

SQL Basics Assignment

Q1) Create a CITY table with the following column.

The **CITY** table is described as follows:

CITY

Field	Type
ID	NUMBER
NAME	VARCHAR2(17)
COUNTRYCODE	VARCHAR2(3)
DISTRICT	VARCHAR2(20)
POPULATION	NUMBER

Query all columns for all American cities in the **CITY** table with populations larger than 100000. The **CountryCode** for America is USA.

Sample input:

```
|3878| Scottsdale | USA | Arizona | 202705 |
|3965| Corona      | USA | California | 90000 |
|3973| Concord       | USA | California | 121780 |
|3977| Cedar Rapids | USA | Iowa      | 120758 |
|3982| Coral Springs| USA | Florida   | 87456 |
```

Sample output:

```
|3878| Scottsdale | USA | Arizona | 202705 |
|3973| Concord     | USA | California | 121780 |
|3977| Cedar Rapids| USA | Iowa      | 120758 |
```

Q2) Query the total population of all cities in CITY where District is California

The **CITY** table is described as follows:

CITY

Field	Type
ID	NUMBER
NAME	VARCHAR2(17)
COUNTRYCODE	VARCHAR2(3)
DISTRICT	VARCHAR2(20)
POPULATION	NUMBER

Sample input:

```
|3878| Scottsdale | USA | Arizona | 202705 |
|3965| Corona      | USA | California | 90000 |
|3973| Concord       | USA | California | 121780 |
|3977| Cedar Rapids  | USA | Iowa      | 120758 |
|3982| Coral Springs | USA | Florida   | 87456 |
```

Sample output:

211780

Q3) Query the average population for all cities in CITY, rounded down to the nearest integer.

The **CITY** table is described as follows:

CITY

Field	Type
ID	NUMBER
NAME	VARCHAR2(17)
COUNTRYCODE	VARCHAR2(3)
DISTRICT	VARCHAR2(20)
POPULATION	NUMBER

Sample input:

3878	Scottsdale		USA		Arizona		202705	
3965	Corona		USA		California		90000	
3973	Concord		USA		California		121780	
3977	Cedar Rapids		USA		Iowa		120758	
3982	Coral Springs		USA		Florida		87456	

Sample output:

124540