CIS 470

Mobile App Development

Lecture 10

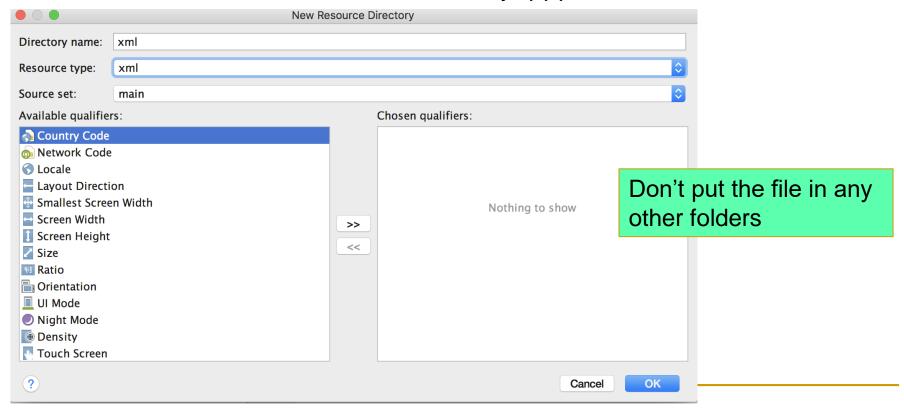
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Data Persistence

- How to save simple data using the SharedPreferences object
- How to enable users to modify preferences using a PreferenceActivity class
- How to write and read files in internal and external storage
- How to create and use a SQLite database

- Create a new Android project and name it UsingPreferences
- Create a new subdirectory in the res directory and name it xml, then create new a xml file and name it myapppreferences.xml



- Populate the myapppreferences.xml as follows
 - Two preference categories for grouping different types of preferences
 - Two check box preferences with keys named checkboxPref and secondEditTextPref
 - A ringtone preference with a key named ringtonePref
 - A preference screen to contain additional preferences

The android:key attribute specifies the key that you can programmatically reference in your code to set or retrieve the value of that particular preference CIS 470: Mobile App Development </PreferenceScreen>

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<Pre><PreferenceScreen
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
  <Pre><Pre>referenceCategory android:title="Category 1">
     <CheckBoxPreference
       android:title="Checkbox"
       android:defaultValue="false"
       android:summary="True or False"
       android:key="checkboxPref" />
  </PreferenceCategory>
  <Pre><Pre>referenceCategory android:title="Category 2">
     <EditTextPreference
       android:summary="Enter a string"
       android:defaultValue="[Enter a string here]"
       android:title="Edit Text"
       android:key="editTextPref" />
    <RingtonePreference
       android:summary="Select a ringtone"
       android:title="Ringtones"
       android:key="ringtonePref" />
    <Pre><PreferenceScreen</pre>
       android:title="Second Preference Screen"
       android:summary=
          "Click here to go to the second Preference Screen"
       android:key="secondPrefScreenPref" >
       <EditTextPreference
          android:summary="Enter a string"
          android:title="Edit Text (second Screen)"
          android:kev="secondEditTextPref" />
    </PreferenceScreen>
```

Another xml file in the xml directory and name it prefheaders.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
cpreference-headers
    xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
    <header android:fragment=
        "com.wenbing.usingpreferences.AppPreferenceActivity$PrefFragment"
        android:title="Preferences"
        android:summary="Sample preferences" />
</preference-headers>
```

Add a new Java class and name it AppPreferenceActivity, and populate it as following

```
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.preference.PreferenceActivity;
import android.preference.PreferenceFragment;
import android.preference.PreferenceManager;
import java.util.List;
public class AppPreferenceActivity extends PreferenceActivity {
  @Override
  public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
  @Override
  public void onBuildHeaders(List<Header> target) {
    loadHeadersFromResource(R.xml.prefheaders, target);
  @Override
  protected boolean isValidFragment(String fragmentName) {
    return true;
  public static class PrefFragment extends PreferenceFragment {
    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       PreferenceManager.setDefaultValues(getActivity(),
           R.xml.myapppreferences, false);
       // Load the preferences from an XML resource
       addPreferencesFromResource(R.xml.myapppreferences);
```

 In the AndroidManifest.xml file, add the new entry for the AppPreferenceActivity class

