

Problem F. Compare the Triplets

OS Linux

Alice and Bob each created one problem for HackerRank. A reviewer rates the two challenges, awarding points on a scale from 1 to 100 for three categories: *problem clarity*, *originality*, and *difficulty*.

The rating for Alice's challenge is the triplet $a = (a[0], a[1], a[2])$, and the rating for Bob's challenge is the triplet $b = (b[0], b[1], b[2])$.

The task is to find their *comparison points* by comparing $a[0]$ with $b[0]$, $a[1]$ with $b[1]$, and $a[2]$ with $b[2]$.

- If $a[i] > b[i]$, then Alice is awarded 1 point.
- If $a[i] < b[i]$, then Bob is awarded 1 point.
- If $a[i] = b[i]$, then neither person receives a point.

Comparison points is the total points a person earned.

Given a and b , determine their respective comparison points.

Example

$$a = [1, 2, 3]$$

$$b = [3, 2, 1]$$

- For elements *0*, Bob is awarded a point because $a[0]$.
- For the equal elements $a[1]$ and $b[1]$, no points are earned.
- Finally, for elements 2, $a[2] > b[2]$ so Alice receives a point.

The return array is [1, 1] with Alice's score first and Bob's second.

Function Description

Complete the function `compareTriplets` in the editor below.

`compareTriplets` has the following parameter(s):

- int $a[3]$: Alice's challenge rating
- int $b[3]$: Bob's challenge rating

Return

- int[2]: Alice's score is in the first position, and Bob's score is in the second.

Input Format

The first line contains 3 space-separated integers, $a[0]$, $a[1]$, and $a[2]$, the respective values in triplet a .

The second line contains 3 space-separated integers, $b[0]$, $b[1]$, and $b[2]$, the respective values in triplet b .

Constraints

- $1 \leq a[i] \leq 100$
- $1 \leq b[i] \leq 100$

Input	Output
5 6 7 3 6 10	1 1

Explanation 0

In this example:

- $a = (a[0], a[1], a[2]) = (5, 6, 7)$
- $b = (b[0], b[1], b[2]) = (3, 6, 10)$

Now, let's compare each individual score:

- $a[0] > b[0]$, so Alice receives 1 point.
- $a[1] = b[1]$, so nobody receives a point.
- $a[2] < b[2]$, so Bob receives 1 point.

Alice's comparison score is 1, and Bob's comparison score is 1. Thus, we return the array [1, 1].

Input	Output
17 28 30 99 16 8	2 1

Explanation 1

Comparing the 0th elements, 17 < 99 so Bob receives a point.

Comparing the 1st and 2nd elements, 28 > 16 and 30 > 8 so Alice receives two points.

The return array is [2, 1].