range: ", range)
print("")
q3, q1 = np.percentile(margins['Margin'], [75,25])
iqr = q3 - q1
print("Q1: ", q1, "Q3: ", q3, "IQR: ", iqr)
print("")
skewness = margins['Margin'].skew()
print("Skewness:", skewness)
if skewness < -1:
    print("The distribution is highly negatively skewed.")
elif skewness >= -1 and skewness < -0.5:
    print("The distribution is moderately negatively skewed.")
elif skewness >= -0.5 and skewness < 0.5:
    print("The distribution is approximately symmetric.")
elif skewness >= 0.5 and skewness < 1:
    print("The distribution is moderately positively skewed.")
    print("The distribution is highly positively skewed.")
print("")
kurtosis = margins['Margin'].kurt()
print("Kurtosis:", kurtosis)
if kurtosis < 0:
    print("The distribution is platykurtic (lighter tails than normal).")
elif kurtosis > 0:
    print("The distribution is leptokurtic (heavier tails than normal).")
else:
    print("The distribution is mesokurtic (normal kurtosis).")
print("")
     Min: 1.0 Max: 10.0 Range: 9.0
     Q1: 5.0 Q3: 8.0 IQR: 3.0
     Skewness: -0.15206026931294128
```

```
Ine distribution is approximately symmetric.

Kurtosis: -0.2931899308857573
The distribution is platykurtic (lighter tails than normal).

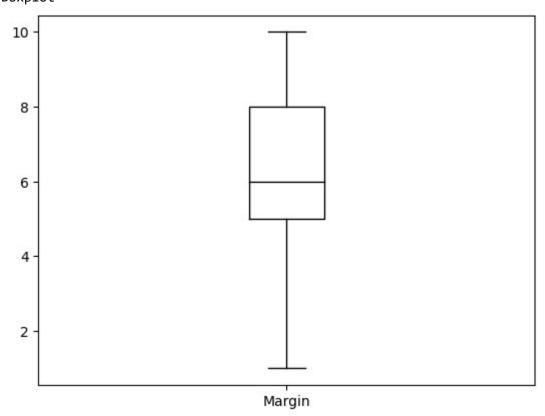
print("\nBoxplot")
margins.boxplot(column=['Margin'], grid=False, color='black')
plt.show()

print("\nHistogram")
margins.plot(kind='hist', title='Wicket win margins and their occurences', xlabel='Run win plt.show()

print("\nKDE Plot")
sns.displot(data=margins, x="Margin", kde=True)
plt.show()

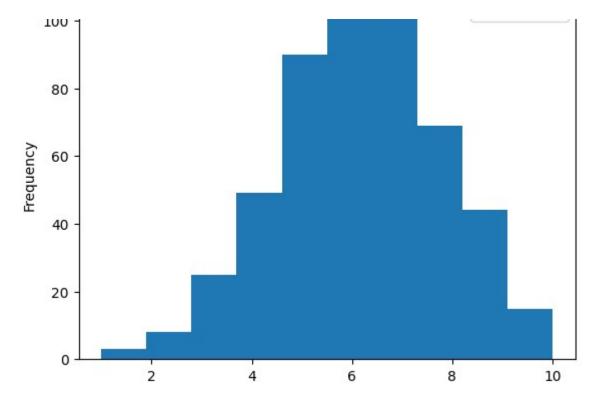
print("\nQQ Plot")
sm.qqplot(margins['Margin'], line='s')
plt.show()
```

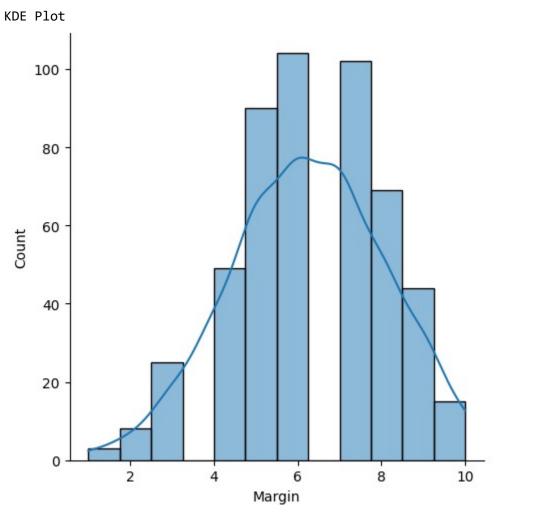
Boxplot



Histogram

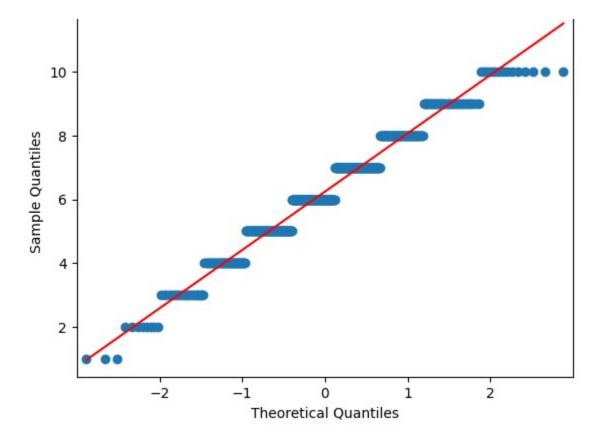






QQ Plot

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