



Master Informatique EID2

Deep Learning

TP 4 : Apprentissage profond pour la classification et la transformation d'espace

La classification avec l'apprentissage profond

```
1 #@title Importation Library
2 import numpy as np
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4 import sklearn.datasets
5 from sklearn import decomposition
6 from tensorflow import keras
7 from tensorflow.keras import layers
```

Model_exec

```
1 #@title Model_exec
 2 def Model_exec(batch_size, nbr_neural, epochs, activation_function='relu', output_activation=False):
 3 inputs = keras.Input(shape=(784,), name='digits')
 4 x = layers.Dense(nbr_neural, activation=activation_function, name='dense_1')(inputs)
    if output_activation :
      outputs = layers.Dense(10,activation=output_activation, name='predictions')(x)
 8
      outputs = layers.Dense(10, name='predictions')(x)
 9 model = keras.Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
10 (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = keras.datasets.mnist.load_data()
11 x_train = x_train.reshape(60000, 784).astype('float32') / 255
12
    x_test = x_test.reshape(10000, 784).astype('float32') / 255
13 y_train = y_train.astype('float32')
14  y_test = y_test.astype('float32')
15 x_val = x_train[-10000:]
16  y_val = y_train[-10000:]
17  x_train = x_train[:-10000]
18  y_train = y_train[:-10000]
19
    model.compile(optimizer=keras.optimizers.RMSprop(learning_rate=1), # Optimizer
                   # Loss function to minimize
21
                   loss=keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True),
                   # List of metrics to monitor
22
23
                  metrics=['sparse_categorical_accuracy'])
24 print('# Fit model on training data')
25 history = model.fit(x_train, y_train,
26
                         batch_size=batch_size,
27
                         epochs=epochs,
                         validation_data=(x_val, y_val))
28
    print('history dict:', history.history)
```

Sigmoid 100 neurones

```
1 #@title Sigmoid 100 neurones
2 Model_exec(nbr_neural=100,batch_size=100,epochs=1, activation_function='sigmoid')
```

Outputsoftmax 5 Iterations

```
1 #@title Outputsoftmax 5 Iterations
2 Model_exec(nbr_neural=20 ,batch_size=1000,epochs=5, output_Activation_function='softmax' , activation_function='sigmoid')
```

Outputsoftmax 20 Iterations

```
1 #@title Outputsoftmax 20 Iterations
2 Model_exec(nbr_neural=20 ,batch_size=1000,epochs=20, output_Activation_function='softmax' , activation_function='sigmoid')
# Fit model on training data
Epoch 1/2.

50/50 [=====

Epoch 2/20

50/50 [====

Shoch 3/20
  .
50/50 [====
Epoch 4/20
Epoch :
 5/20
  Epoch 7/20
50/50 [===
Epoch 8/20
   ========== ] - 0s 7ms/step - loss: 2.1687 - sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.2914 - val_loss: 2.1666 - val_sparse_categorical_accuracy: 0.2944
50/50 [====
Epoch 9/20
50/50 F=
  Epoch 10/20
  50,
Epoch 11,
50/50 [=====
30ch 12/20
  50/50 [====
Epoch 13/20
50/50 T==
  Enoch 14/20
50/50
  50/50 [====:
Epoch 16/20
50/50 [====:
Epoch 17/20
    Epoch 18/20
   50/50 F=
Enoch 19/20
50/50
 20/20
```

Outputsoftmax 50 Iterations

Auto-Encoder

```
1 #@title Importation Pour AutoEncoder
2 from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Input
3 from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, Flatten
4 from tensorflow.keras.layers import Reshape, Conv2DTranspose
5 from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
6 from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
7 from tensorflow.keras.utils import plot_model
8 from tensorflow.keras import backend as K
```

