

Basic Probability

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(X) &= E(X - EX)^2 \\ &= EX^2 - (EX)^2 \\ &= EX(X - 1) + EX - (EX)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$M_X(t) = E(e^{tX})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cov}(X, Y) &= E(X - E(X))(Y - E(Y)) \\ &= E(XY) - E(X)E(Y) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(aX + bY) &= a^2 \text{Var}(X) + b^2 \text{Var}(Y) \\ &\quad + 2ab \text{Cov}(X, Y) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Correlation: } \rho_{X,Y} = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(X)\text{Var}(Y)}}$$

$$f_{X_{(k)}}(x) = k \binom{n}{k} f(x) [F(x)]^{k-1} [1 - F(x)]^{n-k}$$

$$\text{Independence: } F_{X,Y}(x, y) = F_X(x)F_Y(y), \forall x, y$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = 0, \text{ if } X, Y \text{ independent}$$

Discrete Uniform (1, N)

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{N}, \text{ if } x = 1, 2, \dots, N, \quad F_X(x) = \frac{x}{N}$$

$$E(X) = \frac{N+1}{2}, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \frac{N^2-1}{12}$$

$$M_X(t) = \frac{e^t - e^{(N+1)t}}{N(1 - e^t)}$$

Discrete Uniform (N_0, N_1)

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{N_1 - N_0 + 1}, \text{ if } x = N_0, N_0 + 1, \dots, N_1$$

$$F_X(x) = \frac{x - N_0 + 1}{N_1 - N_0 + 1}, \text{ if } x = N_0, N_0 + 1, \dots, N_1$$

$$E(X) = \frac{N_1 + N_0}{2}$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \frac{(N_1 - N_0)(N_1 - N_0 + 2)}{12}$$

$$M_X(t) = \frac{e^{N_0 t} - e^{(N_1+1)t}}{(N_1 - N_0 + 1)(1 - e^t)}$$

Hypergeometric (N, M, n)

$$p_X(x) = \frac{\binom{M}{x} \binom{N-M}{n-x}}{\binom{N}{n}}, \text{ if } x = 0, 1, \dots, n$$

$$E(X) = \frac{nM}{N}, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \frac{nM}{N} \left(1 - \frac{M}{N}\right) \left(\frac{N-n}{N-1}\right)$$

Bernoulli (p)

$$p_X(x) = p^x (1-p)^{1-x}, \text{ if } x = 0, 1$$

$$E(X) = p, \quad \text{Var}(X) = p(1-p)$$

$$M_X(t) = (1-p) + pe^t$$

Binomial (n, p)

$$p_X(x) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}, \text{ if } x = 0, 1, \dots, n$$

$$E(X) = np, \quad \text{Var}(X) = np(1-p)$$

$$M_X(t) = (1-p + pe^t)^n$$

Geometric (p)

$$p_X(x) = p(1-p)^{x-1}, \text{ if } x = 1, 2, \dots$$

$$E(X) = \frac{1}{p}, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \frac{1-p}{p^2}$$

$$M_X(t) = \frac{pe^t}{1 - (1-p)e^t}$$

Negative Binomial (r, p)

$$p_X(x) = \binom{x-1}{r-1} p^r (1-p)^{x-r}, \text{ if } x = r, r+1, \dots$$

$$E(X) = \frac{r}{p}, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \frac{r(1-p)}{p^2}$$

Poisson (λ)

$$p_X(x) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!}, \text{ if } x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$F_X(x) = e^{-\lambda} \sum_{i=0}^x \frac{\lambda^i}{i!}$$

$$E(X) = \lambda, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \lambda$$

$$M_X(t) = e^{\lambda(e^t - 1)}$$

Continuous Uniform (a, b)

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{b-a}, \text{ if } a < x < b$$

$$E(X) = \frac{a+b}{2}, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$$

$$M_X(t) = \frac{e^{tb} - e^{ta}}{t(b-a)}, 1 \text{ if } t = 0$$

Gamma (α, β)

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\beta^\alpha} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\frac{x}{\beta}}, \text{ if } x > 0$$

$$E(X) = \alpha\beta, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \alpha\beta^2$$

$$M_X(t) = (1 - \beta t)^{-\alpha}$$

Exponential (β)