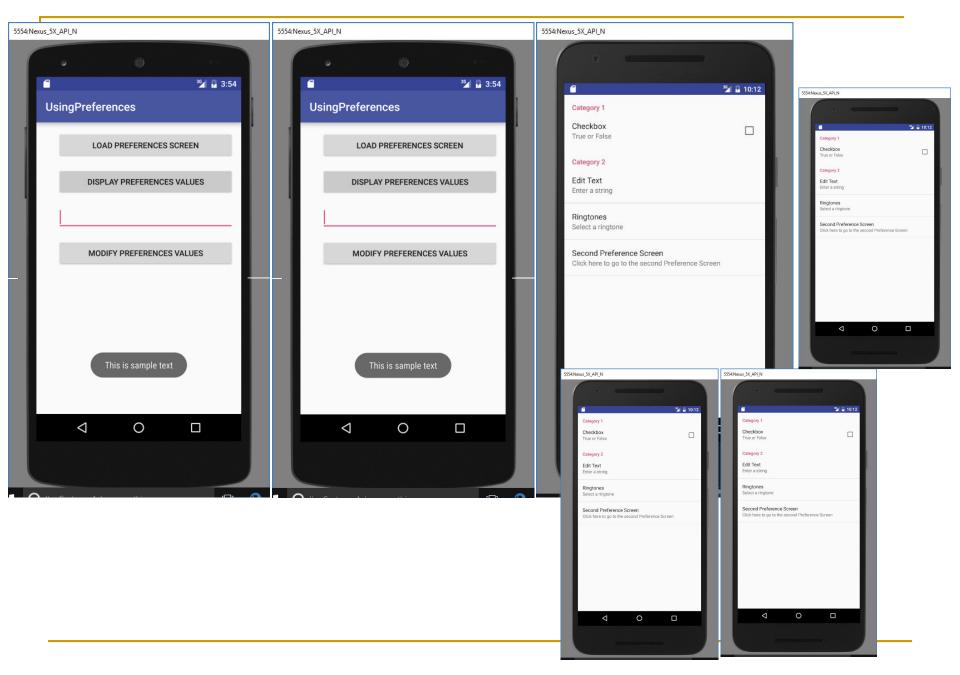
In the activity_main.xml file, replace it with the following:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<android.support.constraint.ConstraintLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:id="@+id/activity_main"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  tools:context="com.wenbing.usingpreferences.MainActivity">
  <Button
    android:text="Load Preferences Screen"
    android:layout width="310dp"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/btnPreferences"
    app:layout_constraintLeft_toLeftOf="@+id/activity_main"
    android:layout marginStart="40dp"
     app:layout constraintTop toTopOf="@+id/activity main"
    android:layout marginTop="16dp"
    app:layout_constraintRight_toRightOf="@+id/activity_main"
    android:layout_marginEnd="16dp"
    app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="@+id/activity_main"
     android:layout marginBottom="16dp"
     app:layout constraintVertical bias="0.0"
    android:onClick="onClickLoad"/>
```

```
<Button
    android:text="Display Preferences Values"
    android:layout width="310dp"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/btnDisplayValues"
    app:layout_constraintLeft_toLeftOf="@+id/btnPreferences"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@+id/btnPreferences"
    android:layout marginTop="16dp"
    app:layout constraintRight toRightOf="@+id/btnPreferences"
    android:onClick="onClickDisplay"/>
  <EditText
    android:layout_width="310dp"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:inputType="textPersonName"
    android:ems="10"
    android:id="@+id/editText"
    app:layout_constraintLeft_toLeftOf="@+id/btnPreferences"
    app:layout constraintTop toBottomOf="@+id/btnDisplayValues"
    android:layout marginTop="16dp"
    app:layout constraintRight toRightOf="@+id/btnPreferences"/>
  <Button
    android:text="Modify Preferences Values"
    android:layout width="fill parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:id="@+id/btnModifyValues"
    app:layout_constraintLeft_toLeftOf="@+id/btnDisplayValues"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@+id/editText"
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp"
    app:layout constraintRight toRightOf="@+id/btnDisplayValues"
    android:onClick="onClickModify" />
</android.support.constraint.ConstraintLayout>
```

In the MainActivity.java file, replace it with the following:

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
                                                                     import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
  @Override
                                                                     import android.os.Bundle;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
                                                                     import android.content.Intent;
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
                                                                     import android.view.View;
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
                                                                     import android.widget.EditText;
                                                                     import android.widget.Toast;
  public void onClickLoad(View view) {
                                                                     import android.content.SharedPreferences;
    Intent i = new Intent("com.wenbing.AppPreferenceActivity");
    startActivity(i);
                                                         The MODE PRIVATE constant indicates that the preference
  public void onClickDisplay(View view) {
                                                         file can be opened only by the application that created it
    SharedPreferences appPrefs =
         getSharedPreferences("com.wenbing.usingpreferences_preferences", MODE_PRIVATE);
    DisplayText(appPrefs.getString("editTextPref", ""));
  public void onClickModify(View view) {
    SharedPreferences appPrefs =
         getSharedPreferences("com.wenbing.usingpreferences_preferences", MODE_PRIVATE);
    SharedPreferences.Editor prefsEditor = appPrefs.edit();
    prefsEditor.putString("editTextPref", ((EditText) findViewByld(R.id.editText)).getText().toString());
    prefsEditor.commit();
                                                          The android:key
  private void DisplayText(String str) {
    Toast.makeText(getBaseContext(), str, Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
```



