

# Deploying and Monitoring the Model

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# Course Overview

Course Introduction

Identifying  
Opportunities for  
Machine Learning

Defining Machine  
Learning Problems

Fetching and  
Preparing Data

Training and  
Evaluating the Model

Deploying and  
Monitoring the Model

The AWS Machine  
Learning Stack

Next Steps



# Module Overview



## The machine learning process

- Deploying the model
  - Architecture and security best practices
- Monitoring the model
  - CloudWatch and CloudTrail

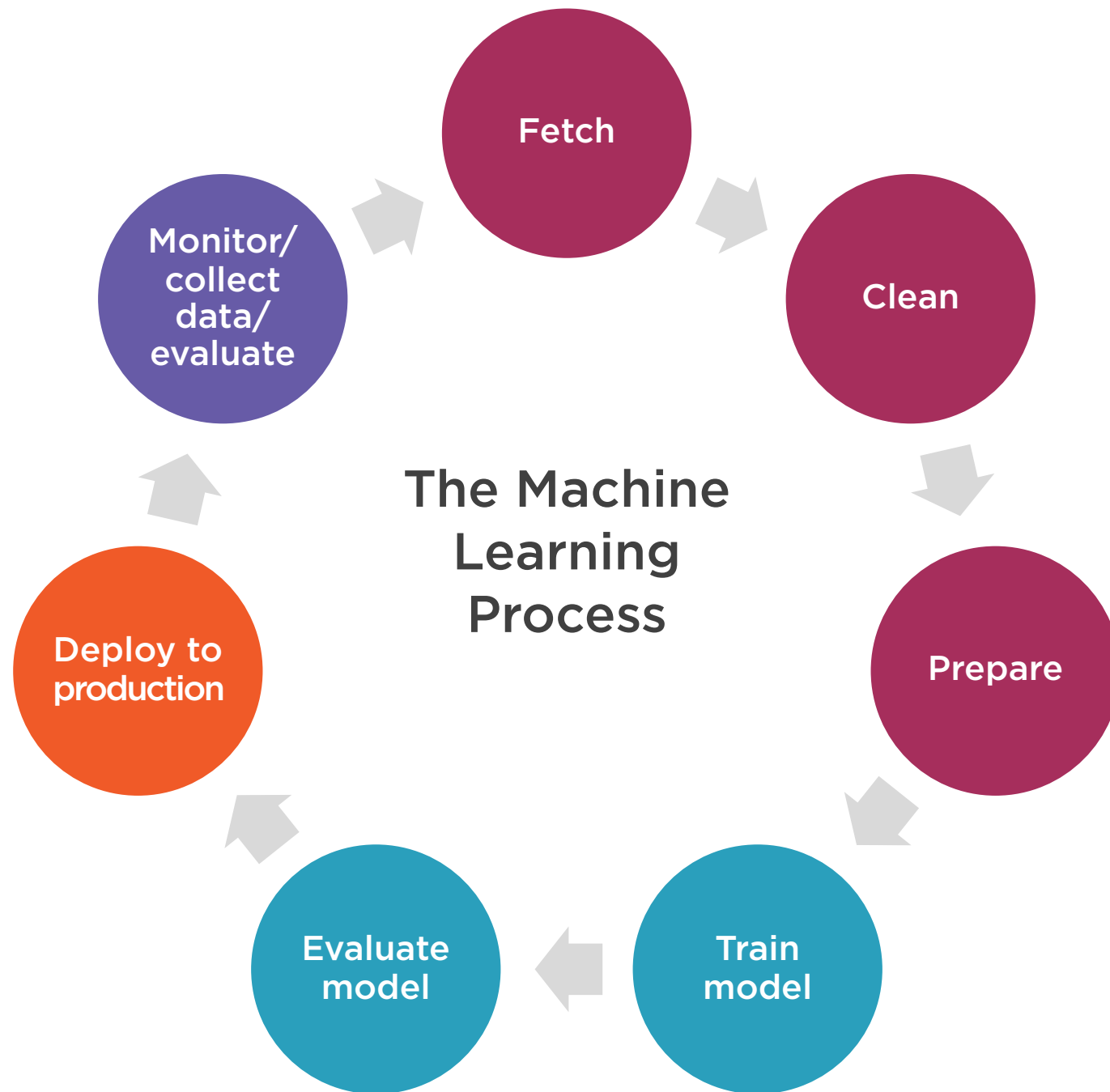
## Demo in SageMaker Studio



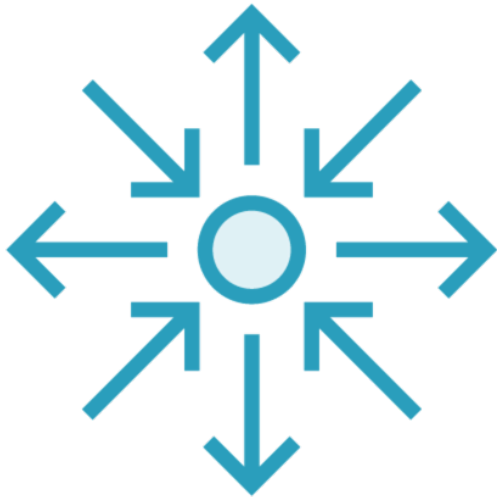
# Deploying the Model

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# Ensure Architectural Best Practices



High Availability



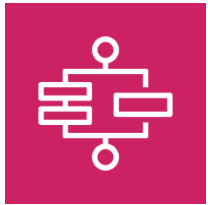
Fault Tolerance

# Achieving Loose Coupling in AWS



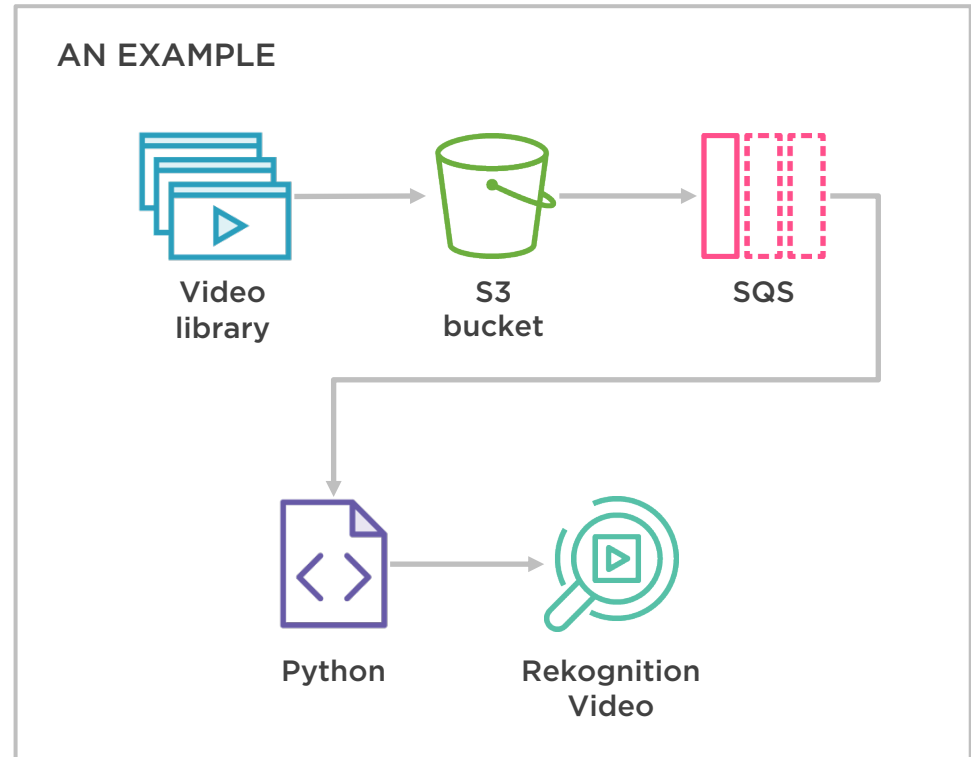
## Amazon Simple Queue Service (SQS)

