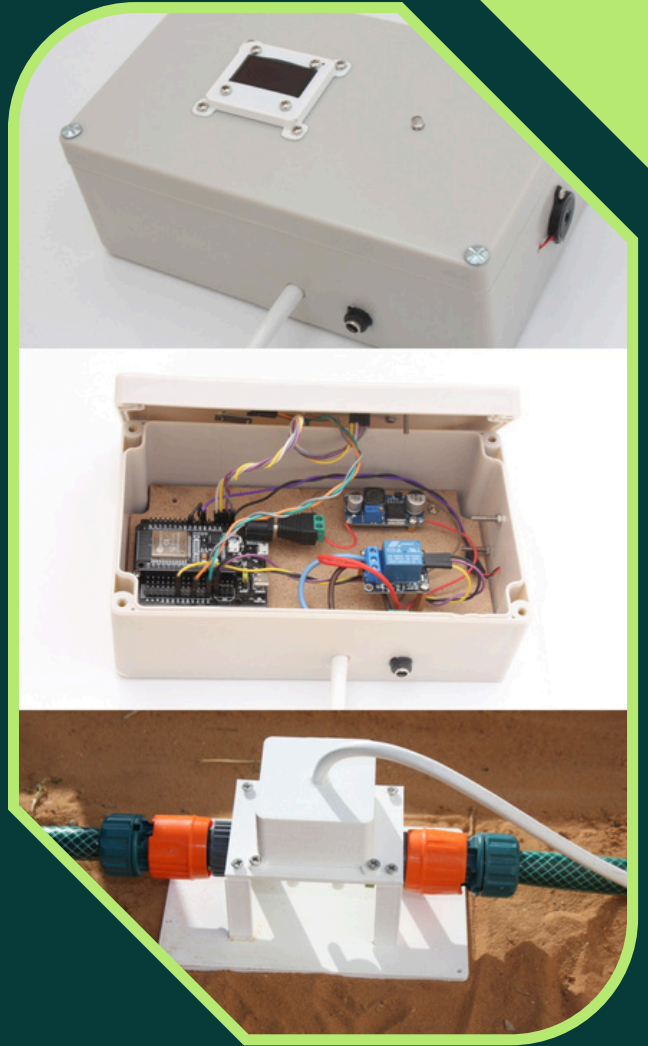


APRIL 2024 - JUNE 2024

Smart Watering System

Internet of Things Project



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Computer engineering student | Internet of Things and Embedded Systems

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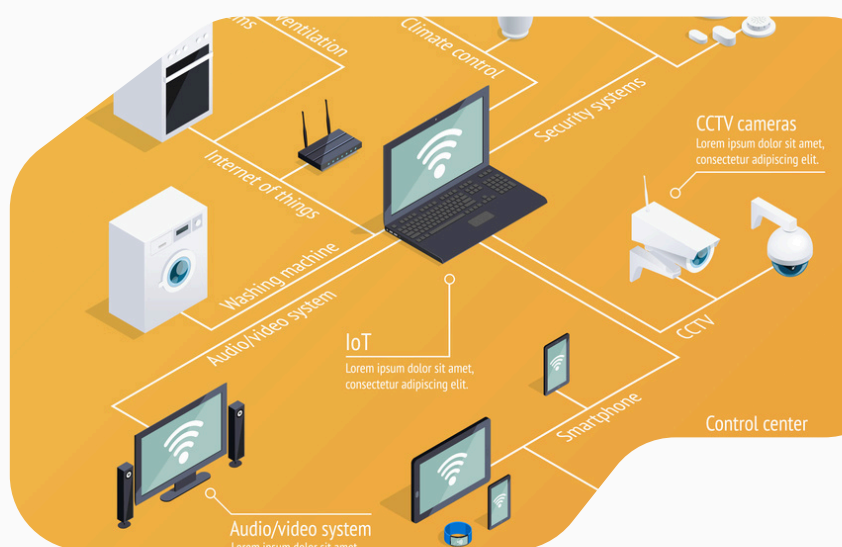
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What is IoT?

The Internet of Things (IoT) refers to the network of physical objects—"things"—embedded with sensors, software, and other technologies to connect and exchange data with other devices and systems over the internet.