Persisting Data to Files

- Internal Storage: Store private data on the device memory
 - By default, files saved to the internal storage are private to your application and other applications cannot access them (nor can the user)
 - When the user uninstalls your application, these files are removed
- External Storage: Store public data on the shared external storage
 - Issue: not all phone has external storage
- Saving files that can be shared with other apps
 - Should be saved to a "public" location on the device, such as Music/, Pictures/, and Ringtones/, where other apps can access them and the user can easily copy them from the device

Saving to Internal Storage

- Create a project and name it Files
- Modify activity_main.xml:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<android.support.constraint.ConstraintLayout
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:id="@+id/activity main"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  tools:context="com.wenbing.files.MainActivity">
  <TextView
    android:text="Please enter some text."
    android:layout_width="245dp"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:id="@+id/textView"
    app:layout constraintLeft toLeftOf="@+id/activity main"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="@+id/activity_main"
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp"
    app:layout_constraintRight_toRightOf="@+id/activity_main"
    app:layout constraintBottom toTopOf="@+id/editText"
    android:layout marginBottom="8dp"
    app:layout_constraintVertical_bias="0.28" />
  <EditText
    android:layout_width="241dp"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:inputType="text"
    android:ems="10"
    tools:layout_editor_absoluteY="82dp"
    android:id="@+id/editText"
    app:layout constraintLeft toLeftOf="@+id/activity main"
    app:layout_constraintRight_toRightOf="@+id/activity_main"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@+id/textView"
    android:layout_marginTop="136dp"/>
```

Saving to Internal Storage

Modify activity_main.xml:

```
<Button
    android:text="Save"
    android:layout_width="240dp"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:id="@+id/btnSave"
    app:layout_constraintLeft_toLeftOf="@+id/activity_main"
    android:layout_marginStart="16dp"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@+id/editText"
    android:layout_marginTop="136dp"
    app:layout_constraintRight_toRightOf="@+id/activity_main"
    android:layout_marginEnd="16dp"
    android:onClick="onClickSave" />
  <Button
    android:text="Load"
    android:layout_width="241dp"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:id="@+id/btnLoad"
    app:layout constraintLeft toLeftOf="@+id/activity main"
    android:layout_marginStart="16dp"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@+id/editText"
    android:layout_marginTop="48dp"
    app:layout_constraintRight_toRightOf="@+id/activity_main"
    android:layout marginEnd="16dp"
    android:onClick="onClickLoad" />
</android.support.constraint.ConstraintLayout>
```

Saving to Internal Storage

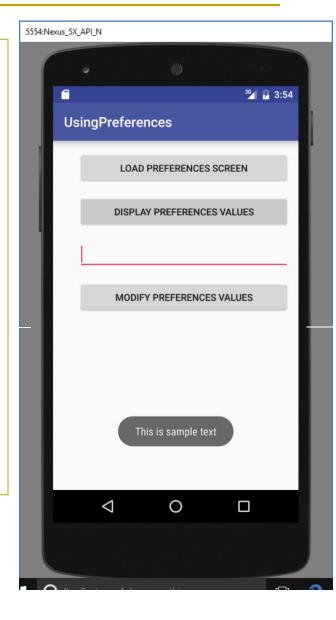
Modify MainActivity.java:

```
import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
try {
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Toast;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.OutputStreamWriter;

ostroid
```

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  EditText textBox:
  static final int READ BLOCK SIZE = 100;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
     super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
     setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    textBox = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.editText);
  public void onClickSave(View view) {
     $tring str = textBox.getText().toString();
       FileOutputStream fOut = openFileOutput("textfile.txt", MODE_PRIVATE);
       OutputStreamWriter osw = new OutputStreamWriter(fOut);
       try {
         osw.write(str);
       } catch (IOException e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
       osw.flush();
       osw.close();
       Toast.makeText(getBaseContext(),
            "File saved successfully!", Toast. LENGTH_SHORT).show();
        //---clears the EditText---
       textBox.setText("");
     } catch (IOException ioe) {
       ioe.printStackTrace();
```

```
public void onClickLoad(View view) {
    try {
      FileInputStream fln = openFileInput("textfile.txt");
      InputStreamReader isr = new InputStreamReader(fln);
      char[] inputBuffer = new char[READ_BLOCK_SIZE];
      String s = "";
      int charRead:
      while ((charRead = isr.read(inputBuffer)) > 0) {
         //---convert the chars to a String---
         String readString =
              String.copyValueOf(inputBuffer, 0, charRead);
         s += readString;
         inputBuffer = new char[READ_BLOCK_SIZE];
      //---set the EditText to the text that has been read---
      textBox.setText(s);
      Toast.makeText(getBaseContext(), "File loaded successfully!",
           Toast. LENGTH SHORT). show();
    } catch (IOException ioe) {
      ioe.printStackTrace();
```



Saving files to public folders

- To get a File representing the appropriate public directory, call getExternalStoragePublicDirectory(), passing it the type of directory you want, such as DIRECTORY_MUSIC, DIRECTORY_PICTURES, DIRECTORY_RINGTONES
- Exercise (required): Modify the Files app by saving the file to the DIRECTORY_PICTURES directory so that you can retrieve the file using your computer: create a subdirectory under DIRECTORY_PICTURES

Saving files to public folders

Add permission in Manifest

<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.READ_EXTERNAL_STORAGE" />
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE" />

```
File dir = getAlbumStorageDir("gimbaldata");
//System.out.println("saving to dir "+dir.getPath());
String filePath = dir.getPath().toString()+"/log.csv";
File outputFile = new File(filePath);
if(!outputFile.exists()) {
    try {
        outputFile.createNewFile();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        //System.out.println("cannot create new file: "+filePath);
}
```

Creating and Using Databases

- Android uses the SQLite database system
- The SQLite database that you create programmatically in an application is stored in the /data/data/<package_name>/databases folder
- Create an app and named it Databases
 - Create an adapter for data structure
 - Insert, read, update, delete operations

