



Conan: Finding missing people

Mohamed Atta Ibrahim

Mohamed Yasser Ahmed Hanafy Elesaily

Mahmoud Mohamed Benyamin

Hady Ashraf Ragab

Yousef Abdelbadea Ali

Supervisor: Dr. Mahmoud Khalil

Department of Computer and Systems Engineering

Faculty of Engineering at Ain Shams University

June 17, 2021

Contents

Introduction	6
1 project description	7
2 Beneficiaries of the project	8
3 Detailed analysis	9
4 Detailed description of the adopted techniques	10
4.1 Image	10
5 Task breakdown structure	11
6 Time plan	12
7 System architecture	13
8 Multimedia database design	14
9 System design	16
10 Testing scenarios and results	17
10.1 CBIR	17
11 End user guide	18
12 Conclusion	26

List of Figures

1	image system block diagram	7
2	time plan	12
3	extraction feature DB	14
4	image feature extract diagram	14
5	image query diagram	15

List of Tables

Abstract

This paper presents imp DIP project

Introduction

In this project the user can find missing people by search with the old pictures or young pictures of people. The project uses techniques that extract features from the pictures and check similarity between the query picture and the pictures in the data set to retrieve the similar picture to the query picture.

1 project description

This is a python desktop application, it applies the multimedia techniques to analyze, design, and implement content-based multimedia retrieval system, where the two media that we are going to use are the images and the videos. In CBIR we have implemented three techniques color based using color histogram, texture based using gabour filter and shape based using histogram of gradient, in CBVR we used two techniques. the key frames extraction technique and content-based technique (Closed Captions).

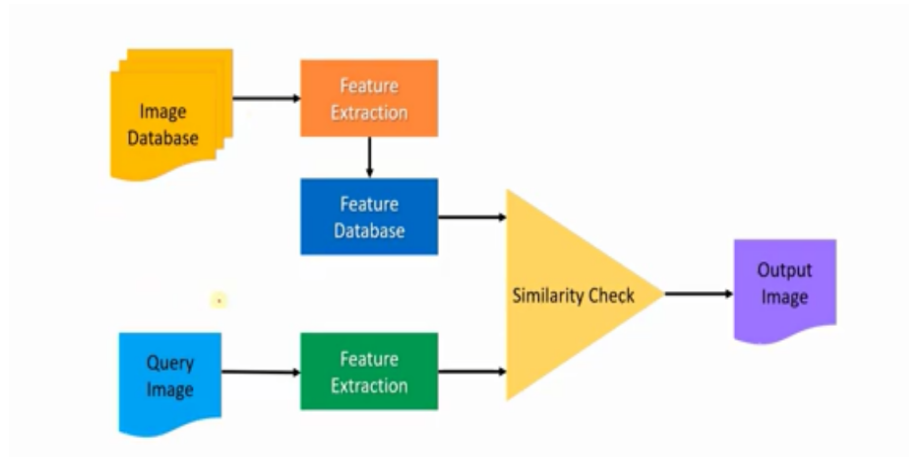


Figure 1: image system block diagram

2 Beneficiaries of the project

3 Detailed analysis

This project deals with Content Based video Retrieval (CBVR) and Content Based Image Retrieval (CBIR). For the CBIR, the adopted methods are color-based technique, texture-based technique, and shape-based technique. and then after the user select a technique and provide the image that he/she want to search for. The program extract features of the images dataset and save it then extract the features of the input image and compare the image with extracted feature database using the selected technique and by chi-squared distance. The chi-squared distance is distance measures that used to measures dissimilarity between two histograms. the following is an analysis for adopted technique in CBIR.

1. color based technique: searching for images using the color they contain is widely used technique here we compute the distance based on the color using color histogram.

some distance that we used to measure similarity

- Absolute Distance

$$D_{Absolute}(h, \bar{h}) = \sum_{K=1}^K |h_K - \bar{h}_K| \quad (1)$$

- Euclidean Distance

$$D_{Euclidean}(h, \bar{h}) = \sqrt{\sum_{K=1}^K (h_K - \bar{h}_K)^2} \quad (2)$$

