

## First question

answer :- (B)  $Z = (X++) + (++Y);$

Because  $Y$  increments first and  $X$  suite

$Y$  increases 1 in equation

## Second question

answer :- (B) 40 30

$$y = y + 10, \quad y = 20, \quad y = 20 + 10 \cdot 30, \quad y = 30$$

$$x += (y + 10), \quad x = x + (y - y + 10); \quad x = x + 30;$$

$$x = 10 + 30 = 40 \quad x = 40, \quad y = 30 \quad x = 40$$

## Third question

answer :- Compile-time error

Because ++ operator require variable like  $x$

## Fourth question

answer :- (A) 13 12

$x^{10}, x^{11}, *^{12}, x^{13}$  then  $x$  value is  $13$

$y = 12$  Because ++ operator is post  
 $x = 13 \quad y = 12$

D. 16 : \_\_\_\_\_  
No. \_\_\_\_\_

## Fifth Question

Answer: D 1

Because 1 is Arithmatic Operator

## Sixth Question

Answer: B (4 15)

Because function of size give the size of variable initially with this data then k remains

## Seventh Question

Answer - D 3 3

a while 3 because  $a; a++^2; a++^3$  has 3

$b = 2 + 1 = 3$ . Because second add Postoperator

## Eighth Question

Answer: B  $a=0, b=0, c=1, d=0$

$a=0$  Because last Postoperator

$c=1$  Because  $c=1 \text{ || } 0 = c=1$

$d=0$  Because  $d=0 \text{ & } 0 = d=0$

## Ninth Question

Answer: A 0 The relation of  $y_1=0$  is  
false then  $x=0$