Message queuing service



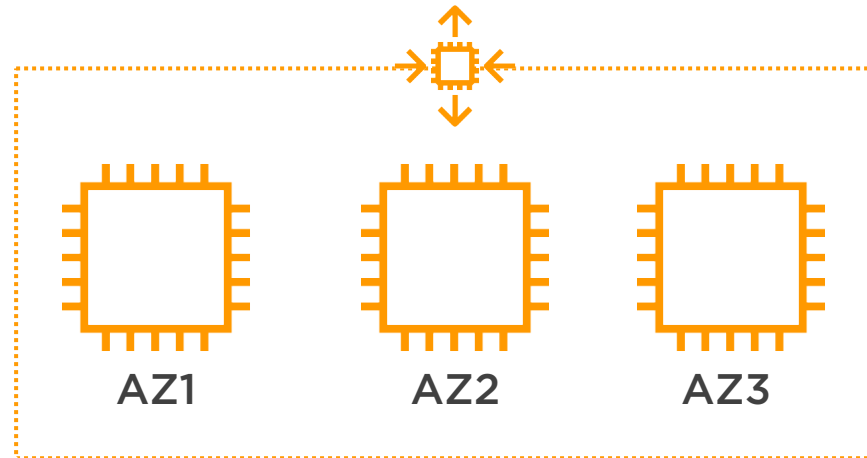
## AWS Step Functions

Serverless orchestrator

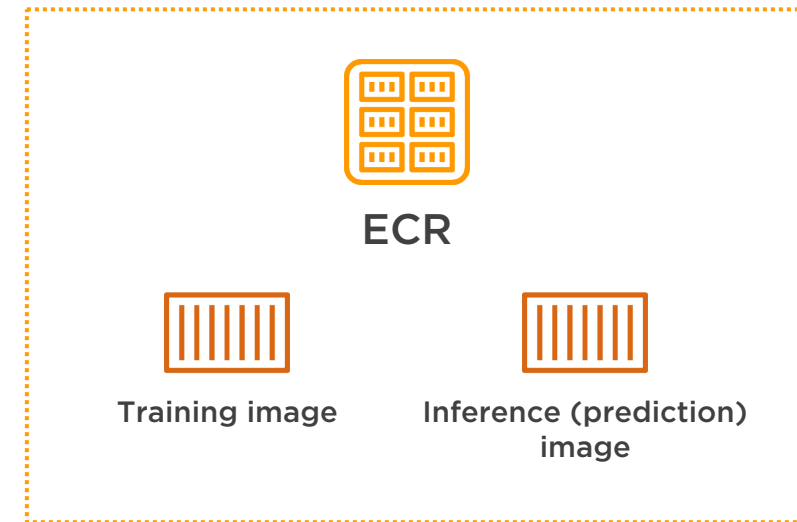


# Best Practices for SageMaker

**Deploy SageMaker endpoints to multiple Availability Zones (AZs), and use Auto Scaling**



**Use containers to achieve loose coupling**





# Security with SageMaker

Supports IAM role-based access

Data is encrypted

- **At rest** using Key Management Service (KMS) or a transient key
- **In transit** with TLS 1.2 encryption

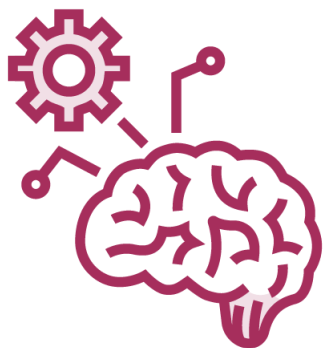
Training data is stored and transferred in the customer's account