Importation Pour AutoEncoder

```
Initialisation des données
```

```
3 (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
 4 # reshape en (28, 28, 1)
 5 image_size = x_train.shape[1]
 6 x_train = np.reshape(x_train, [-1, image_size, image_size, 1
 7 x_test = np.reshape(x_test, [-1, image_size, image_size, 1])
 8 # normaliser
9 x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255
10 x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255
11 input_shape = (image_size, image_size, 1)
12 batch_size = 100
13 kernel_size = 3
14 latent dim = 16
15 layer_filters = [32, 64]
16 inputs = Input(shape=input_shape, name='Encoder_input')
17 latent_inputs = Input(shape=(latent_dim,), name='Decoder_inp
1 #@title Encoder
                                                                Encoder
2 def Encoder(inputs,input_shape,kernel_size,latent_dim,layer_
3 inputs = Input(shape=input_shape, name='Encoder_input')
4 x = inputs
5 # Conv2D(32)-Conv2D(64)
6
   for filters in layer_filters:
        x = Conv2D(filters=filters,
8
                  kernel_size=kernel_size,
9
                  activation='relu',
10
                  strides=2,
                  padding='same')(x)
11
12 shape = K.int_shape(x)
13
14 # générer un vecteur latent
15 x = Flatten()(x)
16 latent = Dense(latent_dim, name='latent_vector')(x)
17
18 encoder = Model(inputs, latent, name='Encoder')
19 encoder.summary()
20 plot_model(encoder, to_file='Encoder.png', show_shapes=Tru
21 return encoder, shape
1 #@title Decoder
                                                                Decoder
2 def Decoder(latent_inputs,kernel_size,layer_filters,shape):
 3 x = Dense(shape[1] * shape[2] * shape[3])(latent_inputs)
4 x = Reshape((shape[1], shape[2], shape[3]))(x)
5 # Conv2DTranspose(64)-Conv2DTranspose(32)
6
    for filters in layer_filters[::-1]:
        x = Conv2DTranspose(filters=filters,
8
                            kernel_size=kernel_size,
9
                            activation='relu',
10
                            strides=2,
11
                            padding='same')(x)
12
13
```

1 #@title Initialisation des données

2 # Charger le jeu de données MNIST

```
outputs = Conv2DTranspose(filters=1,
14
                              kernel_size=kernel_size,
15
                              activation='sigmoid',
16
                              padding='same',
17
                              name='Decoder_output')(x)
18
19
    # instantiate decoder model
20 decoder = Model(latent_inputs, outputs, name='Decoder')
21 decoder.summary()
22 plot_model(decoder, to_file='Decoder.png', show_shapes=Tru
23 return decoder
```

```
Auto-Encoder = Encoder + Decoder
```

```
3 autoencoder = Model(inputs, decoder(encoder(inputs)), name
4 autoencoder.summary()
   plot_model(autoencoder, to_file='Auto_Encoder.png', show_s
   autoencoder.compile(loss='mse', optimizer='adam')
7 autoencoder.fit(x_train,
                 x_train,
9
                 validation_data=(x_test, x_test),
10
                 epochs=1,
11
                 batch_size=batch_size)
12 x_decoded = autoencoder.predict(x_test)
13 return autoencoder,x_decoded
1 #@title Run
                                                          Run
 2 encoder, shape = Encoder(inputs,input_shape,kernel_size,laten
 3 decoder = Decoder(latent_inputs,kernel_size,layer_filters,sh
4 autoencoder,x_decoded = AutoEncoder(inputs,batch_size,encode
Model: "Encoder"
Layer (type)
                         Output Shape
                                                Param #
______
Encoder_input (InputLayer) [(None, 28, 28, 1)]
                                                а
conv2d (Conv2D)
                         (None, 14, 14, 32)
                                                320
                                                18496
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)
                         (None, 7, 7, 64)
flatten (Flatten)
                         (None, 3136)
                                                0
                                                50192
latent_vector (Dense)
                         (None, 16)
Total params: 69,008
Trainable params: 69,008
Non-trainable params: 0
Model: "Decoder"
Layer (type)
                         Output Shape
                                                Param #
                                                _____
Decoder_input (InputLayer) [(None, 16)]
                                                0
                         (None, 3136)
                                                53312
dense (Dense)
reshape (Reshape)
                         (None, 7, 7, 64)
conv2d_transpose (Conv2DTran (None, 14, 14, 64)
                                                36928
                                                18464
conv2d_transpose_1 (Conv2DTr (None, 28, 28, 32)
Decoder_output (Conv2DTransp (None, 28, 28, 1)
                                                289
Total params: 108,993
Trainable params: 108,993
Non-trainable params: 0
Model: "Autoencoder"
                                                Param #
Layer (type)
                         Output Shape
Encoder_input (InputLayer) [(None, 28, 28, 1)]
                                                0
Encoder (Model)
                         (None, 16)
                                                69008
                         (None, 28, 28, 1)
                                                108993
Decoder (Model)
Total params: 178,001
Trainable params: 178,001
```

Non-trainable params: 0

1 #@title Auto-Encoder = Encoder + Decoder

2 def AutoEncoder(inputs,batch_size,encoder,decoder,x_train,x_

```
1 #@title Image final
2 imgs = np.concatenate([x_test[:8], x_decoded[:8]])
3 imgs = imgs.reshape((4, 4, image_size, image_size))
4 imgs = np.vstack([np.hstack(i) for i in imgs])
5 plt.figure()
6 plt.imshow(imgs, interpolation='none', cmap='gray')
7 plt.savefig('input_and_decoded.png')
8 plt.show()
```

Image final

