



Report Shows Exam Questions

* A level that describes how a record is stored.

- a) logical
- b) physical
- c) user
- d) view

* A logical structure of the database.

- a) Attribute
- b) Instance
- c) Parameter
- d) Schema



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* Consider money is transferred from (1) account-A to account-B and (2) account-B to account-A. Which of the following form a transaction?

- a) Both 1 and 2 individually
- b) Either 1 or 2
- c) Only 1
- d) Only 2

* Identify the characteristics of transactions

- a) All of the mentioned
- b) Atomicity
- c) Durability
- d) Isolation



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* The property of a transaction that persists all the crashes is

- a) All of the mentioned
- b) Atomicity
- c) Durability
- d) Isolation

* . Locks placed by command are called

- a) exclusive locks
- b) explicit locks
- c) implicit locks
- d) shared locks



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* Which of the following locks the item from change but not from read?

- a) Exclusive lock
- b) Explicit lock
- c) Implicit lock
- d) Shared lock

* A database is called "self-describing" because it contains a description of itself.

- a) true
- b) false
- c)
- d)



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* Applications are programs that interact directly with the database.

- a) true
- b) false
- c)
- d)

* Prior to 1970, all data was stored in separate files, which were mostly stored on reels of magnetic tape.

- a) true
- b) false
- c)
- d)