Instances can be launched in a customer-managed VPC



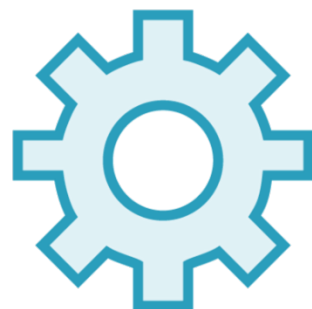
# Deploying a Model Using SageMaker

#1



The model you  
previously created

#2



Create an **endpoint  
configuration** for an  
HTTPS endpoint

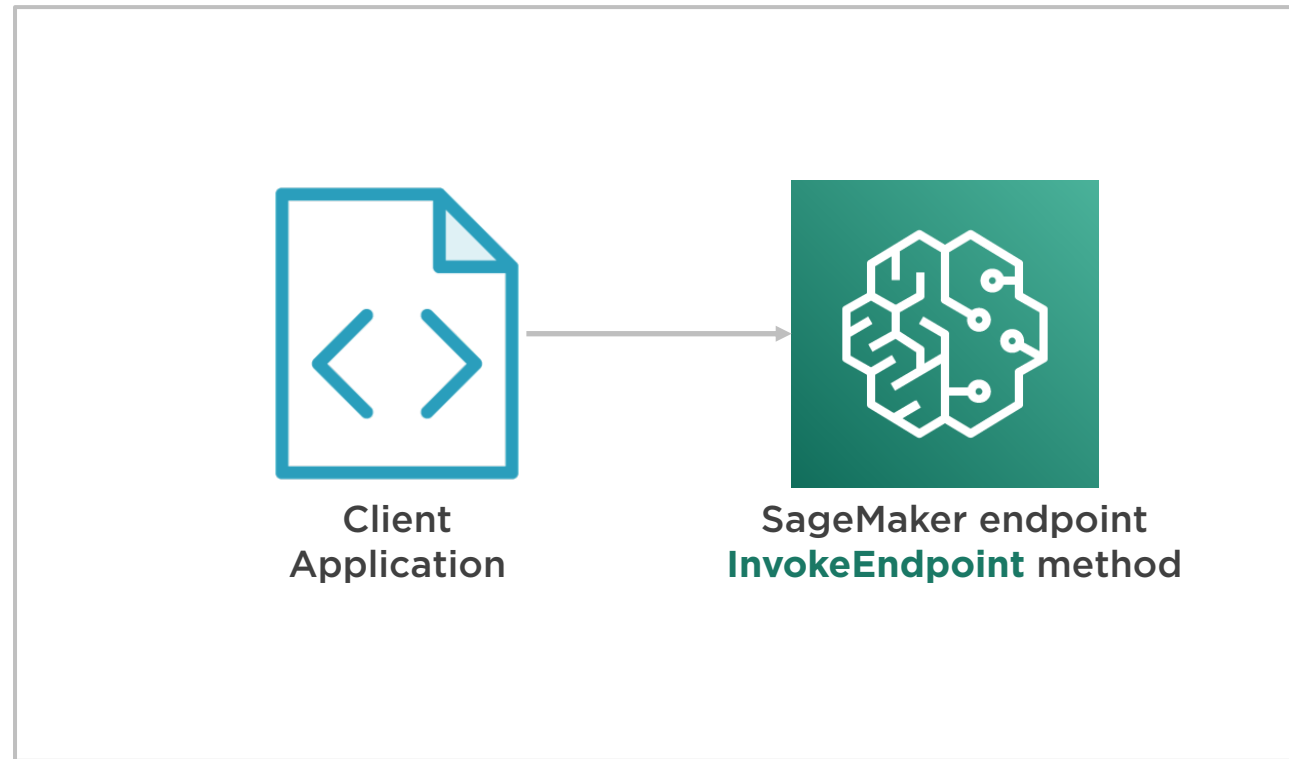
#3



Create an HTTPS  
**endpoint**



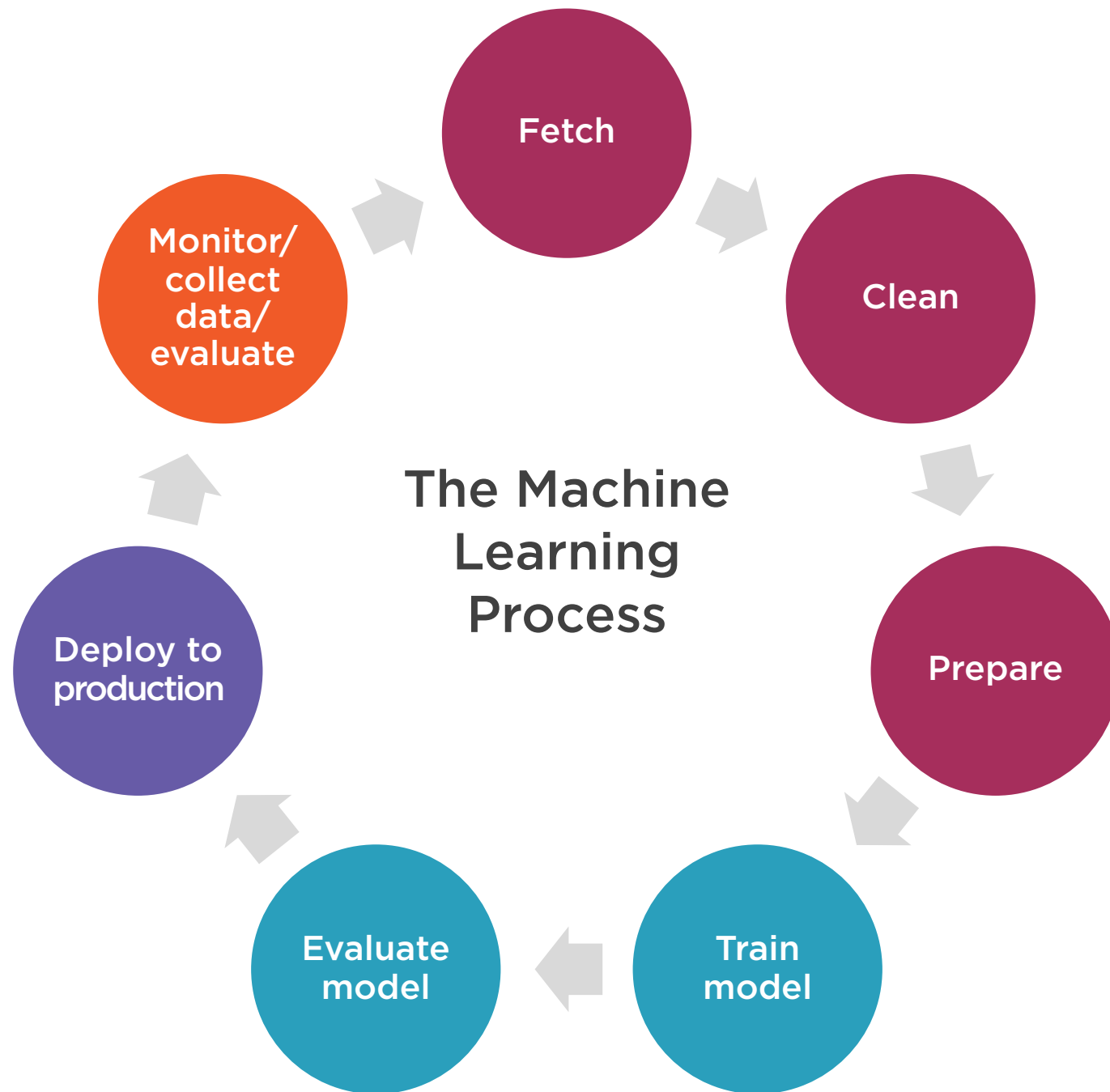
# Using the Deployed Model



# Monitoring and Collecting Data

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# Monitoring Services



## CloudWatch

Near-real-time metrics such as CPU,  
memory, GPU utilization



## Amazon SageMaker ✕

Amazon SageMaker Studio

Dashboard

Search