These objects can range from ordinary household items to sophisticated industrial tools.

IoT enables remote monitoring and control of these connected devices from anywhere the internet is available, leading to improved efficiency, accuracy, and economic benefit by reducing human intervention.



Introduction

This project implements an IoT application for a smart watering system using the ESP32 board and Arduino IoT Cloud. It enables remote monitoring and control of a water valve, temperature, and humidity readings displayed on an OLED screen, and integration with the Arduino IoT Cloud for real-time data visualization.

This report provides a comprehensive overview of the project's objectives, development process, and outcomes. It emphasizes how IoT principles enable efficient interconnectivity of devices. The report includes detailed sections on the project's

Objectives

The main objectives of this project are:

- To develop a smart watering system using the ESP32 microcontroller and Arduino IoT Cloud.
- To enable remote monitoring and control of the watering system from anywhere in the world where the internet is available.
- To integrate time and weather APIs for real-time monitoring of temperature and humidity.
- To implement automatic shutdown features to prevent accidental overuse.

Methodology

Hardware Components

The system utilizes the following hardware components:

- ESP32 microcontroller board for system control and connectivity.
- Voltage regulator to power the ESP32 board safely.
- 12V electrical valve controlled via a relay.
- 1.3-inch OLED screen for displaying system status and environmental data.
- RGB LED and passive buzzer for visual and auditory feedback.

Methodology

Software Components

- Arduino IDE and libraries for programming the ESP32 include:
 - U8g2
 - HTTPClient
 - ArduinoLoTCloud
 - Arduino_ConnectionHandler
 - ArduinoJson
- Arduino IoT Cloud for remote data visualization and control.
- External APIs (Open Meteo and timeapi.io) for obtaining weather and time information.

Methodology

Implementation Steps

1. Hardware Setup:

- Connecting the ESP32 to the voltage regulator, relay, the OLED screen, the passive buzzer and the RGB LED.

2. Software Development:

- Developing software to control the valve, which connects to the internet via WiFi, in order to fetch data through APIs and communicate with the Arduino IoT Cloud.
- Implement features such as automatic shutdown after one hour of operation and status indicators using a buzzer, an RGB LED, and an OLED screen.

Results

System Functionality

- The system successfully enables remote monitoring and control of the watering system via the Arduino IoT Cloud.
- Real-time temperature and humidity data are displayed on the OLED screen and synchronized with the Arduino IoT Cloud dashboard.
- The RGB LED and passive buzzer provide intuitive system status indications and alerts for users.

Results

Performance Evaluation

- The system operates reliably under normal conditions, maintaining accurate data that is fetched through APIs, and offering a seamless, responsive remote control.
- The system status, time, date, and real-time temperature and humidity data are displayed on the OLED screen.
- Automated shutdown features effectively prevent overuse of the watering system, enhancing operational safety and efficiency.

Conclusion

In conclusion, this project successfully demonstrates the implementation of an IoT application using the ESP32 board and Arduino IoT Cloud for a smart watering system.

It highlights the remote control capabilities of the water valve, real-time monitoring of temperature and humidity via an OLED screen, and seamless integration with Arduino IoT Cloud for data visualization.

Through the application of IoT principles, the project enhances water resource management by eliminating the need for physical presence to open and close the valve, thereby overcoming challenges related to distance and time.

This showcases the potential of IoT in improving agricultural practices and resource efficiency.



Code Source

Github Link

https://github.com/Mohamed-Adam-Jemal/Smart-Watering-System/blob/main/Software/watering_system_software/watering_system_software.ino