Creating and Using Databases

Create a new Java file and name it DBAdapter:

```
mport android.content.ContentValues;
import android.content.Context;
import android.database.Cursor;
import android.database.SQLException;
import android.database.sqlite.SQLiteDatabase:
import android.database.sqlite.SQLiteOpenHelper;
import android.util.Log;
public class DBAdapter {
  static final String KEY ROWID = " id";
  static final String KEY_NAME = "name";
  static final String KEY_EMAIL = "email";
  static final String TAG = "DBAdapter";
  static final String DATABASE NAME = "MyDB";
  static final String DATABASE TABLE = "contacts";
  static final int DATABASE_VERSION = 1;
  static final String DATABASE CREATE =
       "create table contacts (_id integer primary key autoincrement, "
           + "name text not null, email text not null);";
  final Context context:
  DatabaseHelper DBHelper;
  SQLiteDatabase db:
  public DBAdapter(Context ctx)
    this.context = ctx;
    DBHelper = new DatabaseHelper(context);
```

```
private static class DatabaseHelper extends SQLiteOpenHelper
  DatabaseHelper(Context context)
    super(context, DATABASE NAME, null, DATABASE VERSION);
  @Override
  public void onCreate(SQLiteDatabase db)
    try { db.execSQL(DATABASE_CREATE);
    } catch (SQLException e) { e.printStackTrace(); }
  @Override
  public void on Upgrade (SQLiteDatabase db, int oldVersion, int newVersion)
    Log. w(TAG, "Upgrading database from version " + oldVersion + " to "
         + newVersion + ", which will destroy all old data");
    db.execSQL("DROP TABLE IF EXISTS contacts");
    onCreate(db);
//---opens the database---
public DBAdapter open() throws SQLException
  db = DBHelper.getWritableDatabase();
  return this;
//---closes the database---
public void close()
  DBHelper.close();
```

```
public long insertContact(String name, String email)
  ContentValues initialValues = new ContentValues();
  initialValues.put(KEY_NAME, name);
  initialValues.put(KEY_EMAIL, email);
  return db.insert(DATABASE TABLE, null, initialValues);
public boolean deleteContact(long rowld)
  return db.delete(DATABASE_TABLE, KEY_ROWID + "=" + rowld, null) > 0;
public Cursor getAllContacts()
  return db.query(DATABASE_TABLE, new String[] {KEY_ROWID, KEY_NAME,
       KEY_EMAIL}, null, null, null, null, null);
public Cursor getContact(long rowld) throws SQLException
  Cursor mCursor = db.query(true, DATABASE_TABLE, new String[] {KEY_ROWID,
                KEY_NAME, KEY_EMAIL}, KEY_ROWID + "=" + rowld, null, null, null, null, null, null);
  if (mCursor!= null) { mCursor.moveToFirst(); }
  return mCursor;
public boolean updateContact(long rowld, String name, String email)
  ContentValues args = new ContentValues();
  args.put(KEY NAME, name);
  args.put(KEY EMAIL, email);
  return db.update(DATABASE_TABLE, args, KEY_ROWID + "=" + rowld, null) > 0;
```

Creating and Using Databases

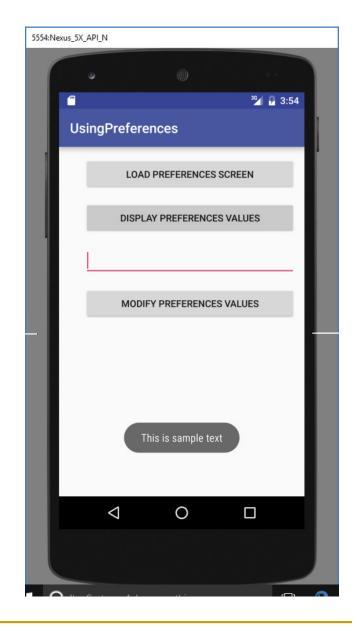
Modify MainActivity.java:

```
import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.database.Cursor;
import android.widget.Toast;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
     super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    DBAdapter db = new DBAdapter(this);
    //---add a contact---
    db.open():
    long id = db.insertContact("Jennifer Ann",
         "jenniferann@jfdimarzio.com");
    id = db.insertContact("Oscar Diggs", "oscar@oscardiggs.com");
    db.close();
    db.open();
    Cursor c = db.getAllContacts();
    if (c.moveToFirst())
       do {
         DisplayContact(c);
       } while (c.moveToNext());
```

```
c = db.getContact(2);
  if (c.moveToFirst())
    DisplayContact(c);
  else
    Toast.makeText(this, "No contact found", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
  db.close();
  //---update contact---
  db.open():
  if (db.updateContact(1, "Oscar Diggs", "oscar@oscardiggs.com"))
    Toast.makeText(this, "Update successful.", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
  else
    Toast.makeText(this, "Update failed.", Toast.LENGTH LONG).show();
  db.close();
  //---delete a contact---
  db.open();
  if (db.deleteContact(1))
    Toast.makeText(this, "Delete successful.", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
  else
    Toast.makeText(this, "Delete failed.", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
  db.close();
public void DisplayContact(Cursor c)
  Toast.makeText(this,
       "id: " + c.getString(0) + "\n" +
            "Name: " + c.getString(1) + "\n" +
            "Email: " + c.getString(2),
       Toast. LENGTH_LONG).show();
```

Using menus with views

- Exercise (required):
 - Add several buttons to control the following operations (one for each operation): insert, read all records, read one record, update one record, delete one record
 - Remove the default TextView



Challenge Task

For the contact manager app, add persistency using a database