一、实验目的

掌握从正则表达式构造 NFA 的算法

二、实验内容与实验要求

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- 二、实验内容
- 1.输入:一个正则表达式(例如"(a|b)*abb");输出:对应的一个NFA(可以不用图形表示);
- 2.编制测试程序;
- 3.调试程序;

三、 设计方案与算法描述

把正则表达式解析成一颗树, 再从语法树构建 nfa

四、测试结果

测试例子

```
#or
a|b
#conn
aba
#closure
(a|b)*
bb(a|b)*a
```

结果

五、 源代码

```
#include <cassert>
#include <cstdint>
#include <iostream>
#include <iterator>
#include <memory>
#include <optional>
#include <set>
#include <string>
#include <string_view>
#include <unordered_map>
#include <unordered set>
#include <utility>
#include <vector>
using std::array;
using std::move;
using std::optional;
using std::shared_ptr;
using std::string;
using std::string_view;
using std::unordered_map;
using std::unordered_set;
using std::vector;
constexpr char EPSILON = '#';
struct Parser;
struct NFA {
public:
 struct Node {
 public:
  struct AdjEnrty {
   bool valid;
   char via;
   Node *to;
   AdjEnrty(char via, Node *to): via(via), to(to), valid(true) {}
   AdjEnrty(): via('\0'), to(nullptr), valid(false) {}
  };
  // 对于正则表达式生成的 nfa 来说, 每一个节点至多有两个出边
  struct Adj: array<AdjEnrty, 2> {
   void insert(char via, Node *to) {
```

```
if (auto &entry0 = this->at(0); !entry0.valid) {
    entry0 = AdjEnrty(via, to);
  } else if (auto &entry1 = this->at(1); !entry1.valid) {
    entry1 = AdjEnrty(via, to);
  } else {
    assert(false);
  }
 }
};
static constexpr int UNALLOC_ID = -1;
Node(): id(UNALLOC_ID), adj() {}
void set_to(char via, Node *to) { this->adj.insert(via, to); }
bool is terminal() {
 return !this->adj.at(0).valid && !this->adj.at(1).valid;
}
void alloc_state(int &allocator) {
 if (this->id != UNALLOC_ID) {
  return;
 } else {
  this->id = allocator;
  allocator++;
  if (auto &entry0 = this->adj.at(0); entry0.valid) {
    entry0.to->alloc state(allocator);
  }
  if (auto &entry1 = this->adj.at(1); entry1.valid) {
    entry1.to->alloc_state(allocator);
  }
 }
}
void print(unordered_set<Node *> &visited) {
 if (visited.find(this) != visited.end()) {
  return;
 }
 visited.insert(this);
 if (auto &entry0 = this->adj.at(0); entry0.valid) {
  std::cout << this->id << "--" << entry0.via << "-->" << entry0.to->id
         << std::endl;
  entry0.to->print(visited);
 }
 if (auto &entry1 = this->adj.at(1); entry1.valid) {
  std::cout << this->id << "--" << entry1.via << "-->" << entry1.to->id
```

```
<< std::endl;
     entry1.to->print(visited);
   }
  }
  int id;
  Adj adj;
 };
 Node *start;
 Node *end;
 int cnt;
 NFA(Node *start, Node *end) : start(start), end(end), cnt(0) {}
 NFA *alloc_state() {
  auto allocator = 0;
  this->start->alloc_state(allocator);
  cnt = allocator;
  return this;
 }
 void print() {
  auto visited = unordered_set<Node *>();
  std::cout << "start: " << this->start->id << std::endl;
  std::cout << "end: " << this->end->id << std::endl;
  std::cout << "count: " << this->cnt << std::endl;
  this->start->print(visited);
};
struct RegExp {
 virtual NFA to_nfa() { assert(false); }
 virtual string to_string() { assert(false); }
};
struct CharExp : RegExp {
 char ch;
 CharExp(char ch) : ch(ch) {}
 NFA to_nfa() override {
  auto start = new NFA::Node();
  auto end = new NFA::Node();
  start->set_to(ch, end);
  return NFA(start, end);
 }
 string to_string() override { return string(1, ch); }
};
```

```
struct ClosureExp : RegExp {
 RegExp *inner;
 ClosureExp(RegExp *inner) : inner(inner) {}
 NFA to_nfa() override {
  auto nfa = inner->to_nfa();
  auto inner_start = nfa.start;
  auto inner_end = nfa.end;
  auto start = new NFA::Node();
  auto end = new NFA::Node();
  start->set_to(EPSILON, inner_start);
  start->set to(EPSILON, end);
  inner end->set to(EPSILON, inner start);