Drive Link

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1T4hvSLwMfM5LH_atdQyDVIXmYS1sz4vS/view?usp=drive_link

```

1 #include <Ug2lib.h>
2 #include <HttpClient.h>
3 #include <ArduinoJson.h>
4 #include <ArduinoIoCloud.h>
5 #include <Arduino_ConnectionHandler.h>
6
7 #define valve_pin 33
8 #define buzzer_pin 17
9 #define green_led_pin 13
10 #define red_led_pin 27
11
12 USX8_SH1106_128X64_NONAME_HW_I2C u8x8(USX8_PIN_NONE); //OLED Screen Initialization
13
14
15 const char SSID[] = ""; //Your Network SSID (name)
16 const char PASS[] = ""; //Your Network password
17 const char DEVICE_LOGIN_NAME[] = ""; //Your Device ID (Given by the Arduino IoT Cloud Platform)
18 const char DEVICE_KEY[] = ""; //Your Device Secret Key (Given by the Arduino IoT Cloud Platform)
19
20 WiFiConnectionHandler ArduinoIoTPreferredConnection(SSID, PASS);
21
22 unsigned long lastWeatherUpdate = 0; // Variable to store the last weather update time
23 unsigned long lastTimeUpdate = 0; // Variable to store the last time update time
24 unsigned long valveStartTime = 0; // Variable to store the time when the valve was opened
25 bool valveOpen = false; // Flag to indicate if the valve is currently open
26 const unsigned long valveMaxTime = 3600000; //The valve can be opened for a maximum of one hour, measured in milliseconds
27 CloudTemperature temp_gauge;
28 CloudRelativeHumidity hum_gauge;
29 bool valve_button;
30
31 void setup()
32 {
33   pinMode(valve_pin, OUTPUT);
34   pinMode(buzzer_pin, OUTPUT);
35   pinMode(green_led_pin, OUTPUT);
36   pinMode(red_led_pin, OUTPUT);
37
38   u8x8.begin();
39   u8x8.setPowerSave(0);
40   u8x8.clearDisplay();
41   u8x8.setFont(u8x8_font_chroma48medium_r);
42
43   ArduinoCloud.setBoardId(DEVICE_LOGIN_NAME);
44   ArduinoCloud.setSecretKey(DEVICE_KEY);
45   ArduinoCloud.addProperty(valve_button, READWRITE, ON_CHANGE, onValveButtonChange);
46   ArduinoCloud.addProperty(hum_gauge, READ, ON_CHANGE, NULL);
47   ArduinoCloud.addProperty(temp_gauge, READ, ON_CHANGE, NULL);
48
49   // Check if it's time to update weather
50   if (currentMillis - lastWeatherUpdate >= 600000)
51   {
52     // Update the last update time
53     lastWeatherUpdate = currentMillis;
54     // Perform the weather update
55     updateWeather();
56   }
57
58   // Check if it's time to update time
59   if (currentMillis - lastTimeUpdate >= 100000)
60   {
61     // Update the last update time
62     lastTimeUpdate = currentMillis;
63     // Perform the time update
64     updateTime();
65   }
66
67   // Check if the valve has been open for more than 2 minutes
68   if (valveOpen) {
69     if (currentMillis - valveStartTime >= valveMaxTime) {
70       valveOpen = false; // Close the valve
71       valve_button = false; // Update the Flag
72       valve_button = false;
73     }
74   }
75
76   void loop()
77   {
78     ArduinoCloud.update();
79     unsigned long currentMillis = millis();
80
81     if (valveOpen) {
82       // Check if the valve has been open for more than 2 minutes
83       if (currentMillis - valveStartTime >= valveMaxTime) {
84         valveOpen = false; // Close the valve
85         valve_button = false; // Update the Flag
86         valve_button = false;
87       }
88     }
89
90     if (currentMillis - lastTimeUpdate >= 100000)
91     {
92       // Update the last update time
93       lastTimeUpdate = currentMillis;
94       // Perform the time update
95       updateTime();
96     }
97
98     // Check if it's time to update weather
99     if (currentMillis - lastWeatherUpdate >= 600000)
100     {
101       // Update the last update time
102       lastWeatherUpdate = currentMillis;
103       // Perform the weather update
104       updateWeather();
105     }
106
107     void initProperties()
108     {
109       ArduinoCloud.setBoardId(DEVICE_LOGIN_NAME);
110       ArduinoCloud.setSecretKey(DEVICE_KEY);
111       ArduinoCloud.addProperty(valve_button, READWRITE, ON_CHANGE, onValveButtonChange);
112       ArduinoCloud.addProperty(hum_gauge, READ, ON_CHANGE, NULL);
113       ArduinoCloud.addProperty(temp_gauge, READ, ON_CHANGE, NULL);
114     }
115
116   }
117 }