## ▼ Ground Truth

Labeling jobs

Labeling datasets

Labeling workforces

## ▼ Notebook

Notebook instances

Lifecycle configurations

Git repositories

## ▼ Training

Algorithms

Training jobs

Hyperparameter tuning jobs

## ▼ Inference

Compilation jobs

Model packages


Models

Endpoint configurations

Endpoints

Batch transform jobs

## Monitor

Access logs for debugging and progress reporting. [Learn more](#)[View algorithm metrics](#) [View logs](#) 

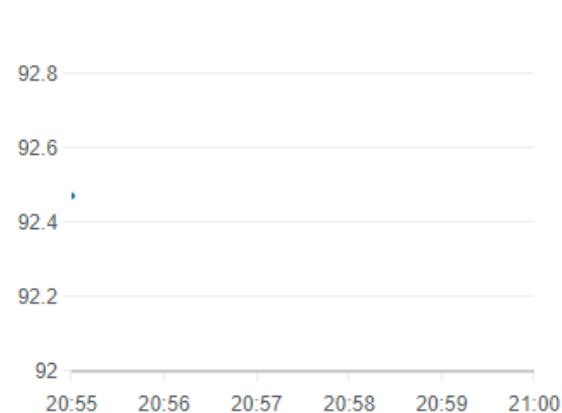
Add

SageMaker is integrated with CloudWatch

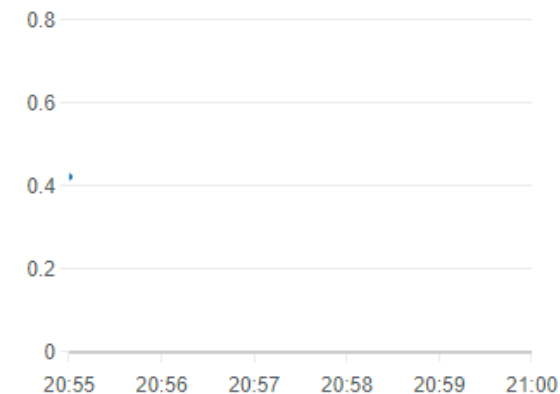
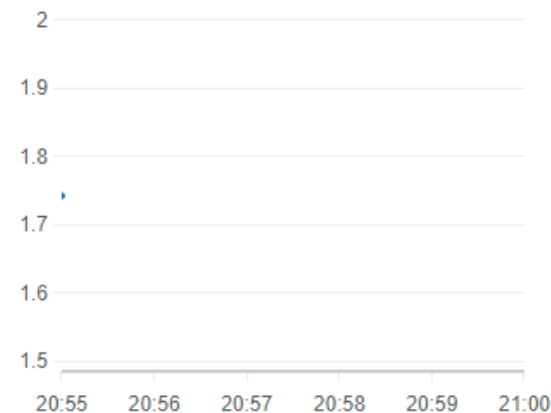
“View logs” will launch CloudWatch



