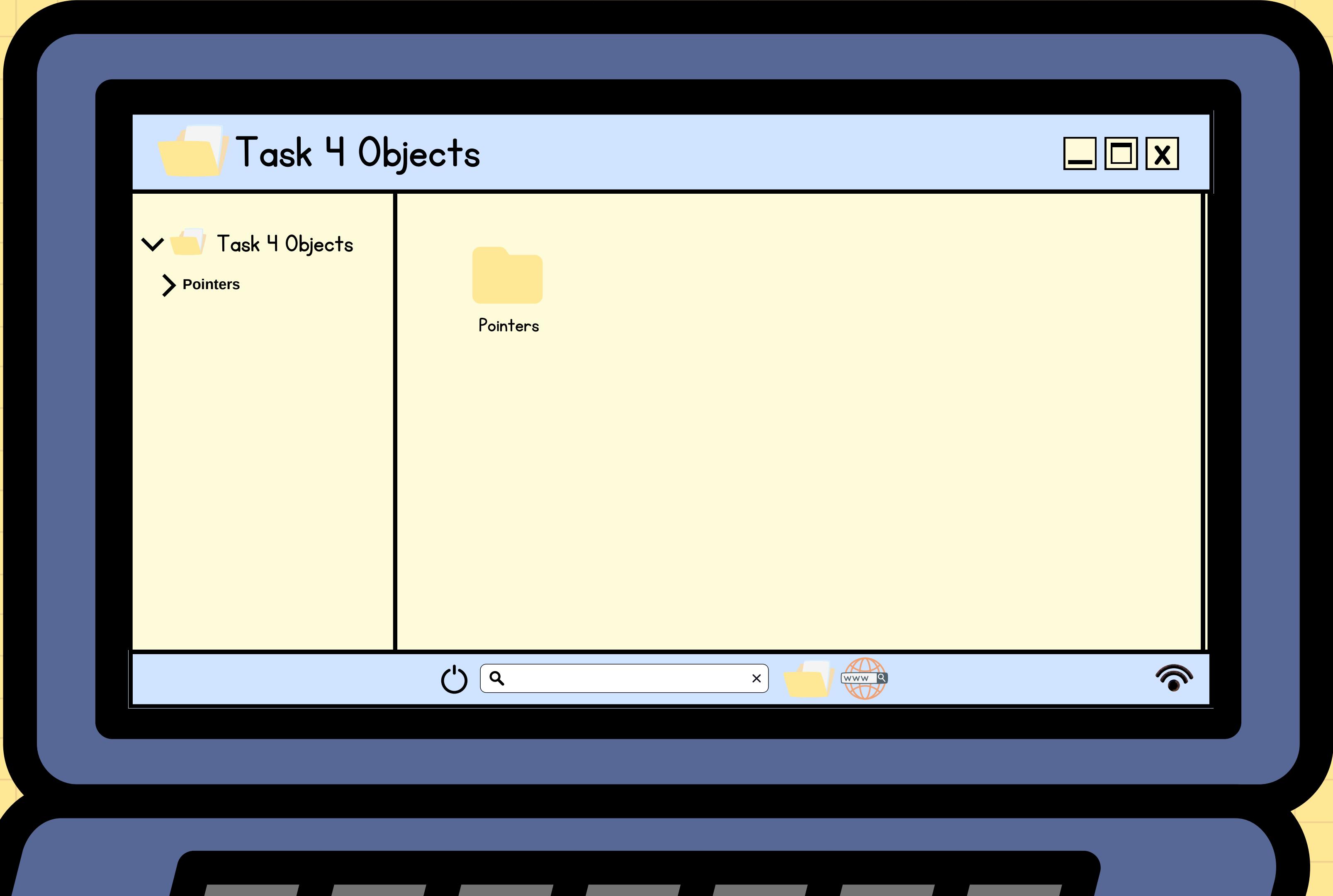


# Embedded Systems

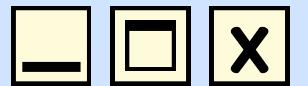
## Task 4

by Mohammed Elahmady





# Pointers



- **Normal Pointer:**

- A pointer that stores the memory address of a variable.

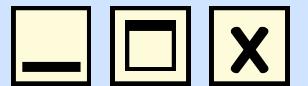
- **Code Example:**

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main() {
4     int num = 10;
5     int *ptr = &num;
6
7     printf("Value of num: %d\n", num);
8     printf("Address of num: %p\n", &num);
9     printf("Value stored at ptr: %d\n", *ptr);
10
11 }
12 }
```





# Pointers



- **Double Pointer**

- A pointer that stores the address of another pointer.

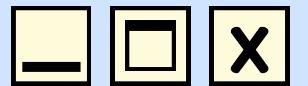
- **Code Example:**

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main() {
4     int num = 10;
5     int *ptr = &num;
6     int **ptr_to_ptr = &ptr;
7
8     printf("Value of num: %d\n", num);
9     printf("Value through ptr: %d\n", *ptr);
10    printf("Value through ptr_to_ptr: %d\n", **ptr_to_ptr);
11
12    return 0;
13 }
```





# Pointers



- **Function Pointer**

- A pointer that points to a function instead of a data variable.

- **Code Example:**

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 void printMessage() {
4     printf("Hello from the function pointer!\n");
5 }
6
7 int main() {
8     void (*func_ptr)() = printMessage;
9     func_ptr();
10
11     return 0;
12 }
```





# THANK YOU

Head : Tasnem Sabry

Vice : Ahmed Yasser