```

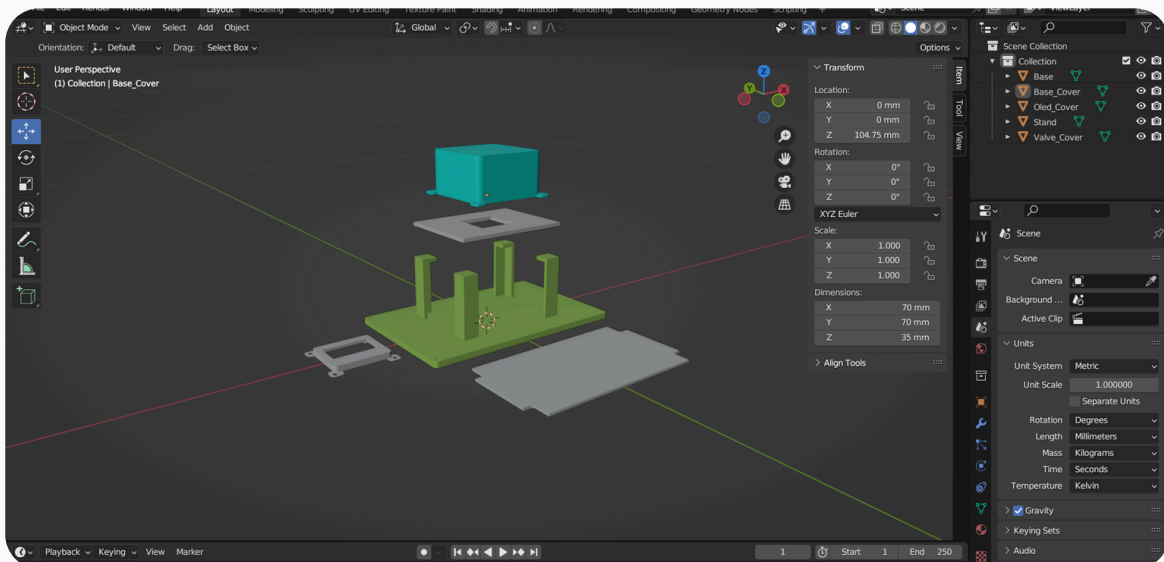
3D Models

Github Link

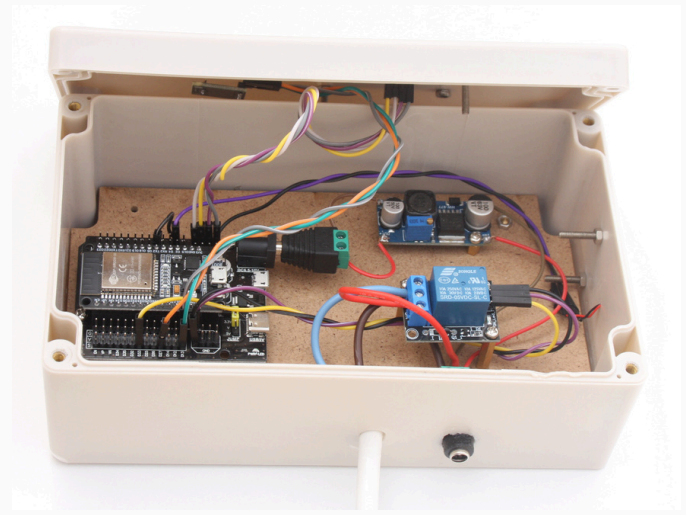
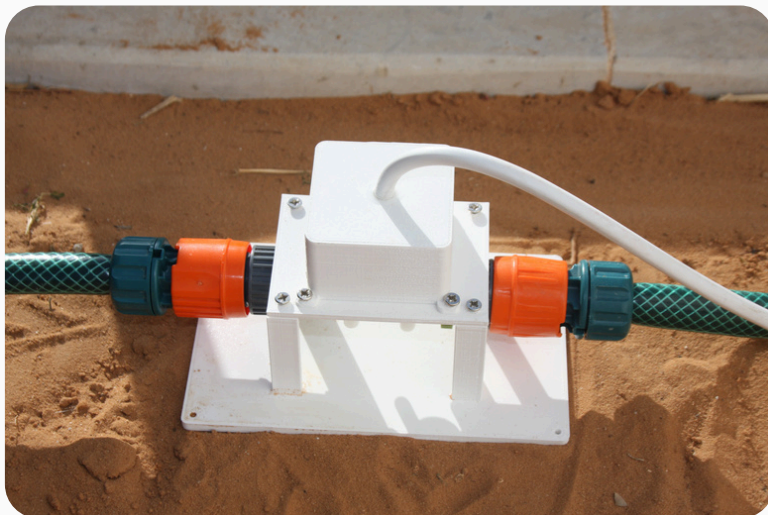
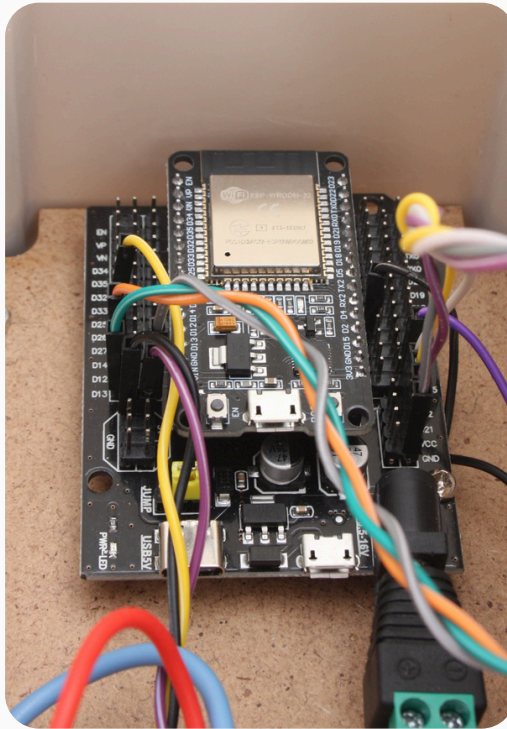
<https://github.com/Mohamed-Adam-Jemal/Smart-Watering-System/tree/main/3D%20Models>