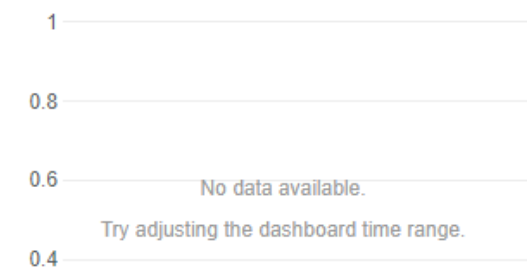
CPUUtilization



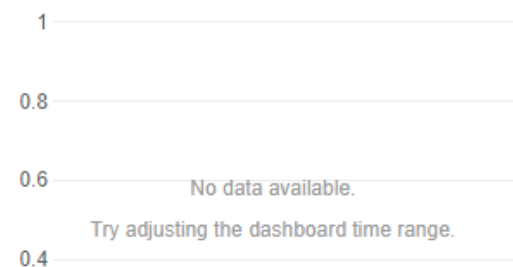
MemoryUtilization



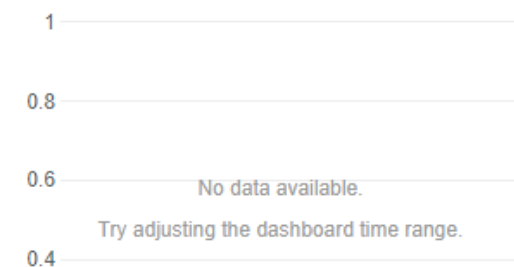
ObjectiveMetric



validation:auc



train:auc



# Monitoring Services



## CloudWatch

Near-real-time metrics such as CPU,  
memory, GPU utilization



## CloudTrail

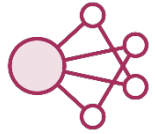
Captures API calls and  
related events





# Monitoring Your Results

## SageMaker Model Monitor



Automatically collects data from your endpoints



Detects changes in quality as compared to baseline



Detects data drift



Offers visualization tools to view results and statistics

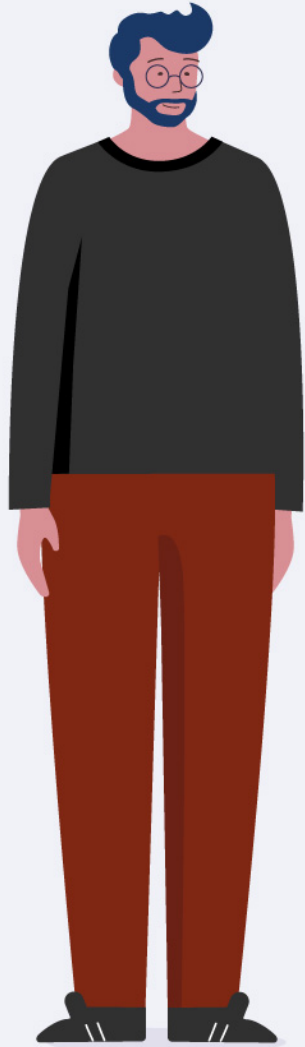


# Demo



## Deploying and monitoring the model in SageMaker Studio





## Ray

- VP of Customer Experience
- Concerned about customer churn



# Key Points to Remember

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# Clean up your AWS resources!

S3 bucket  
SageMaker endpoint  
SageMaker application  
Jupyter Notebook instance





## Use architecture and security best practices

### To deploy a model

- Create an endpoint configuration for HTTPS endpoint
- Create an HTTPS endpoint

### Monitoring

- CloudWatch: performance metrics
- CloudTrail: auditing API activity
- Model Monitor: results from the model



Up Next:

The AWS Machine Learning Stack

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