



- The search engine extends the browse, as we assume that the home page of the system is just to search.
- Adding to cart includes the browse, as we can't add before browsing
- Adding to cart includes "check quantity", as it can't exceed a specific number of items per cart (ex. 5, 6 ..etc.) .
- Make purchase includes "add to cart ", as we can't pay without having a cart.
- We added the payment gateway as an actor , as we couldn't specify its role properly.

Add to cart	E-commerce system	
Goal	Allow the customer to add selected products or services to their shopping cart for potential purchase later.	
Preconditions	<p>The customer must be logged in or have a session active.</p> <p>The product or service must be available in the product catalog.</p> <p>The product must have sufficient quantity available.</p>	
Success End Condition	<p>The selected product is successfully added to the customer's shopping cart.</p> <p>The cart is updated to reflect the new product, quantity, and price.</p> <p>The customer can view the updated cart at any time.</p>	
Failed End Condition	<p>The product cannot be added due to unavailability or out-of-stock status.</p> <p>The cart remains unchanged.</p> <p>The system displays an appropriate error message.</p>	
Primary Actors	<p>Customer (main actor)</p> <p>E-commerce system (system actor)</p>	
Trigger	Customer selects a product and clicks the "Add to Cart" button.	
Description / Main Success Scenario	Step	action
	1	Customer selects a product and clicks "Add to Cart."
	2	System verifies product availability and adds it to the cart.
	3	System updates the cart and confirms the addition to the customer.

Alternative Flows	Step	Branching action
	1	System checks product stock and finds it unavailable.
	2	System notifies the customer the product cannot be added.
	3	Customer chooses to select a different product or wait for restock.