Drive Link

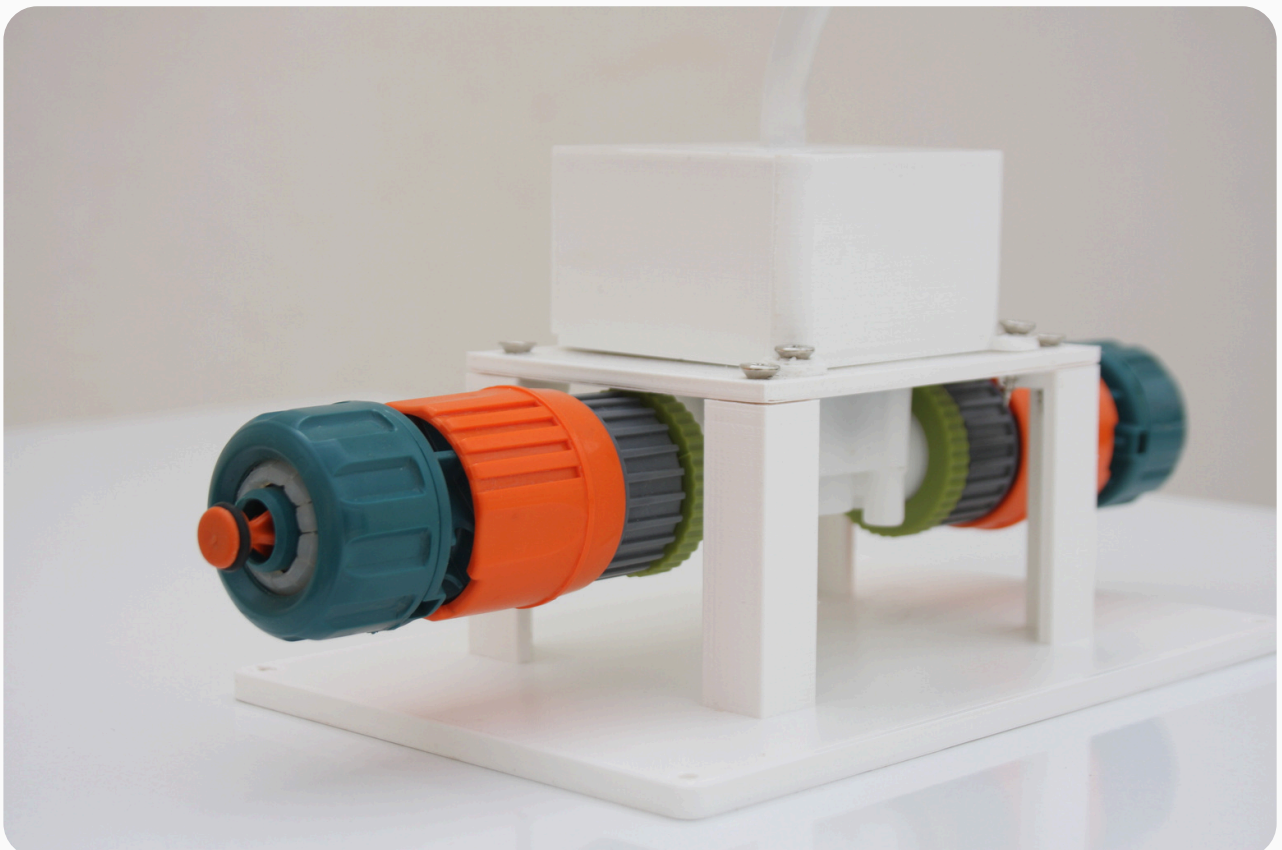
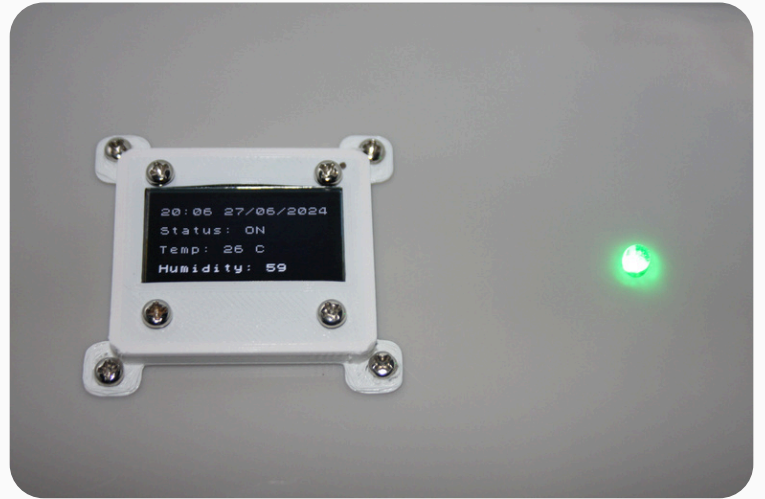
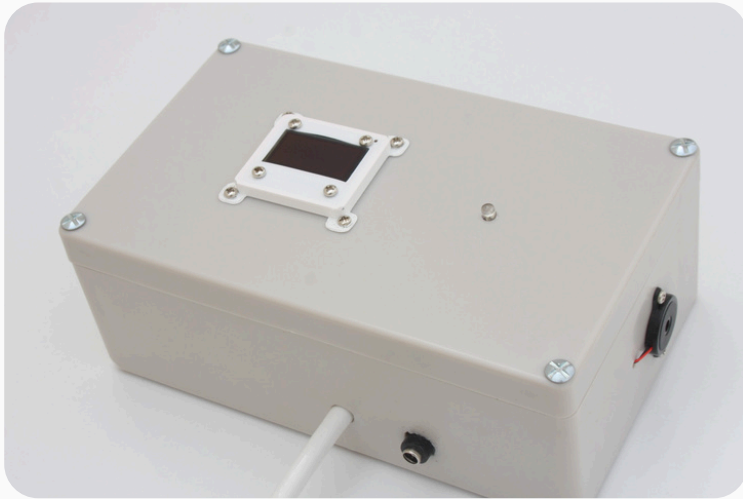
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Gallery



Gallery



Video



**[HTTPS://DRIVE.GOOGLE.COM/FILE/D/15KWSG3-
FLIUXG0EGQTEK3NPXRO4TNPB5/VIEW?
USP=DRIVE_LINK](https://drive.google.com/file/d/15KWSG3-FLIUXG0EGQTEK3NPXRO4TNPB5/view?usp=drive_link)**



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