## Implementing Amazon Elastic Block Store (EBS)

#### PROVISIONING AND CONFIGURING EBS VOLUMES



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#### Overview



#### Different storage options in AWS

- Object (S3, Glacier)
- Block (Instance store, EBS)
- File (EFS)

Introducing Elastic Block Store (EBS)

Why use EBS for EC2 instances?

Introducing our case study, Globomantics

Provisioning an EBS volume

- AWS console
- AWS CLI

**Demo: Provisioning EBS volumes** 

**Summary** 



### An Introduction to EBS



### Different Storage Options in AWS

#### Object storage

Ideal for applications that require scale and flexibility, no OS, can be used by multiple clients or EC2 instances

#### File storage

Applications that need shared files or require a Network Attached Storage (NAS) file system, several EC2 instances

#### **Block storage**

Databases or OS that require dedicated, low latency storage provisioned with each virtual server, single EC2 instance



### AWS Object Storage

Durable, Available, & Scalable, Data is automatically distributed across multiple facilities that are geographically separated

Accessible from anywhere, no need to mount to an EC2 instance

Not suitable for installing operating systems, database server or any application needing dedicated, low latency storage

Amazon S3 & Amazon Glacier



### AWS File Storage

File systems that are accessible to Amazon EC2 instances via a file system interface (using standard OS file I/O APIs)

Amazon file systems can automatically scale (or shrink) from gigabytes to petabytes of data without needing to provision storage

Tens, hundreds, or even thousands of Amazon EC2 instances can access an Amazon file system at the same time

Amazon Elastic File System (EFS)



### AWS Block Storage

Provides persistent block storage volumes for Amazon EC2 instances (Explicitly) scale usage/size up or down within minutes

Big Data engines, relational and NoSQL databases and OS installations

Provides four current generation and one legacy volume types

Point-in-time snapshots providing long-term durability for your data

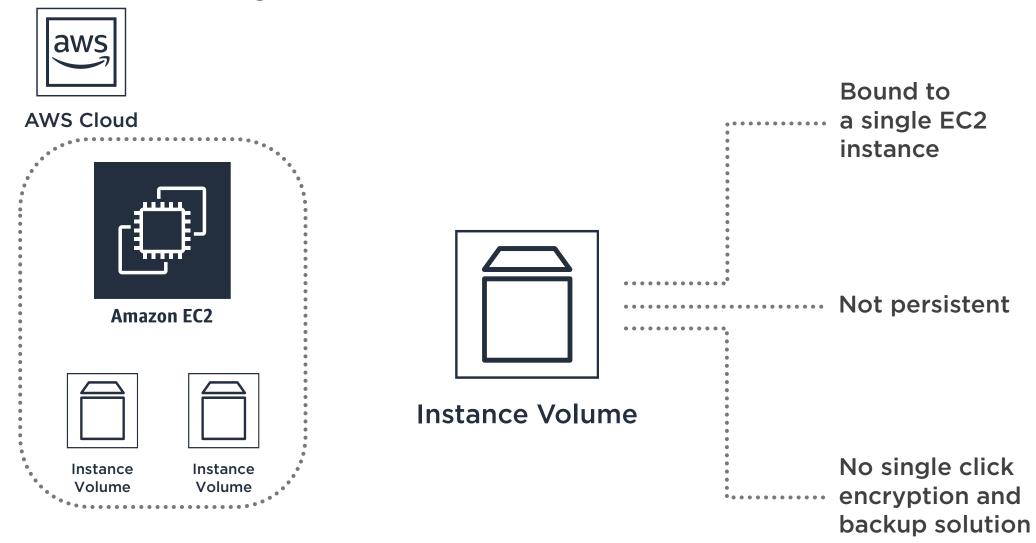
Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS)



Amazon Elastic Block Store
(Amazon EBS) provides
persistent block storage volumes
for use with Amazon EC2
instances in the AWS Cloud.

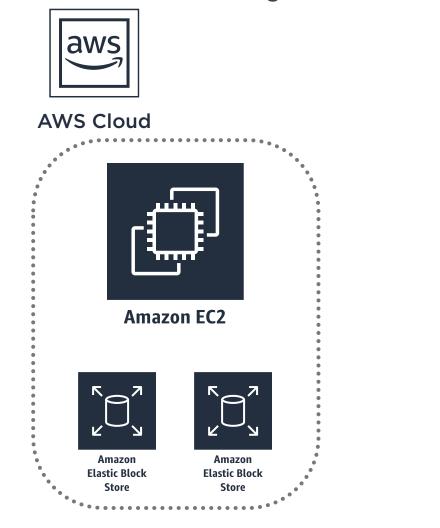


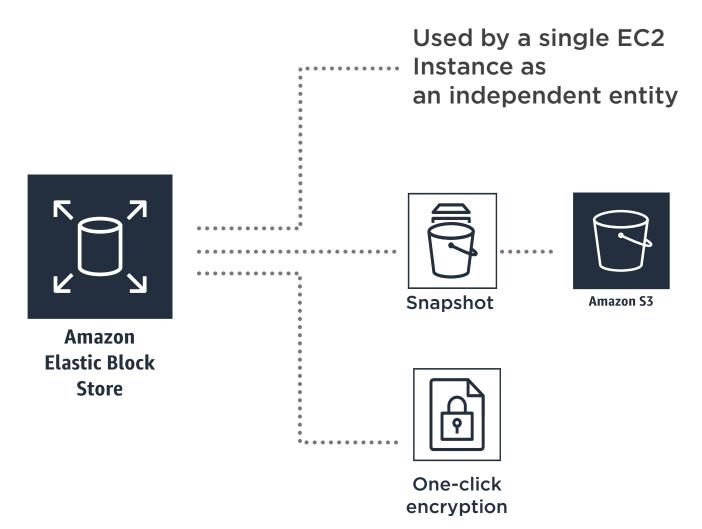
### Why Use EBS for EC2 Instances?