- Intersection Distance

$$D_{Intersection}(h, \bar{h}) = 1 - \sum_{K=1}^K in(h_K, \bar{h}_K) \quad (3)$$

4 Detailed description of the adopted techniques

4.1 Image

- **color based technique**

we use **mean color histogram**

A histogram represents the distribution of pixel intensities as pins (whether color or grayscale) in an image. It can be visualized as a graph (or plot) that gives a high-level intuition of the intensity (pixel value) distribution. We are going to assume a RGB color space in this example, so these pixel values will be in the range of 0 to 255 then we get the mean values. Histogram matching can best be thought of as a “transformation.” Our goal is to take an input image (the “source”) and update its pixel intensities such that the distribution of the input image histogram matches the distribution of a reference image(in the data set).

steps

1. We make picture to parts to make a better histogram
2. Make histogram for each part
3. Combine all histograms

distance

we use Mean squared error method to compare between the image we search for and images saved in database

5 Task breakdown structure

6 Time plan

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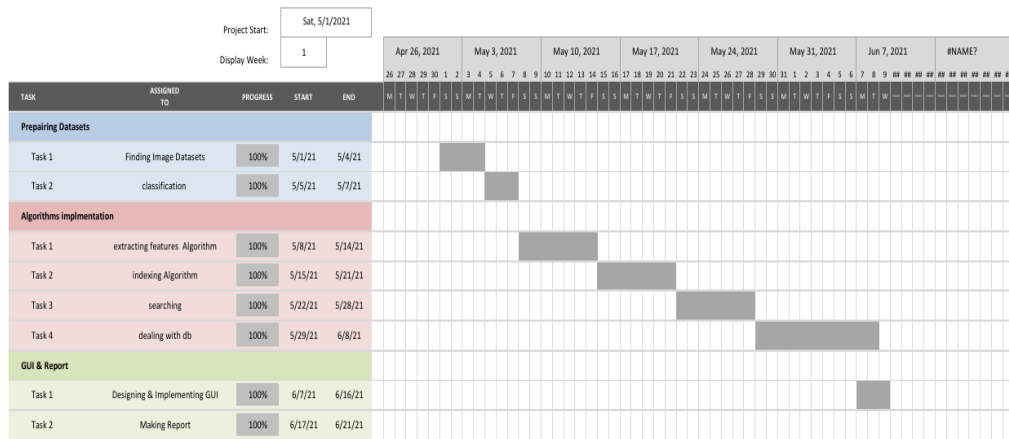


Figure 2: time plan

7 System architecture

8 Multimedia database design

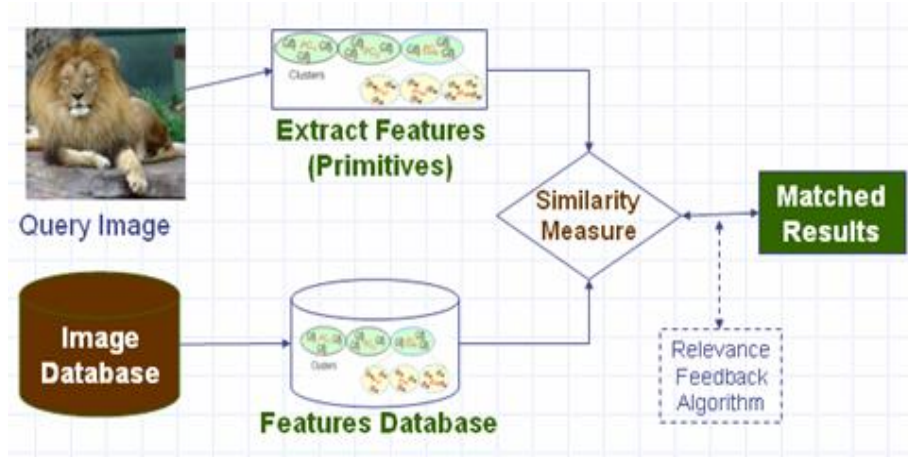


Figure 3: extraction feature DB

we deal with different types of media like photos videos metadata so we include various extraction feature database in csv files like IndexHist.csv , IndexHog.csv , IndexShape.csv and video.csv we include different types of dataset that used for testing and implementation like

1. CIFAR-10-images
2. wang database
3. microsoft image database
4. Cambridge Object Recognition Image Database
5. 50 short clip