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\beta^\alpha} e^{-\frac{x}{\beta}}, \text{ if } x > 0$$

$$X \sim \text{Gamma}(1, \beta)$$

$$E(X) = \beta, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \beta^2$$

$$M_X(t) = (1 - \beta t)^{-1}$$

Chi-Squared (p)

$$X \sim \text{Gamma}\left(\frac{p}{2}, 2\right)$$

Beta (α, β)

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{B(\alpha, \beta)} x^{\alpha-1} (1-x)^{\beta-1}, \text{ if } x \in (0, 1)$$

$$E(X) = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta}, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \frac{\alpha\beta}{(\alpha + \beta)^2(\alpha + \beta + 1)}$$

$$M_X(t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{B(\alpha + n, \beta)}{B(\alpha, \beta)} \frac{t^n}{n!}$$

Normal (μ, σ)

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2} \text{ if } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$M_X(t) = e^{\mu t + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 t^2}$$

General Equations

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} e^{-t} dt, \quad \alpha > 0$$

$$\Gamma(\alpha + 1) = \alpha \Gamma(\alpha) \quad \Gamma(\alpha) = (\alpha - 1)! \quad \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$$

$$B(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)}{\Gamma(\alpha + \beta)} = \int_0^1 x^{\alpha-1} (1-x)^{\beta-1} dx$$

$$\sum_{x=1}^N x = \frac{N(N+1)}{2} \quad \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} ar^n = \frac{a}{1-r}$$

$$\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!} = \frac{n}{r} \binom{n-1}{r-1}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{c}{n}\right)^{-n} = e^c \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{a}{n}\right)^n = e^{-a}$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n a^{x_i} = a^{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i} \quad \prod_{i=1}^n cx_i = c^n \prod_{i=1}^n x_i$$

Unit 1 Material

$$X \sim N_n(\mu, \Sigma) \& Y = AX + b$$

$$\implies Y \sim N_m(A\mu + b, A\Sigma A^T)$$

$$M_{X_n}(t) = M(t) \text{ for } |b| \leq h_1 \implies X_n \xrightarrow{D} X$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P[|X_n - X| \geq \epsilon] = 0 \implies X_n \xrightarrow{P} X$$

$$\text{CLT: } \frac{\sqrt{n}(\bar{x}_n - \mu)}{\sigma}$$

$$\Delta \text{ Theorem: } \sqrt{n}(g(\bar{X}) - g(\mu)) \sim N(0, g'(\mu)^2 \sigma^2)$$

$$\text{MLE: } L(\theta) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(x_i; \theta)$$

$$\frac{\delta \log(L(\theta))}{\delta \theta} = 0 \text{ gives } \hat{\theta}_{mle}$$

$$\text{MME: } EX, \text{ solve for } \theta$$

Unbiased Estimator of θ

$$E(X) = r(\theta)$$

Fisher Number

$$I_n(\theta) = E_\theta \left(\frac{d \ln f(x; \theta)}{d\theta} \right)^2 \\ = -E_\theta \left(\frac{d^2 \ln f(x; \theta)}{d\theta^2} \right)$$

Cramer-Rao Lower Bound

$$\text{CRLB} = \frac{1}{n\theta}$$

Efficient estimator if $\text{Var}(Y) = \text{CRLB}$

Asymptotic Efficiency

$$c(\hat{\theta}_{1n}) = \frac{1/I(\theta_0)}{\sigma_{\hat{\theta}_{1n}}^2} = \frac{\text{CRLB}}{\text{Var}(Y)}$$

Asymptotic Relative Efficiency

$$\text{ARE: } e(\hat{\theta}_{1n}, \hat{\theta}_{2n}) = \frac{\sigma_{\hat{\theta}_{2n}}^2}{\sigma_{\hat{\theta}_{1n}}^2}$$

Asymptotic Distribution

$$\sqrt{n}(\theta_{mle} - \theta) \xrightarrow{D} N\left(0, \frac{1}{I(\theta)}\right)$$

Risk Function

$$R(\theta, \delta) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} L[\theta, \delta] f_Y(y; \theta) dy \\ = E(L[\theta, \delta])$$