

Ch3: Systems of linear equation

→ Solving a linear equation

↳ Echelon form

to solve the system:

$$\begin{cases} u_1x + v_1y + w_1z = b_1 \\ u_2x + v_2y + w_2z = b_2 \\ u_3x + v_3y + w_3z = b_3 \end{cases}$$

1. write the augmented matrix:

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} u_1 & v_1 & w_1 & b_1 \\ u_2 & v_2 & w_2 & b_2 \\ u_3 & v_3 & w_3 & b_3 \end{array} \right]$$

2. Transform the matrix to row echelon form or reduced row echelon form using row operation

3. Find value of $(b_1, b_2, b_3) \Rightarrow$ solution

↳ The system can have:

- one unique solution
 - infinitely many solution $(0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0)$
 - no solution $(0 \ 0 \ 0 \ a)$
- } consistent
- } inconsistent

N.B !!

rank : nb of leading 1

→ $r = n \Rightarrow$ unique solution

→ $r < n \Rightarrow$ infinitely many solution

→ LU decomposition

1. Find the LU decomposition
 2. Solve the system using LU decomposition of A
- (S) : $AX = b$

$$\begin{cases} Ly = b \\ Ux = y \end{cases}$$