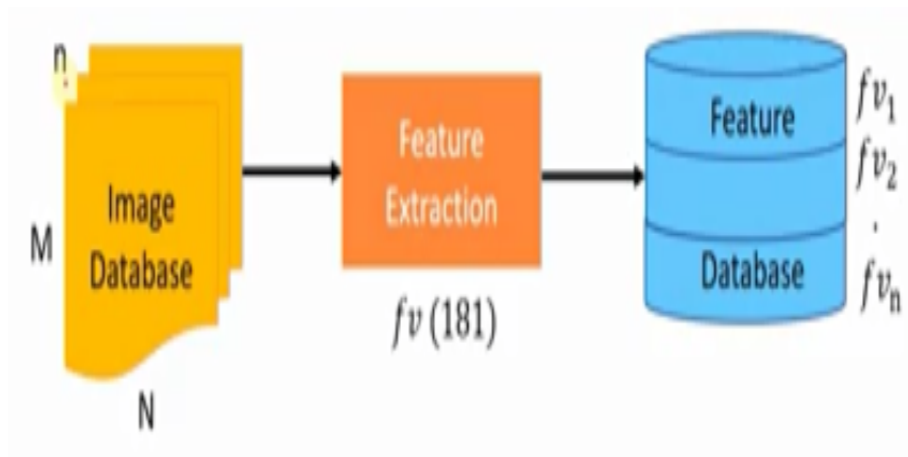


Figure 4: image feature extract diagram

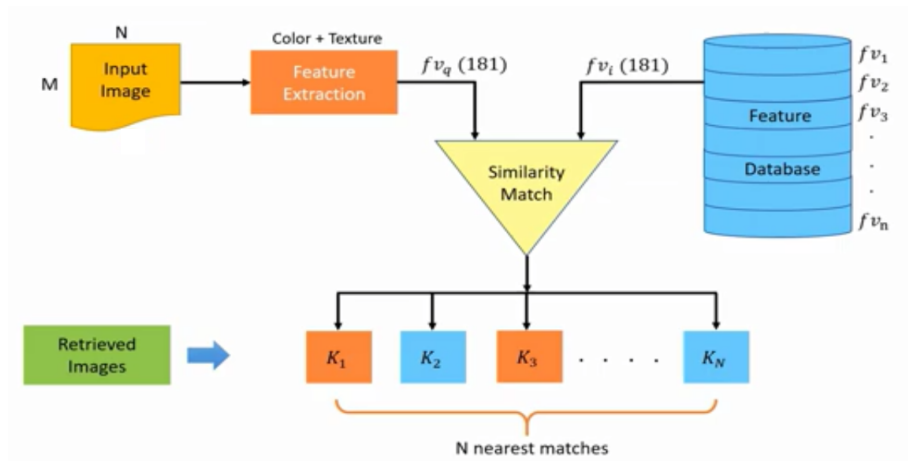


Figure 5: image query diagram

9 System design

1. system database

in this project we have a database for CBIR which has a 3 CSV files each one store features for one technique. for CBVR. in key frames extraction we have a csv file which we store extracted key frames in it. for content-based "Closed Caption" we store the srt and vtt files on the disk

2. user UI

this is a GUI the user interact with to make queries.

3. the processing part

this part is responsible to process images and videos according to the selected technique.

4. operating scenario

first we build our database for video and images for all technique and then select from GUI video or image search if image user select the technique and the image want to search with. if video user enter the search keyword or the video want to search with. all data from GUI is passed to the processing part to give results and print it in the GUI

10 Testing scenarios and results

1. Color Histogram

The first algorithm implemented in our project that relies on the color distribution of the image ,so images that have similar color distributions will be considered relevant to each other

Here see a blue sky and a brown sandy beach at the bottom and darkness from the shadow

So the results are the images that contain blue , brown or dark color as we see in image above

11 End user guide

1. This is the primitive user interface. for choose the images services click on imagesearch tab or if needed to query for videos videosearch tab.

2. before to go in query we need to build database first so go from FILE chose updateImageDB
3. It may take a time and give you alert message for waiting.

4. When the database is finished updating, a message Database Status will appear.
5. now we can search for any image we want From Browse choose Image ex Image of eyes and choose from Image Query the type of search you want like color based , texture based or shaped based.

6. to get the result Click on Retrieve button and the result will appear in the area for displaying results, and when you click at any result image it will be standalone
7. to begin search for videos we need first build video database so From file click on UpdateVideoDB.

8. It may take a time and give you alert message for waiting.
9. When the database is finished updating, a message Database Status will appear.

10. to begin search task we can user either To search on the word belong video from subtitle or using keyframes
11. Write the Keyword you want to search it in the video in search By Key-word.

12. Click on keywords search and the result will appear in the result displaying.
13. if we want to search using keyframes we click on video search tab and from browse chose the video.

14. Click on Retrieve and the result will appear in the result displaying.

12 Conclusion