  inner_end->set_to(EPSILON, end);
  return NFA(start, end);
 }
 string to_string() override { return "(" + inner->to_string() + ")*"; }
};
struct OrExp : RegExp {
 RegExp *case_a;
 RegExp *case b;
 OrExp(RegExp *case_a, RegExp *case_b): case_a(case_a), case_b(case_b) {}
 NFA to nfa() override {
  auto nfa_a = case_a->to_nfa();
  auto nfa b = case b->to nfa();
  auto start = new NFA::Node();
  auto end = new NFA::Node();
  start->set to(EPSILON, nfa a.start);
  start->set_to(EPSILON, nfa_b.start);
  nfa a.end->set to(EPSILON, end);
  nfa_b.end->set_to(EPSILON, end);
  return NFA(start, end);
 string to_string() override {
  return "(" + case_a->to_string() + "|" + case_b->to_string() + ")";
 }
};
struct ConnExp : RegExp {
 RegExp *head;
 RegExp *tail;
 ConnExp(RegExp *head, RegExp *tail) : head(head), tail(tail) {}
 NFA to_nfa() override {
  auto head nfa = head->to nfa();
```

```
auto tail_nfa = tail->to_nfa();
  head_nfa.end->set_to(EPSILON, tail_nfa.start);
  return NFA(head_nfa.start, tail_nfa.end);
 string to_string() override { return head->to_string() + tail->to_string(); }
};
struct Parser {
 Parser(string_view input) : stream(input) {
  auto ch = this->stream.next();
  assert(ch != EOL);
  this->cur = ch;
 }
 RegExp *parse() {
  auto ret = this->parse_exp();
  assert(!this->next());
  return ret;
 }
private:
 struct Stream {
 public:
  string_view input;
  Stream(string_view input) : input(input) {}
  char next() {
   if (this->input.empty()) {
     return EOL;
   }
    return this->pop();
  }
 private:
  char pop() {
    auto ret = this->input[0];
   this->input = this->input.substr(1);
    return ret;
  }
 };
 static constexpr char STAR = '*';
 static constexpr char OR = '|';
 static constexpr char LEFT_PAREN = '(';
 static constexpr char RIGHT_PAREN = ')';
```

```
static constexpr char EOL = '\0';
Stream stream;
char cur;
bool next() {
 this->cur = this->stream.next();
 return this->cur != EOL;
}
bool has_next() { return this->cur != EOL; }
RegExp *parse exp() {
 auto left = this->parse term();
 while (this->has_next() && this->cur == OR) {
  assert(this->next());
  auto right = this->parse_term();
  left = new OrExp(left, right);
 return left;
}
RegExp *parse term() {
 auto head = this->parse_atomic();
 while (this->has next() && this->cur != OR && this->cur != RIGHT PAREN) {
  auto tail = this->parse_atomic();
  head = new ConnExp(head, tail);
}
 return head;
}
// 单个字符构成的字符表达式或者是被括号包裹的表达式
RegExp *parse atomic() {
 if (this->cur == LEFT PAREN) {
  assert(this->next());
  auto inner = this->parse_exp();
  assert(this->cur == RIGHT_PAREN);
  if (this->next() && this->consume star()) {
   return new ClosureExp(inner);
  } else {
   return inner;
  }
 } else {
  assert(this->cur != RIGHT_PAREN && this->cur != OR && this->cur != STAR &&
      this->cur != EOL);
```

```
auto regexp = new CharExp(this->cur);
   if (this->next() && this->consume_star()) {
     return new ClosureExp(regexp);
   } else {
     return regexp;
   }
  }
 }
 // 检测否有*, 如果有则消耗掉直到 this.cur != *返回 true,
 // 否则返回 false
 bool consume_star() {
  if (this->cur == STAR) {
   while (this->next() && this->cur == STAR) {
   return true;
  } else {
   return false;
  }
}
};
#include "../../common/comm.hpp"
#include "./nfa_from_regexp.hpp"
#include <algorithm>
#include <cassert>
#include <cstdio>
#include <iostream>
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
 assert(argc == 2);
 auto file = argv[1];
 auto content = Util::read_file_to_string(file);
 auto regexs = Util::lines(content);
 for (auto regex : regexs) {
  std::cout << regex << std::endl;
  Parser(regex).parse()->to_nfa().alloc_state()->print();
  getchar();
 return 0;
}
```