CSE 406 COMPUTER SECURITY SESSIONAL OFFLINE REPORT CROSS SITE SCRIPTING

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING BANGLADESH UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

LAB SUBSECTION: A2

SUBMITTED BY: 1905041

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1 Task 1: Adding User as Samy's Friend

1.1 Method

For this task, first the request for adding a user as a friend was examined. The URL (http://www.seed-server.com/action/friends/add?friend=59), the request type (GET) and the query parameters (friend, __elgg_token, __elgg_ts) was noted. A script was written that gets these values from the elgg.session.user and the elgg.security.token objects, creates proper URL for adding a friend and sends a XMLHttpRequest to add the user as a friend of Samy. Samy's userid was hardcoded to ensure the script does not affect Samy himself. The script was added in the *Brief Description* field of Samy's user profile so that it does not show in user preview.

1.2 Screenshots



Figure 1: Task 1: Request Body

```
>> console.log(elgg.session.user)

▼ Object { guid: 59, type: "user", subtype: "user", owner_guid: 59, container_guid: 0, tion/profile/samy", name: "Samy", username: "samy", __ }
admin: false
container_guid: 0
guid: 59
language: "en"
name: "Samy"
owner_guid: 59
subtype: "user"
time_created: "2020-04-26T15:23:51-04:00"
time_updated: "2024-02-13T04:44:41-05:00"
type: "user"
url: "http://www.seed-server.com/profile/samy"
```

Figure 2: Task 1: elgg.session.user object



Figure 3: Task 1: elgg.security.token object



Figure 4: Task 1: Adding Script

2 Task 2: Editing User's Profile

2.1 Method

For this task, first the request for adding a user as a friend was inspected. The URL (http://www.seed-server.com/action/profile/edit), the request type (POST) and the query parameters was noted. A script was written that gets some of these values from the elgg.session.user and the elgg.security.token objects, sets other query parameters to random string, creates proper URL for editing a profile and sends a XMLHttpRequest to edit the user's profile. Samy's userid was hardcoded to ensure the script does not affect Samy himself. URL encoding was used to escape special characters in the URL. The script was added in the *Brief Description* field of Samy's user profile so that it does not show in user preview.

2.2 Screenshots



Figure 5: Task 2: Request Header

```
Request payload
       -----34135879321398687671791619716
      Content-Disposition: form-data; name="__elgg_token'
      IwUWv2hL4GD3ylvCM3Rd1Q
                     -----34135879321398687671791619716
      Content-Disposition: form-data; name="__elgg_ts
      1707821500
                     -----34135879321398687671791619716
      Content-Disposition: form-data; name="name
 11
 12
 13
                     -----34135879321398687671791619716
      Content-Disposition: form-data; name="description
 15
 16
               -----34135879321398687671791619716
      Content-Disposition: form-data; name="accesslevel[description]"
 19
20
 21
                     -----34135879321398687671791619716
      Content-Disposition: form-data; name="briefdescription"
```

Figure 6: Task 2: Request Body

```
script type="text/javascript">
script type="text/javascript type
```

Figure 7: Task 2: URL encoded parameters, the script is dense due to character size limitations in input fields.

3 Task 3: Posting On the Wire as User

3.1 Method

For this task, first the request for posting on the wire was examined. The URL (http://www.seed-server.com/action/thewire/add), the request type (POST), the query parameters (body, __elgg_token, __elgg_ts) was noted. A script was written that gets these values from the elgg.session.user and the elgg.security.token objects, creates proper URL for posting on the wire and sends a XMLHttpRequest to post on the wire. Samy's userid was hardcoded to ensure the script does not affect Samy himself. URL encoding was used to escape special characters in the URL. The script was added in the *Brief Description* field of Samy's user profile so that it does not show in user preview.

3.2 Screenshots

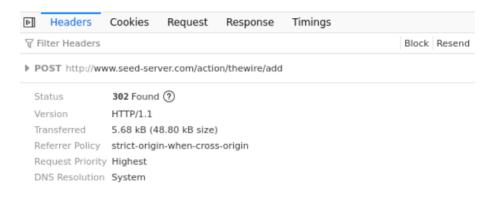


Figure 8: Task 3: Request Header

```
▼ Filter Request Parameters
Request payload
            -----378002953924702101443309300171
      Content-Disposition: form-data; name=" elgg token"
      sKQBzegmzL5fMK8D1DemBw
       -----378002953924702101443309300171
  5
  6
      Content-Disposition: form-data; name="__elgg_ts"
  8
      1707821966
  9
               . - - - - - - - - - - - - 378002953924702101443309300171
 10
      Content-Disposition: form-data; name="body"
 11
 12
      testing
 13
                    -----378002953924702101443309300171--
 14
```

Figure 9: Task 3: Request Body

4 Task 4: Self Propagating XSS Worm

4.1 Method

For this task, code for task 1, 2 and 3 were combined. The script read it's own code using DOM and it's script id.

The URL (http://www.seed-server.com/action/friends/add?friend=59), with request type (GET) and query parameters (friend, __elgg_token, __elgg_ts) was used to add Samy as a friend. __elgg_token, __elgg_ts values were accessed from the elgg.session.user and the elgg.security.token objects. The URL(http://www.seed-server.com/action/profile/edit) with request type(POST) and proper query parameters was used to add the worm in victim user's profile. The URL(http://www.seed-server.com/action/thewire/add),

the request type (POST), the query parameters (body, __elgg_token, __elgg_ts) was used to post the user's profile link on the wire. Samy's userid was hard-coded to ensure the script does not affect Samy himself.

4.2 Screenshots



Figure 10: Task 4: Getting User URL



Figure 11: Task 4: Script id to access selfcode, the script is dense due to character size limitations in input fields