lab4

1) Create a pod red with redis image and use an initContainer that uses the busybox image and sleeps for 20 seconds

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: redis-pod
spec:
  containers:
  - name: redis-container
    image: redis
    command: ['sh', '-c', 'echo The app is running! && sleep 20']
  initContainers:
  - name: init-myservice
    image: busybox:1.28
    command: ['sleep', '20']
~
```

2) Create a pod named print-envars-greeting.

1. Configure spec as, the container name should be print-env-container and use bash image.

2. Create three environment variables:

a. GREETING and its value should be "Welcome to"

b. COMPANY and its value should be "DevOps"

c. GROUP and its value should be "Industries"

3. Use command to echo ["$(GREETING) $(COMPANY) $(GROUP)"]

message.

4. You can check the output using <kubctl logs -f [pod-name]>command

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: print-envars-greeting
spec:
  containers:
  - name: print-env-container
    image: bash
    env:
    - name: GREETING
      value: "Welcome to"
    - name: COMPANY
      value: "DevOps"
    - name: GROUP
      value: "Industries"
    command: ["echo"]
    args: [$(GREETING), $(COMPANY), $(GROUP)]
```

```
controlplane $ kubectl logs -f print-envars-greeting
Welcome to DevOps Industries
controlplane $ []
```

3) Create a Persistent Volume with the given specification.

Volume Name: pv-log

Storage: 100Mi

Access Modes: ReadWriteMany

Host Path: /pv/log

```
Editor    Tab 1    +
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
  name: pv-log
spec:
  capacity:
    storage: 100Mi
  volumeMode: Filesystem
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
  hostPath:
    path: /pv/log
~
```

4) Create a Persistent Volume Claim with the given specification.

Volume Name: claim-log-1

Storage Request: 50Mi

Access Modes: ReadWriteMany

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: claim-log-1
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 50Mi
```

```
controlplane $ kubectl get pvc
NAME          STATUS   VOLUME    CAPACITY   ACCESS MODES   STORAGECLASS   AGE
claim-log-1   Bound    pv-log    100Mi      RWX                           68s
controlplane $ []
```

5) Create a webapp pod to use the persistent volume claim as its storage.

Name: webapp

Image Name: nginx

Volume: PersistentVolumeClaim=claim-log-1

Volume Mount: /var/log/nginx

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: webapp
spec:
  volumes:
    - name: pv-log
      persistentVolumeClaim:
        claimName: claim-log-1
  containers:
    - name: webapp-container
      image: nginx
      volumeMounts:
        - mountPath: "/var/log/nginx"
          name: pv-log
```

6) How many DaemonSets are created in the cluster in all namespaces?

```
controlplane $ kubectl get daemonsets --all-namespaces
NAMESPACE     NAME         DESIRED   CURRENT   READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   NODE SELECTOR             AGE
kube-system   canal        2         2         2       2            2           kubernetes.io/os=linux   35d
kube-system   kube-proxy   2         2         2       2            2           kubernetes.io/os=linux   35d
controlplane $ []
```

7) What DaemonSets exist on the kube-system namespace?

```
controlplane $ kubectl get daemonsets -n kube-system
NAME         DESIRED   CURRENT   READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   NODE SELECTOR             AGE
canal        2         2         2       2            2           kubernetes.io/os=linux   35d
kube-proxy   2         2         2       2            2           kubernetes.io/os=linux   35d
controlplane $ []
```

8) What is the image used by the POD deployed by the kube-proxy DaemonSet

```
controlplane $ kubectl describe daemonset  kube-proxy -n kube-system
Name:           kube-proxy
Selector:       k8s-app=kube-proxy
Node-Selector:  kubernetes.io/os=linux
Labels:         k8s-app=kube-proxy
Annotations:    deprecated.daemonset.template.generation: 1
Desired Number of Nodes Scheduled: 2
Current Number of Nodes Scheduled: 2
Number of Nodes Scheduled with Up-to-date Pods: 2
Number of Nodes Scheduled with Available Pods: 2
Number of Nodes Misscheduled: 0
Pods Status:  2 Running / 0 Waiting / 0 Succeeded / 0 Failed
Pod Template:
  Labels:           k8s-app=kube-proxy
  Service Account:  kube-proxy
  Containers:
   kube-proxy:
    Image:      registry.k8s.io/kube-proxy:v1.26.0
    Port:       <none>
    Host Port:  <none>
    Command:
      /usr/local/bin/kube-proxy
```

9) Deploy a DaemonSet for FluentD Logging. Use the given specifications:

Name: elasticsearch

Namespace: kube-system

Image: k8s.gcr.io/fluentd-elasticsearch:1.20

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: DaemonSet
metadata:
  name: elasticsearch
  namespace: kube-system
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      name: fluentd-elasticsearch
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        name: fluentd-elasticsearch
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: fluentd-elasticsearch
        image: k8s.gcr.io/fluentd-elasticsearch:1.20
```

10) Create a multi-container pod with 2 containers.

Name: yellow

Container 1 Name: lemon

Container 1 Image: busybox

Container 2 Name: gold

Container 2 Image: redis

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: yellow
spec:
  containers:
  - name: lemon
    image: busybox
    tty: true
  - name: gold
    image: redis
```

11) create a POD called db-pod with the image mysql:5.7 then check the POD status

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: db-pod
spec:
  containers:
  - name: mysql
    image: mysql:5.7
~
```

```
controlplane $ vim pod.yml
controlplane $ kubectl apply -f pod.yml
pod/db-pod created
controlplane $ kubectl get pod db-pod
NAME        READY    STATUS    RESTARTS    AGE
db-pod      0/1      Error     0           13s
controlplane $ []
```

12) why the db-pod status not ready?

```
controlplane $ kubectl logs db-pod
2023-01-27 11:42:03+00:00 [Note] [Entrypoint]: Entrypoint script for MySQL Server 5.7.41-1.el7 started.
2023-01-27 11:42:03+00:00 [Note] [Entrypoint]: Switching to dedicated user 'mysql'
2023-01-27 11:42:03+00:00 [Note] [Entrypoint]: Entrypoint script for MySQL Server 5.7.41-1.el7 started.
2023-01-27 11:42:03+00:00 [ERROR] [Entrypoint]: Database is uninitialized and password option is not specified
    You need to specify one of the following as an environment variable:
    - MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD
    - MYSQL_ALLOW_EMPTY_PASSWORD
    - MYSQL_RANDOM_ROOT_PASSWORD
controlplane $ []
```

13) Create a new secret named db-secret with the data given below.

Secret Name: db-secret

Secret 1: MYSQL_DATABASE=sql01

Secret 2: MYSQL_USER=user1

Secret3: MYSQL_PASSWORD=password

Secret 4: MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=password123

```yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Secret
metadata:
  name: db-secret
data:
  MYSQL_DATABASE: c3FsMDEK
  MYSQL_USER: dXNlcjEK
  MYSQL_PASSWORD: cGFzc3dvcmQK
  MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD: cGFzc3dvcmQxMjMK
```

14) Configure db-pod to load environment variables from the newly created secret.

Delete and recreate the pod if required.

```yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: db-pod
spec:
  containers:
  - name: db-container
    image: mysql:5.7
    envFrom:
      - secretRef:
          name: db-secret
```

```
controlplane $ k get po
NAME      READY   STATUS    RESTARTS     AGE
db-pod    1/1     Running   1 (5s ago)   10s
```