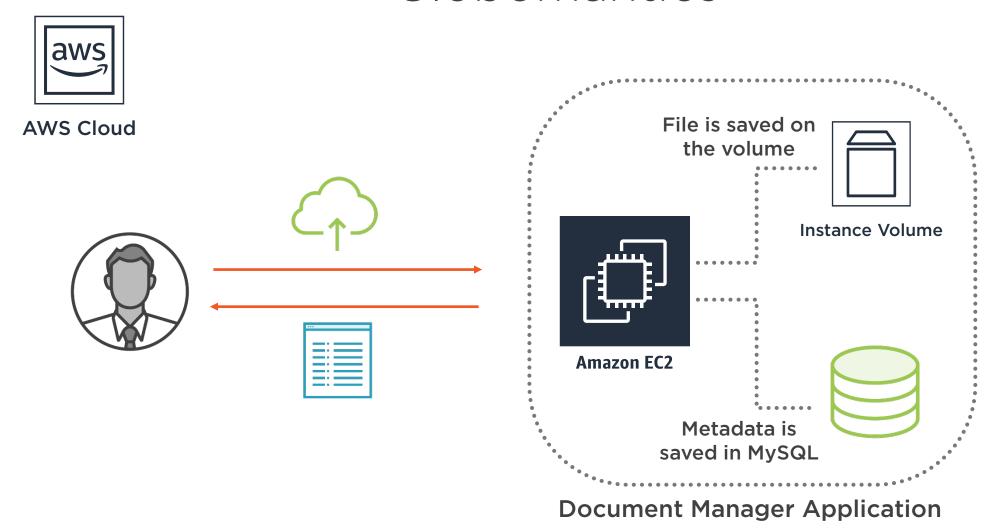


### Why Use EBS for EC2 Instances?





#### Globomantics





#### Globomantics' Concerns

Documents are not persisted after the TEST machine stops, testers need to redo testing

The team needs to choose the best volume performance and spin up a new TEST machine

Volumes need to get backed up regularly and stored in AWS S3 for disaster recovery

Load testing results in poor I/O despite using SSD volumes, need better I/O performance

Sensitive documents are uploaded to the TEST environment which need to be protected

System administrator needs to get notified after a new volume backup is created



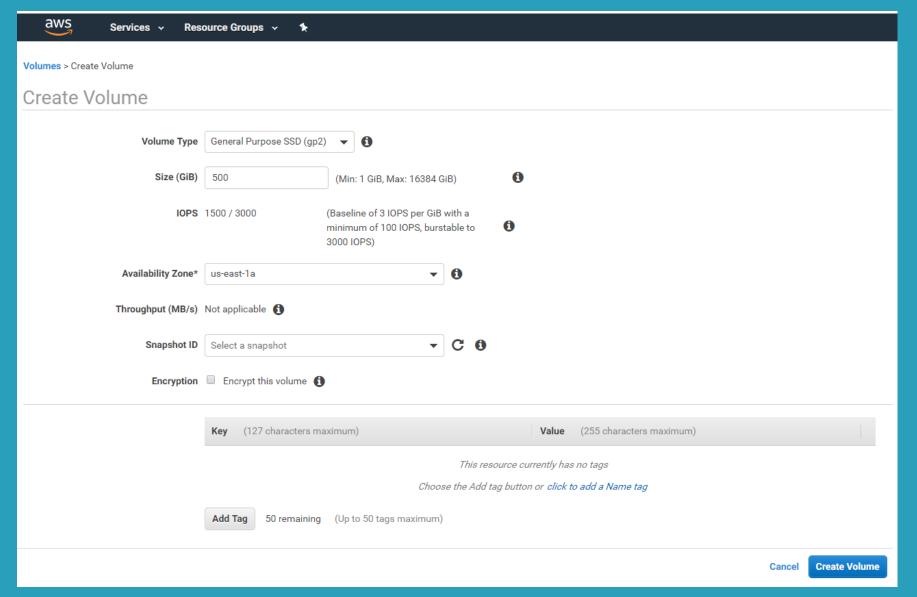
EBS volumes are persistent. Stopping or terminating the EC2 instance does not necessarily reset the associated EBS volume.



## Provisioning an EBS Volume



## Provisioning an EBS Volume (AWS Console)





aws ec2 create-volume --size 80 --region us-east-1
--availability-zone us-east-1a --volume-type gp2

Provisioning an EBS Volume (AWS CLI)



#### Demo



#### Creating an AWS account

- Free tier

# Showcasing a *Globomantics* TEST machine

- Deploying and testing the Document Manager application
- Instance volumes

# Provisioning multiple EBS volumes for the TEST machine

- Confirming data persistence

#### Cleanup



### Summary



Different storage options in AWS

**Elastic Block Store (EBS)** 

EBS over EC2

Our case study, *Globomantics* 

Provisioning an EBS volume

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**Demo: Provisioning EBS volumes** 

